## SENATE RULES COMMITTEE

Office of Senate Floor Analyses

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#### THIRD READING

Bill No: AB 963

Author: Petrie-Norris (D) Amended: 9/9/25 in Senate

Vote: 21

SENATE LABOR, PUB. EMP. & RET. COMMITTEE: 4-1, 7/9/25

AYES: Smallwood-Cuevas, Cortese, Durazo, Laird

NOES: Strickland

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE: 11-2, 7/15/25

AYES: Umberg, Allen, Arreguín, Ashby, Caballero, Durazo, Laird, Stern, Wahab,

Weber Pierson, Wiener NOES: Niello, Valladares

SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE: 6-1, 8/29/25

AYES: Caballero, Cabaldon, Dahle, Grayson, Richardson, Wahab

NOES: Seyarto

ASSEMBLY FLOOR: 69-4, 6/2/25 - See last page for vote

SUBJECT: Public works: prevailing wages: access to records

SOURCE: International Union of Painters and Allied Trades, District Council 16

**DIGEST:** This bill requires an owner or developer undertaking any work subject to prevailing wage requirements to make certain records available to the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (DLSE), multi-employer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and joint labor-management committees (JLMCs), as specified.

Senate Floor Amendments of 9/9/25 1) apply the bill's provisions to an "owner or developer" undertaking any work subject to prevailing wage requirements, rather than an owner or developer undertaking any public works project; 2) modify the definition of "owner or developer;" 3) expand the list of documents DLSE, multi-employer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and JLMCs can request to include, among other things, requests for bids, lists of bids received, total bid amounts, and final

executed construction contracts; 4) extend the timeline an owner or developer has to comply with a request from 10 calendar days to 30 calendar days; 5) modify when DLSE can enforce penalties against an owner or developer for noncompliance; and 6) require a request for records to be made within three years of the completion of the work subject to prevailing wage requirements.

## **ANALYSIS:**

# Existing federal law:

- 1) Permits, pursuant to the Labor Management Cooperation Act of 1978, the establishment of plant, area, and industrywide labor management committees JLMCs, which have been organized jointly by employers and labor organizations representing employees in that plant, area, or industry, as specified. (29 U.S.C. §175a)
- 2) Establishes multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust funds, which are collectively bargained pension, health, or welfare benefit trusts jointly administered by an equal number of employer and employee representatives, as specified. (29 U.S.C. §186(c)(5)-(c)(8))

# Existing state law:

- 1) Establishes within the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR) the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (DLSE) under the direction of the Labor Commissioner (LC), and empowers the LC to ensure a just day's pay in every work place and to promote justice through robust enforcement of labor laws. (Labor Code §79-107)
- 2) Defines "public works," for the purposes of regulating public works contracts, as, among other things, construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work done under contract and paid for, in whole or in part, out of public funds. (Labor Code §1720(a))
- 3) Specifies that if the state or political subdivision reimburses a private developer for costs that would normally be borne by the public, or provides directly or indirectly a public subsidy to a private development project that is de minimis in the context of the project, an otherwise private development project *is not subject to public works law*. (Labor Code §1720(c)(3))
- 4) Requires that not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages be paid to all workers employed on a "public works" project costing over \$1,000 dollars

- and imposes misdemeanor penalties for violation of this requirement. (Labor Code §1771)
- 5) Requires each contractor and subcontractor to keep accurate payroll records, showing the name, address, social security number, work classification, straight time and overtime hours worked each day and week, and the actual per diem wages paid to each journeyman, apprentice, worker, or other employee employed by the contractor or subcontractor in connection with the public work. (Labor Code §1776 (a))
- 6) Requires the payroll records in 5), above, to be certified and made available for inspection to all of the following:
  - a) An employee or an employee's authorized representative, upon request.
  - b) A representative of the body awarding the contract and DLSE.
  - c) The public, however, requests by the public shall be made through either the body awarding the contract or DLSE.

(Labor Code §1776(b))

- 7) Requires contractors or subcontractors to file a certified copy of payroll records with the entity that requested the records within 10 days after receipt of written request. (Labor Code §1776(d))
- 8) Requires contractors and subcontractors, in the event that they do not comply within the 10- day period, to pay to the state or subdivision on whose behalf the contract was made or awarded a penalty of \$100 per day or portion thereof for every worker until strict compliance is effectuated. A contractor is not subject to a penalty due to the failure of a subcontractor to comply with this section. (Labor Code §1776(h))
- 9) Specifies that any records made available for inspection as copies and furnished upon request to the public or any public agency by the awarding body or DLSE shall be marked or obliterated to prevent disclosure of an individual's name, address, and social security number. The name and address of the contractor awarded the contract or the subcontractor performing the contract shall not be marked or obliterated. (Labor Code §1776(e))
- 10) Requires any copy of payroll records in 5), above, made available for inspection by, or furnished to, JLMCs to be marked or obliterated only to prevent disclosure of an individual's social security number. Records made

- available to a multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust fund shall be marked or obliterated only to prevent disclosure of an individual's full social security number, but shall provide the last four digits. (Labor Code §1776(e))
- 11) Requires contractors and subcontractors, while performing public works, to furnish specified payroll records at least once a month directly to the LC, in an electronic format, in the manner prescribed by the LC, on the department's internet website. (Labor Code §1771.4(a)(3))
- 12) Requires a contractor, bidder, or other entity to provide to the public entity or other awarding body, on a monthly basis while the project or contract is being performed, a report demonstrating compliance with skilled and trained workforce requirements. (Public Contract Code §2602)

### This bill:

- 1) Requires an owner or developer undertaking any work, subject to prevailing wage requirements, as specified, to make the following records with respect to that work available upon request to DLSE, multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and JLMCs:
  - a) Request for bids.
  - b) Lists of bids received and total bid amount.
  - c) Final executed construction contracts, between the direct contractor and either the owner or developer, demonstrating compliance with contract requirements found within public works law, as specified.
  - d) The names and license numbers of the contractors and subcontractors performing the work.
  - e) A certified copy of payroll records, as described in Section 1776 of the Labor Code, if the owner or developer has possession, custody, or control of these records.
  - f) If the owner or developer were required to provide an enforceable commitment that a skilled and trained workforce will be used to complete a contract or project, the monthly reports required under Section 2602 of the Public Contract Code.
- 2) Provides that any records of work performed that are made available under the requirements of 1), above, be redacted only to prevent disclosure of social security numbers, but allows an owner or developer to redact pricing information and other proprietary or confidential information from contracts and subcontracts if that information has not been made public. The names of

- contractors and subcontractors, the scope of work, and any contractual requirements to pay prevailing wages or use a skilled and trained workforce shall not be redacted.
- 3) Requires an owner or developer to reasonably assist in identifying responsive records when the requesting department, trust fund, or JLMC has identified the documents or information sought with specificity.
- 4) Provides that an owner or developer has 30 days in which to comply with a written request for records enumerated in 1), above. The requesting and responding parties may agree in writing to an extension of time to respond.
- 5) Provides that, in the event an owner or developer fails to comply with a request from a multi-employer Taft-Hartley trust fund or JLMC, the fund or JLMC may submit a complaint to DLSE 30 calendar days after compliance was required.
- 6) Requires DLSE, if a complaint is received pursuant to 4), above, to submit to the owner or developer a new written request for the records enumerated in 1), above.
- 7) Provides that if an owner or developer fails to comply with a request from DLSE within 10 calendar days, the owner or developer shall be subject to a penalty by the LC until strict compliance is effectuated.
- 8) Provides that the penalty for an owner or developer's failure to provide certified payroll records, as specified, shall be one hundred dollars (\$100) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker, starting from the first day following the 10-day period in 7), above.
- 9) Provides that the penalty for an owner or developer's failure to provide the following: request for bids, list of bids received and total amounts, final executed construction contracts, as specified, the names and license number of the contractors and subcontractors performing the work, and monthly reports demonstrating compliance, shall be five hundred dollars (\$500) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker, starting from the first day following the 10-day period in 7), above.
- 10) Requires penalties received pursuant to 8) and 9), above, to be deposited in the State Public Works Enforcement Fund, as specified.

- 11) Requires the Director of DIR to adopt rules consistent with the California Public Records Act and the Information Practices Act of 1977 governing the release of records enumerated in 1), above, including the establishment of reasonable fees to be charged for reproducing copies of records.
- 12) Provides that "owner or developer" includes a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, or other legal entity, that enters into a contract with a contractor to perform work on a project first advertised for bid or, if there is no bid advertisement date, executed on or after January 1, 2026, but does not include the state or a political subdivision.
- 13) Prohibits a multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust fund or JLMC from disclosing or sharing a certified copy of payroll records or an executed construction contract received under these provisions.
- 14) Authorizes a multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust fund or JLMC to share a certified copy of payroll records or an executed construction contract with DLSE or an awarding agency to provide evidence of a violation of these provisions.
- 15) Requires a request for the records in 1), above, to be made within three years of the completion of the work subject to prevailing wage requirements.

#### **Comments**

California's public works laws prevent worker exploitation and promote the creation of a skilled workforce. Recently, the Legislature has extended prevailing wage requirements to *non-public works projects*. These extensions are typically found in statutes governing housing and energy projects.

This bill, AB 963, would require an owner or developer undertaking any work subject to prevailing wages to make specified documents, including requests for bids, final executed construction contracts, and payroll records available to DLSE, multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and JLMCs, as specified.

Senate Floor Amendments of 9/9/25 may do the following:

• Though projects subject to prevailing wage extensions are not governed by the full breadth of public works law, these projects often include a requirement to maintain certified payroll records and make them available, pursuant to Labor

Code Section 1775. Under this section, a request to inspect payroll records must be made through either DLSE or the awarding body. Once made, contractors and subcontractors have ten days upon receipt of a written request to furnish the records.

AB 963 would extend the timeline that an owner or developer has to comply with a request for payroll records from 10 days to 30 days. This could create statutory inconsistencies for non-public works projects (such as some housing or energy projects) that are still subject to prevailing wage and record keeping requirements, pursuant to Labor Code Section 1775, but are not considered a "public work" for all other purposes.

 AB 963 would require an owner or developer to furnish final executed construction contracts, between the direct contractor and either the owner or developer, demonstrating compliance with contract requirements found within the entirety of public works law.

However, non-public works projects subject to prevailing wage requirements may be under *no statutory obligation* to comply with the entirety of contract requirements found within public works law.

# Related/Prior Legislation

AB 538 (Berman, 2025) would require an awarding body, upon request by the public, to obtain CPRs from a contractor and make them available to the requesting entity. Contractors would have 10 days to comply upon receipt of a written notice. This bill is pending on the Senate Floor.

AB 3186 (Petrie-Norris, 2024) would have required an owner or developer undertaking any public works project to make certain records available to the DLSE, multi-employer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and joint labor-management JLMCs, as specified. AB 3186 was nearly identical to the prior version of AB 963, before September 9, 2025 floor amendments. This bill was held in the Senate Rules Committee.

**FISCAL EFFECT:** Appropriation: No Fiscal Com.: Yes Local: No According to the Senate Appropriations Committee:

• The Department of Industrial Relations (DIR) indicates that it would minimally incur first-year costs of \$876,000, and \$828,000 annually thereafter, to

implement the provisions of the bill (State Public Works Enforcement Fund). Cost drivers would include investigating and adjudicating complaints for non-compliance with records requirements, and adopting rules for records release consistent with the California Public Records Act (CPRA). DIR notes it may need additional resources if there is a larger volume of complaints than anticipated.

• This bill could result in an increase in penalty revenue to the State. The magnitude is unknown, but probably minor (State Public Works Enforcement Fund).

**SUPPORT:** (Verified 9/10/25)

International Union of Painters and Allied Trades, District Council 16 (Source) A&B Painting, Inc.

All County Flooring

Aragon Construction, Inc.

B.T. Mancini Co., Inc.

C.A. Bucher Painting Co., Inc.

California Federation of Labor Unions

California-Nevada Conference of Operating Engineers

California State Association of Electrical Workers

California State Council of Laborers

California State Pipe Trades Council

Capital Industrial Coatings, LLC

Certified Coatings Company

Concord Drywall Inc.

Conley & Sons Construction

Crown Sheet Metal & Skylights Inc.

Custom Drywall

Devco Drywall Interiors Inc.

District Council of Iron Workers of the State of California and Vicinity

Drywall Finishers Regional Local Union 1136

Eladio and Sons

Ellis Flooring Inc.

Finishing Contractors Association of Southern California

Fisher Design + Build, Inc.

Future Flooring Group Dba. C&S Flooring Systems, Inc.

Genesis Flooring

Giroux Glass Inc..

Glaziers Local 718

Golden Gate Glass & Mirror Co.

Golden State Contract Flooring

Hoem & Associates

International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Western States Section

International Union of Painters & Allied Trades District Council 36

International Union of Painters and Allied Trades Local 272

International Union of Painters and Allied Trades Local 376

International Union of Painters and Allied Trades Local 507

International Union of Painters and Allied Trades Local 831

International Union of Painters and Allied Trades Local 1036

International Union of Painters and Allied Trades Local 1621

J&J Acoustics, Inc.

Johnson and Turner Painting Company, Inc.

Karsyn Construction Inc.

KBI Painting, Inc.

Kirk Builders

Magnum Drywall, Inc.

Mastria Inc.

MGM Drywall, Inc.

Murphy Industrial Coatings, Inc.

NC Flooring Group INC

Nor Cal Glass

Northern California Allied Trades

**Pacific Glazing Contractors** 

Paramount Interiors LLC

Pari & Gershon Inc.

Polytech Industrial Incorporated

Primal Paint, Inc.

Pro Spectra Contract Flooring, Union City

R.E. Cuddie Co.

Ralls Construction

Redwood Painting Co., Inc.

Reno's Floor Covering, Inc.

Satellite Painting, Inc.

Signature Glass & Windows Inc. Lic # 750091

Silicon Valley Glass Inc.

Southern California Glass Management Association

State Building and Construction Trades Council

**Tisys Construction** 

Vanguard Painting, Inc.

Western Painting and Coating Contractors Association Western States Council of Sheet Metal Workers Wm. B. Saleh Co.

# **OPPOSITION:** (Verified 9/10/25)

Associated General Contractors of California
California Building Industry Association
California Council for Affordable Housing
California Housing Consortium
California Housing Partnership
California Solar & Storage Association
Construction Employers' Association
Housing California
Non-profit Housing Association of Northern California
San Diego Housing Federation
Southern California Association of Non-profit Housing
Valley Industry and Commerce Association

## **ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:**

The International Union of Painters and Allied Trades, District Council 16, sponsors of the measure, argue:

"Often, on construction projects, workers are underpaid and or misclassified and, without oversight, this growing problem will only continue to get worse. Existing law provides the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (DLSE), multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and joint labor-management committees with the ability to request documents from contractors when they are using public funds to develop public works projects. It is imperative that the Public Contract Code, the California Labor Code, and prevailing wage requirements are met on every public works project.

It is understood that private entities are just that, private. However, private entities using public funds also should be held to the same standards and accountability as governmental bodies when it comes to producing project documents and information. Private entities currently have no oversight through the California Public Records Act.

AB 963 will grant the ability to the DLSE, multiemployer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and joint labor management committees to request a limited scope of documents from a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, or other

legal entity when developing projects that utilize public funds regardless of whether the project is in its entirety a public works project. AB 963 will provide oversight to publicly funded projects to ensure that the Public Contract Code, the California Labor Code, and prevailing wage requirements are being enforced on all public works projects that utilize public funds."

## **ARGUMENTS IN OPPOSITION:**

A coalition of opponents, including the California Housing Consortium and Housing California, argue:

"This bill requires that affordable housing developers make extensive private documentation available, including final executed construction contracts. It also creates a duplicative process that would require an owner or developer of affordable housing to make certified payroll records and skilled and trained workforce monthly reports available upon request by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, multi-employer Taft-Hartley trust funds, and joint labor-management committees. The stated intent of the bill is to ensure compliance with prevailing wage laws. However, there is already a process in place to achieve that goal through the Department of Industrial Relations, and this bill is unnecessary.

We agree that compliance with prevailing wage laws is important, but we fail to understand how the current information that the state already collects is deficient.

When a private development is subject to prevailing wage requirements, the general contractor has a duty to ensure that the project complies with the applicable labor and wage laws. Owners and developers of affordable housing already submit prevailing wage reports to the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR) to demonstrate compliance. The system is online, and these records can be requested by anyone.

If there are problems with the public obtaining the records from DIR, we recommend focusing on improving DIR's response capacity. Creating a redundant and unnecessary requirement for those building housing will put a strain on their limited resources and will make it more difficult to build the housing that the state desperately needs."

ASSEMBLY FLOOR: 69-4, 6/2/25

AYES: Addis, Aguiar-Curry, Ahrens, Alanis, Alvarez, Arambula, Ávila Farías, Bains, Bauer-Kahan, Bennett, Berman, Boerner, Bonta, Bryan, Calderon, Caloza, Carrillo, Chen, Connolly, Davies, Elhawary, Flora, Fong, Gabriel, Garcia, Gipson, Jeff Gonzalez, Mark González, Haney, Harabedian, Hart, Irwin,

Jackson, Kalra, Krell, Lackey, Lee, Lowenthal, McKinnor, Muratsuchi, Nguyen, Ortega, Pacheco, Papan, Patel, Patterson, Pellerin, Petrie-Norris, Quirk-Silva, Ramos, Ransom, Celeste Rodriguez, Michelle Rodriguez, Rogers, Blanca Rubio, Schiavo, Schultz, Sharp-Collins, Solache, Soria, Stefani, Ta, Valencia, Wallis, Ward, Wicks, Wilson, Zbur, Rivas

NOES: DeMaio, Hadwick, Macedo, Tangipa NO VOTE RECORDED: Castillo, Dixon, Ellis, Gallagher, Hoover, Sanchez

Prepared by: Emma Bruce / L., P.E. & R. / (916) 651-1556 9/11/25 10:07:01

\*\*\*\* END \*\*\*\*