1	HOUSE BILL NO. 690
2	INTRODUCED BY B. MERCER
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT LAWS;
5	CLARIFYING THAT CERTAIN DEFINITIONS OF ABUSE AND NEGLECT DO NOT INCLUDE REFERRING
6	TO OR RAISING A CHILD IN A MANNER CONSISTENT WITH THE CHILD'S BIOLOGICAL SEX; PROVIDING
7	THAT A MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS OR THE MONTANA LEGISLATURE MAY NOT
8	DISCLOSE INFORMATION TO A PARENT OR GUARDIAN THAT IS SUBJECT TO ATTORNEY-CLIENT
9	PRIVILEGE; PROVIDING AN EXCEPTION; PROVIDING THAT A MEMBER MAY CHALLENGE THE
10	DEPARTMENT'S DESIGNATION OF A RECORD AS ATTORNEY-CLIENT PRIVILEGED; AND AMENDING
11	SECTIONS 41-3-102 AND 41-3-205, MCA."
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	
15	Section 1. Section 41-3-102, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"41-3-102. (Temporary) Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:
17	(1) (a) "Abandon", "abandoned", and "abandonment" mean:
18	(i) leaving a child under circumstances that make reasonable the belief that the parent does not
19	intend to resume care of the child in the future;
20	(ii) willfully surrendering physical custody for a period of 6 months and during that period not
21	manifesting to the child and the person having physical custody of the child a firm intention to resume physical
22	custody or to make permanent legal arrangements for the care of the child;
23	(iii) that the parent is unknown and has been unknown for a period of 90 days and that reasonable
24	efforts to identify and locate the parent have failed; or
25	(iv) the voluntary surrender, as defined in 40-6-402, by a parent of a newborn who is no more than
26	30 days old to an emergency services provider, as defined in 40-6-402.
27	(b) The terms do not include the voluntary surrender of a child to the department solely because of
28	parental inability to access publicly funded services.



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1	(2)	"A person responsible for a child's welfare" means:	
2	(a)	the child's parent, guardian, or foster parent or an adult who resides in the sar	ne home in which
3	the child reside	es;	
4	(b)	a person providing care in a day-care facility;	
5	(C)	an employee of a public or private residential institution, facility, home, or age	ncy; or
6	(d)	any other person responsible for the child's welfare in a residential setting.	
7	(3)	"Abused or neglected" means the state or condition of a child who has suffere	d child abuse or
8	neglect.		
9	(4)	(a) "Adequate health care" means any medical care or nonmedical remedial h	ealth care
10	recognized by	an insurer licensed to provide disability insurance under Title 33, including the p	prevention of the
11	withholding of	medically indicated treatment or medically indicated psychological care permitte	d or authorized
12	under state lav	Ν.	
13	(b)	This chapter may not be construed to require or justify a finding of child abuse	or neglect for the
14	sole reason that	at a parent or legal guardian, because of religious beliefs, does not provide ade	quate health care
15	for a child. How	wever, this chapter may not be construed to limit the administrative or judicial au	thority of the
16	state to ensure	e that medical care is provided to the child when there is imminent substantial ris	sk of serious harm
17	to the child.		
18	(5)	"Best interests of the child" means the physical, mental, and psychological con	nditions and
19	needs of the cl	hild and any other factor considered by the court to be relevant to the child.	
20	(6)	"Child" or "youth" means any person under 18 years of age.	
21	(7)	(a) "Child abuse or neglect" means:	
22	(i)	actual physical or psychological harm to a child;	
23	(ii)	substantial risk of physical or psychological harm to a child; or	
24	(iii)	abandonment.	
25	(b)	(i) The term includes:	
26	(A)	actual physical or psychological harm to a child or substantial risk of physical	or psychological
27	harm to a child	d by the acts or omissions of a person responsible for the child's welfare;	
28	(B)	exposing a child to the criminal distribution of dangerous drugs, as prohibited	by 45-9-101, the

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1	criminal produc	tion or manufacture of dangerous drugs, as prohibited by 45-9-110, or the operation of an
2	unlawful clande	estine laboratory, as prohibited by 45-9-132; or
3	(C)	any form of child sex trafficking or human trafficking.
4	(ii)	For the purposes of this subsection (7), "dangerous drugs" means the compounds and
5	substances des	scribed as dangerous drugs in Schedules I through IV in Title 50, chapter 32, part 2.
6	(C)	In proceedings under this chapter in which the federal Indian Child Welfare Act or the Montana
7	Indian Child We	elfare Act provided for in Title 41, chapter 3, part 13, are applicable, this term has the same
8	meaning as "se	erious emotional or physical damage to the child" as used in 25 U.S.C. 1912(f).
9	(d)	The term does not include:
10	(i)	self-defense, defense of others, or action taken to prevent the child from self-harm that does
11	not constitute p	hysical or psychological harm to a child; or
12	(ii)	a youth not receiving supervision solely because of parental inability to control the youth's
13	behavior.	
14	(8)	"Child protection specialist" means an employee of the department who investigates allegations
15	of child abuse,	neglect, and endangerment and has been certified pursuant to 41-3-127.
16	(9)	"Concurrent planning" means to work toward reunification of the child with the family while at
17	the same time	developing and implementing an alternative permanent plan.
18	(10)	"Decline to prosecute" means a decision not to file criminal charges based on the matter
19	reported by the	department or investigation by law enforcement for any reason, including but not limited to
20	insufficient evid	lence.
21	(11)	"Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-
22	2201.	
23	(12)	"Family engagement meeting" means a meeting that involves family members in either
24	developing trea	tment plans or making placement decisions, or both.
25	(13)	"Indian child" has the meaning provided in 41-3-1303.
26	(14)	"Indian child's tribe" has the meaning provided in 41-3-1303.
27	(15)	"Indian custodian" has the meaning provided in 41-3-1303.
28	(16)	"Indian tribe" has the meaning provided in 41-3-1303.



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1 (17) "Limited emancipation" means a status conferred on a youth by a court in accordance with 41-

2 1-503 under which the youth is entitled to exercise some but not all of the rights and responsibilities of a person

3 who is 18 years of age or older.

- 4 (18) "Parent" means a biological or adoptive parent or stepparent.
- 5 (19) "Parent-child legal relationship" means the legal relationship that exists between a child and the

6 child's birth or adoptive parents, as provided in Title 40, chapter 6, part 2, unless the relationship has been

7 terminated by competent judicial decree as provided in 40-6-234, Title 42, or part 6 of this chapter.

8 (20) "Permanent placement" means reunification of the child with the child's parent, adoption,

9 placement with a legal guardian, placement with a fit and willing relative, or placement in another planned

10 permanent living arrangement until the child reaches 18 years of age.

11 (21) "Physical abuse" means an intentional act, an intentional omission, or gross negligence

12 resulting in substantial skin bruising, internal bleeding, substantial injury to skin, subdural hematoma, burns,

bone fractures, extreme pain, permanent or temporary disfigurement, impairment of any bodily organ or

14 function, or death.

15 (22) "Physical neglect" means:

16 (a) failure to provide basic necessities, including but not limited to appropriate and adequate

17 nutrition, protective shelter from the elements, and appropriate clothing related to weather conditions;

18 (b) failure to provide cleanliness and general supervision, or both;

(c) exposing or allowing the child to be exposed to an unreasonable physical or psychological risk
to the child;

21 (d) allowing sexual abuse or exploitation of the child; or

22 (e) causing malnutrition or a failure to thrive.

23 (23) "Physical or psychological harm to a child" means the harm that occurs whenever the parent or

24 other person responsible for the child's welfare inflicts or allows to be inflicted on the child physical abuse,

25 physical neglect, or psychological abuse or neglect.

26 (24) (a) "Protective services" means services provided by the department:

27 (i) to enable a child alleged to have been abused or neglected to remain safely in the home;

28 (ii) to enable a child alleged to have been abused or neglected who has been removed from the

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1	home to cefely	return to the homes or	
1		return to the home; or	n aireumeteneee
2	(iii)	to achieve permanency for a child adjudicated as a youth in need of care whe	n circumstances
3		terests of the child prevent reunification with parents or a return to the home.	
4	(b)	The term includes emergency protective services provided pursuant to 41-3-3	
5		ns provided pursuant to 41-3-302, and court-ordered protective services provide	ed pursuant to
6	parts 4 and 6 c		
7	(25)	(a) "Psychological abuse or neglect" means severe maltreatment, through act	s or omissions,
8	that is injurious	to the child's intellectual or psychological capacity to function and that is identi	fied as
9	psychological a	abuse or neglect by a licensed psychologist, a licensed professional counselor,	a licensed clinical
10	social worker, a	a licensed psychiatrist, a licensed pediatrician, or a licensed advanced practice	registered nurse
11	with a focused	practice in psychiatry.	
12	(b)	The term includes but is not limited to the commission of acts of violence again	nst another
13	person residing	g in the child's home.	
14	(c)	The term may not be construed to hold a victim responsible for failing to preve	ent the crime
15	against the vict	tim.	
16	(26)	"Qualified expert witness" as used in cases involving an Indian child in procee	dings subject to
17	the federal Indi	an Child Welfare Act or the Montana Indian Child Welfare Act provided for in T	itle 41, chapter 3,
18	part 13, means	:	
19	(a)	a member of the Indian child's tribe who is recognized by the tribal community	/ as
20	knowledgeable	e in tribal customs as they pertain to a family organization and child-rearing prac	tices;
21	(b)	a lay expert witness who has substantial experience in the delivery of child an	d family services
22	to Indians and	extensive knowledge of prevailing social and cultural standards and child-rearing	ng practices within
23	the Indian child	I's tribe; or	
24	(c)	a professional person who has substantial education and experience in provid	ling services to
25	children and fa	milies and who possesses significant knowledge of and experience with Indian	culture, family
26	structure, and	child-rearing practices in general.	
27	(27)	"Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who:	
28	(a)	has expertise in the therapeutic needs assessment used for placement of you	ith in a

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1 therapeutic group home; 2 is not an employee of the department; and (b) 3 is not connected to or affiliated with any placement setting in which children are placed. (C) 4 (28) "Reasonable cause to suspect" means cause that would lead a reasonable person to believe 5 that child abuse or neglect may have occurred or is occurring, based on all the facts and circumstances known 6 to the person. 7 (29) "Residential setting" means an out-of-home placement where the child typically resides for 8 longer than 30 days for the purpose of receiving food, shelter, security, guidance, and, if necessary, treatment. 9 (30)"Safety and risk assessment" means an evaluation by a child protection specialist following an 10 initial report of child abuse or neglect to assess the following: 11 (a) the existing threat or threats to the child's safety; 12 (b) the protective capabilities of the parent or guardian; 13 any particular vulnerabilities of the child; (C) 14 (d) any interventions required to protect the child; and 15 (e) the likelihood of future physical or psychological harm to the child. 16 (31)(a) "Sexual abuse" means the commission of sexual assault, sexual intercourse without 17 consent, aggravated sexual intercourse without consent, indecent exposure, sexual abuse, ritual abuse of a 18 minor, or incest, as described in Title 45, chapter 5. 19 (b) Sexual abuse does not include any necessary touching of an infant's or toddler's genital area 20 while attending to the sanitary or health care needs of that infant or toddler by a parent or other person 21 responsible for the child's welfare. 22 (32)"Sexual exploitation" means: 23 (a) allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in a prostitution offense, as described in 24 45-5-601; 25 (b) allowing, permitting, or encouraging sexual abuse of children as described in 45-5-625; or 26 (C) allowing, permitting, or encouraging sex trafficking as described in 45-5-702, 45-5-705, 45-5-27 706, or 45-5-711. 28 (33)"Therapeutic needs assessment" means an assessment performed by a gualified individual



1 within 30 days of placement of a child in a therapeutic group home that:

2 (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based,

3 validated, functional assessment tool;

- (b) determines whether the needs of the child can be met with family members or through
 placement in a youth foster home or, if not, which appropriate setting would provide the most effective and
 appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term
 and long-term goals for the child as specified in the child's permanency plan; and
- 8 (c) develops a list of child-specific short-term and long-term mental and behavioral health goals.
- 9 (34) "Treatment plan" means a written agreement between the department and the parent or

10 guardian or a court order that includes action that must be taken to resolve the condition or conduct of the

11 parent or guardian that resulted in the need for protective services for the child. The treatment plan may involve

- 12 court services, the department, and other parties, if necessary, for protective services.
- 13 (35) (a) "Withholding of medically indicated treatment" means the failure to respond to an infant's
- 14 life-threatening conditions by providing treatment, including appropriate nutrition, hydration, and medication,
- 15 that, in the treating physician's or physicians' reasonable medical judgment, will be most likely to be effective in
- 16 ameliorating or correcting the conditions.
- 17 (b) The term does not include the failure to provide treatment, other than appropriate nutrition,
- 18 hydration, or medication, to an infant when, in the treating physician's or physicians' reasonable medical
- 19 judgment:
- 20 (i) the infant is chronically and irreversibly comatose;
- 21 (ii) the provision of treatment would:
- 22 (A) merely prolong dying;
- 23 (B) not be effective in ameliorating or correcting all of the infant's life-threatening conditions; or
- 24 (C) otherwise be futile in terms of the survival of the infant; or
- 25 (iii) the provision of treatment would be virtually futile in terms of the survival of the infant and the
- treatment itself under the circumstances would be inhumane. For purposes of this subsection (35), "infant"
- 27 means an infant less than 1 year of age or an infant 1 year of age or older who has been continuously
- 28 hospitalized since birth, who was born extremely prematurely, or who has a long-term disability. The reference



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1 to less than 1 year of age may not be construed to imply that treatment should be changed or discontinued 2 when an infant reaches 1 year of age or to affect or limit any existing protections available under state laws 3 regarding medical neglect of children 1 year of age or older. 4 (36) "Youth in need of care" means a youth who has been adjudicated or determined, after a 5 hearing, to be or to have been abused, neglected, or abandoned. (Terminates June 30, 2025--sec. 55, Ch. 716, 6 L. 2023.) 7 41-3-102. (Effective July 1, 2025) Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions 8 apply: 9 (1) (a) "Abandon", "abandoned", and "abandonment" mean: 10 (i) leaving a child under circumstances that make reasonable the belief that the parent does not 11 intend to resume care of the child in the future; 12 willfully surrendering physical custody for a period of 6 months and during that period not (ii) 13 manifesting to the child and the person having physical custody of the child a firm intention to resume physical 14 custody or to make permanent legal arrangements for the care of the child; 15 (iii) that the parent is unknown and has been unknown for a period of 90 days and that reasonable 16 efforts to identify and locate the parent have failed; or 17 (iv) the voluntary surrender, as defined in 40-6-402, by a parent of a newborn who is no more than 18 30 days old to an emergency services provider, as defined in 40-6-402. 19 (b) The terms do not include the voluntary surrender of a child to the department solely because of 20 parental inability to access publicly funded services. 21 (2) "A person responsible for a child's welfare" means: 22 (a) the child's parent, guardian, or foster parent or an adult who resides in the same home in which 23 the child resides; 24 (b) a person providing care in a day-care facility; 25 an employee of a public or private residential institution, facility, home, or agency; or (C) 26 (d) any other person responsible for the child's welfare in a residential setting. 27 (a) "Abused or neglected" means the state or condition of a child who has suffered child abuse (3) 28 or neglect.



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1	<u>(b)</u>	The term does not include a child who has been referred to or raised in a manner consistent
2	with the child's	biological sex, including in the making of related mental health or medical decisions, unless the
3	parent or guard	lian knows or should have known that raising the child in accordance with the child's biological
4	sex will likely c	ause serious harm to the child, including but not limited to suicide.
5	(4)	(a) "Adequate health care" means any medical care or nonmedical remedial health care
6	recognized by	an insurer licensed to provide disability insurance under Title 33, including the prevention of the
7	withholding of r	medically indicated treatment or medically indicated psychological care permitted or authorized
8	under state law	ι.
9	(b)	This chapter may not be construed to require or justify a finding of child abuse or neglect for the
10	sole reason that	at a parent or legal guardian, because of religious beliefs, does not provide adequate health care
11	for a child. How	vever, this chapter may not be construed to limit the administrative or judicial authority of the
12	state to ensure	that medical care is provided to the child when there is imminent substantial risk of serious harm
13	to the child.	
14	(5)	"Best interests of the child" means the physical, mental, and psychological conditions and
15	needs of the ch	nild and any other factor considered by the court to be relevant to the child.
16	(6)	"Child" or "youth" means any person under 18 years of age.
17	(7)	(a) "Child abuse or neglect" means:
18	(i)	actual physical or psychological harm to a child;
19	(ii)	substantial risk of physical or psychological harm to a child; or
20	(iii)	abandonment.
21	(b)	(i) The term includes:
22	(A)	actual physical or psychological harm to a child or substantial risk of physical or psychological
23	harm to a child	by the acts or omissions of a person responsible for the child's welfare;
24	(B)	exposing a child to the criminal distribution of dangerous drugs, as prohibited by 45-9-101, the
25	criminal produc	tion or manufacture of dangerous drugs, as prohibited by 45-9-110, or the operation of an
26	unlawful clande	estine laboratory, as prohibited by 45-9-132; or
27	(C)	any form of child sex trafficking or human trafficking.
28	(ii)	For the purposes of this subsection (7), "dangerous drugs" means the compounds and



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1	substances de	escribed as dangerous drugs in Schedules I through IV in Title 50, chapter 32, pa	art 2.
2	(c)	In proceedings under this chapter in which the federal Indian Child Welfare Ad	ct is applicable,
3	this term has t	he same meaning as "serious emotional or physical damage to the child" as use	ed in 25 U.S.C.
4	1912(f).		
5	(d)	The term does not include:	
6	(i)	self-defense, defense of others, or action taken to prevent the child from self-l	narm that does
7	not constitute	physical or psychological harm to a child; or	
8	(ii)	a youth not receiving supervision solely because of parental inability to contro	I the youth's
9	behavior <u>; or</u>		
10	<u>(iii)</u>	referring to and raising the child in a manner consistent with the child's biologi	cal sex, including
11	in the making	of related mental health or medical decisions, unless the parent or guardian kno	ws or should
12	have known th	nat raising the child in accordance with the child's biological sex will likely cause	serious harm to
13	the child, inclu	iding but not limited to suicide.	
14	(8)	"Child protection specialist" means an employee of the department who inves	tigates allegations
15	of child abuse	, neglect, and endangerment and has been certified pursuant to 41-3-127.	
16	(9)	"Concurrent planning" means to work toward reunification of the child with the	family while at
17	the same time	developing and implementing an alternative permanent plan.	
18	(10)	"Decline to prosecute" means a decision not to file criminal charges based on	the matter
19	reported by the	e department or investigation by law enforcement for any reason, including but r	not limited to
20	insufficient evi	dence.	
21	(11)	"Department" means the department of public health and human services pro	vided for in 2-15-
22	2201.		
23	(12)	"Family engagement meeting" means a meeting that involves family members	in either
24	developing tre	atment plans or making placement decisions, or both.	
25	(13)	"Indian child" means any unmarried person who is under 18 years of age and	who is either:
26	(a)	a member of an Indian tribe; or	
27	(b)	eligible for membership in an Indian tribe and is the biological child of a memb	er of an Indian
28	tribe.		



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1	(14)	"Indian child's tribe" means:	
2	(a)	the Indian tribe in which an Indian child is a member or eligible for membership;	or
3	(b)	in the case of an Indian child who is a member of or eligible for membership in i	nore than one
4	Indian tribe, the	e Indian tribe with which the Indian child has the more significant contacts.	
5	(15)	"Indian custodian" means any Indian person who has legal custody of an Indiar	child under
6	tribal law or cu	stom or under state law or to whom temporary physical care, custody, and contro	l have been
7	transferred by	the child's parent.	
8	(16)	"Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or	community of
9	Indians recogn	nized by:	
10	(a)	the state of Montana; or	
11	(b)	the United States secretary of the interior as being eligible for the services prov	ided to Indians
12	or because of t	the group's status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in fe	deral law.
13	(17)	"Limited emancipation" means a status conferred on a youth by a court in account	dance with 41-
14	1-503 under wl	hich the youth is entitled to exercise some but not all of the rights and responsibil	ities of a person
15	who is 18 years	rs of age or older.	
16	(18)	"Parent" means a biological or adoptive parent or stepparent.	
17	(19)	"Parent-child legal relationship" means the legal relationship that exists between	n a child and the
18	child's birth or a	adoptive parents, as provided in Title 40, chapter 6, part 2, unless the relationship	has been
19	terminated by o	competent judicial decree as provided in 40-6-234, Title 42, or part 6 of this chapt	er.
20	(20)	"Permanent placement" means reunification of the child with the child's parent,	adoption,
21	placement with	n a legal guardian, placement with a fit and willing relative, or placement in anothe	r planned
22	permanent livir	ng arrangement until the child reaches 18 years of age.	
23	(21)	"Physical abuse" means an intentional act, an intentional omission, or gross neg	gligence
24	resulting in sub	ostantial skin bruising, internal bleeding, substantial injury to skin, subdural hemat	oma, burns,
25	bone fractures,	, extreme pain, permanent or temporary disfigurement, impairment of any bodily of	organ or
26	function, or dea	ath.	
27	(22)	(a) "Physical neglect" means:	
28	(a)<u>(i)</u>	failure to provide basic necessities, including but not limited to appropriate and	adequate

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	1	nutrition, protec	tive shelter from the elements, and appropriate clothing related to weather con	ditions;
	2	(b)<u>(ii)</u>	failure to provide cleanliness and general supervision, or both;	
	3	(c)<u>(</u>iii)	exposing or allowing the child to be exposed to an unreasonable physical or p	sychological risk
	4	to the child;		
	5	(d)<u>(iv)</u>	allowing sexual abuse or exploitation of the child; or	
	6	(<u>e)(v)</u>	causing malnutrition or a failure to thrive.	
	7	<u>(b)</u>	The term does not include referring to and raising the child in a manner consis	stent with the
	8	child's biologica	al sex, including in the making of related mental health or medical decisions, un	less the parent or
	9	guardian knows	s or should have known that raising the child in accordance with the child's biolo	ogical sex will
	10	likely cause ser	rious harm to the child, including but not limited to suicide.	
l	11	(23)	(a) "Physical or psychological harm to a child" means the harm that occurs wh	enever the
	12	parent or other	person responsible for the child's welfare inflicts or allows to be inflicted on the	child physical
	13	abuse, physical	l neglect, or psychological abuse or neglect.	
	14	<u>(b)</u>	The term does not include referring to and raising the child in a manner consis	stent with the
	15	child's biologica	al sex, including in the making of related mental health or medical decisions, un	less the parent or
	16	guardian knows	s or should have known that raising the child in accordance with the child's biolo	ogical sex will
	17	likely cause ser	ious harm to the child, including but not limited to suicide.	
I	18	(24)	(a) "Protective services" means services provided by the department:	
	19	(i)	to enable a child alleged to have been abused or neglected to remain safely in	the home;
	20	(ii)	to enable a child alleged to have been abused or neglected who has been ren	noved from the
	21	home to safely	return to the home; or	
	22	(iii)	to achieve permanency for a child adjudicated as a youth in need of care whe	n circumstances
	23	and the best int	erests of the child prevent reunification with parents or a return to the home.	
	24	(b)	The term includes emergency protective services provided pursuant to 41-3-3	01, written
	25	prevention plan	s provided pursuant to 41-3-302, and court-ordered protective services provide	d pursuant to
	26	parts 4 and 6 or	f this chapter.	
	27	(25)	(a) "Psychological abuse or neglect" means severe maltreatment, through act	s or omissions,
	28	that is injurious	to the child's intellectual or psychological capacity to function and that is identif	ied as



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1	psychological a	abuse or neglect by a licensed psychologist, a licensed professional counselor, a licensed clinical
2	social worker, a	a licensed psychiatrist, a licensed pediatrician, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse
3	with a focused	practice in psychiatry.
4	(b)	The term includes but is not limited to the commission of acts of violence against another
5	person residing	g in the child's home.
6	(C)	The term may not be construed to hold a victim responsible for failing to prevent the crime
7	against the vict	im.
8	<u>(d)</u>	The term does not include referring to and raising the child in a manner consistent with the
9	child's biologica	al sex, including in the making of related mental health or medical decisions, unless the parent or
10	guardian knows	s or should have known that raising the child in accordance with the child's biological sex will
11	likely cause ser	rious harm to the child, including but not limited to suicide.
12	(26)	"Qualified expert witness" as used in cases involving an Indian child in proceedings subject to
13	the federal Indi	an Child Welfare Act means:
14	(a)	a member of the Indian child's tribe who is recognized by the tribal community as
15	knowledgeable	in tribal customs as they pertain to family organization and child-rearing practices;
16	(b)	a lay expert witness who has substantial experience in the delivery of child and family services
17	to Indians and	extensive knowledge of prevailing social and cultural standards and child-rearing practices within
18	the Indian child	's tribe; or
19	(C)	a professional person who has substantial education and experience in providing services to
20	children and fa	milies and who possesses significant knowledge of and experience with Indian culture, family
21	structure, and o	child-rearing practices in general.
22	(27)	"Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who:
23	(a)	has expertise in the therapeutic needs assessment used for placement of youth in a
24	therapeutic gro	up home;
25	(b)	is not an employee of the department; and
26	(C)	is not connected to or affiliated with any placement setting in which children are placed.
27	(28)	"Reasonable cause to suspect" means cause that would lead a reasonable person to believe
28	that child abuse	e or neglect may have occurred or is occurring, based on all the facts and circumstances known



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1 to the person.

2	(29)	"Residential setting" means an out-of-home placement where the child typically resides for
3	longer than 30	days for the purpose of receiving food, shelter, security, guidance, and, if necessary, treatment.
4	(30)	"Safety and risk assessment" means an evaluation by a child protection specialist following an
5	initial report of	child abuse or neglect to assess the following:
6	(a)	the existing threat or threats to the child's safety;
7	(b)	the protective capabilities of the parent or guardian;
8	(c)	any particular vulnerabilities of the child;
9	(d)	any interventions required to protect the child; and
10	(e)	the likelihood of future physical or psychological harm to the child.
11	(31)	(a) "Sexual abuse" means the commission of sexual assault, sexual intercourse without
12	consent, aggra	avated sexual intercourse without consent, indecent exposure, sexual abuse, ritual abuse of a
13	minor, or inces	t, as described in Title 45, chapter 5.
14	(b)	Sexual abuse does not include any necessary touching of an infant's or toddler's genital area
15	while attending	to the sanitary or health care needs of that infant or toddler by a parent or other person
16	responsible for	the child's welfare.
17	(32)	"Sexual exploitation" means:
18	(a)	allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in a prostitution offense, as described in
19	45-5-601;	
20	(b)	allowing, permitting, or encouraging sexual abuse of children as described in 45-5-625; or
21	(c)	allowing, permitting, or encouraging sex trafficking as described in 45-5-702, 45-5-705, 45-5-
22	706, or 45-5-7	11.
23	(33)	"Therapeutic needs assessment" means an assessment performed by a qualified individual
24	within 30 days	of placement of a child in a therapeutic group home that:
25	(a)	assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based,
26	validated, func	tional assessment tool;
27	(b)	determines whether the needs of the child can be met with family members or through
28	placement in a	youth foster home or, if not, which appropriate setting would provide the most effective and



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1	appropriate lev	vel of care for the child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term
2	and long-term	goals for the child as specified in the child's permanency plan; and
3	(c)	develops a list of child-specific short-term and long-term mental and behavioral health goals.
4	(34)	"Treatment plan" means a written agreement between the department and the parent or
5	guardian or a d	court order that includes action that must be taken to resolve the condition or conduct of the
6	parent or guar	dian that resulted in the need for protective services for the child. The treatment plan may involve
7	court services,	the department, and other parties, if necessary, for protective services.
8	(35)	(a) "Withholding of medically indicated treatment" means the failure to respond to an infant's
9	life-threatening	conditions by providing treatment, including appropriate nutrition, hydration, and medication,
10	that, in the trea	ating physician's or physicians' reasonable medical judgment, will be most likely to be effective in
11	ameliorating or	r correcting the conditions.
12	(b)	The term does not include the failure to provide treatment, other than appropriate nutrition,
13	hydration, or m	nedication, to an infant when, in the treating physician's or physicians' reasonable medical
14	judgment:	
15	(i)	the infant is chronically and irreversibly comatose;
16	(ii)	the provision of treatment would:
17	(A)	merely prolong dying;
18	(B)	not be effective in ameliorating or correcting all of the infant's life-threatening conditions; or
19	(C)	otherwise be futile in terms of the survival of the infant; or
20	(iii)	the provision of treatment would be virtually futile in terms of the survival of the infant and the
21	treatment itself	f under the circumstances would be inhumane. For purposes of this subsection (35), "infant"
22	means an infai	nt less than 1 year of age or an infant 1 year of age or older who has been continuously
23	hospitalized sin	nce birth, who was born extremely prematurely, or who has a long-term disability. The reference
24	to less than 1	year of age may not be construed to imply that treatment should be changed or discontinued
25	when an infant	reaches 1 year of age or to affect or limit any existing protections available under state laws
26	regarding med	ical neglect of children 1 year of age or older.
27	(36)	"Youth in need of care" means a youth who has been adjudicated or determined, after a
28	hearing, to be	or to have been abused, neglected, or abandoned."



1	
2	Section 2. Section 41-3-205, MCA, is amended to read:
3	"41-3-205. Confidentiality disclosure exceptions. (1) The case records of the department and its
4	local affiliate, the local office of public assistance, the county attorney, and the court concerning actions taken
5	under this chapter and all records concerning reports of child abuse and neglect must be kept confidential
6	except as provided by this section. Except as provided in subsections (9) and (10), a person who purposely or
7	knowingly permits or encourages the unauthorized dissemination of the contents of case records is guilty of a
8	misdemeanor.
9	(2) Records may be disclosed to a court for in camera inspection if relevant to an issue before it.
10	The court may permit public disclosure if it finds disclosure to be necessary for the fair resolution of an issue
11	before it.
12	(3) Records, including case notes, correspondence, evaluations, videotapes, and interviews,
13	unless otherwise protected by this section or unless disclosure of the records is determined to be detrimental to
14	the child or harmful to another person who is a subject of information contained in the records, must, upon
15	request, be disclosed to the following persons or entities in this state and any other state or country:
16	(a) a department, agency, or organization, including a federal agency, military enclave, or Indian
17	tribal organization, that is legally authorized to receive, inspect, or investigate reports of child abuse or neglect
18	and that otherwise meets the disclosure criteria contained in this section;
19	(b) a licensed youth care facility or a licensed child-placing agency that is providing services to the
20	family or child who is the subject of a report in the records or to a person authorized by the department to
21	receive relevant information for the purpose of determining the best interests of a child with respect to an
22	adoptive placement;
23	(c) a health or mental health professional who is treating the family or child who is the subject of a
24	report in the records;
25	(d) a parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, guardian, mandatory reporter provided for in
26	41-3-201(2) and (5), or person designated by a parent or guardian of the child who is the subject of a report in
27	the records or other person responsible for the child's welfare, without disclosure of the identity of any person
28	who reported or provided information on the alleged child abuse or neglect incident contained in the records;



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1	(e)	a child named in the records who was allegedly abused or neglected or the child's legal	
2	guardian or leg	al representative, including the child's guardian ad litem or attorney or a special advocate	
3	appointed by the court to represent a child in a pending case;		
4	(f)	the state protection and advocacy program as authorized by 42 U.S.C. 15043(a)(2);	
5	(g)	approved foster and adoptive parents who are or may be providing care for a child;	
6	(h)	a person about whom a report has been made and that person's attorney, with respect to the	
7	relevant record	s pertaining to that person only and without disclosing the identity of the reporter or any other	
8	person whose safety may be endangered;		
9	(i)	an agency, including a probation or parole agency, that is legally responsible for the	
10	supervision of an alleged perpetrator of child abuse or neglect;		
11	(j)	a person, agency, or organization that is engaged in a bona fide research or evaluation project	
12	and that is authorized by the department to conduct the research or evaluation;		
13	(k)	the members of an interdisciplinary child protective team authorized under 41-3-108 or of a	
14	family engagement meeting for the purposes of assessing the needs of the child and family, formulating a		
15	treatment plan, and monitoring the plan;		
16	(I)	the coroner or medical examiner when determining the cause of death of a child;	
17	(m)	a child fatality review team recognized by the department;	
18	(n)	a department or agency investigating an applicant for a license or registration that is required to	
19	operate a youth care facility, day-care facility, or child-placing agency;		
20	(0)	a person or entity who is carrying out background, employment-related, or volunteer-related	
21	screening of cu	irrent or prospective employees or volunteers who have or may have unsupervised contact with	
22	children through employment or volunteer activities. A request for information under this subsection (3)(o) must		
23	be made in writ	ting. Disclosure under this subsection (3)(o) is limited to information that indicates a risk to	
24	children posed	by the person about whom the information is sought, as determined by the department.	
25	(p)	the news media, if disclosure is limited to confirmation of factual information regarding how the	
26	case was hand	led and if disclosure does not violate the privacy rights of the child or the child's parent or	
27	guardian, as determined by the department;		
28	(q)	an employee of the department or other state agency if disclosure of the records is necessary	

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- 1 for administration of programs designed to benefit the child; 2 an agency of an Indian tribe, a qualified expert witness, or the relatives of an Indian child if (r) 3 disclosure of the records is necessary to meet requirements of the federal Indian Child Welfare Act [or the 4 Montana Indian Child Welfare Act provided for in Title 41, chapter 3, part 13]; 5 (s) a juvenile probation officer who is working in an official capacity with the child who is the 6 subject of a report in the records; 7 (t) an attorney who is hired by or represents the department if disclosure is necessary for the 8 investigation, defense, or prosecution of a case involving child abuse or neglect; 9 (u) a foster care review committee established under 41-3-115 or, when applicable, a citizen 10 review board established under Title 41, chapter 3, part 10; 11 (v) a school employee participating in an interview of a child by a child protection specialist, county 12 attorney, or peace officer, as provided in 41-3-202; 13 a member of a county or regional interdisciplinary child information and school safety team (w) 14 formed under the provisions of 52-2-211; 15 (X) members of a local interagency staffing group provided for in 52-2-203; 16 (y) a member of a youth placement committee formed under the provisions of 41-5-121; or 17 a principal of a school or other employee of the school district authorized by the trustees of the (Z) 18 district to receive the information with respect to a student of the district who is a client of the department. 19 (a) The records described in subsection (3) must be disclosed to a member of the United (4) 20 States congress or a member of the Montana legislature if all of the following requirements are met: 21 (i) the member receives a written inquiry regarding a child and whether the laws of the United 22 States or the state of Montana that protect children from abuse or neglect are being complied with or whether 23 the laws need to be changed to enhance protections for children; 24 (ii) the member submits a written request to the department requesting to review the records 25 relating to the written inquiry. The member's request must include a copy of the written inquiry, the name of the 26 child whose records are to be reviewed, and any other information that will assist the department in locating the 27 records.
- 28 (iii) before reviewing the records, the member:



4 orientation must include a checklist of documents that are regularly included in records, including but not limited 5 to the following: 6 (I) any petition filed pursuant to Title 41, chapter 3, part 4, including any supporting affidavits and

7 evidence;

8 (II) any court orders issued pursuant to Title 41, chapter 3, parts 4 and 6;

9 (III)notes from family engagement meetings and foster care review meetings; and

10 (IV) notes included in electronic case records or in case files maintained in local offices regarding 11 staffing and interactions with parents or legal guardians, providers, or attorneys.

12 (i) Without disclosing the identity of a person who reported the alleged child abuse or neglect, (b) 13 the department shall make available to the member all records concerning the child who is the subject of the 14 written inquiry.

15 (ii) Except as provided in subsection (4)(b)(iii), records disclosed pursuant to this subsection (4) 16 are confidential, may not be copied, photographed, or otherwise replicated by the member, and must remain 17 solely in the department's possession. The member must be allowed to view the records in the local office 18 where the case is or was active.

19 (iii) (A) A member may take notes to discuss the records with a parent or legal guardian about 20 whom a report of alleged child abuse or neglect is made.

21 The member may not disclose information to the parent or legal guardian that has been (B)

22 designated by the department in writing as subject to attorney-client privilege. If the requirements of subsection

23 (4)(a) have been complied with, the right of a member to discuss records with a parent or legal guardian about

24 whom a report of alleged abuse or neglect is made may not be limited unless the department has provided the

25 member with a listing of documents designated as subject to attorney-client privilege.

26 (C) A member may challenge the department's designation of records as subject to attorney-client 27 privilege in district court. All court filings must be filed under seal so as to preserve the privilege asserted. If the 28 member retains an attorney to challenge the designation of a record as attorney-client privileged, the attorney



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1	<u>shall sign a co</u>	nfidentiality agreement with the department.	
2	(C)	Access to records requested pursuant to this subsection (4) is limited to 6 months from the date	
3	the written request to review records was received by the department.		
4	(5)	(a) The records described in subsection (3) must be promptly released to any of the following	
5	individuals upon a written request by the individual to the department or the department's designee:		
6	(i)	the attorney general;	
7	(ii)	a county attorney or deputy county attorney of the county in which the alleged abuse or neglect	
8	occurred;		
9	(iii)	a peace officer, as defined in 45-2-101, in the jurisdiction in which the alleged abuse or neglect	
10	occurred; or		
11	(iv)	the office of the child and family ombudsman.	
12	(b)	The records described in subsection (3) must be promptly disclosed by the department to an	
13	appropriate individual described in subsection (5)(a) or to a county or regional interdisciplinary child information		
14	and school safety team established pursuant to 52-2-211 upon the department's receipt of a report indicating		
15	that any of the following has occurred:		
16	(i)	the death of the child as a result of child abuse or neglect;	
17	(ii)	a sexual offense, as defined in 46-23-502, against the child;	
18	(iii)	exposure of the child to an actual and not a simulated violent offense as defined in 46-23-502;	
19	or		
20	(iv)	child abuse or neglect, as defined in 41-3-102, due to exposure of the child to circumstances	
21	constituting the criminal manufacture or distribution of dangerous drugs.		
22	(C)	(i) The department shall promptly disclose the results of an investigation to an individual	
23	described in subsection (5)(a) or to a county or regional interdisciplinary child information and school safety		
24	team established pursuant to 52-2-211 upon the determination that:		
25	(A)	there is reasonable cause to suspect that a child has been exposed to a Schedule I or	
26	Schedule II drug whose manufacture, sale, or possession is prohibited under state law; or		
27	(B)	a child has been exposed to drug paraphernalia used for the manufacture, sale, or possession	
28	of a Schedule	I or Schedule II drug that is prohibited by state law.	



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(ii) For the purposes of this subsection (5)(c), exposure occurs when a child is caused or permitted
 to inhale, have contact with, or ingest a Schedule I or Schedule II drug that is prohibited by state law or have
 contact with drug paraphernalia as defined in 45-10-101.

(d) (i) Except as provided in subsection (5)(d)(ii), the records described in subsection (3) must be
released within 5 business days to the county attorney of the county in which the acts that are the subject of a
report occurred upon the department's receipt of a report that includes an allegation of sexual abuse or sexual
exploitation. The department shall also report to any other appropriate individual described in subsection (5)(a)
and to a county or regional interdisciplinary child information and school safety team established pursuant to
52-2-211.

(ii) If the exception in 41-3-202(1)(b) applies, a contractor described in 41-3-201(2)(j) that provides
 confidential services to victims of sexual assault shall report to the department as provided in this part without
 disclosing the names of the victim and the alleged perpetrator of sexual abuse or sexual exploitation.

13 (iii) When a contractor described in 41-3-201(2)(j) that provides confidential services to victims of 14 sexual assault provides services to youth over the age of 13 who are victims of sexual abuse and sexual 15 exploitation, the contractor may not dissuade or obstruct a victim from reporting the criminal activity and, upon a 16 request by the victim, shall facilitate disclosure to the county attorney and a law enforcement officer as 17 described in Title 7, chapter 32, in the jurisdiction where the alleged abuse occurred.

(6) A school or school district may disclose, without consent, personally identifiable information
from the education records of a pupil to the department, the court, a review board, and the child's assigned
attorney, guardian ad litem, or special advocate.

(7) Information that identifies a person as a participant in or recipient of substance abuse treatment
 services may be disclosed only as allowed by federal substance abuse confidentiality laws, including the
 consent provisions of the law.

(8) The confidentiality provisions of this section must be construed to allow a court of this state to
 share information with other courts of this state or of another state when necessary to expedite the interstate
 placement of children.

27 (9) A person who is authorized to receive records under this section shall maintain the
28 confidentiality of the records and may not disclose information in the records to anyone other than the persons



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1 described in subsections (3)(a), (4)(b)(iii), and (5). However, this subsection may not be construed to compel a

2 family member to keep the proceedings confidential.

3 A news organization or its employee, including a freelance writer or reporter, is not liable for (10)4 reporting facts or statements made by an immediate family member under subsection (9) if the news 5 organization, employee, writer, or reporter maintains the confidentiality of the child who is the subject of the 6 proceeding. 7 This section is not intended to affect the confidentiality of criminal court records, records of law (11)8 enforcement agencies, or medical records covered by state or federal disclosure limitations. 9 (12)Copies of records, evaluations, reports, or other evidence obtained or generated pursuant to 10 this section that are provided to the parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, guardian, or parent's or 11 guardian's attorney must be provided without cost. (Bracketed language in subsection (3)(r) terminates June 12 30, 2025--sec. 55, Ch. 716, L. 2023.)" 13 - END -

