Date of Hearing: January 13, 2020

#### ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

Jim Frazier, Chair

AB 145 (Frazier) – As Introduced December 13, 2018

**SUBJECT**: High-Speed Rail Authority: Senate confirmation

**SUMMARY**: Requires all Governor's appointees to the California High-Speed Rail Authority (HSRA) Board of Directors be confirmed by the California State Senate.

### **EXISTING LAW:**

- 1) Creates HSRA with specific powers and duties relative to the development and implementation of an intercity high-speed rail system in California.
- 2) Defines that the HSRA Board of Directors be composed of eleven members with five members appointed by the Governor; two members appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; two members appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly; and two ex-officio, nonvoting members, one member of the California State Senate appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules and one member of the California State Assembly appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly.
- 3) Defines the terms for office and filling vacancies, including authorizing members to serve four year terms or until their replacement is appointed.
- 4) Requires the Governor, the Senate Committee on Rules, and the Speaker of the Assembly to take into consideration geographical diversity for their appointments to the Board or Directors to ensure that all regions of the state are adequately represented.
- 5) Authorizes voting members to elect a chairperson, constitute a quorum, receive compensation for Authority business, and receive reimbursement for actual travel expenses.
- 6) Authorizes HSRA to appoint an Executive Director and key executives for various areas of management.

**FISCAL EFFECT**: None, this bill has been keyed non-fiscal by the Legislative Counsel.

**COMMENTS**: California's voters approved Proposition 1A in 2008 to provide \$9.95 billion in General Obligation bonds for the planning, design and building of a high-speed rail system to connect San Francisco and Los Angeles through the Central Valley.

The HSRA Board of Directors provides oversight of the planning, design and construction of the high-speed rail system. The Board of Directors reviews and approves contracts entered into by HSRA and oversees ongoing work of HSRA with public and private partners. Additionally, the Board of Directors oversees the hiring of the Executive Director of the Authority, the top state executive; and the Authority's Risk Manager and Auditor report directly to the Board to identify risks or concerns for the project.

In addition to the HSRA Board of Directors, a critical part of oversight of the high-speed rail project was created by AB 3034 (Galgiani), Chapter 267, Statues of 2008, which established a Peer Review Group whose duty is to evaluate HSRA's funding plans and prepare an independent judgment as to the feasibility and the reasonableness of HSRA's plans, appropriateness of assumptions, analyses and estimates, and any observations or evaluations the group deems necessary. As an advisor to the Legislature on high-speed rail, the group has recommended that the Legislature increase its direct oversight of the program. To that end, in 2016, Governor Brown signed into law AB 1813 (Frazier), Chapter 117, Statutes of 2016, which added two exofficio, non-voting members to the HSRA Board, one member of the Senate and one member of the Assembly. Currently, Senator Jim Beall (D-San Jose) and Assemblymember Dr. Joaquin Arambula (D-Fresno) serve on the Board.

According to the author, "The State of California and its voters have committed billions of dollars of public funds to the largest infrastructure project in the United States. As such, the oversight of its ongoing development and construction is of utmost importance to the Legislature. AB 2307 would add an additional layer of oversight by requiring appointees to the HSRA Board of Directors be reviewed by the Legislature and confirmed in a public hearing with stakeholder input."

Numerous other boards and commissions in California have Governor's appointees confirmed by the Senate, including the California Transportation Commission, the California Air Resources Board, and the California Public Utilities Commission. These Boards have authority and responsibility over critical state programs and allocate billions of taxpayer dollars.

The Senate Rules Committee, which oversees the confirmation process, has a thorough regiment for appointees, including requiring a background questionnaire, a vetting process, an interview, and finally a hearing and a vote. A hearing allows for public comment on the appointee. As a hearing can be held quite a few months after the person is appointed, the person can serve in the position for up to a year from the appointment date. After approval by the Senate Rules Committee the appointment is voted on by the full Senate.

Committee comments: Legislative review and approval of the people who serve on state boards and commissions is an important element of oversight of state revenues and implementation of state policies. The size and complexity of the high-speed rail program requires consistent, careful oversight; and as funding partners the Legislature should review, question, and approve members of the HSRA Board of Directors. Having Board members be appointed "with the advice and consent of the Senate," will provide additional oversight of the development and construction of the high-speed rail system.

*Previous legislation:* AB 2307 (Frazier) of 2017, would have required the Governor's appointees to HSRA to be confirmed by the Senate. AB 2307 was vetoed by Governor Brown.

AB 1813 (Frazier), Chapter 117, Statutes of 2016, added two ex-officio, non-voting members to HSRA Board, one member of the Senate and one member of the Assembly.

AB 2382 (Lopez) of 2016, would have added at least one member to the HSRA Board of Directors who works directly with communities in the state that are most significantly burdened by, and vulnerable to, high levels of pollution. AB 2382 failed passage in this committee.

SB 517 (Lowenthal) of 2011, would have required the Governor's appointees to the HSRA Board be confirmed by the Senate and have specific backgrounds. SB 517 also required the Senate and Assembly appointees to have specific backgrounds, and would have added the Secretary of Business, Transportation and Housing Agency as a non-voting, ex-officio member. SB 517 was held on the Assembly Appropriations Committee suspense file.

SB 455 (Lowenthal) of 2009, would have required the Governor's appointees to be confirmed by the Senate. SB 455 was vetoed by Governor Schwarzenegger.

## REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

## Support

None on file

# **Opposition**

None on file

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