
SENATE BILL No. 252

AM025202 has been incorporated into introduced printing.

Synopsis: Criminal law matters.

M
e
r
g
e
d

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

Introduced

Second Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2026)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2025 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 252

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 1-1-2-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2 AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3 1, 2026]: **Sec. 5. A person who commits a criminal offense commits**
4 **a separate offense for each victim listed in a separately charged**
5 **offense. A court may enter a conviction and impose a sentence for**
6 **each charged offense.**

7 SECTION 2. IC 11-10-1-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
8 CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 1.5. (a) The department shall**
10 **transport sentenced offenders from the Marion County adult**
11 **detention facility to the appropriate correctional facility at least**
12 **one (1) time per week.**

13 **(b) This section applies specifically to the Marion County adult**
14 **detention facility because that facility holds hundreds of offenders**
15 **sentenced to custody in the department and awaiting**

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

1 **transportation.**

2 SECTION 3. IC 31-30-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2024,
 3 SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 4 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. Except for those cases in which the juvenile
 5 court has no jurisdiction in accordance with IC 31-30-1-4, the court
 6 shall, upon motion of the prosecuting attorney and after full
 7 investigation and hearing, waive jurisdiction if it finds that:

8 (1) the child is charged with an act that, if committed by an
 9 adult, would be:

10 (A) a Level 1 felony, Level 2 felony, Level 3 felony, or
 11 Level 4 felony, except a felony defined by IC 35-48-4;
 12 (B) involuntary manslaughter as a Level 5 felony under
 13 IC 35-42-1-4;
 14 (C) reckless homicide as a Level 5 felony under
 15 IC 35-42-1-5; or
 16 (D) unlawful carrying of a handgun as a felony under
 17 IC 35-47-2-1.5;

18 (2) there is probable cause to believe that the child has
 19 committed the act; and

20 (3) the child was at least sixteen (16) years of age when the act
 21 charged was allegedly committed;
 22 unless it would be in the best interests of the child and of the safety and
 23 welfare of the community for the child to remain within the juvenile
 24 justice system.

25 SECTION 4. IC 33-34-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2025,
 26 SECTION 301, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 27 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) The following fees and costs
 28 apply to cases in the small claims court:

29 (1) A township docket fee of five dollars (\$5) plus forty-five
 30 percent (45%) of the infraction or ordinance violation costs fee
 31 under IC 33-37-4-2.
 32 (2) The bailiff's service of process by registered or certified mail
 33 fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) for each service.
 34 (3) The cost for the personal service of process by the bailiff or
 35 other process server of fifteen dollars (\$15) for each service.
 36 (4) Witness fees, if any, in the amount provided by
 37 IC 33-37-10-3 to be taxed and charged in the circuit court.
 38 (5) A redocketing fee, if any, of five dollars (\$5).
 39 (6) A document storage fee under IC 33-37-5-20.
 40 (7) An automated record keeping fee under IC 33-37-5-21.
 41 (8) A late fee, if any, under IC 33-37-5-22.



- (9) A public defense administration fee under IC 33-37-5-21.2.
- (10) A judicial insurance adjustment fee under IC 33-37-5-25.
- (11) A judicial salaries fee under IC 33-37-5-26.
- (12) A court administration fee under IC 33-37-5-27.
- (13) A pro bono legal services fee under IC 33-37-5-31.
- (14) A sheriff's service of process fee under IC 33-37-5-15 for each service of process performed outside Marion County.
- (15) A small claims service fee of twenty-six dollars (\$26) under IC 33-37-5-35.
- (16) A prosecuting attorney compensation fee under IC 33-37-5-37.**

12 The township docket fee and the cost for the initial service of process
13 shall be paid at the institution of a case. The cost of service after the
14 initial service shall be assessed and paid after service has been made.
15 The cost of witness fees shall be paid before the witnesses are called.

19 SECTION 5. IC 33-34-8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2025,
20 SECTION 302, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. (a) Payment for all costs made as
22 a result of proceedings in a small claims court shall be to the _____
23 Township of Marion County Small Claims Court (with the name of the
24 township inserted). The court shall issue a receipt for all money
25 received on a form numbered serially in duplicate.

26 (b) The court shall distribute collected fees according the
27 following:

28 (1) Distribute semiannually to the state comptroller:

29 (A) all automated record keeping fees (IC 33-37-5-21)
30 received by the court for deposit in the homeowner
31 protection unit account established by IC 4-6-12-9 and the
32 state user fee fund established under IC 33-37-9;

33 (B) all public defense administration fees collected by the
34 court under IC 33-37-5-21.2 for deposit in the state general
35 fund;

36 (C) sixty percent (60%) of all court administration fees
37 collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-27 for deposit in the
38 state general fund;

39 (D) all judicial insurance adjustment fees collected by the
40 court under IC 33-37-5-25 for deposit in the state general
41 fund;



1 (E) seventy-five percent (75%) of all judicial salaries fees
2 collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-26 for deposit in the
3 state general fund; and

4 (F) one hundred percent (100%) of the pro bono legal
5 services fees collected by the court under IC 33-37-5-31 for
6 deposit in the pro bono legal services fund established by
7 IC 33-37-5-34; and

18 (A) The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of the judicial
19 salaries fees described in subdivision (1)(E).
20 (B) Township docket fees and late fees.
21 (C) Small claims service fee received under IC 33-37-5-35.
22 (D) The remaining forty percent (40%) of the court
23 administration fees described under subdivision (1)(C).

24 SECTION 6. IC 33-37-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2023,
25 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) For each action that results in a felony
27 conviction under IC 35-50-2 or a misdemeanor conviction under
28 IC 35-50-3, the clerk shall collect from the defendant a criminal costs
29 fee of one hundred twenty dollars (\$120).

33 (1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or
34 IC 33-37-5-4).

(2) A marijuana eradication program fee (IC 33-37-5-7).
(3) An alcohol and drug services program fee (IC 33-37-5-8(b)).

(4) A law enforcement continuing education program fee

(5) A drug abuse prosecution, interdiction, and correction fee.

(6) An alcohol and drug countermeasures fee (IC 33-37-5-10).

41 (b) An alcohol and drug countermeasures fee (IC 55-57-5-10).



2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

1 subsection in the appropriate user fee fund established under
 2 IC 33-37-8.

3 (e) Unless otherwise directed by a court, if a clerk collects only
 4 part of a criminal costs fee from a defendant under this section, the
 5 clerk shall distribute the partial payment of the criminal costs fee as
 6 follows:

7 (1) The clerk shall apply the partial payment to general court
 8 costs.

9 (2) If there is money remaining after the partial payment is
 10 applied to general court costs under subdivision (1), the clerk
 11 shall distribute the remainder of the partial payment for deposit
 12 in the appropriate county user fee fund.

13 (3) If there is money remaining after distribution under
 14 subdivision (2), the clerk shall distribute the remainder of the
 15 partial payment for deposit in the state user fee fund.

16 (4) If there is money remaining after distribution under
 17 subdivision (3), the clerk shall distribute the remainder of the
 18 partial payment to any other applicable user fee fund.

19 (5) If there is money remaining after distribution under
 20 subdivision (4), the clerk shall apply the remainder of the partial
 21 payment to any outstanding fines owed by the defendant.

22 SECTION 7. IC 33-37-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2023,
 23 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 24 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsections (d) and
 25 (e), for each action that results in a judgment:

26 (1) for a violation constituting an infraction; or

27 (2) for a violation of an ordinance of a municipal corporation (as
 28 defined in IC 36-1-2-10);

29 the clerk shall collect from the defendant an infraction or ordinance
 30 violation costs fee of seventy dollars (\$70).

31 (b) In addition to the infraction or ordinance violation costs fee
 32 collected under this section, the clerk shall collect from the defendant
 33 the following fees, if they are required under IC 33-37-5:

34 (1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or
 35 IC 33-37-5-4).

36 (2) An alcohol and drug services program fee (IC 33-37-5-8(b)).

37 (3) A law enforcement continuing education program fee
 38 (IC 33-37-5-8(c)).

39 (4) An alcohol and drug countermeasures fee (IC 33-37-5-10).

40 (5) A highway worksite fee (IC 33-37-5-14).

41 (6) A deferred prosecution fee (IC 33-37-5-17).



1 (7) A jury fee (IC 33-37-5-19).
2 (8) A document storage fee (IC 33-37-5-20).
3 (9) An automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21).
4 (10) A late payment fee (IC 33-37-5-22).
5 (11) A public defense administration fee (IC 33-37-5-21.2).
6 (12) A judicial insurance adjustment fee (IC 33-37-5-25).
7 (13) A judicial salaries fee (IC 33-37-5-26).
8 (14) A court administration fee (IC 33-37-5-27).
9 (15) A DNA sample processing fee (IC 33-37-5-26.2).
10 (16) **A prosecuting attorney compensation fee**
11 **(IC 33-37-5-37).**
12 (c) The clerk shall transfer to the county auditor or fiscal officer
13 of the municipal corporation the following fees, not later than thirty
14 (30) days after the fees are collected:
15 (1) The alcohol and drug services program fee (IC 33-37-5-8(b)).
16 (2) The law enforcement continuing education program fee
17 (IC 33-37-5-8(c)).
18 (3) The deferral program fee (subsection (e)).
19 The auditor or fiscal officer shall deposit the fees in the user fee fund
20 established under IC 33-37-8.
21 (d) The defendant is not liable for any ordinance violation costs
22 fee in an action if all the following apply:
23 (1) The defendant was charged with an ordinance violation
24 subject to IC 33-36.
25 (2) The defendant denied the violation under IC 33-36-3.
26 (3) Proceedings in court against the defendant were initiated
27 under IC 34-28-5 (or IC 34-4-32 before its repeal).
28 (4) The defendant was tried and the court entered judgment for
29 the defendant for the violation.
30 (e) Instead of the infraction or ordinance violation costs fee
31 prescribed by subsection (a), except for the automated record keeping
32 fee (IC 33-37-5-21), the clerk shall collect a deferral program fee if an
33 agreement between a prosecuting attorney or an attorney for a
34 municipal corporation and the person charged with a violation entered
35 into under IC 34-28-5-1 (or IC 34-4-32-1 before its repeal) requires
36 payment of those fees by the person charged with the violation. The
37 deferral program fee is:
38 (1) an initial user's fee not to exceed fifty-two dollars (\$52); and
39 (2) a monthly user's fee not to exceed ten dollars (\$10) for each
40 month the person remains in the deferral program.
41 (f) The fees prescribed by this section are costs for purposes of

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

1 IC 34-28-5-5 and may be collected from a defendant against whom
 2 judgment is entered. Any penalty assessed is in addition to costs.

3 SECTION 8. IC 33-37-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2017,
 4 SECTION 110, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 5 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. (a) The clerk shall collect a
 6 juvenile costs fee of one hundred twenty dollars (\$120) for each action
 7 filed under any of the following:

8 (1) IC 31-34 (children in need of services).
 9 (2) IC 31-37 (delinquent children).
 10 (3) IC 31-14 (paternity).

11 (b) In addition to the juvenile costs fee collected under this
 12 section, the clerk shall collect the following fees, if they are required
 13 under IC 33-37-5:

14 (1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or
 15 IC 33-37-5-4).
 16 (2) A marijuana eradication program fee (IC 33-37-5-7).
 17 (3) An alcohol and drug services program fee (IC 33-37-5-8(b)).
 18 (4) A law enforcement continuing education program fee
 19 (IC 33-37-5-8(c)).
 20 (5) An alcohol and drug countermeasures fee (IC 33-37-5-10).
 21 (6) A document storage fee (IC 33-37-5-20).
 22 (7) An automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21).
 23 (8) A late payment fee (IC 33-37-5-22).
 24 (9) A public defense administration fee (IC 33-37-5-21.2).
 25 (10) A judicial insurance adjustment fee (IC 33-37-5-25).
 26 (11) A judicial salaries fee (IC 33-37-5-26).
 27 (12) A court administration fee (IC 33-37-5-27).
 28 (13) A DNA sample processing fee (IC 33-37-5-26.2).
 29 **(14) A prosecuting attorney compensation fee
 30 (IC 33-37-5-37).**

31 (c) The clerk shall transfer to the county auditor or city or town
 32 fiscal officer the following fees not later than thirty (30) days after they
 33 are collected:

34 (1) The marijuana eradication program fee (IC 33-37-5-7).
 35 (2) The alcohol and drug services program fee (IC 33-37-5-8(b)).
 36 (3) The law enforcement continuing education program fee
 37 (IC 33-37-5-8(c)).

38 The auditor or fiscal officer shall deposit the fees in the appropriate
 39 user fee fund established under IC 33-37-8.

40 SECTION 9. IC 33-37-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2025,
 41 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. (a) The clerk shall collect a civil costs fee of
 2 one hundred dollars (\$100) from a party filing a civil action. This
 3 subsection does not apply to the following civil actions:

4 (1) Proceedings to enforce a statute defining an infraction under
 5 IC 34-28-5 (or IC 34-4-32 before its repeal).

6 (2) Proceedings to enforce an ordinance under IC 34-28-5 (or
 7 IC 34-4-32 before its repeal).

8 (3) Proceedings in juvenile court under IC 31-34 or IC 31-37.

9 (4) Proceedings in paternity under IC 31-14.

10 (5) Proceedings in small claims court under IC 33-34.

11 (6) Proceedings in actions described in section 7 of this chapter.

12 (b) In addition to the civil costs fee collected under this section,
 13 the clerk shall collect the following fees, if they are required under
 14 IC 33-37-5:

15 (1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or
 16 IC 33-37-5-4).

17 (2) A support and maintenance fee (IC 33-37-5-6).

18 (3) A document storage fee (IC 33-37-5-20).

19 (4) An automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21).

20 (5) A public defense administration fee (IC 33-37-5-21.2).

21 (6) A judicial insurance adjustment fee (IC 33-37-5-25).

22 (7) A judicial salaries fee (IC 33-37-5-26).

23 (8) A court administration fee (IC 33-37-5-27).

24 (9) A service fee (IC 33-37-5-28(b)(1) or IC 33-37-5-28(b)(2)).

25 (10) A garnishee service fee (IC 33-37-5-28(b)(3) or
 26 IC 33-37-5-28(b)(4)).

27 (11) For a mortgage foreclosure action, a mortgage foreclosure
 28 counseling and education fee (IC 33-37-5-33) (before its
 29 expiration on July 1, 2017).

30 (12) A pro bono legal services fee (IC 33-37-5-31).

31 (13) A jury fee (IC 33-37-5-19.5).

32 (14) **A prosecuting attorney compensation fee**
 33 **(IC 33-37-5-37).**

34 SECTION 10. IC 33-37-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2025,

35 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 36 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. (a) For each small claims action, the clerk shall
 37 collect the following fees:

38 (1) From the party filing the action:

39 (A) a small claims costs fee of thirty-five dollars (\$35);

40 (B) a small claims service fee of ten dollars (\$10) for each
 41 named defendant that is not a garnishee defendant; and



(C) if the party has named more than three (3) garnishees or garnishee defendants, a small claims garnishee service fee of ten dollars (\$10) for each garnishee or garnishee defendant in excess of three (3).

(2) From any party adding a defendant that is not a garnishee defendant, a small claims service fee of ten dollars (\$10) for each defendant that is not a garnishee defendant added in the action.

(3) From any party adding a garnishee or garnishee defendant, a small claims garnishee service fee of ten dollars (\$10) for each garnishee or garnishee defendant added to the action. However, a clerk may not collect a small claims garnishee service fee for the first three (3) garnishees named in the action.

14 However, a clerk may not collect a small claims costs fee, small claims
15 service fee, or small claims garnishee service fee for a small claims
16 action filed by or on behalf of the attorney general.

(b) A clerk may not collect a fee under subsection (a)(1)(B), (a)(1)(C), (a)(2), or (a)(3) for a small claims action filed through the Indiana electronic filing system adopted by the Indiana supreme court.

(c) In addition to a small claims costs fee, small claims service fee, and small claims garnishee service fee collected under this section, the clerk shall collect the following fees, if they are required under IC 33-37-5:

24 (1) A document fee (IC 33-37-5-1, IC 33-37-5-3, or
25 IC 33-37-5-4).

(2) A document storage fee (IC 33-37-5-20).

(3) An automated record keeping fee (IC 33-37-5-21)

(4) A public defense administration fee (IC 33-37-5-21.2).

(5) A judicial insurance adjustment fee (IC 33-37-5-25).

(6) A judicial salaries fee (IC 33-37-5-26).

(7) A court administration fee (IC 33-37-5-27).

(8) A pro bono legal services fee (IC 33-37-5-31).

(9) A prosecuting attorney compensation fee (IC 33-37-5-37).

SECTION II. IC 33-37-4-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2025, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided under subsection (c), the clerk shall collect from the party filing the action a probate costs fee of one hundred twenty dollars (\$120) for each action filed under any of the following:

(1) IC 29 (probate).

(2) IC 30 (trusts and fiduciaries).

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

1 SECTION 13. IC 33-37-7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2025,
 2 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 3 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute
 4 semiannually to the state comptroller as the state share for deposit in
 5 the homeowner protection unit account established by IC 4-6-12-9 one
 6 hundred percent (100%) of the automated record keeping fees collected
 7 under IC 33-37-5-21 with respect to actions resulting in the accused
 8 person entering into a pretrial diversion program agreement under
 9 IC 33-39-1-8 or a deferral program agreement under IC 34-28-5-1 and
 10 for deposit in the state general fund seventy percent (70%) of the
 11 amount of fees collected under the following:

- 12 (1) IC 33-37-4-1(a) (criminal costs fees).
- 13 (2) IC 33-37-4-2(a) (infraction or ordinance violation costs fees).
- 14 (3) IC 33-37-4-3(a) (juvenile costs fees).
- 15 (4) IC 33-37-4-4(a) (civil costs fees).
- 16 (5) IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(A) (small claims costs fees).
- 17 (6) IC 33-37-4-7(a) (probate costs fees).
- 18 (7) IC 33-37-5-17 (deferred prosecution fees).

19 (b) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute semiannually to the
 20 state comptroller for deposit in the state user fee fund established in
 21 IC 33-37-9-2 the following:

- 22 (1) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the drug abuse, prosecution,
 23 interdiction, and correction fees collected under
 24 IC 33-37-4-1(b)(5).
- 25 (2) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the alcohol and drug
 26 countermeasures fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(6),
 27 IC 33-37-4-2(b)(4), and IC 33-37-4-3(b)(5).
- 28 (3) One hundred percent (100%) of the child abuse prevention
 29 fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(7).
- 30 (4) One hundred percent (100%) of the domestic violence
 31 prevention and treatment fees collected under
 32 IC 33-37-4-1(b)(8).
- 33 (5) One hundred percent (100%) of the highway worksite fees
 34 collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(9) and IC 33-37-4-2(b)(5).
- 35 (6) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the safe schools fee collected
 36 under IC 33-37-5-18.
- 37 (7) One hundred percent (100%) of the automated record
 38 keeping fee collected under IC 33-37-5-21 not distributed under
 39 subsection (a).

40 (c) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute monthly to the
 41 county auditor the following:



(1) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the drug abuse, prosecution, interdiction, and correction fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(5).

(2) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the alcohol and drug countermeasures fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(6), IC 33-37-4-2(b)(4), and IC 33-37-4-3(b)(5).

The county auditor shall deposit fees distributed by a clerk under this subsection into the county drug free community fund established under IC 5-2-11.

(1) If directed to do so by an ordinance adopted by the county fiscal body, the county auditor shall deposit forty percent (40%) of the fees in the clerk's record perpetuation fund established under IC 33-37-5-2 and sixty percent (60%) of the fees in the county general fund.

(2) If the county fiscal body has not adopted an ordinance described in subdivision (1), the county auditor shall deposit all the fees in the county general fund.

(e) The clerk of the circuit court shall distribute semiannually to the state comptroller for deposit in the sexual assault victims assistance fund established by IC 5-2-6-23(d) one hundred percent (100%) of the sexual assault victims assistance fees collected under IC 33-37-5-23.

(f) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute monthly to the county auditor the following:

(1) One hundred percent (100%) of the support and maintenance fees for cases designated as non-Title IV-D child support cases in the Indiana support enforcement tracking system (ISETS) or the successor statewide automated support enforcement system collected under IC 33-37-5-6.

(2) The percentage share of the support and maintenance fees for cases designated as Title IV-D child support cases in ISETS or the successor statewide automated support enforcement system collected under IC 33-37-5-6 that is reimbursable to the county at the federal financial participation rate.

The county clerk shall distribute monthly to the department of child services the percentage share of the support and maintenance fees for cases designated as Title IV-D child support cases in ISETS, or the successor statewide automated support enforcement system, collected



1 under IC 33-37-5-6 that is not reimbursable to the county at the
 2 applicable federal financial participation rate.

3 (g) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute monthly to the
 4 county auditor the following:

5 (1) One hundred percent (100%) of the small claims service fee
 6 under IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(B) or IC 33-37-4-6(a)(2) for deposit in
 7 the county general fund.

8 (2) One hundred percent (100%) of the small claims garnishee
 9 service fee under IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(C) or IC 33-37-4-6(a)(3)
 10 for deposit in the county general fund.

11 (3) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the safe schools fee collected
 12 under IC 33-37-5-18 for deposit in the county general fund.

13 (h) This subsection does not apply to court administration fees
 14 collected in small claims actions filed in a court described in IC 33-34.
 15 The clerk of a circuit court shall semiannually distribute to the state
 16 comptroller for deposit in the state general fund one hundred percent
 17 (100%) of the following:

18 (1) The public defense administration fee collected under
 19 IC 33-37-5-21.2.

20 (2) The judicial salaries fees collected under IC 33-37-5-26.

21 (3) The DNA sample processing fees collected under
 22 IC 33-37-5-26.2.

23 (4) The court administration fees collected under IC 33-37-5-27.

24 (5) The judicial insurance adjustment fee collected under
 25 IC 33-37-5-25.

26 (6) **The prosecuting attorney compensation fee collected
 27 under IC 33-37-5-37.**

28 (i) The proceeds of the service fee collected under
 29 IC 33-37-5-28(b)(1) or IC 33-37-5-28(b)(2) shall be distributed as
 30 follows:

31 (1) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the
 32 service fees collected in a circuit, superior, county, or probate
 33 court to the county auditor for deposit in the county general fund.

34 (2) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the
 35 service fees collected in a city or town court to the city or town
 36 fiscal officer for deposit in the city or town general fund.

37 (j) The proceeds of the garnishee service fee collected under
 38 IC 33-37-5-28(b)(3) or IC 33-37-5-28(b)(4) shall be distributed as
 39 follows:

40 (1) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the
 41 garnishee service fees collected in a circuit, superior, county, or



1 probate court to the county auditor for deposit in the county
 2 general fund.

3 (2) The clerk shall distribute one hundred percent (100%) of the
 4 garnishee service fees collected in a city or town court to the city
 5 or town fiscal officer for deposit in the city or town general fund.

6 (k) The clerk of the circuit court shall distribute semiannually to
 7 the state comptroller for deposit in the home ownership education
 8 account established by IC 5-20-1-27 one hundred percent (100%) of
 9 the following:

10 (1) The mortgage foreclosure counseling and education fees
 11 collected under IC 33-37-5-33 (before its expiration on July 1,
 12 2017).

13 (2) Any civil penalties imposed and collected by a court for a
 14 violation of a court order in a foreclosure action under
 15 IC 32-30-10.5.

16 (l) The clerk of a circuit court shall distribute semiannually to the
 17 state comptroller for deposit in the pro bono legal services fund
 18 established by IC 33-37-5-34 one hundred percent (100%) of the pro
 19 bono legal services fees collected under IC 33-37-5-31.

20 SECTION 14. IC 33-37-7-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2025,
 21 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 22 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. (a) The clerk of a city or town court shall
 23 distribute semiannually to the state comptroller as the state share for
 24 deposit in the homeowner protection unit account established by
 25 IC 4-6-12-9 one hundred percent (100%) of the automated record
 26 keeping fees collected under IC 33-37-5-21 with respect to actions
 27 resulting in the accused person entering into a pretrial diversion
 28 program agreement under IC 33-39-1-8 or a deferral program
 29 agreement under IC 34-28-5-1 and for deposit in the state general fund
 30 fifty-five percent (55%) of the amount of fees collected under the
 31 following:

32 (1) IC 33-37-4-1(a) (criminal costs fees).
 33 (2) IC 33-37-4-2(a) (infraction or ordinance violation costs fees).
 34 (3) IC 33-37-4-4(a) (civil costs fees).
 35 (4) IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(A) (small claims costs fees).
 36 (5) IC 33-37-5-17 (deferred prosecution fees).

37 (b) The city or town fiscal officer shall distribute monthly to the
 38 county auditor as the county share twenty percent (20%) of the amount
 39 of fees collected under the following:

40 (1) IC 33-37-4-1(a) (criminal costs fees).
 41 (2) IC 33-37-4-2(a) (infraction or ordinance violation costs fees).



- (3) IC 33-37-4-4(a) (civil costs fees).
- (4) IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(A) (small claims costs fees).
- (5) IC 33-37-5-17 (deferred prosecution fees).
- (c) The city or town fiscal officer shall retain twenty-five percent (25%) as the city or town share of the fees collected under the following:
 - (1) IC 33-37-4-1(a) (criminal costs fees).
 - (2) IC 33-37-4-2(a) (infraction or ordinance violation costs fees).
 - (3) IC 33-37-4-4(a) (civil costs fees).
 - (4) IC 33-37-4-6(a)(1)(A) (small claims costs fees).
 - (5) IC 33-37-5-17 (deferred prosecution fees).
- (d) The clerk of a city or town court shall distribute semiannually to the state comptroller for deposit in the state user fee fund established in IC 33-37-9 the following:
 - (1) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the drug abuse, prosecution, interdiction, and correction fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(5).
 - (2) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the alcohol and drug countermeasures fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(6), IC 33-37-4-2(b)(4), and IC 33-37-4-3(b)(5).
 - (3) One hundred percent (100%) of the highway worksite fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(9) and IC 33-37-4-2(b)(5).
 - (4) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the safe schools fee collected under IC 33-37-5-18.
 - (5) One hundred percent (100%) of the automated record keeping fee collected under IC 33-37-5-21 not distributed under subsection (a).
- (e) The clerk of a city or town court shall distribute monthly to the county auditor the following:
 - (1) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the drug abuse, prosecution, interdiction, and correction fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(5).
 - (2) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the alcohol and drug countermeasures fees collected under IC 33-37-4-1(b)(6), IC 33-37-4-2(b)(4), and IC 33-37-4-3(b)(5).
- (f) The clerk of a city or town court shall distribute monthly to the city or town fiscal officer (as defined in IC 36-1-2-7) one hundred percent (100%) of the following:



2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

3 (5) Conduct research and studies that would be of interest and
4 value to all prosecuting attorneys and their staffs.

12 (7) (8) Adopt guidelines for the expenditure of funds derived
13 from a deferral program or a pretrial diversion program.

14 (8) (9) The council shall:

15 (A) compile forfeiture data received under IC 34-24-1-4.5;
16

16 and
17 (B) annually submit a report
18 containing the compiled data.

19 The council shall submit the report to the legislative council before
20 July 15 of every year. The report must be in an electronic format under
21 IC 5-14-6. The council may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement
22 this subdivision.

23 SECTION 16. IC 33-39-8.1-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.147-2025,
24 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. **(a)** If the board determines that a prosecuting
26 attorney is a noncompliant prosecuting attorney, the board shall issue
27 a report to:

(1) the prosecuting attorneys council of Indiana; and
(2) the alleged noncompliant prosecuting attorney.

33 SECTION 17. IC 33-39-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
34 AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35 JULY 1, 2026]:

Chapter 11: Public Prosecution Fund

36 Chapter 11. Public Prosecution Fund
37 Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "council" means the
38 prosecuting attorneys council of Indiana established by
39 IC 33-39-8-2.

40 Sec. 2. The public prosecution fund is established to provide
41 county reimbursement of compensation paid to deputy prosecuting
42 attorneys and administrative expenses. The fund shall be



1 **administered by the council.**

2 **Sec. 3. The fund consists of money appropriated to the fund by**
 3 **the general assembly.**

4 **Sec. 4. The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund**
 5 **not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same**
 6 **manner as other public funds may be invested.**

7 **Sec. 5. Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does**
 8 **not revert to the state general fund.**

9 **Sec. 6. (a) A county auditor may submit on a quarterly basis**
 10 **a certified request to the state comptroller for reimbursement from**
 11 **the public prosecution fund for salary paid to a deputy prosecuting**
 12 **attorney, other than a chief deputy prosecuting attorney or an**
 13 **elected prosecuting attorney, if the annual salary of the deputy**
 14 **prosecuting attorney is equal to at least fifty-five percent (55%) of**
 15 **the salary paid to the elected full-time prosecuting attorney. The**
 16 **county auditor may request reimbursement under this subsection**
 17 **in an amount that does not exceed twenty-seven and one-half**
 18 **percent (27.5%) of the salary paid to the elected full-time**
 19 **prosecuting attorney.**

20 **(b) A county auditor may submit on a quarterly basis a**
 21 **certified request to the state comptroller for reimbursement from**
 22 **the public prosecution fund for the county's expenditures for fringe**
 23 **benefits provided to a deputy prosecuting attorney, other than a**
 24 **chief deputy prosecuting attorney or an elected prosecuting**
 25 **attorney, if the annual salary of the deputy prosecuting attorney is**
 26 **equal to at least fifty-five percent (55%) of the salary paid to the**
 27 **elected full-time prosecuting attorney. However, a request for**
 28 **reimbursement for fringe benefits under this subsection may not**
 29 **exceed fifteen thousand one hundred forty dollars (\$15,140).**

30 **Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), upon receiving**
 31 **certification from a county auditor, the state comptroller shall**
 32 **issue a warrant to the treasurer of state for disbursement to the**
 33 **county of the amount certified.**

34 **(b) If the state comptroller has received instruction from the**
 35 **council under IC 33-39-8.1-9 to withhold payment from the county**
 36 **because the prosecuting attorney is a noncompliant prosecuting**
 37 **attorney, the state comptroller shall not issue a warrant under**
 38 **subsection (a).**

39 **SECTION 18. IC 35-35-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.50-2017,**
 40 **SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE**
 41 **JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. (a) No plea agreement may be made by the**
 42 **prosecuting attorney to a court on a felony charge except:**



(1) in writing; and

(2) before the defendant enters a plea of guilty.

The plea agreement shall be shown as filed, and if its contents indicate that the prosecuting attorney anticipates that the defendant intends to enter a plea of guilty to a felony charge, the court shall order the presentence report required by IC 35-38-1-8 and may hear evidence on the plea agreement.

(b) If the plea agreement is not accepted, the court shall reject it before the case may be disposed of by trial or by guilty plea. If the court rejects the plea agreement, subsequent plea agreements may be filed with the court, subject to the same requirements that this chapter imposes upon the initial plea agreement.

(c) A plea agreement in a misdemeanor case may be submitted orally to the court.

(d) In a misdemeanor case, if:

(1) the court rejects a plea agreement; and

(2) the prosecuting attorney or the defendant files a written motion for change of judge within ten (10) days after the plea agreement is rejected;

the court shall grant the motion for change of judge and transfer the proceeding to a special judge under the Indiana Rules of Criminal Procedure. However, there may not be more than one (1) transfer of the proceeding to a special judge under this subsection.

(e) (d) If the court accepts a plea agreement, it shall be bound by its terms.

SECTION 19. IC 35-38-1-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 21. (a) A court that receives a petition from the department of correction under IC 35-38-3-5 may, after notice to the prosecuting attorney of the judicial circuit in which the defendant's case originated, hold a hearing for the purpose of determining whether the offender named in the petition may be placed in home detention under IC 35-38-2.5 instead of commitment to the department of correction for the remainder of the offender's minimum sentence.

(b) Notwithstanding ~~IC 35-35-3-3(e)~~, **IC 35-35-3-3(d)**, and after a hearing held under this section, a sentencing court may order the offender named in the petition filed under IC 35-38-3-5 to be placed in home detention under IC 35-38-2.5 instead of commitment to the department of correction for the remainder of the offender's minimum sentence.

SECTION 20. IC 35-38-1-33, AS ADDED BY P.L.87-2018,

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

1 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 2 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 33. (a) As used in this section, "offender" means
 3 an individual convicted of a sex offense.

4 (b) As used in this section, "sex offense" has the meaning set forth
 5 in IC 11-8-8-5.2.

6 (c) An offender may petition for waiver of the residency restriction
 7 described in ~~IC 35-46-1-15.1(e)~~. **IC 35-46-1-15.1(d)**. The court may
 8 waive the residency restriction if the court, at a hearing at which the
 9 offender is present and of which the prosecuting attorney has been
 10 notified, determines that:

11 (1) the offender has successfully completed a sex offender
 12 treatment program; and

13 (2) good cause exists to allow the offender to reside within one

14 (1) mile of the residence of the victim of the offender's sex
 15 offense.

16 However, the court may not grant a waiver under this subsection if the
 17 offender is a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5 or if the
 18 offender is an offender against children under IC 35-42-4-11.

19 (d) If the court grants a waiver under this section, the court shall
 20 determine the duration of the waiver. The offender may petition the
 21 court for an extension of the waiver not later than sixty (60) days before
 22 its expiration. However, if the court denies an offender's petition for
 23 waiver under this section, then the offender is subject to prosecution for
 24 the offense described in ~~IC 35-46-1-15.1(e)~~. **IC 35-46-1-15.1(d)**.

25 (e) If the court grants a waiver under this section, the court shall
 26 state in writing the reasons for granting the waiver. The court's written
 27 statement of its reasons shall be incorporated into the record.

28 (f) The address of the victim of the offender's sex offense is
 29 confidential even if the court grants a waiver under this section.

30 SECTION 21. IC 35-38-2.6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-2024,
 31 SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 32 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to persons
 33 convicted of any of the following offenses: ~~whenever any part of the~~
 34 ~~sentence may not be suspended under IC 35-50-2-2-2~~:

35 (1) Sex crimes under IC 35-42-4 or IC 35-46-1-3.

36 (2) A Level 1 felony.

37 (3) A Class A felony.

38 (4) Any of the following felonies:

39 (A) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).

40 (B) A battery offense included in IC 35-42-2 with a deadly
 41 weapon or causing death.



(C) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
(D) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3) with a deadly weapon.
(E) Robbery (IC 35-42-5-1) resulting in serious bodily injury or with a deadly weapon.
(F) Arson (IC 35-43-1-1) for hire resulting in serious bodily injury.
(G) Burglary (IC 35-43-2-1) resulting in serious bodily injury.
(H) Resisting law enforcement (IC 35-44.1-3-1) with a deadly weapon.
(I) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).
(J) Disarming a law enforcement officer (IC 35-44.1-3-2).
(K) A sentence for a crime that is enhanced by criminal organization (IC 35-50-2-15).
(L) An offense that is enhanced by habitual offender (IC 35-50-2-8) or habitual substance offender (IC 9-30-15.5-2) determination.
(M) An offense that is enhanced by the use of a firearm under IC 35-50-2-11.
(N) Escape (IC 35-44.1-3-4).
(O) Unlawful carrying of a handgun (IC 35-47-2-1.5).
(P) An offense in which the defendant used a firearm in the commission of the offense, regardless of whether the use of the firearm is an element.
SECTION 22. IC 35-38-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2021, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) Appeals to the supreme court or to the court of appeals, as provided by court rules, may be taken by the state as of right in the following cases:
(1) From an order granting a motion to dismiss one (1) or more counts of an indictment or information.
(2) From an order granting a motion to discharge a defendant before trial for any reason, including delay commencing trial or after the defendant's plea of former jeopardy.
(3) From an order granting a motion to correct errors.
(4) Upon a question reserved by the state, if the defendant is acquitted.
(5) From an order granting a motion to suppress evidence, if the ultimate effect of the order is to preclude further prosecution of one (1) or more counts of an information or indictment.
(6) From a sentencing order, if the defendant was convicted

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

of murder, a Level 1 felony, or a Level 2 felony.

(b) The state may appeal an interlocutory order to the supreme court or to the court of appeals, as provided by court rules, if the trial court certifies the appeal and the court on appeal finds that:

(1) the state will suffer substantial expense, damage, or injury if the order is erroneous and the determination thereof is withheld until after judgment;

(2) the order involves a substantial question of law, the early determination of which will promote a more orderly disposition of the case; or

(3) the remedy by appeal after judgment is otherwise inadequate.

(c) An interlocutory order that may be appealed by the state under subsection (b) includes but is not limited to:

(1) any order granting a motion to suppress evidence that is substantially important to the prosecution and does not have the ultimate effect of precluding further prosecution; and

(2) any discovery order claimed to violate a court rule, statute, or case law.

SECTION 23. IC 35-42-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2018, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section, "fetus" means a fetus in any stage of development.

(b) A person who kills another human being while committing or attempting to commit:

(1) a Level 5 or Level 6 felony that inherently poses a risk of serious bodily injury;

(2) a Class A misdemeanor that inherently poses a risk of serious bodily injury; or

(3) battery;

commits involuntary manslaughter, a ~~Level 5~~ **Level 4** felony.

(c) Except as provided in section 6.5 of this chapter, a person who kills a fetus while committing or attempting to commit:

(1) a Level 5 or Level 6 felony that inherently poses a risk of serious bodily injury;

(2) a Class A misdemeanor that inherently poses a risk of serious bodily injury;

(3) a battery offense included in IC 35-42-2; or

(4) a violation of IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5 (operating a vehicle while intoxicated);

commits involuntary manslaughter, a ~~Level 5~~ **Level 4** felony.

SECTION 24. IC 35-42-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

1 SECTION 415, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 2 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. A person who recklessly kills
 3 another human being commits reckless homicide, a ~~Level 5~~ **Level 4**
 4 felony.

5 SECTION 25. IC 35-46-1-4.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.158-2013,
 6 SECTION 551, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 7 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4.1. (a) As used in this section,
 8 "child care provider" means a person who provides child care in or on
 9 behalf of:

10 (1) a child care center (as defined in IC 12-7-2-28.4); or
 11 (2) a child care home (as defined in IC 12-7-2-28.6);
 12 regardless of whether the child care center or child care home is
 13 licensed.

14 (b) A child care provider who recklessly supervises a child
 15 commits reckless supervision, a Class B misdemeanor. However, the
 16 offense is a Class A misdemeanor if the offense results in serious
 17 bodily injury to a child, and a ~~Level 6~~ **Level 4** felony if the offense
 18 results in the death of a child.

19 SECTION 26. IC 35-46-1-15.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.28-2023,
 20 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 21 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 15.1. (a) A person who knowingly or intentionally
 22 violates:

23 (1) a protective order to prevent domestic or family violence or
 24 harassment issued under IC 34-26-5 (or, if the order involved a
 25 family or household member, under IC 34-26-2 or IC 34-4-5.1-5
 26 before their repeal);

27 (2) an ex parte protective order issued under IC 34-26-5 (or, if
 28 the order involved a family or household member, an emergency
 29 order issued under IC 34-26-2 or IC 34-4-5.1 before their
 30 repeal);

31 (3) a workplace violence restraining order issued under
 32 IC 34-26-6;

33 (4) a no contact order in a dispositional decree issued under
 34 IC 31-34-20-1, IC 31-37-19-1, or IC 31-37-5-6 (or
 35 IC 31-6-4-15.4 or IC 31-6-4-15.9 before their repeal) or an order
 36 issued under IC 31-32-13 (or IC 31-6-7-14 before its repeal) that
 37 orders the person to refrain from direct or indirect contact with
 38 a child in need of services or a delinquent child;

39 (5) a no contact order issued as a condition of pretrial release,
 40 including release on bail or personal recognizance, or pretrial
 41 diversion, and including a no contact order issued under

M

e

r

g

e

d



1 IC 35-33-8-3.6;
 2 (6) a no contact order issued as a condition of probation;
 3 (7) a protective order to prevent domestic or family violence
 4 issued under IC 31-15-5 (or IC 31-16-5 or IC 31-1-11.5-8.2
 5 before their repeal);
 6 (8) a protective order to prevent domestic or family violence
 7 issued under IC 31-14-16-1 in a paternity action;
 8 (9) an order issued in another state that is substantially similar to
 9 an order described in subdivisions (1) through (8);
 10 (10) an order that is substantially similar to an order described
 11 in subdivisions (1) through (8) and is issued by an Indian:
 12 (A) tribe;
 13 (B) band;
 14 (C) pueblo;
 15 (D) nation; or
 16 (E) organized group or community, including an Alaska
 17 Native village or regional or village corporation as defined
 18 in or established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement
 19 Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.);
 20 that is recognized as eligible for the special programs and
 21 services provided by the United States to Indians because of
 22 their special status as Indians;
 23 (11) an order issued under IC 35-33-8-3.2; or
 24 (12) an order issued under IC 35-38-1-30;
 25 commits invasion of privacy, a Class A misdemeanor **except as**
 26 **otherwise provided in this section.**
 27 **(b) However,** The offense **described in subsection (a)** is a Level
 28 6 felony if **one (1) or more of the following apply:**
 29 **(1)** The person has a prior unrelated conviction for an offense
 30 under this subsection or IC 35-45-10-5 (stalking).
 31 **(2) The person committed the offense while charged with**
 32 **domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3) as a felony.**
 33 **(b) (c)** It is not a defense to a prosecution under subsection (a) that
 34 the accused person used or operated an unmanned aerial vehicle in
 35 committing the violation.
 36 **(c) (d)** A sex offender under IC 11-8-8-4.5 who:
 37 (1) establishes a new residence within a one (1) mile radius of
 38 the residence of the victim of the offender's sex offense;
 39 (2) intends to reside (as defined in IC 35-42-4-11(b)) at the
 40 residence; and
 41 (3) at the time the sex offender established the residence, knew

M

e

r

g

e

d



1 or reasonably should have known that the residence was located
 2 within a one (1) mile radius of the residence of the victim of the
 3 offender's sex offense;
 4 commits invasion of privacy, a Class A misdemeanor. However, the
 5 offense is a Level 6 felony if the sex offender has a prior unrelated
 6 conviction under this subsection.

7 ~~(d)~~ (e) The victim of the sex offender's sex offense may not be
 8 prosecuted under ~~subsection (e)~~ subsection (d) if the victim's liability
 9 is based on aiding, inducing, or causing the offender to commit the
 10 offense described in ~~subsection (e)~~ subsection (d).

11 ~~(e)~~ (f) Subsection (e) Subsection (d) does not apply to a sex
 12 offender who has obtained a waiver of residency under IC 35-38-2-2.5
 13 or IC 35-38-1-33.

14 SECTION 27. IC 35-50-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2025,
 15 SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 16 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "crime of violence"
 17 means the following:

- 18 (1) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).
- 19 (2) Attempted murder (IC 35-41-5-1).
- 20 (3) Voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).
- 21 (4) Involuntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-4).
- 22 (5) Reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5).
- 23 (6) Battery (IC 35-42-2-1) as a:
 - 24 (A) Level 2 felony;
 - 25 (B) Level 3 felony;
 - 26 (C) Level 4 felony; or
 - 27 (D) Level 5 felony.
- 28 (7) Domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3) as a:
 - 29 (A) Level 2 felony;
 - 30 (B) Level 3 felony;
 - 31 (C) Level 4 felony; or
 - 32 (D) Level 5 felony.
- 33 (8) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).
- 34 (9) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
- 35 (10) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
- 36 (11) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) (before its repeal).
- 37 (12) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
- 38 (13) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a Level 1 felony under
 39 IC 35-42-4-9(a)(2) or a Level 2 felony under IC 35-42-4-9(b)(2).
- 40 (14) Robbery as a Level 2 felony or a Level 3 felony
 41 (IC 35-42-5-1).



3 (16) Operating a vehicle while intoxicated causing death or
4 catastrophic injury (IC 9-30-5-5).

5 (17) Operating a vehicle while intoxicated causing serious bodily
6 injury to another person (IC 9-30-5-4).

7 (18) Child exploitation as a Level 5 felony under
8 IC 35-42-4-4(b) or a Level 4 felony under IC 35-42-4-4(c).

9 (19) Resisting law enforcement as a felony (IC 35-44.1-3-1).

10 (20) Unlawful possession of a firearm by a serious violent felon
11 (IC 35-47-4-5).

12 (21) Strangulation (IC 35-42-2-9) as a Level 5 felony.

13 (b) As used in this section, "episode of criminal conduct" means
14 offenses or a connected series of offenses that are closely related in
15 time, place, and circumstance.

16 (c) Except as provided in subsection (e) or (f) the court shall
17 determine whether terms of imprisonment shall be served concurrently
18 or consecutively. The court may consider the:

19 (1) aggravating circumstances in IC 35-38-1-7.1(a); and

20 (2) mitigating circumstances in IC 35-38-1-7.1(b);

in making a determination under this subsection. The court may order terms of imprisonment to be served consecutively even if the sentences are not imposed at the same time. However, except for crimes of violence, **and crimes committed against separate victims in the same episode of criminal conduct**, the total of the consecutive terms of imprisonment, exclusive of terms of imprisonment under IC 35-50-2-8 and IC 35-50-2-10 (before its repeal) to which the defendant is sentenced for felony or misdemeanor convictions arising out of an episode of criminal conduct shall not exceed the period described in subsection (d).

35 (1) If the most serious crime for which the defendant is
36 sentenced is a Class C misdemeanor, the total of the consecutive
37 terms of imprisonment may not exceed one (1) year.

38 (2) If the most serious crime for which the defendant is
39 sentenced is a Class B misdemeanor, the total of the consecutive
40 terms of imprisonment may not exceed two (2) years.



18 (9) If the most serious crime for which the defendant is
19 sentenced is a Level 1 felony, the total of the consecutive terms
20 of imprisonment may not exceed forty-two (42) years.

21 (e) If, after being arrested for one (1) crime, a person commits
22 another crime:

30 imposed.

31 (f) If the factfinder determines under IC 35-50-2-11 that a person
32 used a firearm in the commission of the offense for which the person
33 was convicted, the term of imprisonment for the underlying offense and
34 the additional term of imprisonment imposed under IC 35-50-2-11
35 must be served consecutively.

36 SECTION 28. IC 35-50-2-2.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2023,
37 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2.2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) or
39 (c), the court may suspend any part of a sentence for a felony.

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

12 the court may suspend only that part of a sentence that is in excess of
13 the minimum sentence for the Level 2 felony or the Level 3 felony.

16 (1) the person has a prior unrelated:

24 (3) the felony is a crime of violence (as defined by
25 IC 35-50-1-2).

26 (c) The court may suspend only that part of a sentence for murder
27 or a Level 1 felony conviction that is in excess of the minimum
28 sentence for murder or the Level 1 felony conviction.

32 SECTION 29. IC 35-50-6-3.3, AS AMENDED BY THE
33 TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2026 GENERAL
34 ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3.3. (a) In addition to any educational credit a
36 person earns under subsection (b), or good time credit a person earns
37 under section 3 or 3.1 of this chapter, a person earns educational credit
38 if the person:

39 (1) is in credit Class I, Class A, or Class B;
40 (2) has demonstrated a pattern consistent with rehabilitation; and
41 (3) successfully completes requirements to obtain one (1) of the
42 following:

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

(A) A general educational development (GED) diploma under IC 20-20-6 (before its repeal) or IC 22-4.1-18, if the person has not previously obtained a high school diploma.

(B) Except as provided in subsection (o), a high school diploma, if the person has not previously obtained a general educational development (GED) diploma.

(C) An associate degree from an approved postsecondary educational institution (as defined under IC 21-7-13-6(a)) earned during the person's incarceration.

(D) A **bachelor** **bachelor's** degree from an approved postsecondary educational institution (as defined under IC 21-7-13-6(a)) earned during the person's incarceration.

(b) In addition to any educational credit that a person earns under subsection (a), or good time credit a person earns under section 3 or 3.1 of this chapter, a person may earn educational credit if, while confined by the department of correction, the person:

(1) is in credit Class I, Class A, or Class B;

(2) demonstrates a pattern consistent with rehabilitation; and

(3) successfully completes requirements for at least one (1) of the following:

(A) To obtain a certificate of completion of a career and technical or vocational education program approved by the department of correction.

(B) To obtain a certificate of completion of a substance abuse program approved by the department of correction.

(C) To obtain a certificate of completion of a literacy and basic life skills program approved by the department of correction.

(D) To obtain a certificate of completion of a reformatory program approved by the department of correction.

(E) An individualized case management plan approved by the department of correction.

(c) The department of correction shall establish admissions criteria and other requirements for programs available for earning educational credit under subsection (b). A person may not earn educational credit under this section for the same program of study. The department of correction, in consultation with the department of workforce development, shall approve a program only if the program is likely to lead to an employable occupation.

(d) The amount of educational credit a person may earn under this section is the following:

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

(1) Six (6) months for completion of a state of Indiana general educational development (GED) diploma under IC 20-20-6 (before its repeal) or IC 22-4.1-18.

(2) One (1) year for graduation from high school.

(3) Not more than one (1) year for completion of an associate degree.

(4) Not more than two (2) years for completion of a ~~bachelor~~ **bachelor's** degree.

(5) Not more than a total of one (1) year, as determined by the department of correction, for the completion of one (1) or more career and technical or vocational education programs approved by the department of correction.

(6) Not more than a total of six (6) months, as determined by the department of correction, for the completion of one (1) or more substance abuse programs approved by the department of correction.

(7) Not more than a total of six (6) months, as determined by the department of correction, for the completion of one (1) or more literacy and basic life skills programs approved by the department of correction.

(8) Not more than a total of six (6) months, as determined by the department of correction, for completion of one (1) or more reformative programs approved by the department of correction. However, a person who is serving a sentence for an offense listed under IC 11-8-8-4.5 may not earn educational credit under this subdivision.

(9) **An amount Not more than a total of six (6) months**, as determined by the department of correction, **for the completion of one (1) or more programs offered** under a policy adopted by the department of correction concerning the individualized case management plan, not to exceed the maximum amount described in subsection (j). subsection (j)(2).

However, a person who does not have a substance abuse problem that qualifies the person to earn educational credit in a substance abuse program may earn not more than a total of twelve (12) months of educational credit, as determined by the department of correction, for the completion of one (1) or more career and technical or vocational education programs approved by the department of correction. If a person earns more than six (6) months of educational credit for the completion of one (1) or more career and technical or vocational education programs, the person is ineligible to earn educational credit

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

1 for the completion of one (1) or more substance abuse programs.

2 (e) Educational credit earned under this section must be directly
 3 proportional to the time served and course work completed while
 4 incarcerated. The department of correction shall adopt rules under
 5 IC 4-22-2 necessary to implement this subsection.

6 (f) Educational credit earned by a person under this section is
 7 subtracted from the release date that would otherwise apply to the
 8 person by the sentencing court after subtracting all other credit time
 9 earned by the person.

10 (g) A person does not earn educational credit under subsection (a)
 11 unless the person completes at least a portion of the degree
 12 requirements after June 30, 1993.

13 (h) A person does not earn educational credit under subsection (b)
 14 unless the person completes at least a portion of the program
 15 requirements after June 30, 1999.

16 (i) Educational credit earned by a person under subsection (a) for
 17 a diploma or degree completed before July 1, 1999, shall be subtracted
 18 from:

19 (1) the release date that would otherwise apply to the person
 20 after subtracting all other credit time earned by the person, if the
 21 person has not been convicted of an offense described in
 22 subdivision (2); or

23 (2) the period of imprisonment imposed on the person by the
 24 sentencing court, if the person has been convicted of one (1) of
 25 the following crimes:

26 (A) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).

27 (B) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) (before its
 28 repeal).

29 (C) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).

30 (D) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b) or IC 35-42-4-4(c)).

31 (E) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).

32 (F) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).

33 (G) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).

34 (H) Sexual misconduct with a minor (IC 35-42-4-9) as a:

35 (i) Class A felony, Class B felony, or Class C felony
 36 for a crime committed before July 1, 2014; or

37 (ii) Level 1, Level 2, or Level 4 felony, for a crime
 38 committed after June 30, 2014.

39 (I) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).

40 (J) Sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8).

41 (K) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), if the victim is less than



eighteen (18) years of age.

(L) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), if the victim is less than eighteen (18) years of age.

(j) The maximum amount of educational credit a person may earn under this section is the lesser of:

(1) two (2) years; or

(2) one-third (1/3) of the person's total applicable credit time.

(k) Educational credit earned under this section by an offender serving a sentence for stalking (IC 35-45-10-5), a felony against a person under IC 35-42, or for a crime listed in IC 11-8-8-5, shall be reduced to the extent that application of the educational credit would otherwise result in:

(1) postconviction release (as defined in IC 35-40-4-6); or

(2) assignment of the person to a community transition program; is than forty-five (45) days after the person earns the educational

(l) A person may earn educational credit for multiple degrees at the same education level under subsection (d) only in accordance with guidelines approved by the department of correction. The department of correction may approve guidelines for proper sequence of education degrees under subsection (d).

(m) A person may not earn educational credit:

(1) for a general educational development (GED) diploma if the person has previously earned a high school diploma; or

(2) for a high school diploma if the person has previously earned a general educational development (GED) diploma.

(n) A person may not earn educational credit under this section if the person:

(1) commits an offense listed in IC 11-8-8-4.5 while the person is required to register as a sex or violent offender under IC 11-8-8-7; and

(2) is committed to the department of correction after being convicted of the offense listed in IC 11-8-8-4.5.

(o) For a person to earn educational credit under subsection (a)(3)(B) for successfully completing the requirements for a high school diploma through correspondence courses, each correspondence course must be approved by the department before the person begins the correspondence course. The department may approve a correspondence course only if the entity administering the course is recognized and accredited by the department of education in the state where the entity is located.

2026

IN 252—LS 7112/DI 106



DOCUMENT HAS NOT BEEN CHECKED FOR ACCURACY

(p) The department of correction shall, before May 1, 2023, submit a report to the legislative council, in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6, concerning the implementation of the individualized case management plan. The report must include the following:

(4) Any other data points or information related to the status of the implementation of the individualized education plan.

15 the implementation of the individualized case management plan.
16 This subsection expires June 30, 2023.

M
e
r
g
e
d

