SENATE RULES COMMITTEE

Office of Senate Floor Analyses

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UNFINISHED BUSINESS

Bill No: SJR 9

Author: Durazo (D), Arreguín (D), Caballero (D) and Hurtado (D), et al.

Amended: 9/2/25 Vote: 21

SENATE PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE: 5-1, 6/24/25 AYES: Arreguín, Caballero, Gonzalez, Pérez, Wiener

NOES: Seyarto

SENATE FLOOR: 29-6, 7/3/25

AYES: Allen, Archuleta, Arreguín, Ashby, Becker, Blakespear, Cabaldon, Caballero, Cervantes, Cortese, Durazo, Gonzalez, Grayson, Hurtado, Laird, Limón, McGuire, McNerney, Menjivar, Padilla, Pérez, Richardson, Rubio, Smallwood-Cuevas, Stern, Umberg, Wahab, Weber Pierson, Wiener NOES: Alvarado-Gil, Choi, Jones, Niello, Strickland, Valladares NO VOTE RECORDED: Dahle, Grove, Ochoa Bogh, Reyes, Seyarto

ASSEMBLY FLOOR: 59-11, 9/2/25 - See last page for vote

SUBJECT: Immigrants in California: mass immigration raids

SOURCE: The Coalition for Humane Immigrant Rights of Los Angeles; Central American Resource Center; California Immigrant Policy Center

DIGEST: This resolution strongly condemns and denounces recent mass immigration raids that have targeted immigrant workers and families in California and the engagement of the military in immigration enforcement operations in response to community protests.

Assembly Amendments of 9/2/25 add coauthors and make technical changes.

ANALYSIS:

Existing federal law:

- 1) Provides that the federal government has the exclusive authority to regulate immigration and naturalization. (United States Constitution (U.S. Const.), Art. 1, Sec. 8.)
- 2) Provides that the Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land, and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding. (U.S. Const. Art. VI)
- 3) Provides that Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances. (U.S. Const. Amend. 1)
- 4) Provides that the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated. (U.S. Const. Amend 4.)
- 5) Provides that no person shall [...] be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law. (U.S. Const. Amend 5)
- 6) Provides that the powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people, and prohibits the federal government from "conscripting" the states to enforce federal regulatory programs. (U.S. Const. Amend 10.)
- 7) Provides that all persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside, and that no State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws. (U.S. Const. Amend 14, Sec. 1.)

Existing state law:

1) Establishes the Values Act, which prohibits law enforcement agencies (LEAs) from using resources to investigate, interrogate, detain, detect or arrest people for immigration enforcement purposes, as specified. (Government (Gov.) Code, § 7284.6, et. seq.)

- 2) Provides individuals who are in the custody of local LEAs with information about their procedural and legal rights in the event that immigration authorities want to contact them. These provisions are commonly known as the Truth Act. (Gov. Code, §§ 7283, 7283.1, & 7283.2.)
- 3) Known as the TRUST Act, defines the circumstances in which local law enforcement agencies may comply with immigration detainer requests. (Gov. Code, §§ 7282, 7282.5.)
- 4) Requires the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to cooperate with the Department of Homeland Security by providing the use of prison facilities, transportation, and general support, as needed, for the purposes of conducting and expediting deportation hearings and subsequent placement of deportation holds on undocumented immigrants who are incarcerated in state prison. (Penal Code, § 5026.)

This resolution:

- 1) Finds that California is home to more than 10 million immigrants, the nation's largest by population and proportion, including over 2 million undocumented residents, who enrich our communities, strengthen our economy, and contribute to the cultural and social fabric of the Golden State.
- 2) Finds that immigrants are deeply rooted in our state's communities, families, and workforce, with 45% of all children in California having at least one immigrant parent and over 50% of all California workers being immigrants or children of immigrants.
- 3) Finds that deporting a parent or family member has serious detrimental impacts on children, affecting 3.3 million mixed-status families in California.
- 4) Finds that Latino and Asian families make up some of the largest undocumented groups, with a majority coming from Mexico, Central America, Asia, and South America.
- 5) Finds that deportations tear families apart by separating parents from their children, leaving lasting emotional scars by increasing psychological distress, physical health issues, social isolation, and setbacks in their educational future.
- 6) Finds that United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement has targeted Home Depot stores, car washes, business vendors, construction sites, and garment factories in predominantly Latino communities.

- 7) Finds that United States citizens, based on their skin color and appearance, have been unlawfully harassed, handcuffed, arrested and deported.
- 8) Finds that since June 6, 2025, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), along with armed federal agents, conducted military-style immigration raids and arrests at work sites, homes, and public spaces, creating a climate of fear among immigrants dropping their children off at school, going to work, attending faith services, seeking medical or emergency services, or shopping for essential needs.
- 9) Finds that since June 6, 2025, more than 1,600 people have been arrested in the indiscriminate raids at work sites, homes, and public spaces across the County of Los Angeles and dozens more people have been arrested across the Counties of Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura.
- 10) Finds that while conducting immigration raids and arrests, ICE and Customs and Border Protection agents sealed off entire streets with the assistance of local law enforcement and federalized National Guard troops, utilized unmarked armored vehicles, and conducted warrantless raids in a militarized and indiscriminate manner, sparking widespread panic, fear, and terror among immigrant workers, families, and communities.
- 11) Finds that the recent immigration raids have been heavily militarized, included the unconstitutional detention and arrest of residents without due process, disproportionately affected communities of color, separated families, undermined public safety and trust in local governments, and deterred families from accessing health care, education, and emergency assistance.
- 12) Finds that members of Congress were denied access to conduct oversight visits at the federal "B-18" detention facility and the Adelanto ICE Processing Center to inspect the conditions of detention, despite their right to do so under federal law, and attorneys were repeatedly denied access to people who were arrested during the indiscriminate immigration raids and arrests.
- 13) Finds that the unconstitutional immigration raids and arrests quickly prompted tens of thousands of community, labor, and faith protests at multiple locations, including the Edward R. Roybal Federal Building and the City of Paramount, where immigration raids were ongoing.
- 14) Finds that the protests were overwhelmingly peaceful, with demonstrators exercising their First Amendment rights to oppose the Trump Administration's

- mass immigration raids and to stand in solidarity with immigrant families impacted by these federal actions.
- 15) Finds that during the course of these protests, Service Employees International Union California President David Huerta was injured, arrested, and detained after federal authorities alleged he was obstructing enforcement activities, while union representatives and community members assert he was wrongfully arrested while lawfully observing law enforcement.
- 16) Finds that the immigration raids and arrests consist of potential violations of constitutional rights, including raids and arrests conducted without warrants and using racial profiling.
- 17) Finds that despite clear evidence that local authorities were fully capable of responding to these events, President Trump unilaterally deployed 4,000 California National Guard members and 700 Marines over the objection of California Governor Gavin Newsom, with President Trump's stated intent to crush dissent and further intensify and militarize immigration raids and arrests.
- 18) Finds that the federal escalation appears to be part of a deliberate strategy to provoke chaos, suppress and criminalize dissent, and terrorize immigrant communities across California and the nation.
- 19) Finds that President Trump's administration has signaled an intention to intensify nationwide immigration raids and arrests, creating an ongoing threat and danger to California families, workplaces, and neighborhoods.
- 20) Finds that multiple elected officials, religious groups, labor unions, and advocacy organizations have denounced the mass immigration raids and pledged to protect and support immigrant communities.
- 21) Finds that immigrants play a vital role in stimulating the economy as workers, business owners, taxpayers, and consumers and that their contributions boost national economic growth and lower the United States deficit.
- 22) Finds that immigrants help power the fourth largest economy in the world, sourcing one-half of a trillion dollars' worth of products, which represents 5 percent of the state's gross domestic product, and that immigrants also make up nearly one-half of California's agricultural workers, and fuel key industries like manufacturing, construction, and hospitality.
- 23) Finds that California's immigrants contributed \$8.5 billion in state and local taxes in 2022 and play a vital role in stimulating the state's economy.

- 24) Finds that on June 12, 2025, President Trump announced that changes were coming and that "Our great Farmers and people in the Hotel and Leisure business have been stating that our very aggressive policy on immigration is taking very good, longtime workers away from them, with those jobs being almost impossible to replace," but on June 16, 2025, the United States Department of Homeland Security and ICE told staff that it must continue to conduct immigration raids at agricultural businesses, hotels, and restaurants, creating a whiplash of confusion that continues to wreak havoc on our economy, agricultural industry, and small businesses.
- 25) Resolves that the Legislature hereby strongly condemns the mass immigration raids, targeting of immigrant workers and families, and the militarized federal response in California, and denounces President Trump's deployment of military forces to suppress community protests and engage in immigration enforcement operations.
- 26) Resolves that California stands with immigrant families, workers, and community leaders, and will not tolerate the terrorizing of our neighborhoods under the guise of "enforcement."
- 27) Resolves that California rejects the criminalization of peaceful protest and reaffirms the constitutional rights of all residents to organize, demonstrate, and demand justice without fear of violent retaliation.
- 28) Resolves that the Legislature affirms its commitment to safeguarding the rights and safety of all Californians, regardless of immigration status, by upholding the fundamental principles of equal treatment, due process, and civil liberties under the law.
- 29) Resolves that the Legislature supports the expansion of legal services and emergency response resources to protect workers, children, and families affected by immigration enforcement.

FISCAL EFFECT: Appropriation: No Fiscal Com.: No Local: No

N/A

SUPPORT: (Verified 9/2/25)

California Immigrant Policy Center (co-source)
Central American Resource Center (co-source)
The Coalition for Humane Immigrant Rights of Los Angeles (co-source)
A New Way of Life Reentry Project

ACLU California Action

Alliance for a Better Community

Alliance for Boys and Men of Color

Almas Libres

American Friends Service Committee

Asian Americans Advancing Justice Southern California

Asian Law Alliance

Avan Immigrant Services

Beverly-Vermont Community Land Trust

Brotherhood Crusade

Buen Vecino

Cair California

California Alliance for Youth and Community Justice

California Coalition for Women Prisoners

California Community Action Partnership Association

California Faculty Association

California Federation of Labor Unions, AFL-CIO

California for Safety and Justice

California Lulac State Organization

California Public Defenders Association

California Rural Legal Assistance Foundation

California School-based Health Alliance

California United for a Responsible Budget

Center for Gender and Refugee Studies-California

Centro Binacional Para El Desarrollo Indigena Oaxaqueño

Centro Community Hispanic Association (Centro Cha Inc.)

Centro Legal De LA Raza

CFT- a Union of Educators & Classified Professionals, Aft, Afl-cio

Community Action Board of Santa Cruz County

Community Action Board of Santa Cruz County, INC.

Community Health Project Los Angeles

Community Legal Services in East Palo Alto

Contra Costa Immigrant Rights Alliance

Courage California

CPCA Advocates

Dreamer Fund

Drug Policy Alliance

East Bay Community Law Center

Education and Leadership Foundation

Ella Baker Center for Human Rights

Empowering Women Impacted by Incarceration

End Child Poverty California Powered by Grace

Ensuring Opportunity Campaign

Equality California

Esperanza Community Housing

Fair Chance Project

Freedom for Immigrants

Fresh Lifelines for Youth

Hpeace: Health Professionals for Equality and Community Empowerment

Immigrant Defenders Law Center

Immigrant Legal Defense

Immigration Institute of the Bay Area

Immigration Resource Center of San Gabriel Valley

Inclusive Action for the City

Indivisible CA Statestrong

Initiate Justice

Initiate Justice Action

Inland Coalition for Immigrant Justice

Instituto De Educacion Popular Del Sur De California

Korean Resource Center

LA Defensa

LA Raza Community Resource Center (san Francisco)

Latino Coalition for a Healthy California

Local 148 LA County Public Defenders Union

Los Angeles LGBT Center

Los Cien Sonoma County

Mixteco/indigena Community Organizing Project

National Lawyers Guild Los Angeles

New Light Wellness

Northeast Valley Health Corporation

Northern California Coalition for Just Immigration Reform

On the Move

Orale: Organizing Rooted in Abolition Liberation and Empowerment

People for Mobility Justice

Pico California

Pomona Economic Opportunity Center

Prevention Institute

Public Counsel

Raizes Collective

Restoring Hope California

Rubicon Programs

Salvadoran American Leadership and Educational Fund

San Bernardino Community Service Center, INC

San Bernardino Community Service Center, INC.

SEIU California

Services, Immigrant Rights and Education Network

Silicon Valley De-bug

Sister Warrior Freedom Coalition

Smart Justice California

Social Justice Collaborative

Sonoma County Sanctuary Coalition

South Asian Network

South Bay People Power

Southeast Asia Resource Action Center

St John's Community Health

T.r.u.s.t. South LA

Thai Community Development Center

The Children's Partnership

The San Fernando Valley Young Democrats

The W. Haywood Burns Institute

UnidosUS

Unitarian Universalists of Petaluma

USF School of Law Racial Justice Clinic

Valor

Vera Institute of Justice

VIDAS

Vision Y Compromiso

Western Center on Law & Poverty

World Relief Southern California

OPPOSITION: (Verified 9/2/25)

None received

ASSEMBLY FLOOR: 59-11, 9/2/25

AYES: Addis, Aguiar-Curry, Ahrens, Alvarez, Arambula, Ávila Farías, Bains, Bauer-Kahan, Bennett, Boerner, Bonta, Bryan, Calderon, Caloza, Carrillo, Connolly, Elhawary, Fong, Gabriel, Garcia, Gipson, Mark González, Haney, Harabedian, Hart, Irwin, Jackson, Kalra, Krell, Lee, Lowenthal, McKinnor, Muratsuchi, Nguyen, Ortega, Pacheco, Papan, Patel, Pellerin, Petrie-Norris, Quirk-Silva, Ramos, Ransom, Celeste Rodriguez, Michelle Rodriguez, Rogers,

Blanca Rubio, Schiavo, Schultz, Sharp-Collins, Solache, Soria, Stefani, Valencia, Ward, Wicks, Wilson, Zbur, Rivas

NOES: Chen, Davies, DeMaio, Dixon, Ellis, Gallagher, Hadwick, Patterson, Sanchez, Ta, Tangipa

NO VOTE RECORDED: Alanis, Berman, Castillo, Flora, Jeff Gonzalez, Hoover, Lackey, Macedo, Wallis

Prepared by: Alex Barnett / PUB. S. / 9/3/25 13:34:02

**** END ****