## SENATE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS

Senator Anna Caballero, Chair 2025 - 2026 Regular Session

## AB 1210 (Lackey) - Postrelease community supervision

**Version:** April 1, 2025 **Policy Vote:** PUB. S. 6 - 0

Urgency: No Mandate: Yes

**Hearing Date:** August 29, 2025 **Consultant:** Liah Burnley

**Bill Summary:** Requires the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) to provide earlier notice to a county probation department before a person is released from prison, as specified.

## \*\*\*\*\*\* ANALYSIS ADDENDUM - SUSPENSE FILE \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

The following information is revised to reflect amendments adopted by the committee on August 29, 2025

## **Fiscal Impact:**

 CDCR anticipates that it would incur significant ongoing costs (General Fund) likely totaling several million dollars annually to modify its current processes in order to comply with the provisions of this bill. CDCR releases approximately 30,000 people annually, of which 47 percent are generally released to Postrelease Community Supervision (PRCS).

CDCR would need to extend its current notification period from 30 days to 90 days for providing written and verbal notice of scheduled release dates for individuals released under PRCS. Numerous factors such as changes in workgroup assignments, program credit earnings, credit losses or restorations, and modifications to sentencing terms or case credits can trigger recalculations of release dates. These factors could lead to regular changes to the incarcerated person's release date, thereby triggering multiple recurring notifications to a county prior to the individual's release. To meet this bill's proposed notification timeframes, CDCR may have an increase in workload for its Case Records staff, necessitating the creation of several additional permanent positions.

CDCR further anticipates considerable overtime expenses, potentially in the hundreds of thousands of dollars, to continually recalculate release dates for several thousands of incarcerated individuals to ensure timely provision of information as required under the bill. Additional costs are expected for managing notifications related to CalAIM integration with local reentry service delivery and court-order conditions, which may also require hiring additional staff to facilitate the case management process. Finally, CDCR would likely incur costs related to developing coordinated plans for the release and transport of individuals whose current county of residence differs from their county of last legal residence. Depending on whether the plan requires CDCR to transport an individual on PRCS to the appropriate county, there could be significant costs associated with the transport of these individuals, particularly for overtime of transport custody staff.

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Costs (local funds, General Fund) of an unknown but potentially significant amount
to county probation departments to coordinate out-of-county placements with CDCR.
Although these duties are mandated by the state, they are not reimbursable but are
subject to Proposition 30 (2012). Under Proposition 30, legislation enacted after
September 30, 2012, that has an overall effect of increasing the costs already borne
by a local agency for programs or levels of service mandated by realignment applies
to local agencies only to the extent the state provides annual funding for the cost
increase.

**Committee Amendments:** Strike the requirement that CDCR, 165 days prior to the release of any person subject to postrelease supervision, notify the county of specified information, and instead require CDCR to provide the information within 90 days.