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THIRD READING

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Bill No: AB 545  
Author: Pellerin (D)  
Amended: 5/22/23 in Assembly  
Vote: 21

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SENATE ELECTIONS & C.A. COMMITTEE: 6-0, 6/20/23  
AYES: Glazer, Allen, McGuire, Menjivar, Newman, Umberg  
NO VOTE RECORDED: Nguyen

SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE: 5-2, 9/1/23  
AYES: Portantino, Ashby, Bradford, Wahab, Wiener  
NOES: Jones, Seyarto

ASSEMBLY FLOOR: 67-6, 5/31/23 - See last page for vote

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**SUBJECT:** Elections: access for voters with disabilities

**SOURCE:** Disability Rights California

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**DIGEST:** This bill permits a voter with a disability to vote by regular ballot outside any polling place (also referred to as “curbside” voting). This bill also eliminates provisions of law that require a voter to declare under oath that they are unable to mark their ballot in order to receive assistance marking their ballot.

**ANALYSIS:**

Existing federal law:

- 1) Provides, in general, protections to people with disabilities that are similar to protections provided to individuals on the basis of race, color, sex, national origin, age, and religion. Requires state and local governments to ensure people with disabilities have a full and equal opportunity to vote and applies to all aspects of voting, including voter registration, site selection, and the casting of ballots, whether on Election Day or during an early voting process.

- 2) Requires an election official to allow a voter who is blind or has another disability to receive assistance from a person of the voter's choice (other than the voter's employer or its agent or an officer or agent of the voter's union). Prohibits conditioning the right to vote on a citizen being able to read or write, attaining a particular level of education, or passing an interpretation test.
- 3) Requires, in general, accessible polling places in federal elections for elderly individuals and people with disabilities. Provides that where no accessible location is available to serve as a polling place, an alternate means of casting a ballot on the day of the election must be provided. Requires states to make available registration and voting aids for disabled and elderly voters, including information by telecommunications devices for the deaf.
- 4) Requires jurisdictions responsible for conducting federal elections to provide at least one accessible voting system for persons with disabilities at each polling place in federal elections. Requires the accessible voting system to provide the same opportunity for access and participation, including privacy and independence.

Existing state law:

- 1) Provides that a person entitled to register to vote shall be a United States citizen, a resident of California, not in prison for the conviction of a felony, and at least 18 years of age at the time of the next election.
- 2) Requires an elections official furnish to each polling place with all of the following:
  - a) At least one accessible copy of the voter list.
  - b) Necessary printed blanks for the roster, tally sheets, voter list, declarations, and returns.
  - c) Not fewer than six nor more than twelve instruction cards to each polling place for the guidance of voters in obtaining and marking their ballots.
  - d) A digest of the election laws with any further instructions the county elections official may desire to make.

- e) An American flag of sufficient size to adequately assist the voter in identifying the polling place.
  - f) A ballot container properly marked on the outside indicating its contents.
  - g) At least one copy of the certified write-in list, if applicable.
  - h) A sufficient number of cards to each polling place containing the telephone number of the office to which a voter may call to obtain information about their polling place.
  - i) An identifying badge or insignia for each member of the precinct board.
  - j) Facsimile copies of the ballot containing ballot measures and ballot instructions printed in Spanish or other languages in accordance with existing law.
  - k) Sufficient copies of the notices to be posted on the voter list used at the polls.
  - l) A roster for each polling place in the form prescribed in accordance with existing law.
  - m) Printed copies of the Voter Bill of Rights, as supplied by the Secretary of State (SOS).
  - n) For a partisan primary election, printed copies of the posters or other materials pursuant to existing law.
- 3) Requires an elections official, when designating polling places, to undertake necessary measures in the locating of polling places to ensure that polling places meet the guidelines promulgated by the SOS for accessibility by the physically handicapped.
- 4) Requires a voter, if a voter declares under oath, administered by any member of the precinct board at the time the voter appears at the polling place to vote, that the voter is unable to mark a ballot, to receive the assistance of not more than two persons selected by the voter, other than the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, or an officer or agent of the union of which the voter is a member.

- 5) Requires a county elections official to provide information on the county elections Internet Web site and in the county voter information guide informing voters that a voter who is unable to mark a ballot may bring up to two individuals to the polls to assist them in voting.
- 6) Prohibits a person assisting a voter from divulging any information regarding the marking of the ballot.
- 7) Provides that in those polling places that are inaccessible under the guidelines promulgated by the SOS for accessibility by the physically handicapped, a physically handicapped person may appear outside the polling place and vote a regular ballot.
- 8) Permits the person to vote the ballot in a place that is as near as possible to the polling place and that is accessible to the physically handicapped. Requires a precinct board member to take a regular ballot to that person, qualify that person to vote, and return the voted ballot to the polling place.
- 9) Requires vote by mail (VBM) ballots, in those precincts in which it is impractical to vote a regular ballot outside the polling place, to be provided in sufficient numbers to accommodate physically handicapped persons who present themselves on Election Day. Requires the VBM ballot to be presented to and voted by a physically handicapped person in the same manner as a regular ballot may be voted by that person outside the polling place.

This bill:

- 1) Expands the list of supplies an elections official is required to provide at each polling place to assist a voter with a disability to include handheld magnifying glasses displayed and available at the table or desk used by the precinct board, and a signature guide card to assist persons while signing their names on the roster displayed and available at the table or desk used by the precinct board.
- 2) Deletes a provision of law that requires a voter, in order to receive assistance marking their ballot, to declare under oath, administered by any precinct member at the time the voter appears at the polling place to vote, that the voter is unable to mark their ballot, and instead allows a voter that is unable to mark a paper ballot or the ballot marking device to receive assistance without taking that oath.

- 3) Repeals provisions of law that require a polling place to be inaccessible under the accessibility guidelines promulgated by the SOS in order for a voter with a disability be allowed to vote a regular ballot outside of the polling place (curbside voting). Repeals provisions of law that require a VBM ballot to be provided if it is impractical to vote a regular ballot outside a polling place, and instead permits a voter with a disability to vote a regular ballot outside any polling place. Provides that a precinct board member may bring a regular ballot outside to the voter if the county does not have the capability to bring a ballot marking device outside of the polling place, as specified.
- 4) Requires a county elections official to provide information on the county elections official's internet website informing a voter with a disability that they may vote a regular ballot outside any polling place.
- 5) Requires signage to be posted outside a polling place and adjacent to the area where the voter may appear to vote indicating that the option is available for a voter with a disability to vote there. Requires a polling place to establish a method for a voter with a disability to contact a precinct board member in order to vote outside the polling place, such as a posted phone number, doorbell device, or the stationing of a precinct board member outside the polling place.
- 6) Modernizes terminology used to describe a voter with a disability.
- 7) Makes corresponding and technical changes.

## **Background**

*Curbside Voting.* Voting outside of the polling location enables a voter to have a voting experience outside the voting area when a polling place is not accessible. In other words, under existing law any voter who cannot reach the voting area at the polling place because of architectural barriers or physical limitations may be allowed to vote "curbside." In practice, voters may use curbside voting from their vehicle or along the path of travel to the voting area. An elections official will qualify the voter, bring a ballot, and any other voting materials the voter may need to cast their ballot privately and independently. This bill expands access to voters with disabilities by allowing a voter with a disability to vote a regular ballot outside any polling place, regardless of whether the polling place is inaccessible. Additionally, this bill deletes a requirement that a voter, in order to receive assistance to mark their ballot, must issue a declaration under oath that they are unable to mark their ballot before receiving assistance.

*Previous Legislation.* Due to concerns that conducting in-person voting during the spread of COVID-19 could threaten the health and safety of voters, election workers, and the public generally, the Legislature approved and Governor Newsom signed bills that made significant changes to the way that the state conducted the November 2020 presidential general election. Those changes were largely enacted through two bills — AB 860 (Berman, Chapter 4, Statutes of 2020) and SB 423 (Umberg, Chapter 31, Statutes of 2020). Notably, those bills required that a mail ballot be sent to every active registered voter, provided voters in all counties with the ability to track their ballot, authorized changes to in-person voting requirements, and made other changes to facilitate the expected surge in voting by mail at the November election. Among other provisions, SB 423 urged each county to provide drive-through ballot drop-off or voting locations. In practice one of the ways a county elections official complied with this provision was by providing curbside voting.

*Secretary of State Accessibility Guidelines.* The SOS, in coordination with the California Department of Rehabilitation, designs Polling Place Accessibility Guidelines to help elections officials ensure polling places are accessible to voters with disabilities to the extent possible. California polling places and vote centers provide voters with disabilities the opportunity to vote their ballot privately and independently. All voting locations are surveyed in advance to ensure they are accessible to voters with disabilities. This includes ensuring that accessible voting technology is available to all voters, there is designated accessible parking as close to the voting area as possible, and curbside voting. In practice, telephone numbers are posted at polling locations informing voters how to contact election workers to let them know the voter requires assistance.

## **Comments**

According to the author, although curbside voting, signature guides, and magnifying glasses are available at many voting locations to help voters with disabilities, minimal requirements in the Elections Code create inconsistency of these aides for voting centers across California. AB 545 takes important steps to ensure that the voting process is accessible to voters with disabilities. Specifically, it requires that all in-person voting locations offer curbside voting and establishes uniform requirements for curbside voting statewide. AB 545 also clarifies requirements relating to supplies, services, and procedures at voting locations. Lastly, AB 545 removes the outdated requirement that voters with disabilities swear under oath that they need assistance completing a ballot. AB 545 will make

low-cost yet impactful improvements to the accessibility of in-person voting for voters with disabilities.

### **Related/Prior Legislation**

SB 1480 (Glazer) of 2022 would have authorized the SOS to certify a remote accessible vote by mail system that allows a voter with a qualifying disability, as defined, to return their ballot electronically. SB 1480 would have also required a county elections official, upon certification of such a remote accessible vote by mail system, to permit a voter with a qualifying disability to use the certified remote accessible vote by mail to return their completed ballot electronically. Finally, SB 1480 would have permitted a voter with a qualifying disability to return their completed remote accessible vote by mail ballot by facsimile until the SOS certifies a remote accessible vote by mail system that allows electronic return of a completed ballot. SB 1480 passed the Senate, but was not heard in the Assembly Committee on Elections.

**FISCAL EFFECT:** Appropriation: No Fiscal Com.: Yes Local: Yes

According to the Senate Appropriations Committee:

- By requiring a county elections official to procure specified tools and facilitate curbside voting to assist voters with disabilities, this bill creates a state-mandated local program. To the extent the Commission on State Mandates determines that the provisions of this bill create a new program or impose a higher level of service on local agencies, local agencies could claim reimbursement of those costs (General Fund). The magnitude is unknown, but potentially in excess of \$50,000 annually.
- This bill would not have a fiscal impact to the Secretary of State (SOS).

**SUPPORT:** (Verified 9/1/23)

Disability Rights California (source)

AARP California

Advisory Council for Sourcewise

Asian Americans Advancing Justice – Asian Law Caucus

California Association of Clerks and Election Officials

California Council of the Blind

California Democratic Party

California Environmental Voters

California Foundation for Independent Living Centers

California State Council on Developmental Disabilities  
League of Women Voters of California  
Santa Clara Valley Water District  
RespectAbility

**OPPOSITION:** (Verified 9/1/23)

None received

**ASSEMBLY FLOOR:** 67-6, 5/31/23

**AYES:** Addis, Aguiar-Curry, Alanis, Alvarez, Arambula, Bains, Bauer-Kahan, Bennett, Berman, Boerner, Bonta, Bryan, Calderon, Juan Carrillo, Wendy Carrillo, Cervantes, Connolly, Dixon, Mike Fong, Friedman, Gabriel, Garcia, Gipson, Grayson, Haney, Hart, Holden, Hoover, Irwin, Jackson, Jones-Sawyer, Kalra, Lee, Low, Lowenthal, Maienschein, Mathis, McCarty, McKinnor, Muratsuchi, Stephanie Nguyen, Ortega, Pacheco, Papan, Pellerin, Petrie-Norris, Quirk-Silva, Ramos, Reyes, Luz Rivas, Robert Rivas, Rodriguez, Blanca Rubio, Santiago, Schiavo, Soria, Ting, Valencia, Villapudua, Wallis, Ward, Weber, Wicks, Wilson, Wood, Zbur, Rendon

**NOES:** Megan Dahle, Essayli, Gallagher, Joe Patterson, Sanchez, Waldron

**NO VOTE RECORDED:** Chen, Davies, Flora, Vince Fong, Lackey, Jim Patterson, Ta

Prepared by: Scott Matsumoto / E. & C.A. / (916) 651-4106  
9/2/23 12:38:39

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