



January 23, 2026

---

---

## SENATE BILL No. 250

---

DIGEST OF SB 250 (Updated January 22, 2026 12:56 pm - DI 120)

**Citations Affected:** IC 7.1-1; IC 7.1-3; IC 7.1-4; IC 7.1-5; IC 7.1-7; IC 7.1-8; IC 9-13; IC 15-15; IC 16-31; IC 22-15; IC 24-4; IC 24-5; IC 25-1; IC 34-30; IC 35-31.5; IC 35-46; IC 35-48; IC 35-52; noncode.

**Synopsis:** Regulation of hemp. Defines "THC" for purposes of Indiana alcohol and tobacco law. Expands certain crimes concerning alcohol and tobacco, including crimes regarding possession by minors and sales to minors, to include products containing THC. Provides that a violation of the hemp derived cannabinoid products chapter is a deceptive act. Provides that the offense of aiding unlawful possession includes unlawful possession of a product containing THC. Provides that the alcohol and tobacco commission (commission) shall conduct random inspections of locations where products containing THC are sold. Allows law enforcement officers to engage minors who are at least 16 years of age to purchase THC products as part of a law enforcement action. Enacts provisions regulating the manufacture, (Continued next page)

**Effective:** July 1, 2026.

---

---

**Freeman, Carrasco, Doriot, Koch,  
Byrne, Baldwin, Young M, Clark,  
Leising**

---

---

January 8, 2026, read first time and referred to Committee on Commerce and Technology.  
January 15, 2026, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass; reassigned to Committee on Appropriations.  
January 22, 2026, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

---

---

SB 250—LS 7117/DI 107



## Digest Continued

distribution, sale, and transportation of hemp derived cannabinoid products (hemp derived cannabinoid products law). Requires the commission to enforce and administer the hemp derived cannabinoid products law. Provides for issuance of: (1) manufacturer permits; (2) distributor permits; (3) retail permits; and (4) carrier permits; for hemp derived cannabinoid products. Prohibits the sale of hemp derived cannabinoid products online or by delivery. Provides that a person issued a manufacturer permit may manufacture hemp derived cannabinoid products only in Indiana. Imposes packaging and labeling requirements for hemp derived cannabinoid products. Requires testing of hemp derived cannabinoid products and provides that the commission may spot test hemp derived cannabinoid products for compliance with the hemp derived cannabinoid products law. Specifies circumstances under which a hemp derived cannabinoid product shall be treated as if it is marijuana. Creates the hemp derived cannabinoid products fund and specifies purposes for which money in the fund shall be used. Imposes restrictions on advertising of hemp derived cannabinoid products. Imposes criminal penalties for violations of the hemp derived cannabinoid products law, and provides that a violation of the hemp derived cannabinoid products law is a deceptive act for purposes of Indiana law regarding deceptive consumer sales. Provides that for purposes of Indiana motor vehicle law: (1) "intoxicated" includes being under the influence of tetrahydrocannabinol; and (2) "schedule I drug" includes marijuana, hemp, and tetrahydrocannabinol. Provides that the state seed commissioner (commissioner) may issue hemp grower's licenses and hemp handler's licenses, and specifies licensure requirements and duties of licensees. Provides that the commissioner: (1) shall share information with the state police department regarding the commissioner's licensure of hemp growers and handlers; and (2) shall report specified information to the United States Secretary of Agriculture. Provides that Indiana's hemp growing programs may not operate above federal restrictions or limitations. Repeals chapters regarding: (1) distribution of low THC hemp extract; and (2) sale of low THC hemp extract. Provides that a retail establishment in which tobacco products and products containing THC (rather than tobacco products alone, under current law) account for 85% of the establishment's gross sales may not allow an individual under 21 years of age to enter the establishment. Adds federal definitions of certain hemp terms to the Indiana criminal code. Modifies definitions of "marijuana" and "smokable hemp" for purposes of the Indiana criminal code. Removes references to "delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol" and "low THC hemp extract" in certain crimes. Provides that nothing in Indiana: (1) alcohol and tobacco law; or (2) agriculture law; may be construed under the "inclusio unius, exclusio alterius" canon of construction as legalizing marijuana. Specifies situations in which a product shall be treated as if it is marijuana. Makes an appropriation.



January 23, 2026

Second Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2026)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2025 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 250

---

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure and to make an appropriation.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1        SECTION 1. IC 7.1-1-3-46.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
2        CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
3        [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 46.5. "**THC**" means  
4        **tetrahydrocannabinol, including hemp derived cannabinoid**  
5        **products, synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the**  
6        **plant or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, and synthetic**  
7        **substances, derivates, and their isomers with a similar chemical**  
8        **structure and pharmacological activity.**

9        SECTION 2. IC 7.1-3-23-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.285-2019,  
10       SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
11       JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) **Except as otherwise provided in IC 7.1-8**  
12       **for purposes of IC 7.1-8**, the commission may:

13       (1) fine or suspend or revoke the permit or certificate of; or  
14       (2) fine and suspend or revoke the permit or certificate of;  
15       a permittee for the violation of a provision of this title or of a rule or

SB 250—LS 7117/DI 107



1 regulation of the commission. The commission may fine a permittee for  
2 each day the violation continues if the violation is of a continuing  
3 nature.

4 (b) The commission shall revoke the permit of a permittee for the  
5 violation of IC 35-45-5-3, IC 35-45-5-3.5, or IC 35-45-5-4. A finding  
6 that a permittee has violated IC 35-45-5-3, IC 35-45-5-3.5, or  
7 IC 35-45-5-4 must be supported by a preponderance of the evidence.

8 SECTION 3. IC 7.1-4-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2005,  
9 SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
10 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), **and**  
11 **except as otherwise provided in IC 7.1-8 for purposes of IC 7.1-8**,  
12 the chairman and the department shall deposit the money collected  
13 under sections 1, 2, and 3 of this chapter daily with the treasurer of  
14 state, and not later than the fifth day of the following month shall  
15 cover:

16 (1) thirty-four percent (34%) of the money collected under section  
17 1 of this chapter into the enforcement and administration fund  
18 established under IC 7.1-4-10-1; and

19 (2) sixty-six percent (66%) of the money collected under section  
20 1 of this chapter and money collected under sections 2 and 3 of  
21 this chapter into the state general fund for state general fund  
22 purposes.

23 (b) The chairman and the department shall deposit all money  
24 collected under IC 7.1-2-5-3, IC 7.1-2-5-8, IC 7.1-3-17.5,  
25 IC 7.1-3-17.7, IC 7.1-3-22-9, and IC 7.1-4-4.1-5 daily with the treasurer  
26 of state, and not later than the fifth day of the following month shall  
27 cover the money into the enforcement and administration fund  
28 established under IC 7.1-4-10-1.

29 SECTION 4. IC 7.1-5-7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2014,  
30 SECTION 49, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
31 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. (a) Subject to IC 7.1-5-1-6.5, it is a Class C  
32 misdemeanor for a minor to knowingly:

33 (1) possess an alcoholic beverage **or a product containing THC**;  
34 (2) consume an alcoholic beverage **or a product containing**  
35 **THC**; or  
36 (3) transport an alcoholic beverage **or a product containing**  
37 **THC** on a public highway when not accompanied by at least one  
38 (1) of the minor's parents or guardians.

39 (b) If a minor is found to have violated subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3)  
40 while operating a vehicle, the court may order the minor's driving  
41 privileges suspended for up to one (1) year. However, if the minor is  
42 less than eighteen (18) years of age, the court shall order the minor's



1 driving privileges suspended for at least sixty (60) days.

2 (c) The court shall deliver any order suspending a minor's driving  
3 privileges under this section to the bureau of motor vehicles, which  
4 shall suspend the minor's driving privileges under IC 9-24-18-12.2 for  
5 the period ordered by the court.

6 SECTION 5. IC 7.1-5-7-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2019,  
7 SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
8 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. (a) It is a Class B misdemeanor for a person to  
9 recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally sell, barter, exchange, provide,  
10 or furnish an alcoholic beverage **or a product containing THC** to a  
11 minor.

12 (b) However, the offense described in subsection (a) is:

13 (1) a Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated  
14 conviction under this section; and

15 (2) a Level 6 felony if the consumption, ingestion, or use of the  
16 alcoholic beverage **or product containing THC** is the proximate  
17 cause of the serious bodily injury or death of any person.

18 (c) A person who knowingly or intentionally:

19 (1) rents property; or

20 (2) provides or arranges for the use of property;

21 for the purpose of allowing or enabling a minor to consume an  
22 alcoholic beverage **or a product containing THC** on the property  
23 commits a Class C infraction. However, the violation is a Class B  
24 misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated adjudication or  
25 conviction for a violation of this section within the previous five (5)  
26 years.

27 (d) This section shall not be construed to impose civil liability upon  
28 any postsecondary educational institution, including public and private  
29 universities and colleges, business schools, vocational schools, and  
30 schools for continuing education, or its agents for injury to any person  
31 or property sustained in consequence of a violation of this section  
32 unless the institution or its agent:

33 (1) sells, barter, exchanges, provides, or furnishes an alcoholic  
34 beverage **or a product containing THC** to a minor; or

35 (2) either:

36 (A) rents property; or

37 (B) provides or arranges for the use of property;

38 for the purpose of allowing or enabling a minor to consume an  
39 alcoholic beverage **or a product containing THC** on the  
40 property.

41 SECTION 6. IC 7.1-5-7-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
42 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 15. A person



1 twenty-one (21) years of age or older who knowingly or intentionally  
2 encourages, aids, or induces a minor to unlawfully possess an alcoholic  
3 beverage **or a product containing THC** commits a Class C infraction.

4 SECTION 7. IC 7.1-5-7-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2011,  
5 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
6 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 16. The commission shall conduct random  
7 unannounced inspections at locations where alcoholic beverages **or**  
8 **products containing THC** are sold or distributed to ensure compliance  
9 with this title. Only the commission may conduct the random  
10 unannounced inspections. The commission may use retired or off duty  
11 law enforcement officers to conduct inspections under this section.

12 SECTION 8. IC 7.1-5-7-18 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
13 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY  
14 1, 2026]: Sec. 18. (a) **A law enforcement officer vested with full**  
15 **police powers and duties may engage an individual who is:**

16 (1) **at least sixteen (16) years of age; and**  
17 (2) **less than twenty-one (21) years of age;**

18 **to receive or purchase a product that contains any amount of THC**  
19 **as part of an enforcement action under this article.**

20 (b) **The initial or contemporaneous receipt or purchase of a**  
21 **product that contains any amount of THC must:**

22 (1) **occur under the direction of a law enforcement officer**  
23 **vested with full police powers and duties; and**  
24 (2) **be a part of the enforcement action.**

25 SECTION 9. IC 7.1-5-10-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2014,  
26 SECTION 80, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
27 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 15. (a) A person who, knowing that another  
28 person is intoxicated, sells, barters, delivers, or gives away an alcoholic  
29 beverage **or a product containing THC** to the intoxicated person  
30 commits a Class B misdemeanor.

31 (b) In any civil proceeding in which damages are sought from a  
32 permittee or a permittee's agent for the refusal to serve a person an  
33 alcoholic beverage **or a product containing THC**, it is a complete  
34 defense if the permittee or agent reasonably believed that the person  
35 was intoxicated or was otherwise not entitled to be served an alcoholic  
36 beverage **or a product containing THC**.

37 (c) After charges have been filed against a person for a violation of  
38 subsection (a), the prosecuting attorney shall notify the commission of  
39 the charges filed.

40 SECTION 10. IC 7.1-5-10-15.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
41 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 15.5. (a) As used in this  
42 section, "furnish" includes barter, deliver, sell, exchange, provide, or



1 give away.

2 (b) A person who furnishes an alcoholic beverage **or a product**  
3 **containing THC** to a person is not liable in a civil action for damages  
4 caused by the impairment or intoxication of the person who was  
5 furnished the alcoholic beverage **or product containing THC** unless:

6 (1) the person furnishing the alcoholic beverage **or product**  
7 **containing THC** had actual knowledge that the person to whom  
8 the alcoholic beverage **or product containing THC** was  
9 furnished was visibly intoxicated at the time the alcoholic  
10 beverage **or product containing THC** was furnished; and  
11 (2) the intoxication of the person to whom the alcoholic beverage  
12 **or product containing THC** was furnished was a proximate  
13 cause of the death, injury, or damage alleged in the complaint.

14 (c) If a person who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age suffers  
15 injury or death proximately caused by the person's voluntary  
16 intoxication, the:

17 (1) person;  
18 (2) person's dependents;  
19 (3) person's personal representative; or  
20 (4) person's heirs;

21 may not assert a claim for damages for personal injury or death against  
22 a person who furnished an alcoholic beverage **or a product containing**  
23 **THC** that contributed to the person's intoxication, unless subsections  
24 (b)(1) and (b)(2) apply.

25 SECTION 11. IC 7.1-7-3-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE  
26 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY  
27 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. **An e-liquid that is a hemp derived cannabinoid**  
28 **product is subject to this article and IC 7.1-8.**

29 SECTION 12. IC 7.1-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS  
30 A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,  
31 2026]:

32 **ARTICLE 8. HEMP DERIVED CANNABINOID PRODUCTS**

33 **Chapter 1. Applicability, Purpose, and Effective Date**

34 **Sec. 1. This article is effective October 1, 2026.**

35 **Sec. 2. (a) This article does not limit the powers or duties of the**  
36 **commission under IC 7.1-2.**

37 **(b) This article may not be construed to restrict or limit any law**  
38 **under IC 35-48.**

39 **Sec. 3. The purpose of this article is to promote the health and**  
40 **safety of hemp derived cannabinoid products by:**

41 **(1) ensuring hemp derived cannabinoid products sold in**  
42 **Indiana meet federal laws and regulations;**



- (2) creating a permitting scheme for hemp derived cannabinoid products in Indiana so that hemp derived cannabinoid products may be sold and have law enforcement oversight; and
- (3) requiring persons distributing hemp derived cannabinoid products in Indiana to have valid permits and to submit an applicable certificate of analysis to the commission.

Sec. 4. The definitions in IC 35-48-8 apply throughout this chapter.

Sec. 5. A product that purports to be a hemp derived cannabinoid product, but is in violation of this article, is to be treated as marijuana (as defined in IC 35-48-1-29).

## Chapter 2. Definitions

**Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this article.**

**Sec. 2. "Batch" means a specific quantity of a specific product containing cannabinoids derived from hemp that is:**

- (1) manufactured at the same time;
- (2) manufactured using the same:
  - (A) methods;
  - (B) equipment; and
  - (C) ingredients;

that are uniform and intended to meet specifications for identity, strength, purity, and composition; and

**(3) manufactured, packaged, and labeled according to a single batch production record that is:**

- (A) executed; and
- (B) documented.

Sec. 3. "CBD product" means a product that contains a cannabidiol or cannabigerol but does not contain tetrahydrocannabinol, any other cannabinoids, or any other controlled substances.

**Sec. 3.5. "Container" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-2.**

Sec. 4. (a) "Hemp derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-4.

Sec. 5. "Hemp distributor" means a person who distributes hemp derived cannabinoid products and has a permit under IC 7.1-8-10.

**Sec. 6. "Hemp manufacturer" means a person who produces hemp derived cannabinoid products and has a permit under IC 7.1-8-9.**

**Sec. 7. "Hemp retailer" means a person who sells or dispenses**



1       **a hemp derived cannabinoid product and has a permit under**  
2       **IC 7.1-8-11.**

3       **Sec. 8. "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning set forth in**  
4       **IC 35-31.5-2-185.**

5       **Sec. 9. "Marijuana" has the meaning set forth in**  
6       **IC 35-48-1.1-29.**

7       **Sec. 10. "Permit holder" means a person who holds a valid**  
8       **permit issued under this article.**

9       **Chapter 3. Commission Duties**

10      **Sec. 1. The commission shall enforce and administer this article.**

11      **Sec. 2. The commission shall:**

- 12       **(1) issue permits under this article;**
- 13       **(2) assess fees to permit holders;**
- 14       **(3) approve or deny permit applications;**
- 15       **(4) create an online data base for permit information,**  
16       **certificate of analysis information, and other information**  
17       **related to hemp derived cannabinoid products in Indiana;**
- 18       **(5) monitor all permit holders;**
- 19       **(6) monitor all hemp derived cannabinoid products**  
20       **manufactured, distributed, and retailed in Indiana;**
- 21       **(7) test all hemp derived cannabinoid products as necessary**  
22       **to ensure compliance with this article;**
- 23       **(8) train excise officers to implement and enforce this article;**  
24       **and**
- 25       **(9) create an affidavit for purposes of IC 7.1-8-6-1(a).**

26      **Sec. 3. The commission may audit the records of a permit holder**  
27      **at any time to ensure compliance with:**

- 28       **(1) this article;**
- 29       **(2) rules adopted by the commission;**
- 30       **(3) permit requirements; and**
- 31       **(4) permit conditions.**

32      **Sec. 4. (a) The commission may inspect a permit holder's:**

- 33       **(1) records;**
- 34       **(2) property, including vehicles;**
- 35       **(3) hemp; and**
- 36       **(4) hemp derived cannabinoid products.**

37      **(b) The commission may conduct an inspection under this**  
38      **section independently or in cooperation with:**

- 39       **(1) the state police department;**
- 40       **(2) a federal law enforcement agency; or**
- 41       **(3) a local law enforcement agency.**

42      **Chapter 4. Prescription Drugs**



1           **Sec. 1. This article does not apply to the sale or possession of the**  
2           **following:**

3           (1) Marinol.  
4           (2) Syndros.  
5           (3) Cesamet.  
6           (4) Epidiolex.

7           **Sec. 2. An individual who is less than twenty-one (21) years of**  
8           **age may purchase and possess a CBD product.**

9           **Chapter 5. Permit Applications**

10          **Sec. 1. The commission may:**

11          (1) consider;  
12          (2) approve;  
13          (3) deny; or  
14          (4) renew;

15          **an application to manufacture, distribute, or sell a hemp derived**  
16          **cannabinoid product.**

17          **Sec. 2. If an applicant intentionally misstates a material fact in**  
18          **an application for a permit under this chapter, the commission**  
19          **shall deny the application.**

20          **Sec. 3. (a) An application for a permit under this article must**  
21          **include the following:**

22          (1) The name of the applicant.  
23          (2) The address of the premises to which the permit will be  
24          applicable.  
25          (3) A nonrefundable fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).  
26          (4) The name under which the applicant transacts or intends  
27          to transact business.  
28          (5) The address of the applicant.  
29          (6) An express statement of the applicant that the applicant  
30          consents for the duration of the permit term and one (1) year  
31          after the permit expires, to the entrance, inspection, and  
32          search and seizure by a law enforcement officer, without a  
33          warrant, of the licensed premises and vehicles to determine  
34          whether the applicant is complying with this article. The  
35          applicant's consent required by this section is renewed and  
36          continued by the retention of a permit or its use by the  
37          applicant.  
38          (7) A signed statement by the applicant, under the penalties of  
39          perjury, that the individual applying for the permit has not  
40          been convicted, in the previous five (5) years, of:  
41           (A) a federal crime having a sentence of at least one (1)  
42           year;



(B) a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony under Indiana law;

(C) a drug related Level 6 felony or misdemeanor;

(D) a crime in a state other than Indiana having a penalty equal to the penalty for a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony; or

(E) a drug related felony or misdemeanor in a state other than Indiana.

(8) A written consent for the state police department to conduct a state or national criminal history background check of the applicant.

(b) The commission shall deposit an application fee received under subsection (a)(3) in the hemp derived cannabinoid products fund established by IC 7.1-8-16.

Sec. 4. (a) Upon receipt of a permit application under this chapter, the commission shall forward a copy of the application to the state police department.

(b) The state police department shall do the following:

(1) Perform a state or national criminal history background check of the applicant.

(2) Determine if the applicant was convicted, in the previous five (5) years, of:

(A) a federal crime having a sentence of at least one (1) year;

(B) a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony under Indiana law;

(C) a drug related Level 6 felony or misdemeanor;

(D) a crime in a state other than Indiana having a penalty equal to the penalty for a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony; or

(E) a drug related felony or misdemeanor in a state other than Indiana.

(3) Return the application to the commission with the state police department's determinations and a copy of the state or national criminal history background check.

(c) The commission may assess a fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) on behalf of the state police department to conduct criminal background checks.

(d) The commission shall review a permit application and criminal background check information returned from the state police department.

(e) If the commission determines that all the requirements under



1       **this chapter have been met and that a permit should be granted to**  
 2       **the applicant, the commission shall approve the application for**  
 3       **issuance of a permit.**

4       **Sec. 5. (a) The commission may not issue a permit under this**  
 5       **chapter to an individual who:**

- 6       **(1) is less than twenty-one (21) years of age;**
- 7       **(2) is not registered with the secretary of state to do business**  
       **in Indiana;**
- 8       **(3) has or had an interest in a hemp permit, an alcohol permit,**  
       **or a tobacco sales certificate that has been revoked by the**  
       **commission in the previous five (5) years;**
- 9       **(4) does not have lawful status (as defined in IC 9-13-2-92.3);**
- 10       **(5) has been convicted within five (5) years, and the conviction**  
       **has not been expunged under IC 35-38-9, before the date of**  
       **application of:**
- 11        **(A) a federal crime having a sentence of at least one (1)**  
          **year;**
- 12        **(B) a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4, or Level 5 felony**  
          **under Indiana law;**
- 13        **(C) a drug related Level 6 felony or misdemeanor;**
- 14        **(D) a crime in a state other than Indiana having a penalty**  
          **equal to the penalty for a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, Level 4,**  
          **or Level 5 felony; or**
- 15        **(E) a drug related felony or misdemeanor in a state other**  
          **than Indiana;**
- 16       **(6) is non compos mentis; or**
- 17       **(7) has made an application for a permit under this title that**  
       **has been denied less than one (1) year prior to the person's**  
       **application for a hemp permit unless the first application was**  
       **denied by reason of a procedural or technical defect.**

31       **(b) Subsection (a)(1) does not prevent a minor from being a**  
 32       **stockholder in a corporation.**

33       **Sec. 6. (a) A permit issued by the commission under this article**  
 34       **must contain the following information:**

- 35       **(1) The permit number.**
- 36       **(2) The permit holder's name.**
- 37       **(3) The name and address of the business for which the permit**  
       **is issued.**
- 38       **(4) The expiration date of the permit.**

39       **(b) A permit issued under this article is:**

- 40       **(1) valid for one (1) year after the date of issuance, unless the**  
       **commission suspends or revokes the permit; and**



**(2) nontransferable.**

Sec. 7. The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish procedures for the issuance, renewal, reinstatement, and maintenance of a permit under this article.

## Chapter 6. Permits

**Sec. 1. (a) If a permit holder sells a hemp business and permit issued under this article, the new owner:**

- (1) must also file a new application for that type of hemp permit that the previous owner held;
- (2) is subject to all of the rules and regulations that applied to the previous permit holder; and
- (3) must provide the commission with proof of the sale, including:
  - (A) a purchase agreement; or
  - (B) an affidavit signed by the applicant on the form described in IC 7.1-8-3-2(9).

**(b) The previous permit holder's permit is void after the later of the following:**

- (1) The date of the sale of the business.**
- (2) The date of the transfer of the business.**

(c) The commission may choose to not issue a permit to the new owner if the new owner does not comply with the application requirements of this article.

Sec. 2. (a) A separate permit is required for each location in which a hemp derived cannabinoid product is manufactured, distributed, or sold.

(b) A person may have multiple permits for manufacturing, distributing, or retail selling of hemp, but a person may not have both:

- (1) manufacturing and distribution permits;**
- (2) manufacturing and retail permits; or**
- (3) distribution and retail permits.**

**Sec. 3. A person who has been approved to be a hemp permit holder must conspicuously display the holder's hemp permit on the holder's premises, and keep the permit posted and displayed, as soon as the commission has approved the permit and as long as the permit is valid.**

**Sec. 4. The commission shall not issue more than one (1) type of permit under this article to a person.**

## Chapter 7. Deposit of Permits

**Sec. 1. (a) If a permit holder is unable to immediately operate the business for which the permit was issued, the permit holder**



1       **shall deposit the permit with the commission, subject to the**  
 2       **commission's approval. The commission may approve the deposit**  
 3       **of the permit for the following terms:**

4       **(1) An initial term of deposit that expires twenty-four (24)**  
 5       **months after the date of the commission's approval.**

6       **(2) An extension of the term of deposit that expires twelve (12)**  
 7       **months after the date the initial term of deposit under**  
 8       **subdivision (1) expires.**

9       **(3) An extension of the term of deposit that expires twelve (12)**  
 10       **months after the date the initial term of deposit under**  
 11       **subdivision (2) expires.**

12       **(4) An extension of the term of deposit that expires twelve (12)**  
 13       **months after the date the initial term of deposit under**  
 14       **subdivision (3) expires.**

15       **(b) If the permit has not expired or reverted to the commission,**  
 16       **a permit holder may withdraw a permit that is deposited with the**  
 17       **commission and make the permit active at any time before the**  
 18       **term of deposit expires, subject to any requirements of the**  
 19       **commission.**

20       **Sec. 2. (a) A permit reverts to the commission if:**

21       **(1) a term of deposit under section 1(a) of this chapter expires**  
 22       **without the commission approving an extension of the term;**  
 23       **and**

24       **(2) the permit is not active.**

25       **(b) At least ninety (90) days before the date that a term of**  
 26       **deposit expires, the commission shall provide written notice to the**  
 27       **permit holder of the date that:**

28       **(1) the term of deposit expires; and**

29       **(2) the permit will revert to the commission if:**

30       **(A) the permit is not active; or**

31       **(B) an extension of the term of deposit has not been**  
 32       **approved by the commission.**

33       **Sec. 3. This section sets out the procedure for a permit holder to**  
 34       **request deposit of a permit or extension of a term of deposit. A**  
 35       **permit holder must do the following:**

36       **(1) Submit the permit holder's request for deposit or an**  
 37       **extension of the term of deposit to the commission in writing.**  
 38       **A permit holder must submit a request for extension at least**  
 39       **sixty (60) days before the term of deposit expires.**

40       **(2) To make an initial request for deposit of a permit, submit**  
 41       **documentation of the following:**

42       **(A) The specific reasons why the business for which the**



permit was issued is not immediately operational.

**(B) A timetable for making the business and the permit active.**

**(C) A detailed statement of the permit holder's efforts to make the business operational and the permit active.**

(3) To request an extension of a term of deposit, appear at a public meeting of the commission and provide to the commission's satisfaction an explanation of the following:

**(A) The specific reasons why the business for which the permit was issued is not immediately operational.**

**(B) A timetable for making the business operational and the permit active.**

**(C) A detailed statement of the permit holder's efforts to make the business operational and the permit active.**

(4) Submit to the commission any other documentation of the permit holder's efforts under subdivision (3)(C), including:

**(A) contracts for construction or renovation of the permit premises:**

**(B) zoning applications and approvals: and**

(C) building permits and any other necessary government approvals.

**(5) If the commission approves the permit holder's initial request for deposit or request for an extension of a term of deposit, pay any permit renewal fees that are due.**

**Sec. 4. The commission shall send a notice by mail or electronic mail to a person of:**

**(1) the commission's approval or denial of a request for deposit or extension of a term of deposit; and**

**(2) if the permit holder's request is approved:**

(A) the date that the term of deposit expires; and

(B) any fees that are due and payable by the permit holder.

**A person adversely affected by the commission's determination under this chapter may seek judicial review of the determination under IC 4-21.5.**

## **Chapter 8. Suspension, Revocation, and Reinstatement of Permits**

**Sec. 1. (a)** The commission may suspend or revoke a hemp permit if the permit holder fails to pay a civil penalty ordered by the commission.

**(b) Before enforcing the imposition of a civil penalty or suspending or revoking a hemp permit, the commission shall:**

**(1) provide written notice of the alleged violation to the permit**



**holder; and**  
**(2) conduct a hearing**

**(c) If the commission:**

(1) imposes a civil m

(1) imposes a civil penalty; or  
(2) suspends or revokes a hem

(2) suspends or revokes a hemp permit, a commission shall issue a written notice to

**the commission shall issue a written notice to the permit holder within ten (10) business days.**

(d) The commission shall suspend a hemp permit for ninety (90) days if the commission finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the permit holder has committed a crime or that a crime was committed on the premises of the hemp permit holder.

**Sec. 2. (a) If a permit has expired or been suspended under this article, the commission may not reinstate or renew the permit until the permit holder has paid all civil penalties imposed by the commission.**

**(b) The failure to pay a civil penalty described in subsection (a), after ninety (90) days, is a Class B infraction.**

(c) If the commission has revoked a hemp permit, the commission may not reinstate or renew the permit until at least one hundred eighty (180) days after the revocation. The commission may reinstate an expired or revoked permit if the applicant demonstrates that the applicant will:

(1) exercise due diligence on the applicant's premises; and

**(2) properly supervise and train the applicant's employees or agents that will handle the hemp derived cannabinoid products.**

(d) If a permit is reinstated or renewed under this section, the applicant must pay a new nonrefundable application fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

**(e) As a condition of reinstatement of a hemp permit, the permit holder must train its employees on the laws and rules governing the proper handling of hemp derived cannabinoid products in Indiana.**

## Chapter 9. Manufacturer Permits

**Sec. 1. (a) A person shall not manufacture a hemp derived cannabinoid product without holding a valid hemp manufacturer permit issued by the commission.**

**(b) A hemp manufacturer shall only purchase hemp from a person licensed to grow hemp under IC 15-15-13.**

Sec. 2. (a) The commission may issue a hemp derived cannabinoid products manufacturer permit only to a person who:

(1) intends to manufacture hemp derived cannabinoid products;



- (2) owns or operates a premises consisting of a permanent building or structures in which hemp derived cannabinoid products can be manufactured; and
- (3) meets the commission's requirements for a hemp derived cannabinoid products manufacturer permit.

**(b) The commission shall charge one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for a hemp derived cannabinoid products manufacturer permit annually. The commission shall deposit this fee in the hemp derived cannabinoid products fund established by IC 7.1-8-16.**

(c) A hemp manufacturer may only sell hemp derived cannabinoid products to a hemp distributor permit holder.

(d) A hemp manufacturer may only manufacture hemp derived cannabinoid products in Indiana.

## Chapter 10. Distributor Permits

Sec. 1. (a) A person shall not purchase hemp derived cannabinoid products from a hemp manufacturer without holding a valid hemp distributor permit issued by the commission.

**(b) A person shall not sell hemp derived cannabinoid products to a hemp retailer without holding a valid hemp distributor permit issued by the commission.**

(c) A person shall not distribute hemp derived cannabinoid products without holding a valid hemp distributor permit issued by the commission.

**Sec. 2. (a) The commission may issue a hemp distributor permit to a person who intends to distribute hemp derived cannabinoid products and meets the commission's requirements for a hemp derived cannabinoid products distributor permit.**

(b) The commission shall charge seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) for a hemp distributor permit annually.

**(c) A hemp distributor may only sell hemp derived cannabinoid products to a hemp retail permit holder.**

**(d) A hemp distributor may only buy hemp derived cannabinoid products from a hemp manufacturer permit holder.**

## Chapter 11. Retail Permits

**Sec. 1. (a) A hemp retail permit holder under this chapter may only purchase hemp derived cannabinoid products from a hemp distributor holding a valid hemp distributor permit issued by the commission.**

**(b) A person may only purchase hemp derived cannabinoid products from a hemp distributor if the person holds a hemp retail permit.**

**(c) A person may only sell:**



**(1) a hemp derived cannabinoid product; and**  
**(2) a CBD product;**  
**to a member of the public if the person holds a valid hemp derived cannabinoid products retail permit issued by the commission.**

Sec. 2. (a) The commission may issue a hemp derived cannabinoid products retail permit to a person who:

- (1) intends to sell hemp derived cannabinoid products; and**
- (2) meets the commission's requirements for a hemp derived cannabinoid products retail permit.**

(b) The commission shall charge five hundred fifty dollars (\$550) for a hemp derived cannabinoid products retail permit annually. The commission shall deposit this fee in the hemp derived cannabinoid products fund established by IC 7.1-8-16.

Sec. 3. (a) It is a Class C infraction for a hemp retail permit holder or an employee or agent of a hemp retail permit holder to recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally sell, barter, exchange, provide, or furnish another person who is or reasonably appears to be less than forty (40) years of age a hemp derived cannabinoid product without first requiring the person to produce:

- (1) a driver's license;
- (2) an identification card issued under IC 9-24-16-1 or a similar card issued under the laws of another state or the federal government; or
- (3) a government issued document;

bearing the person's photograph and birth date showing that the person is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.

(b) A hemp retail permit holder does not need to request the identification of an individual to purchase a CBD product, as defined in IC 7.1-8-2-3.

**Sec. 4. A hemp retail permit holder must pay state sales tax on all products that the retail permit holder sells.**

**Sec. 5. A hemp retail permit holder may not operate from a location that is within one thousand (1,000) feet of the perimeter of:**

- (1) a school;**
- (2) a playground;**
- (3) a child care center;**
- (4) a library; or**
- (5) a government owned or operated property.**

**Sec. 6. A hemp retail permit holder shall prohibit the onsite consumption of hemp derived cannabinoid products on the hemp permit holder's premises.**

**Sec. 7. A hemp retail permit holder may not deliver hemp**



**derived cannabinoid products to any customer.**

**Sec. 8. The sale of hemp derived cannabinoid products on the Internet is expressly prohibited. Unless specifically granted authority by a statute passed by the general assembly, the commission shall not allow the operation of or authorize online sale of hemp derived cannabinoid products.**

## Chapter 12. Carrier Permits

**Sec. 1. (a) The commission may issue a hemp carrier permit to a person who:**

**(1) intends to transport hemp or hemp derived cannabinoid products:**

- (A) between a hemp grower, licensed under IC 15-15-13-7 and a hemp manufacturer;
- (B) between a hemp manufacturer and a hemp distributor;
- (C) between a hemp distributor and a hemp retailer; or
- (D) between Indiana and another state; and

(2) meets the commission's requirements for a hemp carrier permit.

(b) A person transporting industrial hemp, as defined in IC 35-48-8-5, is exempt under this article but must obtain a hemp handling permit under IC 15-15-13-7 to transport industrial hemp.

**Sec. 2. (a) An applicant for a carrier permit under this chapter must submit to the commission the description of the applicant's vehicle including:**

etc including:

- (1) the date of manufacture of the vehicle;**
- (2) the vehicle's approximate weight;**
- (3) the vehicle's vehicle identification number (VIN);**
- (4) the vehicle's license plate number;**
- (5) the vehicle's capacity; and**
- (6) other information that the commission requires by rule.**

(b) An applicant for a carrier permit under this chapter must submit a surety bond in a penal sum of a minimum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), executed by the applicant and payable to the state of Indiana, to the commission. The bond shall be conditioned that the applicant will not violate a provision of this title, or a rule or regulation of the commission. The commission shall duly execute and approve the bond.

(c) A separate carrier permit is required for each vehicle that is used to transport hemp derived cannabinoid products.

(d) The driver of the vehicle transporting hemp derived cannabinoid products must possess the carrier permit.

(e) If a driver fails to possess a carrier permit while



**transporting hemp or hemp derived cannabinoid products, a law enforcement officer may seize, embargo, or retain any hemp derived cannabinoid products in the vehicle.**

Sec. 3. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to require an applicant for a carrier permit under this chapter to demonstrate reliability and responsibility.

Sec. 4. (a) The commission shall charge a fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for a hemp carrier permit annually.

**(b) The commission shall deposit a fee received under subsection (a) in the hemp derived cannabinoid products fund established by IC 7.1-8-16.**

## Chapter 13. Labeling

**Sec. 1. (a) A hemp manufacturer may only sell a hemp derived cannabinoid product to a hemp distributor if the hemp derived cannabinoid product is labeled in accordance with this chapter.**

(b) A hemp distributor may only distribute a hemp derived cannabinoid product to a hemp retailer if the hemp derived cannabinoid product is labeled in accordance with this chapter.

(c) A hemp retailer may only sell a hemp derived cannabinoid product to a member of the public if the container or packaging of the hemp derived cannabinoid product contains a label that is in accordance with this chapter.

**(d) If a person violates this chapter:**

(1) a law enforcement officer shall seize any improperly labeled products; and

(2) the commission may revoke the person's permit issued under this article.

**(e) A product seized under subsection (d)(1) is presumed to be marijuana as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29.**

**Sec. 2. (a) A label on a hemp derived cannabinoid product must be conspicuous and include the following information:**

**(1) The batch number.**

**(2) The hemp derived cannabinoid product permit number.**

**(3) If at the manufacturing stage, the hemp manufacturer's permit number.**

(4) If at the distribution stage, the hemp manufacturer's and the distributor's permit numbers.

(5) If at the retail stage, the hemp manufacturer's permit number, the hemp distributor's permit number, and the hemp retailer's permit number.

### **(6) The weight of the product.**

**(7) Test results from a Hemp Analytical Testing Laboratory**



**registered with the federal Drug Enforcement Administration, indicating the:**

(A) percentage amount of each cannabinoid strain, including THC and cannabidiol, present in the hemp derived cannabinoid product; and

(B) number of milligrams of each cannabinoid strain, including THC and cannabidiol, present in the hemp derived cannabinoid product.

**(8) A QR code that links to the commission's online data base with the certificate of analysis for the testing of the hemp derived cannabinoid product.**

(9) Except as provided in subsection (b), that the product is legally available only to an individual who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.

**(10) The following statement: "THE STATE OF INDIANA  
HEALTH WARNING: Hemp derived cannabinoid products  
can be addictive and impair an individual's ability to drive a  
motor vehicle or operate heavy machinery. Smoking can lead  
to an increased risk for cancer, tachycardia, hypertension,  
heart attack, and lung infection. These products may also  
affect the health of a pregnant woman and the unborn child.  
KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.".**

**(b) Subsection (a)(9) does not apply to CBD products, as defined in IC 7.1-8-2-3.**

## Chapter 14. Containers

**Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "container" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-2.**

**Sec. 2. A person may not manufacture, sell, or distribute a hemp derived cannabinoid product unless the product is contained in child resistant packaging.**

Sec. 3. (a) If the commission discovers any hemp derived cannabinoid product sold or distributed in violation of this article, the commission may seize and take possession of the product. The commission shall destroy all products seized under this subsection.

(b) The commission may impose a civil penalty on any person who sells or distributes a hemp derived cannabinoid product in violation of this article. However, the civil penalty may not exceed the greater of:

(1) five hundred percent (500%) of the retail value of the product sold or distributed in violation of this chapter; or  
(2) five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

## Chapter 15. Laboratories



1           **Sec. 1. (a) The state police department shall publish on the**  
2           **department's website the list of Hemp Analytical Testing**  
3           **Laboratories registered with the federal Drug Enforcement**  
4           **Administration licensed to test hemp for THC concentration in**  
5           **Indiana.**

6           **(b) The commission shall notify the state police department if a**  
7           **laboratory listed under subsection (a) has failed to comply with this**  
8           **article.**

9           **(c) The state police department shall delete a laboratory from**  
10           **the list described in subsection (a) after receiving a notification**  
11           **under subsection (b).**

12           **Sec. 2. A hemp manufacturer must test each hemp derived**  
13           **cannabinoid product that the hemp manufacturer produces at a**  
14           **Hemp Analytical Testing Laboratory registered with the federal**  
15           **Drug Enforcement Administration and listed on the state police**  
16           **department's website.**

17           **Sec. 3. A hemp manufacturer must submit the following to the**  
18           **commission:**

- 19           **(1) The certificate of analysis for each product tested by a**  
20           **laboratory under section 2 of this chapter.**
- 21           **(2) The name of the laboratory that tested the product.**
- 22           **(3) The license number of the laboratory that tested the**  
23           **product.**
- 24           **(4) A draft of a label that complies with IC 7.1-8-13.**
- 25           **(5) The address of the hemp manufacturer.**
- 26           **(6) The percentage of every cannabinoid contained in the**  
27           **product.**
- 28           **(7) The terpenoid type and concentration used.**
- 29           **(8) The residual solvents and processing chemicals used.**
- 30           **(9) Any residual pesticides used.**
- 31           **(10) Any heavy metals contained the product.**
- 32           **(11) Any microbial impurities in the product.**
- 33           **(12) Any mycotoxins present in the product.**
- 34           **(13) Any water activity.**
- 35           **(14) Any yeast and mold in the product.**
- 36           **(15) A statement indicating whether vitamin E acetate is in**  
37           **the product.**
- 38           **(16) The hemp grower's license number.**

39           **Sec. 4. The commission shall publish information compiled**  
40           **under section 3 of this chapter in the commission's data base for**  
41           **hemp derived cannabinoid products and post this information on**  
42           **the commission's website.**



1       **Sec. 5. (a) A hemp manufacturer, a hemp distributor, or a hemp**  
2       **retailer may not sell a hemp derived cannabinoid product that is**  
3       **not properly tested under section 2 of this chapter.**

4       **(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally falsifies or alters**  
5       **a certificate of analysis is subject to criminal prosecution under**  
6       **IC 35-43-5-4.**

7       **(c) A hemp derived cannabinoid product with a falsified or**  
8       **altered certificate of analysis is to be considered marijuana (as**  
9       **defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29).**

10       **Sec. 6. (a) A laboratory testing hemp under this chapter must**  
11       **submit to the hemp manufacturer each certificate of analysis that**  
12       **it performs.**

13       **(b) The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to**  
14       **implement this chapter.**

15       **Chapter 16. Hemp Derived Cannabinoid Products Fund**

16       **Sec. 1. (a) The hemp derived cannabinoid products fund is**  
17       **established as a dedicated fund administered by the state budget**  
18       **agency.**

19       **(b) All money received by the commission for deposit in the**  
20       **hemp derived cannabinoid products fund shall be deposited in the**  
21       **fund.**

22       **(c) The commission shall deposit in the fund all:**

- 23           **(1) fees for permits received under this article; and**
- 24           **(2) application fees received under this article.**

25       **(d) No portion of the fund shall revert to the state general fund**  
26       **at the end of a state fiscal year. However, if the fund is abolished,**  
27       **its contents shall revert to the state general fund.**

28       **(e) All money accruing in the fund is continuously appropriated**  
29       **for the purposes in this chapter.**

30       **Sec. 2. In each state fiscal year, the prior state fiscal year**  
31       **collections accrued to the fund shall be used by the commission as**  
32       **follows:**

33           **(1) Seventy percent (70%) by the commission for the**  
34           **administration of the purposes of this article.**

35           **(2) Twenty percent (20%) pursuant to the hemp derived**  
36           **products law enforcement program as described in section 3**  
37           **of this chapter.**

38           **(3) Five percent (5%) to the division of mental health and**  
39           **addiction to provide funding for the 988 suicide and crisis**  
40           **hotline.**

41           **(4) Five percent (5%) to the state general fund.**

42       **Sec. 3. (a) The hemp derived cannabinoid products law**



1 enforcement program is established and shall be administered by  
2 the commission.

3 (b) The state budget agency may distribute funds as part of the  
4 hemp derived cannabinoid products law enforcement program as  
5 follows:

6 (1) To the state police department for the following:  
7 (A) Funding ARIDE training at the Indiana state police  
8 department academy.  
9 (B) Purchasing oral fluid testing material for roadside  
10 hemp and cannabis testing.  
11 (C) The destruction of confiscated or illegal hemp derived  
12 cannabinoid products.  
13 (D) Funding other items necessary to enforce this article.  
14 (2) To local law enforcement agencies for oral fluid testing  
15 material for roadside hemp and cannabis testing.  
16 (3) To prosecuting attorneys for the following:  
17 (A) Training programs.  
18 (B) Legal and court costs associated with the prosecution  
19 of violations related to hemp derived cannabinoid products  
20 or marijuana.  
21 (C) Other items necessary to enforce this article.

22 **Chapter 17. Advertising**

23 Sec. 1. (a) A permit holder under this article shall not engage in  
24 any advertising of hemp derived cannabinoid products or a  
25 business that sells hemp derived cannabinoid products that:

26 (1) is false or misleading;  
27 (2) promotes overconsumption of hemp derived cannabinoid  
28 products;  
29 (3) depicts actual consumption of hemp derived cannabinoid  
30 products;  
31 (4) depicts a person less than twenty-one (21) years of age;  
32 (5) makes any health, medical, or therapeutic claims about  
33 cannabis or hemp derived cannabinoid products;  
34 (6) uses the image of a cannabis leaf or bud;  
35 (7) includes any image designed or likely to appeal to minors;  
36 (8) uses items such as toys or inflatables, movie or cartoon  
37 characters, or any other depiction or image likely to be  
38 appealing to children, if the item, image, or depiction suggests  
39 an intent to cause children to become interested in the  
40 purchase or consumption of hemp derived cannabinoid  
41 products; or  
42 (9) uses or employs a commercial mascot outside of, and in



**proximity to, a permitted business.**

**(b) A permit holder shall not place or pay for any advertising of hemp derived cannabinoid products or a business that sells hemp derived cannabinoid products within one thousand (1,000) feet of the perimeter of:**

- (1) a school;
- (2) a playground;
- (3) a child care center;
- (4) a library; or

**(5) a government owned or government operated property.**

(c) A permit holder shall not place or pay for any advertising of hemp derived cannabinoid products or a business that sells hemp derived cannabinoid products:

- (1) on or in a private vehicle;
- (2) on or in a public transit vehicle;
- (3) at a public transit shelter;
- (4) at a bus stop;
- (5) at a taxi stand;
- (6) in a train station; or
- (7) in an airport.

(d) The commission may assess a penalty of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per day for a violation under this chapter.

## Chapter 18. Product Testing

**Sec. 1. The commission may do spot testing of hemp derived cannabinoid products to ensure compliance with this article.**

**Sec. 2. (a) If the commission tests a hemp derived cannabinoid product that:**

**(1) was manufactured, distributed, or sold by a permit holder;  
or  
(2) is for sale by a permit holder;**

**the permit holder shall pay the commissioner two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for each test.**

(b) The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the recall of hemp derived cannabinoid products due to:

- (1) improper or false labeling; or**
- (2) health and safety concerns.**

(c) The commission may adopt a rule under IC 4-22-2 to increase the fee described in subsection (a) if the testing costs exceed the fee.

## Chapter 19. Enforcement Actions

**Sec. 1. If the commission, the state police department, a federal**



1 law enforcement agency, or a local law enforcement agency finds  
2 that a permit holder possesses a product that purports to be a  
3 hemp derived cannabinoid product and does not meet the  
4 requirements of this article, the product is considered to be  
5 marijuana (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29). The commission, state  
6 police department, federal law enforcement agency, or local law  
7 enforcement agency may:

- 8 (1) detain, seize, or embargo the product;
- 9 (2) seize the building containing the product; and
- 10 (3) seize the vehicle used to transport or store the product.

#### 11 Chapter 20. Crimes

12 Sec. 1. (a) A person who knowingly or intentionally transports  
13 hemp derived cannabinoid products:

14 (1) between a hemp manufacturer and a hemp distributor; or  
15 (2) between a hemp distributor and a hemp retailer;  
16 without holding a valid hemp derived cannabinoid products carrier  
17 permit commits a Class B misdemeanor.

18 (b) A person who knowingly or intentionally transports a hemp  
19 derived cannabinoid product into or through Indiana that was  
20 manufactured outside of Indiana commits a Class A misdemeanor.

21 (c) The commission may revoke the person's hemp carrier  
22 permit for violating this section.

23 Sec. 2. A law enforcement agency may seize hemp or hemp  
24 derived cannabinoid products that are being transported in  
25 violation of this article.

26 Sec. 3. (a) It is unlawful for a person to possess an article,  
27 instrument, imitation, or counterfeit of a permit issued under this  
28 article, other than a permit lawfully issued to the person and which  
29 the person is lawfully entitled to possess.

30 (b) It is unlawful for a person to display an imitation or  
31 counterfeit of a permit issued under this article for the purpose of  
32 defrauding the state of the payment of a tax or permit fee imposed  
33 by this title.

34 (c) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates subsection  
35 (a) or (b) commits a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is  
36 a Level 6 felony after the first offense.

37 Sec. 4. A person who knowingly or intentionally sells or offers  
38 to sell a hemp derived cannabinoid product over the Internet or by  
39 delivery commits a Class A misdemeanor.

40 Sec. 5. A person who knowingly or intentionally sells a hemp  
41 derived cannabinoid product that has been recalled under  
42 IC 7.1-8-18 commits a Class B misdemeanor.



1       **Sec. 6. A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this**  
 2       **article commits a deceptive act that is actionable by the attorney**  
 3       **general under IC 24-5-0.5 and is subject to the penalties listed in**  
 4       **IC 24-5-0.5.**

5       SECTION 13. IC 9-13-2-86, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2025,  
 6       SECTION 82, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 7       JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 86. "Intoxicated" means under the influence of:

8       (1) alcohol;  
 9       (2) a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1);  
 10       (3) a drug other than alcohol or a controlled substance;  
 11       (4) a substance described in IC 35-46-6-2 or IC 35-46-6-3;  
 12       (5) ~~a combination of substances described in subdivisions (1) through (4); any amount of tetrahydrocannabinol; or~~  
 13       (6) any other substance, not including food and food ingredients  
 14       (as defined in IC 6-2.5-1-20), tobacco (as defined in  
 15       IC 6-2.5-1-28), or a dietary supplement (as defined in  
 16       IC 6-2.5-1-16); or  
 17       (7) **any combination of substances listed in subdivisions (1) through (6);**

18       so that there is an impaired condition of thought and action and the loss  
 19       of normal control of a person's faculties.

20       SECTION 14. IC 9-13-2-160.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 21       CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 22       [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 160.5. "Schedule I drug", for  
 23       purposes of this title, includes marijuana (as defined in  
 24       IC 35-48-1.1-29), hemp (as defined in IC 35-48-8-3), and  
 25       tetrahydrocannabinol (as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-46.5).

26       SECTION 15. IC 15-15-13-0.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.165-2014,  
 27       SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 28       JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 0.5. (a) The state seed commissioner shall  
 29       administer this chapter.

30       (b) The state seed commissioner shall share information  
 31       regarding the hemp program established under this chapter with  
 32       the state police department.

33       (c) The state seed commissioner shall report and provide to the  
 34       United States Secretary of Agriculture required information under  
 35       7 CFR 990.7 within thirty (30) days of the information being  
 36       received.

37       SECTION 16. IC 15-15-13-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019,  
 38       SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 39       JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) Nothing in this chapter authorizes any  
 40       person to violate any federal law or regulation.



**(b) Any state hemp grow programs may not operate above federal restrictions or limitations.**

(b) (c) Nothing in this chapter authorizes the state seed commissioner to regulate a hemp product **or a hemp derived cannabinoid product under IC 7.1-8.**

SECTION 17. IC 15-15-13-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "crop" means any hemp grown under a **single hemp grower's license issued under this chapter**.

SECTION 18. IC 15-15-13-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 3.5. "Grow site" means any place or location, either indoors or outdoors, where a hemp crop is legally grown.**

SECTION 19. IC 15-15-13-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "grower" means:

(1) an individual, a partnership, a company, or a corporation that produces grows hemp; for commercial purposes; or

(2) a person, as part of a hemp research program conducted by a state educational institution (as defined by IC 21-7-13-32).

SECTION 20. IC 15-15-13-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "handler" means an individual, a partnership, a company, or a corporation that receives **industrial** hemp for scientific research, or for processing ~~into~~ **agricultural** commodities, **industrial** hemp, ~~products~~, or agricultural hemp seed.

(b) The term does not include a person processing or handling hemp derived cannabinoid products under IC 7.1-8.

SECTION 21. IC 15-15-13-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019,  
SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "hemp" means the plant  
*Cannabis sativa L.* and any part of that plant, including the seeds  
thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts,  
and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a  
delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than  
three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry weight basis, for any part  
of the *Cannabis sativa L.* plant. has the meaning set forth in  
IC 35-48-8-3.

SECTION 22. IC 15-15-13-6.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1       CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 2       [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6.3.** **As used in this chapter,**  
 3       **"remediate" means the process of rendering noncompliant hemp**  
 4       **compliant by:**

- 5           **(1) removing and destroying flower material, while retaining**  
  6           **stalk, stems, leaf material, and seeds; or**
- 7           **(2) shredding the entire plant into a biomass like material,**  
  8           **then retesting the shredded biomass material for compliance.**

9       SECTION 23. IC 15-15-13-6.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2025,  
 10      SECTION 104, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 11      [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6.5.** **As used in this chapter, "hemp**  
 12      **derived cannabinoid product" means a product derived from, or made**  
 13      **by, processing hemp plants or plant parts including derivatives,**  
 14      **extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers.**  
 15      However, the term does not include:

- 16           **(1) smokable hemp (as defined by IC 35-48-1.1-38); or**
- 17           **(2) products that contain a total delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol**  
  18           **concentration of more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) by**  
  19           **weight. has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-4.**

20      SECTION 24. IC 15-15-13-6.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 21      CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 22      [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6.6.** **As used in this chapter,**  
 23      **"industrial hemp" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-5.**

24      SECTION 25. IC 15-15-13-6.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 25      CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 26      [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6.7.** **As used in this chapter,**  
 27      **"industrial hemp production site" means a location where**  
 28      **industrial hemp may be processed, stored, staged, delivered, or**  
 29      **received.**

30      SECTION 26. IC 15-15-13-6.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 31      CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 32      [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6.8.** **As used in this chapter,**  
 33      **"licensee" means a person who is licensed by the state seed**  
 34      **commissioner under this chapter including:**

- 35           **(1) a grower;**
- 36           **(2) a handler; or**
- 37           **(3) a grower and a handler.**

38      SECTION 27. IC 15-15-13-6.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
 39      CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
 40      [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6.9.** **As used in this chapter, "lot"**  
 41      **means a contiguous area in a field, greenhouse, or indoor growing**  
 42      **structure containing the same variety or strain of cannabis**



1       **throughout the area.**

2       SECTION 28. IC 15-15-13-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019,  
 3       SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 4       JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. (a) Subject to section 15 of this chapter, the  
 5       production of, possession of, scientific study of, and commerce in hemp  
 6       **and industrial hemp** is authorized in Indiana. Hemp is subject to  
 7       regulation by the state seed commissioner. The state seed  
 8       commissioner shall adopt rules to ~~oversee the licensing, production,~~  
 9       and ~~management of:~~

10       (1) hemp; and

11       (2) agricultural hemp seed. **implement this chapter.**

12       (b) All growers and handlers **of industrial hemp** must have a hemp  
 13       license issued by the state seed commissioner. Growers and handlers  
 14       engaged in the production of agricultural hemp seed must also have ~~an~~  
 15       agricultural a hemp seed production grower's license. **A contract**  
 16       **grower, hemp cooperative, or a similar entity to a contract grower**  
 17       **or hemp cooperative must be licensed to grow hemp or to handle**  
 18       **industrial hemp.**

19       (c) The state seed commissioner may issue the following hemp  
 20       licenses:

21       (1) **A hemp grower's license, to a person who conducts the**  
 22       **activities of a grower including farming or propagating of**  
 23       **hemp.**

24       (2) **A hemp handler's license, to a person who transports**  
 25       **industrial hemp, in any quantity, stage, and for any purpose.**

26       (d) A hemp handler is exempt from having to obtain a carrier  
 27       permit under IC 7.1-8-12.

28       (e) The state seed commissioner may issue both licenses listed  
 29       under subsection (c) to the same person. The possession of one (1)  
 30       license does not mean a person possesses the other license.

31       (f) A hemp grower's or hemp handler's license does not allow  
 32       the person holding the license to produce hemp derived  
 33       cannabinoid products under IC 7.1-8.

34       (f) (g) An application for a hemp license or agricultural hemp seed  
 35       production license **under this chapter** must include the following:

36       (1) The name and address of the applicant.

37       (2) The name and address of the ~~hemp operation~~ business of the  
 38       applicant.

39       (3) The global positioning system coordinates, **including the**  
 40       **geospatial decimal format**, and legal description of the property  
 41       used for the hemp operation. **following:**

42       (A) Site by field.



**(B) Storage site.**

**(C) Receiving site.**

**(D) Staging site.**

**(E) Sites similar to the sites listed in clauses (A) through (D).**

(4) If the ~~hemp~~ license or agricultural hemp seed production license application is made by a grower, the acreage size of the field where the hemp will be grown.

(5) A statement signed by the applicant, under penalty of perjury, that the person applying for the ~~hemp~~ license or agricultural hemp seed production license has not been convicted, of a drug related felony or misdemeanor in the previous ten (10) within five (5) years of the application date, of:

(A) a federal crime having a sentence of at least one (1) year;

(B) a felony drug related misdemeanor under Indiana law; or

(C) a crime in a state other than Indiana having a penalty equal to the penalty for a felony; for which the applicant's conviction has not been expunged under IC 35-38-9.

(6) A written consent allowing the state police department to conduct a state or national criminal history background check.

(7) A written consent that the applicant expressly consents for a one (1) year duration and for an additional one (1) year after the applicant's permit expires allowing to allow the state police department, the state seed commissioner, or the state seed commissioner's authorized representative, if a license is issued to the applicant, upon the issuance of a license to the applicant, to conduct aerial inspections and to enter the premises on which the hemp is grown to conduct physical inspections of hemp planted and grown by the applicant, and to ensure the plants meet the definition of hemp as set forth in section 6 of this chapter.

(8) A nonrefundable application fee, which must include the amount necessary to conduct a state or national criminal history background check, in an amount determined by the state seed commissioner.

(8) An attestation and declaration that the applicant will use a Hemp Analytical Testing Laboratory registered with the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to conduct analytical testing for total THC.

(9) A crop testing plan that includes:



(A) regular monitoring by the grower or receiving handler of the crop during growth; and

**(B) a plan to take the crop down if the crop trends in exceedance of the acceptable THC level.**

**(10) The intended purpose of growing the crop, including for, but not limited to:**

(A) CBD;

(B) fiber;

(C) grain;

(D) oil; or

## **(E) hemp derived cannabinoid products.**

(11) The variety or strain of *Cannabis sativa L.* to be grown.

**(12) A crop monitoring plan to comply with state and federal law to avoid exceeding three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) total THC.**

**(13) The annual harvest and disposal report on a form created and provided by the state seed commissioner.**

**(14) If the applicant is growing hemp for a research purpose, the applicant must include a research proposal of adequate verbiage to clearly explain the intent of the research and the anticipated outcome.**

**(15) If the applicant is growing industrial hemp, the applicant must include the location of the industrial hemp production site including the county and geospatial location coordinates in decimal format.**

(9) (16) Any other information required by the state seed commissioner.

(h) Except as provided in subsection (g), a business making an application for a hemp license must also identify the key individuals in the business including:

(1) a sole proprietor;

**(2) a partner in partnership; and**

(3) an individual with executive managerial control in the business or corporation including a:

(A) chief executive officer;

**(B) chief operating officer; or**

(C) a chief financial officer.

**(i) An individual described in subsection (h) must also submit a criminal background check.**

(j) A key individual does not include nonexecutive managers including farm, field, or shift managers.

(k) If an applicant fails to provide a report under subsection



(g)(13), the state seed commissioner shall deny the applicant's request for a license renewal.

**(I) The state seed commissioner shall assess a nonrefundable fee of five hundred dollars (\$500) for an applicant.**

(m) The state seed commissioner may assess a fee of one hundred dollars (\$100), on behalf of the state police department, to conduct criminal background checks on an applicant.

SECTION 29. IC 15-15-13-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 7.5. The state seed commissioner may not issue a license under this chapter to an individual who:**

**(1) does not provide the required information under section 7 of this chapter;**

**(2) is less than twenty-one (21) years of age;**

**(3) is not registered with the secretary of state to do business in Indiana;**

- (4) does not have lawful status, as defined in IC 9-13-2-92.3;
- (5) has been convicted within five (5) years of the application

ate of:

(A) a federal crime having a sentence of at least one (1)

**year;**  
**(B) a felony or a drug related misdemeanor under Indiana law; or**

**(C) a crime in a state other than Indiana having a penalty equal to the penalty for a felony;**

and the conviction has not been expunged under IC 35-38-9;  
or

**(6) is non compos mentis.**

SECTION 30. IC 15-15-13-7.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 7.6.** (a) A licensee shall ensure that their employees, volunteers, family members, or others servicing a hemp production site, and subject to the management of the licensee, comply with the requirements of Indiana law.

**(b) A licensee may not conduct any hemp activity on property owned by, leased from, or previously submitted in a hemp application by any person if the state seed commissioner denied the person's hemp license application or revoked the person's hemp license for any of the following reasons:**

- (1) The failure to obtain a criminal background check.
- (2) The failure to comply with an order from the state seed commissioner.



(c) A licensee must report hemp crop acreage to the Farm Services Agency (FSA) and to the Agricultural Marketing Service, including the following:

**(1) Street address, if available, and geospatial location for each production or grow site where hemp will be grown or handled.**

**(2) Outdoor acreage or indoor square footage dedicated to the growing of hemp.**

**(3) License number of the grower.**

**(4) The purpose of the crop as fiber, grain, CBD, or another specified use.**

(d) A grower who is aware that a hemp crop grown under their license exceeds the acceptable hemp THC level, whether notified by the state seed commissioner or not, must:

### **(1) secure the crop;**

**(2) harvest the crop within thirty (30) days of sampling;**

**(3) transport the crop to a state seed commissioner approved Indiana reverse distributor;**

**(4) remediate the crop under the direction and supervision of the state seed commissioner's office;**

**(5) dispose of the crop in a designated site in a manner that complies with local and state burn laws; and**

(6) verify the disposal of the crop with the state seed commissioner.

e) If a grower remediates a crop under this section, the grower

must have the crop tested for THC concentration levels and send the results to the state seed commissioner. A crop may only enter the stream of commerce if the hemp is below the acceptable THC concentration levels.

(f) A grower must report to the state seed commissioner if the purpose of the crop changes, or if a different varietal is used, ten (10) days after the receipt of seed or clones.

SECTION 31. IC 15-15-13-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2020, SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. (a) Each license application received under this chapter must be processed as follows:

(+) (a) Upon receipt of a license application, the state seed commissioner shall do one (+) of the following:

(A) forward a copy of the application to the state police department. The state police department shall do the following:

(f) (1) Perform a state or national criminal history background check of the applicant.



(ii) (2) Determine if the requirements under section 7(e)(5) 7(g)(5) of this chapter concerning prior criminal convictions have been met.

(iii) (3) Return the application to the state seed commissioner along with the state police department's determinations and a copy of the state or national criminal history background check.

**(B) Do the following:**

(f) Perform a state or national criminal history background check of the applicant under the same standards as the state police department would perform.

(ii) Determine if the requirements under section 7(c)(5) of this chapter concerning prior criminal convictions have been met.

14        (2) (b) The state seed commissioner shall review the license  
15 application and the criminal history background check.

**(b) (c)** If the state seed commissioner determines that all the requirements under this chapter have been met and that a license should be granted to the applicant, the state seed commissioner shall approve the application for issuance of a license.

(d) The state seed commissioner must approve an application before an applicant can conduct any hemp activity.

(c) (e) A hemp license or agricultural hemp seed production license under this chapter expires on December 31 of the year for which the license was issued, unless revoked. A hemp license or agricultural hemp seed production license may be renewed in accordance with rules adopted by the state seed commissioner and is nontransferable.

**(f) A license is nontransferable.**

**(g) A license may be renewed annually.**

SECTION 32. IC 15-15-13-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. (a) An agricultural hemp seed production license issued under this chapter authorizes a grower or handler to produce and handle agricultural hemp seed for sale to licensed hemp growers and handlers. A seller of agricultural hemp seed shall ensure that the seed complies with any standards set by the state seed commissioner. The state seed commissioner shall make available to growers information that identifies sellers of agricultural hemp seed.

**(b) (a)** A person who sells agricultural hemp seed to a grower must be a seed distributor who has a permit under IC 15-15-1-34.

(e) (b) All growers and handlers must keep All records in accordance with rules adopted by the state seed commissioner related to hemp, industrial hemp, and agricultural hemp seed must be



1       **retained by the state seed commissioner, an applicant, and a**  
2       **licensee for at least five (5) years.** Upon at least three (3) days notice,  
3       the state seed commissioner may audit the required records during  
4       normal business hours. The state seed commissioner may conduct ~~an~~  
5       **audit periodic audits on a licensee** for the purpose of ensuring  
6       compliance with:

7               (1) this chapter;  
8               (2) rules adopted by the state seed commissioner; or  
9               (3) hemp license or agricultural hemp seed production license  
10              requirements, terms, and conditions.

11              (d) ~~In addition to an audit conducted in accordance with subsection~~  
12              ~~(e),~~ The state seed commissioner may inspect independently, or in  
13              cooperation with the state police department, a federal law enforcement  
14              agency, or a local law enforcement agency, any hemp crop during the  
15              crop's growth phase and take a representative composite sample for  
16              field analysis. If a crop contains an average  
17              ~~delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol~~ **total tetrahydrocannabinol** (THC)  
18              concentration exceeding three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry  
19              weight basis, the state seed commissioner may detain, seize, or  
20              embargo the crop.

21              (e) The state seed commissioner may revoke a license issued under  
22              this chapter to a person that fails to cooperate with:

23               (1) the state seed commissioner;  
24               (2) the state police;  
25               (3) a federal law enforcement agency; **or**  
26               (4) a local law enforcement agency; **or**  
27               **(5) a person making an official inspection or taking of a**  
28               **sample of a hemp crop during the crop's growth phase.**  
29              ~~in an inspection; or in the taking of a sample; under subsection (d).~~

30              (f) The state seed commissioner may revoke the license of a  
31              licensee that grows, sells, or distributes hemp for the following:

32               (1) The licensee has not:  
33               (A) complied with the requirements under this chapter; or  
34               (B) submitted reports required by the state seed  
35              commissioner.  
36               (2) The licensee falsified information.  
37               (3) The licensee failed to follow labeling requirements.  
38               (4) The licensee is convicted of violating any Indiana law.  
39              (g) If the state seed commissioner revokes a license, the state  
40              seed commissioner shall issue a letter within ten (10) business days  
41              to the licensee concerning the revocation.  
42              (f) A failure to cooperate described in subsection (e) constitutes



1 probable cause for the state seed commissioner, state police, federal  
 2 law enforcement agency, or local law enforcement agency to search the  
 3 premises of the licensee's hemp operation.

4       ~~(g)~~ **(i)** If the state police department, a federal law enforcement  
 5 agency, or a local law enforcement agency cooperates with the state  
 6 seed commissioner in the detention, seizure, or embargo of a crop  
 7 under this section:

8           (1) the state police department, federal law enforcement agency,  
 9           or local law enforcement agency; and

10           (2) any officer or employee of the state police department, federal  
 11           law enforcement agency, or local law enforcement agency who is  
 12           involved in the detention, seizure, or embargo;

13 is immune from civil liability for the detention, seizure, or embargo.

14       ~~(h)~~ **(j)** The state seed commissioner may order a hemp crop that is  
 15 detained, seized, or embargoed for noncompliance with this chapter to  
 16 be destroyed by the owner. However, except as prohibited by federal  
 17 law, the grower may appeal to the state seed commissioner for the  
 18 hemp crop to be diverted to a willing licensed processor for processing  
 19 and sale for industrial use. A hemp crop that is detained, seized, or  
 20 embargoed may not be used for cannabidiol, other extracts, oil, food,  
 21 or cosmetic products that are used for humans or animals.

22       ~~(i)~~ **(k)** A grower shall reimburse the state seed commissioner for the  
 23 cost of testing conducted on the grower's crop under this section.

24       SECTION 33. IC 15-15-13-9.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.190-2019,  
 25 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 26 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9.5. (a) A person who is a handler licensed under  
 27 this section may distribute clones and other nonseed propagative  
 28 materials of a hemp plant using the person's own labeling, if the  
 29 distributor does the following:

30           (1) Complies with the requirements of this chapter.

31           (2) Reports the variety and quantity of each variety of the  
 32 propagative material of plant sold.

33           (3) Pays the inspection fee on the basis of the report.

34           (4) Labels the propagative material with the information required  
 35 by the state seed commissioner.

36           (5) Keeps records to accurately determine the named varieties and  
 37 the number of plants of each variety distributed.

38           (6) Grants the state seed commissioner or the state seed  
 39 commissioner's authorized representative access to examine the  
 40 handler's records and verify the quantity and each variety of  
 41 propagative material distributed.

42           (7) Report, under oath, to the state seed commissioner on forms



furnished by the state seed commissioner each variety and quantity of propagative material sold during each semiannual period.

(8) Any other information or conditions stated in the application.

(b) The state seed commissioner may revoke a handler's license if the commissioner determines any of the following:

(1) That the licensee has not complied with the requirements under this chapter.

(2) The report required in subsection (a) has not been submitted and is more than ten (10) days late.

(3) The report required in subsection (a) contained false information.

(4) The labeling requirements under this chapter have not been met.

c) If the inspection fee has not been paid and is more than ten (10) days late, the state seed commissioner shall assess a late fee.

(d) Each year the:

(1) report required under subsection (a)(7); and

(1) report required under subsection (a)(7), and  
(2) inspection fees required under this chapter;

for the period beginning on January 1 and ending on June 30 and for the period beginning on July 1 and ending on December 31 are due not more than thirty (30) days after the end of the semiannual period.

(e) A person holding a hemp handler's license must have in their immediate possession, while transporting industrial hemp, a physical document indicating that they have a handler license and must provide the following to law enforcement when asked:

**(1) Evidence of a valid hemp handler license from the state seed commissioner.**

**(2) A valid driver's license that includes the driver's photo and current legal address.**

**(3) An invoice or delivery document identifying the person to whom the industrial hemp is to be delivered, including the person's the full address and telephone number, and the variety and quantity of the industrial hemp.**

(4) A valid certificate of analysis issued by a state seed commissioner approved laboratory showing the total THC for the industrial hemp transported.

SECTION 34. IC 15-15-13-10 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]. Sec. 10. The amount of any fees charged growers and handlers by the state seed commissioner under this chapter must be sufficient to cover the cost of the administration of this chapter, including the cost of conducting audits and testing.



1           SECTION 35. IC 15-15-13-10.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
2           CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
3           [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 10.1. (a) A licensee shall pay an  
4           annual fee of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for a license issued  
5           under this chapter.

6           (b) The state seed commissioner may adopt rules, under  
7           IC 4-22-2, to raise the annual fee as necessary.

8           SECTION 36. IC 15-15-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019,  
9           SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
10          JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 11. (a) Only a hemp **handler** licensee the  
11          licensee's designee, or the licensee's agents may be permitted to  
12          transport **industrial** hemp off a production site. When transporting  
13          **industrial** hemp off the production site, the hemp **handler** licensee  
14          designee, or agent shall have in the licensee's, designee's, or agent's  
15          their possession the licensing documents from the state seed  
16          commissioner evidencing that the **industrial** hemp is from certified  
17          seed produced by a licensed grower.

18           (b) The state seed commissioner shall include:

19           (1) the license number of the grower that produced the hemp;  
20           and

21           (2) the license number of the hemp handler;  
22           in the licensing documents described in subsection (a).

23           SECTION 37. IC 15-15-13-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2020,  
24           SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
25          JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 12. The state seed commissioner is responsible for  
26          the following:

27           (1) Monitoring the hemp grown by any **hemp grower** license  
28           holder.

29           (2) Conducting random testing of the hemp for compliance with  
30           tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) levels. The state seed commissioner  
31           may enter into agreements with one (1) or more laboratories  
32           selected by the Indiana state police department to perform testing  
33           under this subdivision.

34           (3) Establishing necessary testing criteria and protocols, including  
35           a procedure for testing, using post decarboxylation or other  
36           similarly reliable methods, for ~~delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol~~  
37           **tetrahydrocannabinol** concentration levels of the hemp  
38           produced.

39           (4) Establishing the minimum number of acres to be planted  
40           under each license issued under this chapter.

41           (5) Regulating any propagative material of a hemp plant.

42           SECTION 38. IC 15-15-13-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019,



1 SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 2 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 13. (a) Subject to section 13.5 of this chapter, in  
 3 addition to any other liability or penalty provided by law, the state seed  
 4 commissioner may revoke or refuse to issue or renew a hemp license  
 5 or an agricultural hemp seed production license and may impose a civil  
 6 penalty for a violation of:

7                   (1) a license requirement;  
 8                   (2) license terms or conditions; **or**  
 9                   (3) a rule relating to growing or handling hemp. **or**  
 10                   (4) ~~section 19 of this chapter.~~

11                   (b) The state seed commissioner may not impose a civil penalty  
 12 under this section that exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars  
 13 (\$2,500).

14                   (c) The state seed commissioner may revoke or refuse to issue or  
 15 renew a hemp license or an agricultural hemp seed production license  
 16 for a violation of any rule of the state seed commissioner that pertains  
 17 to agricultural operations or activities other than hemp growing or  
 18 handling.

19                   (d) Any civil penalties collected under this section shall be  
 20 transferred to the Indiana state department of agriculture and used for  
 21 hemp marketing and research purposes. **retained by the state seed**  
 22 **commissioner to pay expenses to implement this chapter.**

23                   (e) In addition to payment of any civil penalty imposed under this  
 24 section, a person who commits a violation described in subsection (a)  
 25 shall reimburse the state seed commissioner for any costs incurred by  
 26 the state seed commissioner for laboratory testing of material  
 27 pertaining to the violation.

28 SECTION 39. IC 15-15-13-13.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2020,  
 29 SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 30 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 13.5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the  
 31 state seed commissioner shall give a person who negligently violates  
 32 this chapter ~~a reasonable time, determined by the state seed~~  
 33 ~~commissioner, ten (10) days~~ to correct the violation without imposing  
 34 a penalty under section 13 of this chapter. However, the state seed  
 35 commissioner may require the person who committed the violation to  
 36 comply with a corrective action plan determined by the state seed  
 37 commissioner and report to the state seed commissioner on compliance  
 38 with the corrective action plan.

39                   (b) A person who commits a negligent violation of this chapter three  
 40 (3) times in a five (5) year period shall immediately be ineligible to  
 41 produce hemp for ~~five (5)~~ **ten (10)** years.

42                   (c) If the state seed commissioner ~~believes~~ **determines** that a person



1 has knowingly or intentionally violated this chapter, the state seed  
 2 commissioner shall notify:

3 (1) the superintendent of the state police department; **and**  
 4 **(2) the sheriff of the county in which the violation occurred;**  
 5 **and**

6 ~~(2) (3) the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the~~  
 7 ~~violation occurred;~~

8 of the violation **within forty-eight (48) hours of making the**  
 9 **determination.**

10 (d) A person who commits a negligent violation under this chapter  
 11 is subject to a ~~late fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).~~ as established  
 12 by rule adopted by the state seed commissioner.

13 SECTION 40. IC 15-15-13-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2019,  
 14 SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 15 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 15. **(a) Before December 31, 2019, July 1, 2027,**  
 16 the state seed commissioner, after consultation with the governor, the  
 17 director of the state department of agriculture, and the superintendent  
 18 of the state police department, shall submit ~~a~~ **an updated** plan that  
 19 monitors and regulates the production of hemp to the United States  
 20 Department of Agriculture. ~~If the United States Department of~~  
 21 ~~Agriculture disapproves the plan, the state seed commissioner shall~~  
 22 ~~submit an amended plan to the United States Department of~~  
 23 ~~Agriculture.~~

24 **(b) The state seed commissioner may work with the United**  
 25 **States Department of Agriculture to update the plan described in**  
 26 **subsection (a), to conform with federal law.**

27 SECTION 41. IC 15-15-13-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.29-2024,  
 28 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 29 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 16. (a) The state seed commissioner shall pay all  
 30 fees collected under this chapter to the treasurer of Purdue University.

31 (b) The board of trustees of Purdue University shall expend the fees  
 32 on proper vouchers filed with the treasurer of Purdue University. The  
 33 treasurer shall pay vouchers for the following expenses:

34 (1) The employment of inspectors and seed analysts.  
 35 (2) Procuring samples.  
 36 (3) Printing bulletins giving the results of inspection.  
 37 (4) Any other expenses of the Purdue University agricultural  
 38 programs authorized by law and for implementing this chapter.

39 (c) The dean of agriculture of Purdue University, **with assistance**  
 40 **from the state seed commissioner,** shall make and submit an annual  
 41 financial report to the:

42 (1) governor;



- 1 (2) legislative council; and
- 2 (3) budget committee;

3 in such form as the state board of accounts requires, showing the total  
4 receipts and expenditures of all fees received under this chapter, by  
5 **December 31 of each year. The report must also include general**  
6 **information regarding how many licenses are issued under this**  
7 **chapter and how many acres of land are used in hemp production**  
8 **under this chapter.** The budget committee shall review this report  
9 annually.

10 (d) Excess funds from the collection of fees under this chapter are  
11 subject to IC 15-16-2-36.

12 SECTION 42. IC 15-15-13-18 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY  
13 1, 2026]. Sec. 18. (a) A person who sells hemp in Indiana must:

14 (1) be licensed in Indiana and in the jurisdiction where the hemp  
15 was grown; and  
16 (2) provide the buyer with a receipt that contains the seller's  
17 name, place of business, and license number and quantity of hemp  
18 sold.

SECTION 43. IC 15-15-13-19 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]. Sec. 19. (a) Hemp bud (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-23) and hemp flower (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-24) may be sold only to a processor licensed under this chapter.

27 SECTION 44. IC 15-15-13-19.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
28 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
29 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 19.1. An industrial hemp product**  
30 **that is manufactured into a hemp derived cannabinoid product as**  
31 **defined in IC 35-48-8-4, is subject to IC 7-1-8 and not this chapter.**

32 SECTION 45. IC 15-15-13-21 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY  
33 1, 2026]. Sec. 21. A county, city, town, or township may not adopt or  
34 enforce an ordinance restricting or regulating:

37 SECTION 46. IC 16-31-3-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2025,  
38 SECTION 109, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
39 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 14. (a) A person holding a  
40 certificate or license issued under this article must comply with the  
41 applicable standards and rules established under this article. A  
42 certificate holder or license holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions



1       under subsection (b) if the department of homeland security determines  
2       that the certificate holder or license holder:  
3           (1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material  
4           deception in order to obtain a certificate or license, including  
5           cheating on a certification or licensure examination;  
6           (2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of  
7           professional services or activities;  
8           (3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner;  
9           (4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify  
10           attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing  
11           education courses required under this article or rules adopted  
12           under this article;  
13           (5) is convicted of a crime, if the act that resulted in the  
14           conviction has a direct bearing on determining if the certificate  
15           holder or license holder should be entrusted to provide emergency  
16           medical services;  
17           (6) is convicted of violating IC 9-19-14.5;  
18           (7) fails to comply and maintain compliance with or violates any  
19           applicable provision, standard, or other requirement of this article  
20           or rules adopted under this article;  
21           (8) continues to practice if the certificate holder or license holder  
22           becomes unfit to practice due to:  
23               (A) professional incompetence that includes the undertaking  
24               of professional activities that the certificate holder or license  
25               holder is not qualified by training or experience to undertake;  
26               (B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or  
27               practice;  
28               (C) physical or mental disability; or  
29               (D) addiction to, abuse of, or dependency on alcohol or other  
30               drugs that endanger the public by impairing the certificate  
31               holder's or license holder's ability to practice safely;  
32           (9) engages in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection  
33           with the delivery of services to the public;  
34           (10) allows the certificate holder's or license holder's name or a  
35           certificate or license issued under this article to be used in  
36           connection with a person who renders services beyond the scope  
37           of that person's training, experience, or competence;  
38           (11) is subjected to disciplinary action in another state or  
39           jurisdiction on grounds similar to those contained in this chapter.  
40           For purposes of this subdivision, a certified copy of a record of  
41           disciplinary action constitutes *prima facie* evidence of a  
42           disciplinary action in another jurisdiction;



(12) assists another person in committing an act that would constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter;  
(13) allows a certificate or license issued by the commission to

(15) allows a certificate of license to be:

- (A) used by another person; or
- (B) displayed to the public when the certificate or license is expired, inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended; or

expired, inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended, or (14) fails to notify the department in writing of any misdemeanor or felony criminal conviction, except traffic related misdemeanors other than operating a motor vehicle under the influence of a drug or alcohol, within ninety (90) days after the entry of an order or judgment. A certified copy of the order or judgment with a letter of explanation must be submitted to the department along with the written notice.

(b) The department of homeland security may issue an order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to impose one (1) or more of the following sanctions if the department of homeland security determines that a certificate holder or license holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (a):

(1) Revocation of a certificate holder's certificate or license holder's license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.

(2) Suspension of a certificate holder's certificate or license for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.

(3) Censure of a certificate holder or license holder.

(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.

(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the certificate holder or license holder in accordance with the following:

(A) The civil penalty may not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) per day per violation.

(B) If the certificate holder or license holder fails to pay the civil penalty within the time specified by the department of homeland security, the department of homeland security may suspend the certificate holder's certificate or license holder's license without additional proceedings.

(6) Placement of a certificate holder or license holder on probation status and requirement of the certificate holder or license holder to:

(A) report regularly to the department of homeland security upon the matters that are the basis of probation;

upon the matters that are the basis of probation;

(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the department of homeland security;

(C) continue or renew professional education approved by the



department of homeland security until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or

(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including community restitution or service without compensation, that the department of homeland security considers appropriate to the public interest or to the rehabilitation or treatment of the certificate holder or license holder.

The department of homeland security may withdraw or modify this probation if the department of homeland security finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action is remedied or that changed circumstances warrant a modification of the order.

(c) If an applicant or a certificate holder or license holder has engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a certificate or license, including cheating on the certification or licensure examination, the department of homeland security may rescind the certificate or license if it has been granted, void the examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the applicant from reapplying for the certificate or license for a length of time established by the department of homeland security.

(d) The department of homeland security may deny certification or licensure to an applicant who would be subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if that person were a certificate holder or license holder, has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's certificate or license to practice in another state or jurisdiction, or has practiced without a certificate or license in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.

(e) The department of homeland security may order a certificate holder or license holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the certificate holder's or license holder's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department of homeland security order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a certificate holder or license holder liable to temporary suspension under subsection (i).

(f) Except as provided under subsection (a), subsection (g), and section 14.5 of this chapter, a certificate or license may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant, certificate holder, or license holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's, certificate holder's, or license holder's conviction



1 resulted may be considered as to whether the applicant or certificate  
2 holder or license holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a  
3 specific capacity.

4 (g) The department of homeland security may deny, suspend, or  
5 revoke a certificate or license issued under this article if the individual  
6 who holds or is applying for the certificate or license is convicted of  
7 any of the following:

8 (1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.

9 (2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.

10 (3) Possession of a controlled substance under ~~IC 35-48-4-7(a)~~.

11 **IC 35-48-4-7(b).**

12 (4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under  
~~IC 35-48-4-7(c)~~. **IC 35-48-4-7(d).**

13 (5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime  
14 committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime  
15 committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(c).

16 (6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime  
17 committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime  
18 committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).

19 (7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime  
20 committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6 felony (for a crime  
21 committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before  
22 its amendment on July 1, 2015).

23 (8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class  
24 D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or Level 6  
25 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under  
26 IC 35-48-4-11.

27 (9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving:

28 (A) possession of a synthetic drug (as defined in  
29 IC 35-31.5-2-321);

30 (B) possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as  
31 defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1,  
32 2019)) as a:

33 (i) Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1,  
34 2014); or

35 (ii) Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30,  
36 2014);

37 under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019); or  
38 (C) possession of a controlled substance analog (as defined in  
39 IC 35-48-1.1-8).

40 (10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13  
41 (repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a



controlled substance.

(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.

(h) A decision of the department of homeland security under subsections (b) through (g) may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7.

(i) The department of homeland security may temporarily suspend a certificate holder's certificate or license holder's license under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the department of homeland security finds that a certificate holder or license holder would represent a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the certificate holder or license holder were allowed to continue to practice.

(j) On receipt of a complaint or information alleging that a person certified or licensed under this chapter or IC 16-31-3.5 has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that is subject to disciplinary sanctions under this chapter, the department of homeland security must initiate an investigation against the person.

(k) The department of homeland security shall conduct a factfinding investigation as the department of homeland security considers proper in relation to the complaint.

(I) The department of homeland security may reinstate a certificate or license that has been suspended under this section if the department of homeland security is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the department of homeland security may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.

(m) The department of homeland security may not reinstate a certificate or license that has been revoked under this chapter.

(n) The department of homeland security must be consistent in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the department of homeland security's findings or orders.

(o) A certificate holder may not surrender the certificate holder's certificate, and a license holder may not surrender the license holder's license, without the written approval of the department of homeland security, and the department of homeland security may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered certificate or license.

(p) For purposes of this section, "certificate holder" means a person who holds:



1 (1) an unlimited certificate;  
2 (2) a limited or probationary certificate; or  
3 (3) an inactive certificate.

4 (q) For purposes of this section, "license holder" means a person  
5 who holds:  
6 (1) an unlimited license;  
7 (2) a limited or probationary license; or  
8 (3) an inactive license.

9 SECTION 47. IC 22-15-5-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2025,  
10 SECTION 123, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
11 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 16. (a) A practitioner shall comply  
12 with the standards established under this licensing program. A  
13 practitioner is subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions under  
14 IC 22-12-7-7 if the department finds that a practitioner has:  
15 (1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material  
16 deception in order to obtain a license to practice, including  
17 cheating on a licensing examination;  
18 (2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of  
19 professional services or activities;  
20 (3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner;  
21 (4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify  
22 attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing  
23 education courses provided under this chapter;  
24 (5) been convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the  
25 practitioner's ability to continue to practice competently;  
26 (6) knowingly violated a state statute or rule or federal statute or  
27 regulation regulating the profession for which the practitioner is  
28 licensed;  
29 (7) continued to practice although the practitioner has become  
30 unfit to practice due to:  
31 (A) professional incompetence;  
32 (B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or  
33 practice;  
34 (C) physical or mental disability; or  
35 (D) addiction to, abuse of, or severe dependency on alcohol or  
36 other drugs that endanger the public by impairing a  
37 practitioner's ability to practice safely;  
38 (8) engaged in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection  
39 with the delivery of services to the public;  
40 (9) allowed the practitioner's name or a license issued under this  
41 chapter to be used in connection with an individual or business  
42 who renders services beyond the scope of that individual's or



business's training, experience, or competence;

(10) had disciplinary action taken against the practitioner or the practitioner's license to practice in another state or jurisdiction on grounds similar to those under this chapter;

(11) assisted another person in committing an act that would constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter;

or

(12) allowed a license issued by the department to be:

(A) used by another person; or

(B) displayed to the public when the license has expired, is inactive, is invalid, or has been revoked or suspended.

For purposes of subdivision (10), a certified copy of a record of disciplinary action constitutes *prima facie* evidence of a disciplinary action in another jurisdiction.

(b) If an applicant or a practitioner has engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a license to practice, including cheating on the licensing examination, the department may rescind the license if it has been granted, void the examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the applicant from reapplying for the license for a length of time established by the department.

(c) The department may deny licensure to an applicant who has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's license to practice in another state or jurisdiction or who has practiced without a license in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.

(d) The department may order a practitioner to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the practitioner's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a department order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a practitioner liable to temporary suspension under subsection (h).

(e) Except as provided under subsection (f) or (g), a license may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant or holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's or holder's conviction resulted may, however, be considered as to whether the applicant or holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a specific capacity.

(f) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license issued under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted of any of the following:



(1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.  
(2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.  
(3) Possession of a controlled substance under ~~IC 35-48-4-7(a)~~  
**IC 35-48-4-7(b).**  
(4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under ~~IC 35-48-4-7(b)~~ **IC 35-48-4-7(c)** (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or ~~IC 35-48-4-7(e)~~ **IC 35-48-4-7(d)** (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014).  
(5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(c).  
(6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).  
(7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before its amendment on July 1, 2015).  
(8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-11.  
(9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-8), or possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) as a:  
(A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014;  
or  
(B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014; under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019).  
(10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13 (repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a controlled substance.  
(11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.  
(g) The department shall deny, revoke, or suspend a license issued under this chapter if the individual who holds the license is convicted of any of the following:  
(1) Dealing in a controlled substance resulting in death under IC 35-42-1-1.5.  
(2) Dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-1.



(3) Dealing in methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.1.  
(4) Manufacturing methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.2.  
(5) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-2.  
(6) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-3.  
(7) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.  
(8) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5 (repealed).  
(9) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise, or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.6.  
(10) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.  
(11) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a felony under IC 35-48-4-10.  
(12) An offense under IC 35-48-4 involving the manufacture or sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) under IC 35-48-4-10.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019), a controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-8), or a substance represented to be a controlled substance (as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).  
(13) A violation of any federal or state drug law or rule related to wholesale legend drug distributors licensed under IC 25-26-14.

(h) The department may temporarily suspend a practitioner's license under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the department finds that a practitioner represents a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the practitioner is allowed to continue to practice.

(i) On receipt of a complaint or an information alleging that a person licensed under this chapter has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that jeopardizes the public health, safety, or welfare, the department shall initiate an investigation against the person.

(j) Any complaint filed with the office of the attorney general alleging a violation of this licensing program shall be referred to the department for summary review and for its general information and any authorized action at the time of the filing.

(k) The department shall conduct a fact finding investigation as the department considers proper in relation to the complaint.



1        (l) A practitioner may petition the department to accept the  
2 surrender of the practitioner's license. The practitioner may not  
3 surrender the practitioner's license without the written approval of the  
4 department, and the department may impose any conditions appropriate  
5 to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered license.

(m) A practitioner who has been subjected to disciplinary sanctions may be required by the commission to pay the costs of the proceeding. The practitioner's ability to pay shall be considered when costs are assessed. If the practitioner fails to pay the costs, a suspension may not be imposed solely upon the practitioner's inability to pay the amount assessed. The costs are limited to costs for the following:

- (1) Court reporters.
- (2) Transcripts.
- (3) Certification of documents.
- (4) Photo duplication.
- (5) Witness attendance and mileage fees.
- (6) Postage.
- (7) Expert witnesses.
- (8) Depositions.
- (9) Notarizations.

SECTION 48. IC 24-4-21 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]. (Distribution of Low THC Hemp Extract).

23 SECTION 49. IC 24-4-22 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,  
24 2026]. (Low THC Hemp Extract Sales).

25 SECTION 50. IC 24-5-0.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2024,  
26 SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
27 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. (a) A supplier may not commit an unfair,  
28 abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a  
29 consumer transaction. Such an act, omission, or practice by a supplier  
30 is a violation of this chapter whether it occurs before, during, or after  
31 the transaction. An act, omission, or practice prohibited by this section  
32 includes both implicit and explicit misrepresentations.

33 (b) Without limiting the scope of subsection (a), the following acts,  
34 and the following representations as to the subject matter of a  
35 consumer transaction, made orally, in writing, or by electronic  
36 communication, by a supplier, are deceptive acts:

37 (1) That such subject of a consumer transaction has sponsorship,  
38 approval, performance, characteristics, accessories, uses, or  
39 benefits it does not have which the supplier knows or should  
40 reasonably know it does not have.  
41 (2) That such subject of a consumer transaction is of a particular  
42 standard, quality, grade, style, or model, if it is not and if the



1 supplier knows or should reasonably know that it is not.  
2 (3) That such subject of a consumer transaction is new or unused,  
3 if it is not and if the supplier knows or should reasonably know  
4 that it is not.  
5 (4) That such subject of a consumer transaction will be supplied  
6 to the public in greater quantity than the supplier intends or  
7 reasonably expects.  
8 (5) That replacement or repair constituting the subject of a  
9 consumer transaction is needed, if it is not and if the supplier  
10 knows or should reasonably know that it is not.  
11 (6) That a specific price advantage exists as to such subject of a  
12 consumer transaction, if it does not and if the supplier knows or  
13 should reasonably know that it does not.  
14 (7) That the supplier has a sponsorship, approval, or affiliation in  
15 such consumer transaction the supplier does not have, and which  
16 the supplier knows or should reasonably know that the supplier  
17 does not have.  
18 (8) That such consumer transaction involves or does not involve  
19 a warranty, a disclaimer of warranties, or other rights, remedies,  
20 or obligations, if the representation is false and if the supplier  
21 knows or should reasonably know that the representation is false.  
22 (9) That the consumer will receive a rebate, discount, or other  
23 benefit as an inducement for entering into a sale or lease in return  
24 for giving the supplier the names of prospective consumers or  
25 otherwise helping the supplier to enter into other consumer  
26 transactions, if earning the benefit, rebate, or discount is  
27 contingent upon the occurrence of an event subsequent to the time  
28 the consumer agrees to the purchase or lease.  
29 (10) That the supplier is able to deliver or complete the subject of  
30 the consumer transaction within a stated period of time, when the  
31 supplier knows or should reasonably know the supplier could not.  
32 If no time period has been stated by the supplier, there is a  
33 presumption that the supplier has represented that the supplier  
34 will deliver or complete the subject of the consumer transaction  
35 within a reasonable time, according to the course of dealing or the  
36 usage of the trade.  
37 (11) That the consumer will be able to purchase the subject of the  
38 consumer transaction as advertised by the supplier, if the supplier  
39 does not intend to sell it.  
40 (12) That the replacement or repair constituting the subject of a  
41 consumer transaction can be made by the supplier for the estimate  
42 the supplier gives a customer for the replacement or repair, if the



1 specified work is completed and:

2 (A) the cost exceeds the estimate by an amount equal to or  
3 greater than ten percent (10%) of the estimate;  
4 (B) the supplier did not obtain written permission from the  
5 customer to authorize the supplier to complete the work even  
6 if the cost would exceed the amounts specified in clause (A);  
7 (C) the total cost for services and parts for a single transaction  
8 is more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750); and  
9 (D) the supplier knew or reasonably should have known that  
10 the cost would exceed the estimate in the amounts specified in  
11 clause (A).

12 (13) That the replacement or repair constituting the subject of a  
13 consumer transaction is needed, and that the supplier disposes of  
14 the part repaired or replaced earlier than seventy-two (72) hours  
15 after both:

16 (A) the customer has been notified that the work has been  
17 completed; and  
18 (B) the part repaired or replaced has been made available for  
19 examination upon the request of the customer.

20 (14) Engaging in the replacement or repair of the subject of a  
21 consumer transaction if the consumer has not authorized the  
22 replacement or repair, and if the supplier knows or should  
23 reasonably know that it is not authorized.

24 (15) The act of misrepresenting the geographic location of the  
25 supplier by listing an alternate business name or an assumed  
26 business name (as described in IC 23-0.5-3-4) in a local telephone  
27 directory if:

28 (A) the name misrepresents the supplier's geographic location;  
29 (B) the listing fails to identify the locality and state of the  
30 supplier's business;  
31 (C) calls to the local telephone number are routinely forwarded  
32 or otherwise transferred to a supplier's business location that  
33 is outside the calling area covered by the local telephone  
34 directory; and  
35 (D) the supplier's business location is located in a county that  
36 is not contiguous to a county in the calling area covered by the  
37 local telephone directory.

38 (16) The act of listing an alternate business name or assumed  
39 business name (as described in IC 23-0.5-3-4) in a directory  
40 assistance data base if:

41 (A) the name misrepresents the supplier's geographic location;  
42 (B) calls to the local telephone number are routinely forwarded



1 or otherwise transferred to a supplier's business location that  
2 is outside the local calling area; and  
3 (C) the supplier's business location is located in a county that  
4 is not contiguous to a county in the local calling area.

5 (17) The violation by a supplier of IC 24-3-4 concerning  
6 cigarettes for import or export.

7 (18) The act of a supplier in knowingly selling or reselling a  
8 product to a consumer if the product has been recalled, whether  
9 by the order of a court or a regulatory body, or voluntarily by the  
10 manufacturer, distributor, or retailer, unless the product has been  
11 repaired or modified to correct the defect that was the subject of  
12 the recall.

13 (19) The violation by a supplier of 47 U.S.C. 227, including any  
14 rules or regulations issued under 47 U.S.C. 227.

15 (20) The violation by a supplier of the federal Fair Debt  
16 Collection Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq.), including any  
17 rules or regulations issued under the federal Fair Debt Collection  
18 Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq.).

19 **(21) A violation of IC 7.1-8 (concerning the manufacture,  
20 distribution, and sale of hemp derived cannabinoid products),  
21 as set forth in IC 7.1-8-20-5.**

22 **(21) (22) A violation of IC 24-5-7 (concerning health spa  
23 services), as set forth in IC 24-5-7-17.**

24 **(22) (23) A violation of IC 24-5-8 (concerning business  
25 opportunity transactions), as set forth in IC 24-5-8-20.**

26 **(23) (24) A violation of IC 24-5-10 (concerning home consumer  
27 transactions), as set forth in IC 24-5-10-18.**

28 **(24) (25) A violation of IC 24-5-11 (concerning real property  
29 improvement contracts), as set forth in IC 24-5-11-14.**

30 **(25) (26) A violation of IC 24-5-12 (concerning telephone  
31 solicitations), as set forth in IC 24-5-12-23.**

32 **(26) (27) A violation of IC 24-5-13.5 (concerning buyback motor  
33 vehicles), as set forth in IC 24-5-13.5-14.**

34 **(27) (28) A violation of IC 24-5-14 (concerning automatic  
35 dialing-announcing devices), as set forth in IC 24-5-14-13.**

36 **(28) (29) A violation of IC 24-5-15 (concerning credit services  
37 organizations), as set forth in IC 24-5-15-11.**

38 **(29) (30) A violation of IC 24-5-16 (concerning unlawful motor  
39 vehicle subleasing), as set forth in IC 24-5-16-18.**

40 **(30) (31) A violation of IC 24-5-17 (concerning environmental  
41 marketing claims), as set forth in IC 24-5-17-14.**

42 **(31) (32) A violation of IC 24-5-19 (concerning deceptive**



1 commercial solicitation), as set forth in IC 24-5-19-11.  
2 ~~(32)~~ (33) A violation of IC 24-5-21 (concerning prescription drug  
3 discount cards), as set forth in IC 24-5-21-7.  
4 ~~(33)~~ (34) A violation of IC 24-5-23.5-7 (concerning real estate  
5 appraisals), as set forth in IC 24-5-23.5-9.  
6 ~~(34)~~ (35) A violation of IC 24-5-26 (concerning identity theft), as  
7 set forth in IC 24-5-26-3.  
8 ~~(35)~~ (36) A violation of IC 24-5.5 (concerning mortgage rescue  
9 fraud), as set forth in IC 24-5.5-6-1.  
10 ~~(36)~~ (37) A violation of IC 24-8 (concerning promotional gifts  
11 and contests), as set forth in IC 24-8-6-3.  
12 ~~(37)~~ (38) A violation of IC 21-18.5-6 (concerning representations  
13 made by a postsecondary credit bearing proprietary educational  
14 institution), as set forth in IC 21-18.5-6-22.5.  
15 ~~(38)~~ (39) A violation of IC 24-5-15.5 (concerning collection  
16 actions of a plaintiff debt buyer), as set forth in IC 24-5-15.5-6.  
17 ~~(39)~~ (40) A violation of IC 24-14 (concerning towing services), as  
18 set forth in IC 24-14-10-1.  
19 ~~(40)~~ (41) A violation of IC 24-5-14.5 (concerning misleading or  
20 inaccurate caller identification information), as set forth in  
21 IC 24-5-14.5-12.  
22 ~~(41)~~ (42) A violation of IC 24-5-27 (concerning intrastate inmate  
23 calling services), as set forth in IC 24-5-27-27.  
24 ~~(42)~~ (43) A violation of IC 15-21 (concerning sales of dogs by  
25 retail pet stores), as set forth in IC 15-21-7-4.  
26 ~~(43)~~ (44) A violation of IC 24-4-23 (concerning the security of  
27 information collected and transmitted by an adult oriented website  
28 operator), as set forth in IC 24-4-23-14.  
29 (c) Any representations on or within a product or its packaging or  
30 in advertising or promotional materials which would constitute a  
31 deceptive act shall be the deceptive act both of the supplier who places  
32 such representation thereon or therein, or who authored such materials,  
33 and such other suppliers who shall state orally or in writing that such  
34 representation is true if such other supplier shall know or have reason  
35 to know that such representation was false.  
36 (d) If a supplier shows by a preponderance of the evidence that an  
37 act resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding the maintenance of  
38 procedures reasonably adopted to avoid the error, such act shall not be  
39 deceptive within the meaning of this chapter.  
40 (e) It shall be a defense to any action brought under this chapter that  
41 the representation constituting an alleged deceptive act was one made  
42 in good faith by the supplier without knowledge of its falsity and in



1       reliance upon the oral or written representations of the manufacturer,  
2       the person from whom the supplier acquired the product, any testing  
3       organization, or any other person provided that the source thereof is  
4       disclosed to the consumer.

5       (f) For purposes of subsection (b)(12), a supplier that provides  
6       estimates before performing repair or replacement work for a customer  
7       shall give the customer a written estimate itemizing as closely as  
8       possible the price for labor and parts necessary for the specific job  
9       before commencing the work.

10      (g) For purposes of subsection (b)(15) and (b)(16), a telephone  
11     company or other provider of a telephone directory or directory  
12     assistance service or its officer or agent is immune from liability for  
13     publishing the listing of an alternate business name or assumed  
14     business name of a supplier in its directory or directory assistance data  
15     base unless the telephone company or other provider of a telephone  
16     directory or directory assistance service is the same person as the  
17     supplier who has committed the deceptive act.

18      (h) For purposes of subsection (b)(18), it is an affirmative defense  
19     to any action brought under this chapter that the product has been  
20     altered by a person other than the defendant to render the product  
21     completely incapable of serving its original purpose.

22      SECTION 51. IC 24-5-0.5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2025,  
23     SECTION 133, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
24     [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. (a) A person relying upon an  
25     uncured or incurable deceptive act may bring an action for the damages  
26     actually suffered as a consumer as a result of the deceptive act or five  
27     hundred dollars (\$500), whichever is greater. The court may increase  
28     damages for a willful deceptive act in an amount that does not exceed  
29     the greater of:

30       (1) three (3) times the actual damages of the consumer suffering  
31       the loss; or

32       (2) one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

33      Except as provided in subsection (k), the court may award reasonable  
34     attorney's fees to the party that prevails in an action under this  
35     subsection. This subsection does not apply to a consumer transaction  
36     in real property, including a claim or action involving a construction  
37     defect (as defined in IC 32-27-3-1(5)) brought against a construction  
38     professional (as defined in IC 32-27-3-1(4)), except for purchases of  
39     time shares and camping club memberships. This subsection does not  
40     apply with respect to a deceptive act described in section 3(b)(20) of  
41     this chapter. This subsection also does not apply to a violation of  
42     IC 24-4.7, IC 24-5-12, IC 24-5-14, or IC 24-5-14.5. Actual damages



1 awarded to a person under this section have priority over any civil  
2 penalty imposed under this chapter.

3 (b) Any person who is entitled to bring an action under subsection  
4 (a) on the person's own behalf against a supplier for damages for a  
5 deceptive act may bring a class action against such supplier on behalf  
6 of any class of persons of which that person is a member and which has  
7 been damaged by such deceptive act, subject to and under the Indiana  
8 Rules of Trial Procedure governing class actions, except as herein  
9 expressly provided. Except as provided in subsection (k), the court may  
10 award reasonable attorney's fees to the party that prevails in a class  
11 action under this subsection, provided that such fee shall be determined  
12 by the amount of time reasonably expended by the attorney and not by  
13 the amount of the judgment, although the contingency of the fee may  
14 be considered. Except in the case of an extension of time granted by the  
15 attorney general under IC 24-10-2-2(b) in an action subject to IC 24-10,  
16 any money or other property recovered in a class action under this  
17 subsection which cannot, with due diligence, be restored to consumers  
18 within one (1) year after the judgment becomes final shall be returned  
19 to the party depositing the same. This subsection does not apply to a  
20 consumer transaction in real property, except for purchases of time  
21 shares and camping club memberships. This subsection does not apply  
22 with respect to a deceptive act described in section 3(b)(20) of this  
23 chapter. Actual damages awarded to a class have priority over any civil  
24 penalty imposed under this chapter.

25 (c) The attorney general may bring an action to enjoin an unfair,  
26 abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a  
27 consumer transaction, including a deceptive act described in section  
28 3(b)(20) of this chapter, notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b).  
29 However, the attorney general may seek to enjoin patterns of incurable  
30 deceptive acts with respect to consumer transactions in real property.  
31 In addition, the court may:

32 (1) issue an injunction;  
33 (2) order the supplier to make payment of the money unlawfully  
34 received from the aggrieved consumers to be held in escrow for  
35 distribution to aggrieved consumers;  
36 (3) for a knowing violation against a senior consumer, increase  
37 the amount of restitution ordered under subdivision (2) in any  
38 amount up to three (3) times the amount of damages incurred or  
39 value of property or assets lost;  
40 (4) order the supplier to pay to the state the reasonable costs of  
41 the attorney general's investigation and prosecution, expert fees,  
42 and court fees related to the action;



(5) provide for the appointment of a receiver; and

(6) order the department of state revenue to suspend the supplier's registered retail merchant certificate, subject to the requirements and prohibitions contained in IC 6-2.5-8-7(a)(5), if the court finds that a violation of this chapter involved the sale or solicited sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (repealed)) (before July 1, 2019), a controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-8), or a substance represented to be a controlled substance (as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).

(d) In an action under subsection (a), (b), (c), or (n) the court may void or limit the application of contracts or clauses resulting from deceptive acts and order restitution to be paid to aggrieved consumers.

(e) In any action under subsection (a) or (b), upon the filing of the complaint or on the appearance of any defendant, claimant, or any other party, or at any later time, the trial court, the supreme court, or the court of appeals may require the plaintiff, defendant, claimant, or any other party or parties to give security, or additional security, in such sum as the court shall direct to pay all costs, expenses, and disbursements that shall be awarded against that party or which that party may be directed to pay by any interlocutory order by the final judgment or on appeal.

(f) Any person who violates the terms of an injunction issued under subsection (c) or (n) shall forfeit and pay to the state a civil penalty of not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per violation. For the purposes of this section, the court issuing an injunction shall retain jurisdiction, the cause shall be continued, and the attorney general acting in the name of the state may petition for recovery of civil penalties. Whenever the court determines that an injunction issued under subsection (c) or (n) has been violated, the court shall award reasonable costs to the state.

(g) If a court finds any person has knowingly violated section 3 or 10 of this chapter, other than section 3(b)(19), 3(b)(20), or 3(b)(40) 3(b)(41) of this chapter, the attorney general, in an action pursuant to subsection (c), may recover from the person on behalf of the state a civil penalty of a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation.

(h) If a court finds that a person has violated section 3(b)(19) of this chapter, the attorney general, in an action under subsection (c), may recover from the person on behalf of the state a civil penalty as follows:

(1) For a knowing or intentional violation, one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).



(2) For a violation other than a knowing or intentional violation, five hundred dollars (\$500).

A civil penalty recovered under this subsection shall be deposited in the consumer protection division telephone solicitation fund established by IC 24-4.7-3-6 to be used for the administration and enforcement of section 3(b)(19) of this chapter.

10 (j) An offer to cure is:

11 (1) not admissible as evidence in a proceeding initiated under this  
12 section unless the offer to cure is delivered by a supplier to the  
13 consumer or a representative of the consumer before the supplier  
14 files the supplier's initial response to a complaint; and

15 (2) only admissible as evidence in a proceeding initiated under  
16 this section to prove that a supplier is not liable for attorney's fees  
17 under subsection (k).

If the offer to cure is timely delivered by the supplier, the supplier may submit the offer to cure as evidence to prove in the proceeding in accordance with the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure that the supplier made an offer to cure.

22 (k) A supplier may not be held liable for the attorney's fees and  
23 court costs of the consumer that are incurred following the timely  
24 delivery of an offer to cure as described in subsection (j) unless the  
25 actual damages awarded, not including attorney's fees and costs, exceed  
26 the value of the offer to cure.

(l) If a court finds that a person has knowingly violated section 3(b)(20) of this chapter, the attorney general, in an action under subsection (c), may recover from the person on behalf of the state a civil penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per consumer. In determining the amount of the civil penalty in any action by the attorney general under this subsection, the court shall consider, among other relevant factors, the frequency and persistence of noncompliance by the debt collector, the nature of the noncompliance, and the extent to which the noncompliance was intentional. A person may not be held liable in any action by the attorney general for a violation of section 3(b)(20) of this chapter if the person shows by a preponderance of evidence that the violation was not intentional and resulted from a bona fide error, notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid the error. A person may not be held liable in any action for a violation of this chapter for contacting a person other than the debtor, if the contact is made in compliance with



1 the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

2 (m) If a court finds that a person has knowingly or intentionally  
3 violated section 3(b)(40) 3(b)(41) of this chapter, the attorney general,  
4 in an action under subsection (c), may recover from the person on  
5 behalf of the state a civil penalty in accordance with  
6 IC 24-5-14.5-12(b). As specified in IC 24-5-14.5-12(b), a civil penalty  
7 recovered under IC 24-5-14.5-12(b) shall be deposited in the consumer  
8 protection division telephone solicitation fund established by  
9 IC 24-4.7-3-6 to be used for the administration and enforcement of  
10 IC 24-5-14.5. In addition to the recovery of a civil penalty in  
11 accordance with IC 24-5-14.5-12(b), the attorney general may also  
12 recover reasonable attorney fees and court costs from the person on  
13 behalf of the state. Those funds shall also be deposited in the consumer  
14 protection division telephone solicitation fund established by  
15 IC 24-4.7-3-6.

16 (n) An action that arises from, or otherwise involves, an unfair,  
17 abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a  
18 consumer transaction described in section 2(a)(1)(D)(i) of this chapter  
19 may be brought and enforced only by the attorney general under this  
20 subsection. An action that arises from, or otherwise involves, an unfair,  
21 abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a  
22 consumer transaction described in section 2(a)(1)(D)(ii) of this chapter  
23 may be brought and enforced only by an attorney acting on behalf of  
24 the local law enforcement agency involved in the transaction, unless  
25 the local unit of government served by the local law enforcement  
26 agency requests the attorney general to bring and enforce an action  
27 under this subsection on behalf of the local unit. In addition, the court  
28 may:

29 (1) issue an injunction;  
30 (2) order the supplier to make payment of the money unlawfully  
31 received from the aggrieved consumers to be held in escrow for  
32 distribution to aggrieved consumers; or

33 (3) order the supplier to pay to:

34 (A) the attorney acting on behalf of the local law enforcement  
35 agency; or

36 (B) the attorney general for the state;

37 as applicable, the reasonable costs of the attorney's or the attorney  
38 general's investigation and prosecution, expert fees, and court fees  
39 related to the action.

40 The time for bringing an action under subsection (c), as set forth in  
41 section 5(b) of this chapter, applies to an action brought under this  
42 subsection.



1           SECTION 52. IC 25-1-1.1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2025,  
2           SECTION 134, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
3           [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. Notwithstanding IC 25-1-7, a  
4           board, a commission, or a committee may suspend, deny, or revoke a  
5           license or certificate issued under this title by the board, the  
6           commission, or the committee without an investigation by the office of  
7           the attorney general if the individual who holds the license or  
8           certificate is convicted of any of the following and the board,  
9           commission, or committee determines, after the individual has  
10           appeared in person, that the offense affects the individual's ability to  
11           perform the duties of the profession:

- 12           (1) Possession of cocaine or a narcotic drug under IC 35-48-4-6.
- 13           (2) Possession of methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.1.
- 14           (3) Possession of a controlled substance under ~~IC 35-48-4-7(a)~~  
15           **IC 35-48-4-7(b).**
- 16           (4) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under  
17           ~~IC 35-48-4-7(c)~~  
18           **IC 35-48-4-7(d).**
- 19           (5) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime  
20           committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime  
21           committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.1(c).
- 22           (6) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime  
23           committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime  
24           committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
- 25           (7) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony (for a crime  
26           committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime  
27           committed after June 30, 2014) under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b) (before  
28           its amendment on July 1, 2015).
- 29           (8) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a Class  
30           D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level  
31           6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) under  
32           IC 35-48-4-11.
- 33           (9) A felony offense under IC 35-48-4 involving possession of a  
34           synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), possession of a  
35           controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-8), or  
36           possession of a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in  
37           IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019)) as a:
  - 38           (A) Class D felony for a crime committed before July 1, 2014;  
39           or
  - 40           (B) Level 6 felony for a crime committed after June 30, 2014;  
41           under IC 35-48-4-11.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2019).
- 42           (10) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13  
                 (repealed) or IC 35-45-1-5, if the common nuisance involves a



1 controlled substance.

2 (11) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription  
3 forms under IC 35-48-4-14.

4 (12) A sex crime under IC 35-42-4.

5 (13) A felony that reflects adversely on the individual's fitness to  
6 hold a professional license.

7 SECTION 53. IC 34-30-2.1-72, AS ADDED BY P.L.105-2022,  
8 SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
9 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 72. IC 7.1-5-10-15 (Concerning ~~alcoholic~~  
10 ~~beverage~~ a permittee or permittee's agent refusing to ~~serve~~ **provide**  
11 alcoholic beverages **or products containing THC** to certain persons).

12 SECTION 54. IC 34-30-2.1-73, AS ADDED BY P.L.105-2022,  
13 SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
14 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 73. IC 7.1-5-10-15.5 (Concerning persons who  
15 furnish an alcoholic beverage **or a product containing THC** for  
16 damages caused by an impaired or intoxicated person).

17 SECTION 55. IC 35-31.5-2-61.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
18 CODE AS A **NEW SECTION** TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
19 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 61.5. "Container", for purposes**  
20 **of IC 35-48-8, has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-2.**

21 SECTION 56. IC 35-31.5-2-152.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
22 CODE AS A **NEW SECTION** TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
23 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 152.2. "Hemp", for purposes of**  
24 **this title, has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-3.**

25 SECTION 57. IC 35-31.5-2-152.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
26 CODE AS A **NEW SECTION** TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
27 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 152.3. "Hemp derived**  
28 **cannabinoid product", for purposes of this title, has the meaning**  
29 **set forth in IC 35-48-8-4.**

30 SECTION 58. IC 35-31.5-2-169.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
31 CODE AS A **NEW SECTION** TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
32 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 169.3. "Industrial hemp", for**  
33 **purposes of this title, has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-5.**

34 SECTION 59. IC 35-31.5-2-176.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
35 CODE AS A **NEW SECTION** TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
36 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 176.1. "Intermediate hemp**  
37 **derived cannabinoid product", for purposes of IC 35-48-8, has the**  
38 **meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-6.**

39 SECTION 60. IC 35-31.5-2-189.9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE  
40 JULY 1, 2026]. **See. 189.9. "Low THC hemp extract", for purposes of**  
41 **IC 35-48, has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-1.1-27.**

42 SECTION 61. IC 35-46-1-11.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.163-2025,



1 SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
2 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 11.7. (a) A retail establishment in which tobacco  
3 products **and products containing tetrahydrocannabinol (THC)**  
4 account for at least eighty-five percent (85%) of the retail  
5 establishment's gross sales may not allow an individual who is less than  
6 twenty-one (21) years of age to enter the retail establishment.

7 (b) An individual who is less than twenty-one (21) years of age may  
8 not enter a retail establishment described in subsection (a).

9 (c) A retail establishment described in subsection (a) must  
10 conspicuously post on all entrances to the retail establishment the  
11 following:

12 (1) A sign in boldface type that states "NOTICE: It is unlawful for  
13 a person less than 21 years old to enter this store.".

14 (2) A sign printed in letters and numbers at least one-half (1/2)  
15 inch high that displays a toll free phone number for assistance to  
16 callers in quitting smoking, as determined by the Indiana  
17 department of health.

18 (d) A person who violates this section commits a Class C infraction.  
19 Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4(c), a civil judgment for an infraction  
20 committed under this section must be imposed as follows:

21 (1) If the person has not been cited for a violation of this section  
22 in the previous one (1) year, a civil penalty of up to four hundred  
23 dollars (\$400).

24 (2) If the person has had one (1) violation in the previous one (1)  
25 year, a civil penalty of up to eight hundred dollars (\$800).

26 (3) If the person has had two (2) violations in the previous one (1)  
27 year, a civil penalty of up to one thousand four hundred dollars  
28 (\$1,400).

29 (4) If the person has had three (3) or more violations in the  
30 previous one (1) year, a civil penalty of up to two thousand dollars  
31 (\$2,000).

32 A person may not be cited more than once every twenty-four (24)  
33 hours.

34 (e) Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-5(c), civil penalties collected under  
35 this section must be deposited in the Richard D. Doyle tobacco  
36 education and enforcement fund established under IC 7.1-6-2-6.

37 (f) A person who violates subsection (a) at least six (6) times in any  
38 one (1) year period commits habitual illegal entrance by a minor, a  
39 Class B infraction.

40 SECTION 62. IC 35-48-1.1-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.186-2025,  
41 SECTION 249, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
42 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. "Controlled substance" means a



1 drug, substance, or immediate precursor in schedule I, II, III, IV, or V  
2 under:

3 (1) IC 35-48-2-4, IC 35-48-2-6, IC 35-48-2-8, IC 35-48-2-10, or  
4 IC 35-48-2-12, if IC 35-48-2-14 does not apply; or  
5 (2) a rule adopted by the board, if IC 35-48-2-14 applies.

6 ~~The term does not include low THC hemp extract.~~

7 SECTION 63. IC 35-48-1.1-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.186-2025,

8 SECTION 249, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS

9 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. (a) "Controlled substance analog"  
10 means a substance that, due to its chemical structure and potential for  
11 abuse or misuse, meets the following criteria:

12 (1) The substance is substantially similar to a controlled substance  
13 classified under IC 35-48-2.

14 (2) The substance has a narcotic, stimulant, depressant, or  
15 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system or is  
16 represented or intended to have a narcotic, stimulant, depressant,  
17 or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system  
18 substantially similar to or greater than that of a controlled  
19 substance classified under IC 35-48-2.

20 (b) The definition set forth in subsection (a) does not include:

21 (1) a controlled substance;

22 (2) a legend drug;

23 (3) a substance for which there is an approved new drug  
24 application;

25 (4) any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any  
26 controlled substance, that is not for administration to a human  
27 being or an animal, and that is packaged in a form or  
28 concentration, or with adulterants or denaturants, such that as  
29 packaged it does not present any significant potential for abuse;  
30 **or**

31 (5) a substance to which an investigational exemption applies  
32 under Section 505 of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act  
33 (chapter 675, 52 Stat. 1052 (21 U.S.C. 355)), but only to the  
34 extent that conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the  
35 exemption. **or**

36 (6) ~~low THC hemp extract.~~

37 (c) For purposes of subsection (a), "substantially similar", as it  
38 applies to the chemical structure of a substance, means that the  
39 chemical structure of the substance, when compared to the structure of  
40 a controlled substance, has a single difference in the structural formula  
41 that substitutes one (1) atom or functional group for another, including:

42 (1) one (1) halogen for another halogen;



- (2) one (1) hydrogen for a halogen;
- (3) one (1) halogen for a hydrogen; or
- (4) an alkyl group added or deleted:
  - (A) as a side chain to or from a molecule; or
  - (B) from a side chain of a molecule.

SECTION 64. IC 35-48-1.1-27 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]. See. 27. (a) "Low THC hemp extract" means a substance or compound that:

- (1) is derived from or contains any part of the plant *Cannabis sativa* L. that meets the definition of hemp under IC 15-15-13-6;
- (2) contains not more than three-tenths percent (0.3%) total delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), including precursors, by weight; and
- (3) contains no other controlled substances.

(b) The term does not include:

(1) the harvested reproductive organ, whether immature or mature, of the female hemp plant; or  
(2) smokable hemp.

SECTION 65. IC 35-48-1.1-29, AS ADDED BY P.L.186-2025, SECTION 249, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 29. (a) "Marijuana" means any part of the plant genus Cannabis whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant, including hashish and hash oil; any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin.

(b) The term does not include:

- (1) the mature stalks of the plant;
- (2) fiber produced from the stalks;
- (3) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant;
- (4) any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom);
- (5) the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination;
- (6) hemp (as defined by IC 15-15-13-6);
- (7) low THC hemp extract; or
- (8) smokable hemp.

- (1) a hemp derived cannabinoid product (as defined in IC 35-48-8-4); or
- (2) industrial hemp monitored and licensed with the state seed commissioner under IC 15-15-13

SECTION 66. JC 35-48-1.1-38, AS ADDED BY P.L. 186-2025.



1 SECTION 249, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
2 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 38. (a) Except as provided in  
3 subsection (b), "smokable hemp" means a product containing ~~not more~~  
4 ~~than three-tenths percent (0.3%) delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol any~~  
5 ~~amount of tetrahydrocannabinol~~ (THC), including precursors and  
6 derivatives of THC, in a form that allows THC to be introduced into the  
7 human body by inhalation of smoke. The term includes:

8 (1) hemp bud; and  
9 (2) hemp flower.

10 (b) The term does not include:

11 (1) a hemp plant that is; or  
12 (2) parts of a hemp plant that are;

13 grown or handled by a licensee **governed by IC 15-15-13 and** for  
14 processing or manufacturing into a **legal hemp derived cannabinoid**  
15 **product under IC 7.1-8.**

16 SECTION 67. IC 35-48-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.84-2010,  
17 SECTION 92, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
18 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) The board shall administer this article and  
19 may recommend to the general assembly the addition, deletion, or  
20 rescheduling of all substances listed in the schedules in sections 4, 6,  
21 8, 10, and 12 of this chapter by submitting in an electronic format  
22 under IC 5-14-6 a report of such recommendations to the legislative  
23 council. In making a determination regarding a substance, the board  
24 shall consider the following:

25 (1) The actual or relative potential for abuse.  
26 (2) The scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if  
27 known.  
28 (3) The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the  
29 substance.  
30 (4) The history and current pattern of abuse.  
31 (5) The scope, duration, and significance of abuse.  
32 (6) The risk to public health.  
33 (7) The potential of the substance to produce psychic or  
34 physiological dependence liability.  
35 (8) Whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a  
36 substance already controlled under this article.

37 (b) After considering the factors enumerated in subsection (a), the  
38 board shall make findings and recommendations concerning the control  
39 of the substance if it finds the substance has a potential for abuse.

40 (c) If the board finds that a substance is an immediate precursor,  
41 substances which are precursors of the controlled precursor shall not  
42 be subject to control solely because they are precursors of the



1       controlled precursor.

2       (d) If any substance is designated or rescheduled to a more  
 3       restrictive schedule as a controlled substance under federal law and  
 4       notice is given to the board, the board shall recommend similar control  
 5       of the substance under this article in the board's report to the general  
 6       assembly, unless the board objects to inclusion or rescheduling. In that  
 7       case, the board shall publish the reasons for objection and afford all  
 8       interested parties an opportunity to be heard. At the conclusion of the  
 9       hearing, the board shall publish its findings.

10      (e) **This subsection does not include marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol.** If a substance is rescheduled to a less  
 11       restrictive schedule or deleted as a controlled substance under federal  
 12       law, the substance is rescheduled or deleted under this article. If the  
 13       board objects to inclusion, rescheduling, or deletion of the substance,  
 14       the board shall notify the chairman of the legislative council not more  
 15       than thirty (30) days after the federal law is changed and the substance  
 16       may not be rescheduled or deleted until the conclusion of the next  
 17       complete session of the general assembly. The notice from the board  
 18       to the chairman of the legislative council must be published.

19      (f) The board shall conduct hearings regarding revocations,  
 20       suspensions, and restrictions of registrations as provided in  
 21       IC 35-48-3-4. All hearings shall be conducted in accordance with  
 22       IC 4-21.5-3.

23      (g) Authority to control under this section does not extend to  
 24       distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages, as those terms are defined or  
 25       used in IC 7.1, or to tobacco.

26      (h) The board shall exclude any nonnarcotic substance from a  
 27       schedule if that substance may, under the Federal Food, Drug, and  
 28       Cosmetic Act or state law, be sold over the counter without a  
 29       prescription.

30      SECTION 68. IC 35-48-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.61-2020,  
 31      SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 32       JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. **(a) This section does not apply to a hemp**  
 33       **derived cannabinoid product as defined in IC 35-48-8-4.**

34      **(a) (b)** A person who:

- 35       (1) knowingly or intentionally:
  - 36           (A) manufactures;
  - 37           (B) finances the manufacture of;
  - 38           (C) delivers; or
  - 39           (D) finances the delivery of;

40       a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, pure or  
 41       adulterated, classified in schedule I, except marijuana, hash oil,



1 hashish, or salvia, or a controlled substance, or controlled  
2 substance analog, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule II or  
3 III; or  
4 (2) possesses, with intent to:  
5 (A) manufacture;  
6 (B) finance the manufacture of;  
7 (C) deliver; or  
8 (D) finance the delivery of;  
9 a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, pure or  
10 adulterated, classified in schedule I, except marijuana, hash oil,  
11 hashish, or salvia, or a controlled substance, or controlled  
12 substance analog, pure or adulterated, classified in schedule II or  
13 III;  
14 commits dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance, a Level  
15 6 felony, except as provided in subsections ~~(b)~~ (c) through ~~(f)~~ (g).  
16 ~~(b)~~ (c) A person may be convicted of an offense under subsection  
17 ~~(a)(2)~~ (b)(2) only if:  
18 (1) there is evidence in addition to the weight of the drug that the  
19 person intended to manufacture, finance the manufacture of,  
20 deliver, or finance the delivery of the drug; or  
21 (2) the amount of the drug involved is at least twenty-eight (28)  
22 grams.  
23 ~~(c)~~ (d) The offense is a Level 5 felony if:  
24 (1) the amount of the drug involved is at least one (1) gram but  
25 less than five (5) grams; or  
26 (2) the amount of the drug involved is less than one (1) gram and  
27 an enhancing circumstance applies.  
28 ~~(d)~~ (e) The offense is a Level 4 felony if:  
29 (1) the amount of the drug involved is at least five (5) grams but  
30 less than ten (10) grams; or  
31 (2) the amount of the drug involved is at least one (1) gram but  
32 less than five (5) grams and an enhancing circumstance applies.  
33 ~~(e)~~ (f) The offense is a Level 3 felony if:  
34 (1) the amount of the drug involved is at least ten (10) grams but  
35 less than twenty-eight (28) grams; or  
36 (2) the amount of the drug involved is at least five (5) grams but  
37 less than ten (10) grams and an enhancing circumstance applies.  
38 ~~(f)~~ (g) The offense is a Level 2 felony if:  
39 (1) the amount of the drug involved is at least twenty-eight (28)  
40 grams; or  
41 (2) the amount of the drug involved is at least ten (10) grams but  
42 less than twenty-eight (28) grams and an enhancing circumstance



1                   applies.

2                   SECTION 69. IC 35-48-4-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.61-2020,  
 3                   SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 4                   JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. **(a) This section does not apply to a hemp**  
 5                   **derived cannabinoid product as defined in IC 35-48-8-4.**

6                   **(a)** **(b)** A person who, without a valid prescription or order of a  
 7                   practitioner acting in the course of the practitioner's professional  
 8                   practice, knowingly or intentionally possesses a:

9                   (1) controlled substance or controlled substance analog (pure or  
 10                   adulterated), classified in schedule I, except marijuana, hashish,  
 11                   or salvia; or

12                   (2) controlled substance or controlled substance analog (pure or  
 13                   adulterated), classified in schedule II, III, or IV;

14                   commits possession of a controlled substance, a Class A misdemeanor,  
 15                   except as provided in subsection **(b)**. **(c)**.

16                   **(b)** **(c)** The offense is a Level 6 felony if the person commits the  
 17                   offense and an enhancing circumstance applies.

18                   **(c)** **(d)** A person who, without a valid prescription or order of a  
 19                   practitioner acting in the course of the practitioner's professional  
 20                   practice, knowingly or intentionally obtains:

21                   (1) more than four (4) ounces of schedule V controlled substances  
 22                   containing codeine in any given forty-eight (48) hour period  
 23                   unless pursuant to a prescription;

24                   (2) a schedule V controlled substance pursuant to written or  
 25                   verbal misrepresentation; or

26                   (3) possession of a schedule V controlled substance other than by  
 27                   means of a prescription or by means of signing an exempt  
 28                   narcotic register maintained by a pharmacy licensed by the  
 29                   Indiana state board of pharmacy;

30                   commits a Class A misdemeanor.

31                   SECTION 70. IC 35-48-4-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2018,  
 32                   SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 33                   JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 10. **(a)** A person who:

34                   (1) knowingly or intentionally:

35                   (A) manufactures;

36                   (B) finances the manufacture of;

37                   (C) delivers; or

38                   (D) finances the delivery of;

39                   marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, pure or adulterated; or

40                   (2) possesses, with intent to:

41                   (A) manufacture;

42                   (B) finance the manufacture of;



- (C) deliver; or
- (D) finance the delivery of; marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, pure or adulterated; commits dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, a Class A misdemeanor, except as provided in subsections (b) through (d).
- (b) A person may be convicted of an offense under subsection (a)(2) only if:
  - (1) there is evidence in addition to the weight of the drug that the person intended to manufacture, finance the manufacture of, deliver, or finance the delivery of the drug; or
  - (2) the amount of the drug involved is at least:
    - (A) ten (10) pounds, if the drug is marijuana; or
    - (B) three hundred (300) grams, if the drug is hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
- (c) The offense is a Level 6 felony if:
  - (1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense and the amount of the drug involved is:
    - (A) less than thirty (30) grams of marijuana; or
    - (B) less than five (5) grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia; or
  - (2) the amount of the drug involved is:
    - (A) at least thirty (30) grams but less than ten (10) pounds of marijuana; or
    - (B) at least five (5) grams but less than three hundred (300) grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia.
- (d) The offense is a Level 5 felony if:
  - (1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug dealing offense and the amount of the drug involved is:
    - (A) at least thirty (30) grams but less than ten (10) pounds of marijuana; or
    - (B) at least five (5) grams but less than three hundred (300) grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia;
  - (2) the:
    - (A) amount of the drug involved is:
      - (i) at least ten (10) pounds of marijuana; or
      - (ii) at least three hundred (300) grams of hash oil, hashish, or salvia; or
    - (B) offense involved a sale to a minor; or
  - (3) the:
    - (A) person is a retailer;
    - (B) marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia is packaged in a manner that appears to be ~~low THC hemp extract; a hemp derived cannabinoid product;~~ and



(C) person knew or reasonably should have known that the product was marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia.

SECTION 71. IC 35-48-4-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.153-2018, SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 11. (a) A person who:

- (1) knowingly or intentionally possesses (pure or adulterated) marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia;
- (2) knowingly or intentionally grows or cultivates marijuana; or
- (3) knowing that marijuana is growing on the person's premises, fails to destroy the marijuana plants;

commits possession of marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia, a Class B misdemeanor, except as provided in subsections (b) through (c).

(b) The offense described in subsection (a) is a Class A misdemeanor if:

- (1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense; or
- (2) the:

(A) marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia is packaged in a manner that appears to be ~~low THC~~ hemp extract; a **hemp derived cannabinoid product**; and

(B) person knew or reasonably should have known that the product was marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia.

(c) The offense described in subsection (a) is a Level 6 felony if:

- (1) the person has a prior conviction for a drug offense; and
- (2) the person possesses:

SECTION 72. IC 35-48-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]:

## **Chapter 8. Offenses Relating to Hemp**

**Sec. 0.5. Nothing in IC 7.1 or IC 15 may be construed under the "inclusio unius, exclusio alterius" canon of construction that marijuana has been legalized.**

**Sec. 1. The terms defined in sections 2 through 6 of this chapter apply only to this chapter and if cited in another statute concerning hemp.**

Sec. 2. (a) "Container" means the innermost wrapping, packaging, or vessel in direct contact with a final hemp derived cannabinoid product in which the final hemp derived cannabinoid product is enclosed for retail sale to consumers, including a jar, bottle, bag, box, packet, can, carton, or cartridge.

(b) The term excludes bulk shipping containers or outer



1       **wrappings that are not essential for the final retail delivery or sale**  
2       **to an end consumer for personal or household use.**

3       (c) The term does not include a drug that is subject of an  
4       application approved under 21 U.S.C. 355(c) or (j).

5       **Sec. 3. (a) "Hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any**  
6       **part of the plant, including the seeds thereof and all derivatives,**  
7       **extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers,**  
8       **whether growing or not, with a total tetrahydrocannabinols**  
9       **concentration (including tetrahydrocannabinolic acid) of not more**  
10       **than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry weight basis.**

11       (b) The term includes industrial hemp and hemp derived  
12       cannabinoid products.

13       (c) The term does not include:

14           (1) any viable seeds from a Cannabis sativa L. plant that  
15           exceeds a total tetrahydrocannabinols concentration  
16           (including tetrahydrocannabinolic acid) of three-tenths of one  
17           percent (0.3%) in the plant on a dry weight basis;

18           (2) any intermediate hemp derived cannabinoid products  
19           containing:

20              (A) cannabinoids that are not capable of being naturally  
21              produced by a Cannabis sativa L. plant;

22              (B) cannabinoids that:

23                  (i) are capable of being naturally produced by the  
24                  Cannabis sativa L. plant; and

25                  (ii) were synthesized or manufactured outside the plant;  
26                  or

27              (C) more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%)  
28              combined total concentration of:

29                  (i) total tetrahydrocannabinols (including  
30                  tetrahydrocannabinolic acid); and

31                  (ii) any other cannabinoids that have similar effects (or  
32                  are marketed to have similar effects) on humans or  
33                  animals as a tetrahydrocannabinol as determined by the  
34                  United States Secretary of Health and Human Services;

35           (3) any intermediate hemp derived cannabinoid products  
36           which are marketed or sold as a final product or directly to an  
37           end consumer for personal or household use;

38           (4) any final hemp derived cannabinoid products containing:

39              (A) cannabinoids that are not capable of being naturally  
40              produced by a Cannabis sativa L. plant;

41              (B) cannabinoids that:

42                  (i) are capable of being naturally produced by a



**Cannabis sativa L. plant; and**

**(ii) were synthesized or manufactured outside the plant;**

**or**

**C) greater than four-tenths (0.4) milligram combined total**

**per container of:**

- (i) total tetrahydrocannabinols (including tetrahydrocannabinolic acid); and**
- (ii) any other cannabinoids that have similar effects, or**
- are marketed to have similar effects, on humans or**
- animals as a tetrahydrocannabinol, as determined by the**
- United States Secretary of Health and Human Services;**
- or**

**smokable hemp.**

**Sec. 4. "Hemp derived cannabinoid product" means a product derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or hemp plant parts including derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers.**

(b) The term includes any intermediate or final product derived from hemp, other than industrial hemp, that:

(1) contains cannabinoids in any form; and  
(2) is intended for human or animal use through any means of application or administration including:

- (A) inhalation;
- (B) ingestion; or
- (C) topical application.

**(c) The term includes cannabidiol, a CBD product, or a product that contains a cannabidiol.**

**(d) The term does not include:**

(1) smokable hemp (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-38);

(2) products that contain a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry weight basis; or

**(3) a drug that is the subject of an application approved under subsection (c) or (j) of Section 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355).**

**Sec. 5. "Industrial hemp" means hemp:**

(1) grown for the use of the stalk of the plant fiber produced from the stalk, or any other noncannabinoid derivative, mixture, preparation, or manufacture of the stalk;

(2) grown for the use of the whole grain, oil, cake, nut, hull, or other noncannabinoid compound, derivative, mixture, preparation, or manufacture of the seeds of the plant;



(3) grown for purposes of producing microgreens or other edible hemp leaf products for human consumption that are derived from an immature hemp plant that is grown from seeds that do not exceed the threshold for total tetrahydrocannabinols concentration of three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) in the plant on a dry weight basis;

(4) that is a plant that does not enter the stream of commerce and is intended to support hemp research at an institution of higher education, as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1001, or an independent research institute; or

(5) grown for the use of a viable seed of the plant produced solely for the production or manufacture of any material described in subdivisions (1) through (4).

**Sec. 6. "Intermediate hemp derived cannabinoid product"** means a hemp derived cannabinoid product that:

(1) is not yet in the final form or preparation and is marketed or intended to be used or consumed by a human or animal; or  
(2) is a powder, liquid, tablet, oil, or other product form that is intended or marketed to be mixed, dissolved, formulated, or added to or prepared with or into any other substance prior to administration or consumption.

### **Sec. 7. A person who:**

(1) is a retailer under IC 7.1-8;

(2) knowingly or intentionally sells marijuana that is packaged in a manner that appears to be a hemp derived cannabinoid product; and

**(3) knew or reasonably should have known that the product was marijuana;**

**commits a Level 5 felony.**

**Sec. 8. (a) A person who does not hold a valid permit under IC 7.1-8 who:**

**(1) knowingly or intentionally:**

(A) manufactures;

**(B) finances the manufacture of;**

(C) delivers;

**(D) finances the delivery of; or**

(E) sells;

## **hemp derived cannabinoid product; or**

**(2) possesses, with intent to:**

(A) manufacture;

**(B) finance the manufacture of;**

(C) deliver;



- (D) finance the delivery of; or
- (E) sell;

**commits unlicensed dealing in hemp derived cannabinoid product, a Class A misdemeanor, except as provided in subsections (b) through (d).**

**(b) A person may be convicted of an offense under subsection (a)(2) only if:**

**(1) there is evidence in addition to the weight of the drug that the person intended to manufacture, finance the manufacture of, deliver, finance the delivery of, or sell, the hemp derived cannabinoid product; or**

(2) the amount of the hemp derived cannabinoid product involved is at least ten (10) pounds.

(c) The offense is a Level 6 felony if the person has a prior conviction for an offense under this section and the amount of the hemp derived cannabinoid product involved is less than ten (10) pounds.

(d) The offense is a Level 5 felony if the person has a prior conviction for a dealing offense under this section and either:

- (1) the amount of the hemp derived cannabinoid product involved is less than ten (10) pounds; or
- (2) the offense involved a sale to a minor.

**(2) the offense involved a sale to a minor.**  
SECTION 73. IC 35-52-7-39, AS ADDED BY P.L.169-2014, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 39. IC 7.1-5-7-7 defines a crime concerning alcohol **and products containing THC**.

SECTION 74. IC 35-52-7-40, AS ADDED BY P.L.169-2014, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 40. IC 7.1-5-7-8 defines a crime concerning alcohol **and products containing THC**.

SECTION 75. IC 35-52-7-98 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 98. IC 7.1-8-15-5 defines a crime concerning hemp derived cannabinoid product certificate of analyses.**

SECTION 76. IC 35-52-7-99 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 99. IC 7.1-8-20-1 defines crimes concerning the transportation of hemp derived cannabinoid products.**

SECTION 77. IC 35-52-7-100 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1       CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
2       [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 100. IC 7.1-8-20-2 defines crimes**  
3       **regarding hemp derived cannabinoid products permits.**

4       SECTION 78. IC 35-52-7-101 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
5       CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
6       [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 101. IC 7.1-8-20-3 defines a crime**  
7       **concerning the sale of hemp derived cannabinoid products over the**  
8       **Internet.**

9       SECTION 79. IC 35-52-7-102 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA  
10      CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS  
11      [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 102. IC 7.1-8-20-4 defines a crime**  
12      **concerning recalled hemp derived cannabinoid products.**

13      SECTION 80. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026] (a) **The state seed**  
14      **commissioner shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2, to comply with**  
15      **this act by July 1, 2027.**

16      (b) **While rules are pending under subsection (a), the state seed**  
17      **commissioner shall adopt provisional rules to comply with this act**  
18      **by October 1, 2027.**

19      (c) **This SECTION expires January 1, 2028.**



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. President: The Senate Committee on Commerce and Technology, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 250, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "tetrahydrocannabinol." and insert **"tetrahydrocannabinol, including hemp derived cannabinoid products, synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, and synthetic substances, derivates, and their isomers with a similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity."**

Page 3, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"SECTION 4. IC 7.1-5-7-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 15. A person twenty-one (21) years of age or older who knowingly or intentionally encourages, aids, or induces a minor to unlawfully possess an alcoholic beverage **or a product containing THC** commits a Class C infraction.**

**SECTION 5. IC 7.1-5-7-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2011, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 16. The commission shall conduct random unannounced inspections at locations where alcoholic beverages **or products containing THC** are sold or distributed to ensure compliance with this title. Only the commission may conduct the random unannounced inspections. The commission may use retired or off duty law enforcement officers to conduct inspections under this section."**

Page 4, between lines 39 and 40, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 4. The definitions in IC 35-48-8 apply throughout this chapter.**

**Sec. 5. A product that purports to be a hemp derived cannabinoid product, but is in violation of this article, is to be treated as marijuana (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29)."**

Page 5, line 15, delete "cannabinol" and insert "cannabidiol".

Page 5, line 16, delete "." and insert ", any other cannabinoids, or any other controlled substances.

**Sec. 3.5. "Container" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-2."**

Page 5, line 17, delete "or "hemp" and insert **"has the meaning set forth in IC 35-48-8-4."**

Page 5, delete lines 18 through 38.

Page 6, delete lines 3 through 4.



Page 6, line 5, delete "8." and insert "7.".

Page 6, between lines 7 and 8, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 8. "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-31.5-2-185."**

Page 6, line 20, after "hemp" insert "**derived cannabinoid products**".

Page 6, line 23, after "manufactured" insert ", **distributed, and retailed**".

Page 6, line 28, delete "IC 7.1-8-6-2(a)." and insert "**IC 7.1-8-6-1(a)**."

Page 7, line 35, after "search" insert "**and seizure**".

Page 8, between lines 37 and 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(c) The commission may assess a fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) on behalf of the state police department to conduct criminal background checks."**

Page 8, line 38, delete "(c)" and insert "(d)".

Page 8, line 41, delete "(d)" and insert "(e)".

Page 9, line 9, delete "permit" and insert "**sales certificate**".

Page 9, line 26, delete "article" and insert "**title**".

Page 9, line 37, delete "The permanent location of the business for which the" and insert "**The name and address of the business for which the permit is issued**".

Page 9, delete line 38.

Page 10, delete lines 6 through 7.

Page 10, line 8, delete "2." and insert "1."

Page 10, between lines 22 and 23, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(c) The commission may choose to not issue a permit to the new owner if the new owner does not comply with the application requirements of this article."**

Page 10, line 23, delete "3." and insert "2."

Page 10, line 32, delete "4." and insert "3."

Page 10, line 37, delete "5." and insert "4."

Page 12, delete lines 34 through 42.

Page 13, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 13, line 22, after "permit" insert "**for ninety (90) days**".

Page 14, line 6, after "1." insert "(a)".

Page 14, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(b) A hemp manufacturer shall only purchase hemp from a person licensed to grow hemp under IC 15-15-13."**

Page 14, line 20, after "annually." insert "**The commission shall deposit this fee in the hemp derived cannabinoid products fund established by IC 7.1-8-16.**"



Page 14, between lines 22 and 23, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(d) A hemp manufacturer may only manufacture hemp derived cannabinoid products in Indiana."**

Page 15, delete lines 1 through 8.

Page 15, line 11, after "purchase hemp" insert "**derived cannabinoid products**".

Page 15, line 28, after "annually." insert "**The commission shall deposit this fee in the hemp derived cannabinoid products fund established by IC 7.1-8-16.**"

Page 15, line 34, delete "for consumption off the licensed premises".

Page 16, line 2, delete "." and insert ", **as defined in IC 7.1-8-2-3.**".

Page 16, line 23, after "1." insert "**(a)**".

Page 16, line 23, delete "derived cannabinoid".

Page 16, line 24, delete "products".

Page 16, line 25, after "transport" insert "**hemp or**".

Page 16, between lines 25 and 26, begin a new line double block indented and insert:

**"(A) between a hemp grower, licensed under IC 15-15-13-7 and a hemp manufacturer;"**

Page 16, line 26, delete "(A)" and insert "**(B)**".

Page 16, line 27, delete "(B)" and insert "**(C)**".

Page 16, line 28, delete "(C)" and insert "**(D)**".

Page 16, line 29, delete "derived".

Page 16, line 30, delete "cannabinoid products".

Page 16, between lines 30 and 31, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(b) A person transporting industrial hemp, as defined in IC 35-48-8-5, is exempt under this article but must obtain a hemp handler permit under IC 15-15-13-7 to transport industrial hemp."**

Page 17, line 10, after "transporting" insert "**hemp or**".

Page 17, line 17, delete "derived cannabinoid products".

Page 17, line 34, delete "may" and insert "**shall**".

Page 17, line 38, delete "(d)" and insert "**(d)(1)**".

Page 17, line 40, after "2." insert "**(a)**".

Page 17, line 40, after "must" insert "**be conspicuous and**".

Page 18, line 22, delete "That" and insert "**Except as provided in subsection (b), that**".

Page 18, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(b) Subsection (a)(9) does not apply to CBD products, as defined in IC 7.1-8-2-3."**

Page 18, delete lines 32 through 34.

Page 20, between lines 16 and 17, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(c) A hemp derived cannabinoid product with a falsified or**



**altered certificate of analysis is to be considered marijuana (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29).".**

Page 20, line 24, delete "commission." and insert "**state budget agency**".

Page 20, line 29, after "article;" insert "**and**".

Page 20, delete line 30.

Page 20, line 31, delete "(3)" and insert "(2)".

Page 20, delete lines 37 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 2. In each state fiscal year, the prior state fiscal year collections accrued to the fund shall be used by the commission as follows:**

**(1) Seventy percent (70%) by the commission for the administration of the purposes of this article.**

**(2) Twenty percent (20%) pursuant to the hemp derived products law enforcement program as described in section 3 of this chapter.**

**(3) Five percent (5%) to the division of mental health and addiction to provide funding for the 988 suicide and crisis hotline.**

**(4) Five percent (5%) to the state general fund."**

Page 21, delete lines 1 through 10.

Page 21, line 14, delete "commission" and insert "**state budget agency**".

Page 21, line 24, delete "article as" and insert "**article**".

Page 21, delete line 25.

Page 21, line 33, delete "article as" and insert "**article**".

Page 21, delete line 34.

Page 22, line 7, delete "use" and insert "**uses**".

Page 22, line 12, delete "and" and insert "**or**".

Page 22, between lines 36 and 37, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 1. The commission may do spot testing of hemp derived cannabinoid products to ensure compliance with this article."**

Page 22, line 37, delete "1." and insert "**2.**".

Page 23, line 2, delete "A product that purports to be a hemp derived cannabinoid" and insert "**The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the recall of hemp derived cannabinoid products due to:**

**(1) improper or false labeling; or**

**(2) health and safety concerns."**

Page 23, delete lines 3 through 4.

Page 23, line 14, delete "marijuana." and insert "**marijuana (as**



**defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29).".**

Page 23, line 29, delete "derived".

Page 23, line 30, delete "cannabinoid products".

Page 23, line 31, delete "(d)" and insert "**Sec. 2.**".

Page 23, line 31, after "seize" insert "**hemp or**".

Page 23, line 32, after "of" insert "**this article.**".

Page 23, delete line 33.

Page 23, line 34, delete "2." and insert "3.".

Page 24, line 3, delete "3." and insert "4.".

Page 24, line 4, after "Internet" insert "**or by delivery**".

Page 24, line 6, delete "4." and insert "5.".

Page 24, line 7, after "recalled" insert "**under IC 7.1-8-18**".

Page 24, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 6. A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this article commits a deceptive act that is actionable by the attorney general under IC 24-5-0.5 and is subject to the penalties listed in IC 24-5-0.5."**

Page 24, line 17, strike "or".

Page 24, line 21, after "IC 6-2.5-1-16);" insert "**or**

**(7) any combination of substances listed in subdivisions (1) through (6);".**

Page 24, line 27, delete "marijuana, hemp, and" and insert "**marijuana (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29), hemp (as defined in IC 35-48-8-3), and tetrahydrocannabinol (as defined in IC 7.1-1-3-46.5).**".

Page 24, delete line 28.

Page 24, line 33, delete "develop a portal to share" and insert "**share information regarding the hemp program established under this chapter with the state police department.**".

Page 24, delete lines 34 through 35.

Page 25, line 2, delete "industrial".

Page 25, line 10, delete "or industrial hemp".

Page 25, line 15, delete "or industrial".

Page 25, line 16, delete "hemp".

Page 25, line 29, after "hemp" insert ",".

Page 25, line 29, strike "products,".

Page 26, line 5, delete "or industrial hemp".

Page 26, line 20, delete "IC 7.1-8-2-4." and insert "**IC 35-48-8-4.**".

Page 26, line 23, after "6.6." insert "**(a)**".

Page 26, between lines 24 and 25, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(b) The term includes hemp as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-29."**

Page 27, line 7, delete "Indiana. Industrial hemp" and insert



"Indiana. Hemp".

Page 27, line 18, delete "and industrial".

Page 27, line 19, delete "hemp or" and insert "**or**".

Page 27, line 24, delete "and industrial hemp." and insert ". ".

Page 27, line 32, after "grower's" insert "**or hemp handler's**".

Page 27, line 40, after "coordinates" insert ", **including the geospatial decimal format**,".

Page 27, line 41, strike "property used".

Page 27, line 41, delete "including" and insert "**following**:

**(A) Site by field.**

**(B) Storage site.**

**(C) Receiving site.**

**(D) Staging site.**

**(E) Sites similar to the sites listed in clauses (A) through (D).".**

Page 27, delete line 42.

Page 28, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 28, line 12, after "convicted" insert ", ".

Page 28, line 12, strike "of".

Page 28, line 13, delete "any of the".

Page 28, line 14, delete "following".

Page 28, line 14, delete "and the" and insert "**of:**".

Page 28, delete lines 15 through 16.

Page 28, line 22, delete "felony." and insert "**felony;**

**for which the applicant's conviction has not been expunged under IC 35-38-9.".**

Page 29, line 6, delete "for:" and insert "**for, but not limited to:**".

Page 29, line 9, delete "or".

Page 29, line 10, delete "oil." and insert "**oil; or**

**(E) hemp derived cannabinoid products.".**

Page 29, line 21, after "growing" insert "**industrial**".

Page 30, delete lines 17 through 25, begin a new line block indented and insert:

**"(5) has been convicted within five (5) years of the application date of:**

**(A) a federal crime having a sentence of at least one (1) year;**

**(B) a felony or a drug related misdemeanor under Indiana law; or**

**(C) a crime in a state other than Indiana having a penalty equal to the penalty for a felony;**

**and the conviction has not been expunged under IC 35-38-9;**



**or".**

Page 30, line 33, delete "a hemp" and insert "**any hemp**".

Page 31, delete lines 5 through 7, begin a new line block indented and insert:

**"(2) Outdoor acreage or indoor square footage dedicated to the growing of hemp."**

Page 31, line 9, delete "other." and insert "**another specified use.**".

Page 35, line 27, delete "The driver must hold a" and insert "A".

Page 35, line 29, delete "showing" and insert "**identifying the person**".

Page 35, line 30, after "delivered," insert "**including the person's**".

Page 35, line 30, delete "address," and insert "**address and**".

Page 35, line 31, delete "variety of hemp, and quantity of hemp." and insert "**and the variety and quantity of the industrial hemp.**".

Page 36, delete lines 15 through 18, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"(b) The state seed commissioner shall include:**

**(1) the license number of the grower that produced the hemp; and**

**(2) the license number of the hemp handler;**

**in the licensing documents described in subsection (a).".**

Page 39, line 27, delete "under IC 7.1-8" and insert "**as defined in IC 35-48-8-4.**".

Page 49, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 46. IC 24-5-0.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2024, SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. (a) A supplier may not commit an unfair, abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a consumer transaction. Such an act, omission, or practice by a supplier is a violation of this chapter whether it occurs before, during, or after the transaction. An act, omission, or practice prohibited by this section includes both implicit and explicit misrepresentations.

(b) Without limiting the scope of subsection (a), the following acts, and the following representations as to the subject matter of a consumer transaction, made orally, in writing, or by electronic communication, by a supplier, are deceptive acts:

(1) That such subject of a consumer transaction has sponsorship, approval, performance, characteristics, accessories, uses, or benefits it does not have which the supplier knows or should reasonably know it does not have.

(2) That such subject of a consumer transaction is of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model, if it is not and if the



supplier knows or should reasonably know that it is not.

(3) That such subject of a consumer transaction is new or unused, if it is not and if the supplier knows or should reasonably know that it is not.

(4) That such subject of a consumer transaction will be supplied to the public in greater quantity than the supplier intends or reasonably expects.

(5) That replacement or repair constituting the subject of a consumer transaction is needed, if it is not and if the supplier knows or should reasonably know that it is not.

(6) That a specific price advantage exists as to such subject of a consumer transaction, if it does not and if the supplier knows or should reasonably know that it does not.

(7) That the supplier has a sponsorship, approval, or affiliation in such consumer transaction the supplier does not have, and which the supplier knows or should reasonably know that the supplier does not have.

(8) That such consumer transaction involves or does not involve a warranty, a disclaimer of warranties, or other rights, remedies, or obligations, if the representation is false and if the supplier knows or should reasonably know that the representation is false.

(9) That the consumer will receive a rebate, discount, or other benefit as an inducement for entering into a sale or lease in return for giving the supplier the names of prospective consumers or otherwise helping the supplier to enter into other consumer transactions, if earning the benefit, rebate, or discount is contingent upon the occurrence of an event subsequent to the time the consumer agrees to the purchase or lease.

(10) That the supplier is able to deliver or complete the subject of the consumer transaction within a stated period of time, when the supplier knows or should reasonably know the supplier could not. If no time period has been stated by the supplier, there is a presumption that the supplier has represented that the supplier will deliver or complete the subject of the consumer transaction within a reasonable time, according to the course of dealing or the usage of the trade.

(11) That the consumer will be able to purchase the subject of the consumer transaction as advertised by the supplier, if the supplier does not intend to sell it.

(12) That the replacement or repair constituting the subject of a consumer transaction can be made by the supplier for the estimate the supplier gives a customer for the replacement or repair, if the



specified work is completed and:

- (A) the cost exceeds the estimate by an amount equal to or greater than ten percent (10%) of the estimate;
- (B) the supplier did not obtain written permission from the customer to authorize the supplier to complete the work even if the cost would exceed the amounts specified in clause (A);
- (C) the total cost for services and parts for a single transaction is more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750); and
- (D) the supplier knew or reasonably should have known that the cost would exceed the estimate in the amounts specified in clause (A).

(13) That the replacement or repair constituting the subject of a consumer transaction is needed, and that the supplier disposes of the part repaired or replaced earlier than seventy-two (72) hours after both:

- (A) the customer has been notified that the work has been completed; and
- (B) the part repaired or replaced has been made available for examination upon the request of the customer.

(14) Engaging in the replacement or repair of the subject of a consumer transaction if the consumer has not authorized the replacement or repair, and if the supplier knows or should reasonably know that it is not authorized.

(15) The act of misrepresenting the geographic location of the supplier by listing an alternate business name or an assumed business name (as described in IC 23-0.5-3-4) in a local telephone directory if:

- (A) the name misrepresents the supplier's geographic location;
- (B) the listing fails to identify the locality and state of the supplier's business;
- (C) calls to the local telephone number are routinely forwarded or otherwise transferred to a supplier's business location that is outside the calling area covered by the local telephone directory; and
- (D) the supplier's business location is located in a county that is not contiguous to a county in the calling area covered by the local telephone directory.

(16) The act of listing an alternate business name or assumed business name (as described in IC 23-0.5-3-4) in a directory assistance data base if:

- (A) the name misrepresents the supplier's geographic location;
- (B) calls to the local telephone number are routinely forwarded



or otherwise transferred to a supplier's business location that is outside the local calling area; and

(C) the supplier's business location is located in a county that is not contiguous to a county in the local calling area.

(17) The violation by a supplier of IC 24-3-4 concerning cigarettes for import or export.

(18) The act of a supplier in knowingly selling or reselling a product to a consumer if the product has been recalled, whether by the order of a court or a regulatory body, or voluntarily by the manufacturer, distributor, or retailer, unless the product has been repaired or modified to correct the defect that was the subject of the recall.

(19) The violation by a supplier of 47 U.S.C. 227, including any rules or regulations issued under 47 U.S.C. 227.

(20) The violation by a supplier of the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq.), including any rules or regulations issued under the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq.).

**(21) A violation of IC 7.1-8 (concerning the manufacture, distribution, and sale of hemp derived cannabinoid products), as set forth in IC 7.1-8-20-5.**

~~(21)~~ (22) A violation of IC 24-5-7 (concerning health spa services), as set forth in IC 24-5-7-17.

~~(22)~~ (23) A violation of IC 24-5-8 (concerning business opportunity transactions), as set forth in IC 24-5-8-20.

~~(23)~~ (24) A violation of IC 24-5-10 (concerning home consumer transactions), as set forth in IC 24-5-10-18.

~~(24)~~ (25) A violation of IC 24-5-11 (concerning real property improvement contracts), as set forth in IC 24-5-11-14.

~~(25)~~ (26) A violation of IC 24-5-12 (concerning telephone solicitations), as set forth in IC 24-5-12-23.

~~(26)~~ (27) A violation of IC 24-5-13.5 (concerning buyback motor vehicles), as set forth in IC 24-5-13.5-14.

~~(27)~~ (28) A violation of IC 24-5-14 (concerning automatic dialing-announcing devices), as set forth in IC 24-5-14-13.

~~(28)~~ (29) A violation of IC 24-5-15 (concerning credit services organizations), as set forth in IC 24-5-15-11.

~~(29)~~ (30) A violation of IC 24-5-16 (concerning unlawful motor vehicle subleasing), as set forth in IC 24-5-16-18.

~~(30)~~ (31) A violation of IC 24-5-17 (concerning environmental marketing claims), as set forth in IC 24-5-17-14.

~~(31)~~ (32) A violation of IC 24-5-19 (concerning deceptive



commercial solicitation), as set forth in IC 24-5-19-11.

(32) (33) A violation of IC 24-5-21 (concerning prescription drug discount cards), as set forth in IC 24-5-21-7.

(33) (34) A violation of IC 24-5-23.5-7 (concerning real estate appraisals), as set forth in IC 24-5-23.5-9.

(34) (35) A violation of IC 24-5-26 (concerning identity theft), as set forth in IC 24-5-26-3.

(35) (36) A violation of IC 24-5.5 (concerning mortgage rescue fraud), as set forth in IC 24-5.5-6-1.

(36) (37) A violation of IC 24-8 (concerning promotional gifts and contests), as set forth in IC 24-8-6-3.

(37) (38) A violation of IC 21-18.5-6 (concerning representations made by a postsecondary credit bearing proprietary educational institution), as set forth in IC 21-18.5-6-22.5.

(38) (39) A violation of IC 24-5-15.5 (concerning collection actions of a plaintiff debt buyer), as set forth in IC 24-5-15.5-6.

(39) (40) A violation of IC 24-14 (concerning towing services), as set forth in IC 24-14-10-1.

(40) (41) A violation of IC 24-5-14.5 (concerning misleading or inaccurate caller identification information), as set forth in IC 24-5-14.5-12.

(41) (42) A violation of IC 24-5-27 (concerning intrastate inmate calling services), as set forth in IC 24-5-27-27.

(42) (43) A violation of IC 15-21 (concerning sales of dogs by retail pet stores), as set forth in IC 15-21-7-4.

(43) (44) A violation of IC 24-4-23 (concerning the security of information collected and transmitted by an adult oriented website operator), as set forth in IC 24-4-23-14.

(c) Any representations on or within a product or its packaging or in advertising or promotional materials which would constitute a deceptive act shall be the deceptive act both of the supplier who places such representation thereon or therein, or who authored such materials, and such other suppliers who shall state orally or in writing that such representation is true if such other supplier shall know or have reason to know that such representation was false.

(d) If a supplier shows by a preponderance of the evidence that an act resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adopted to avoid the error, such act shall not be deceptive within the meaning of this chapter.

(e) It shall be a defense to any action brought under this chapter that the representation constituting an alleged deceptive act was one made in good faith by the supplier without knowledge of its falsity and in



reliance upon the oral or written representations of the manufacturer, the person from whom the supplier acquired the product, any testing organization, or any other person provided that the source thereof is disclosed to the consumer.

(f) For purposes of subsection (b)(12), a supplier that provides estimates before performing repair or replacement work for a customer shall give the customer a written estimate itemizing as closely as possible the price for labor and parts necessary for the specific job before commencing the work.

(g) For purposes of subsection (b)(15) and (b)(16), a telephone company or other provider of a telephone directory or directory assistance service or its officer or agent is immune from liability for publishing the listing of an alternate business name or assumed business name of a supplier in its directory or directory assistance data base unless the telephone company or other provider of a telephone directory or directory assistance service is the same person as the supplier who has committed the deceptive act.

(h) For purposes of subsection (b)(18), it is an affirmative defense to any action brought under this chapter that the product has been altered by a person other than the defendant to render the product completely incapable of serving its original purpose.

SECTION 47. IC 24-5-0.5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2025, SECTION 133, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. (a) A person relying upon an uncured or incurable deceptive act may bring an action for the damages actually suffered as a consumer as a result of the deceptive act or five hundred dollars (\$500), whichever is greater. The court may increase damages for a willful deceptive act in an amount that does not exceed the greater of:

- (1) three (3) times the actual damages of the consumer suffering the loss; or
- (2) one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

Except as provided in subsection (k), the court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the party that prevails in an action under this subsection. This subsection does not apply to a consumer transaction in real property, including a claim or action involving a construction defect (as defined in IC 32-27-3-1(5)) brought against a construction professional (as defined in IC 32-27-3-1(4)), except for purchases of time shares and camping club memberships. This subsection does not apply with respect to a deceptive act described in section 3(b)(20) of this chapter. This subsection also does not apply to a violation of IC 24-4.7, IC 24-5-12, IC 24-5-14, or IC 24-5-14.5. Actual damages



awarded to a person under this section have priority over any civil penalty imposed under this chapter.

(b) Any person who is entitled to bring an action under subsection (a) on the person's own behalf against a supplier for damages for a deceptive act may bring a class action against such supplier on behalf of any class of persons of which that person is a member and which has been damaged by such deceptive act, subject to and under the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure governing class actions, except as herein expressly provided. Except as provided in subsection (k), the court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the party that prevails in a class action under this subsection, provided that such fee shall be determined by the amount of time reasonably expended by the attorney and not by the amount of the judgment, although the contingency of the fee may be considered. Except in the case of an extension of time granted by the attorney general under IC 24-10-2-2(b) in an action subject to IC 24-10, any money or other property recovered in a class action under this subsection which cannot, with due diligence, be restored to consumers within one (1) year after the judgment becomes final shall be returned to the party depositing the same. This subsection does not apply to a consumer transaction in real property, except for purchases of time shares and camping club memberships. This subsection does not apply with respect to a deceptive act described in section 3(b)(20) of this chapter. Actual damages awarded to a class have priority over any civil penalty imposed under this chapter.

(c) The attorney general may bring an action to enjoin an unfair, abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a consumer transaction, including a deceptive act described in section 3(b)(20) of this chapter, notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b). However, the attorney general may seek to enjoin patterns of incurable deceptive acts with respect to consumer transactions in real property. In addition, the court may:

- (1) issue an injunction;
- (2) order the supplier to make payment of the money unlawfully received from the aggrieved consumers to be held in escrow for distribution to aggrieved consumers;
- (3) for a knowing violation against a senior consumer, increase the amount of restitution ordered under subdivision (2) in any amount up to three (3) times the amount of damages incurred or value of property or assets lost;
- (4) order the supplier to pay to the state the reasonable costs of the attorney general's investigation and prosecution, expert fees, and court fees related to the action;



(5) provide for the appointment of a receiver; and  
 (6) order the department of state revenue to suspend the supplier's registered retail merchant certificate, subject to the requirements and prohibitions contained in IC 6-2.5-8-7(a)(5), if the court finds that a violation of this chapter involved the sale or solicited sale of a synthetic drug (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321), a synthetic drug lookalike substance (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-321.5 (repealed)) (before July 1, 2019), a controlled substance analog (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-8), or a substance represented to be a controlled substance (as described in IC 35-48-4-4.6).

(d) In an action under subsection (a), (b), (c), or (n) the court may void or limit the application of contracts or clauses resulting from deceptive acts and order restitution to be paid to aggrieved consumers.

(e) In any action under subsection (a) or (b), upon the filing of the complaint or on the appearance of any defendant, claimant, or any other party, or at any later time, the trial court, the supreme court, or the court of appeals may require the plaintiff, defendant, claimant, or any other party or parties to give security, or additional security, in such sum as the court shall direct to pay all costs, expenses, and disbursements that shall be awarded against that party or which that party may be directed to pay by any interlocutory order by the final judgment or on appeal.

(f) Any person who violates the terms of an injunction issued under subsection (c) or (n) shall forfeit and pay to the state a civil penalty of not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per violation. For the purposes of this section, the court issuing an injunction shall retain jurisdiction, the cause shall be continued, and the attorney general acting in the name of the state may petition for recovery of civil penalties. Whenever the court determines that an injunction issued under subsection (c) or (n) has been violated, the court shall award reasonable costs to the state.

(g) If a court finds any person has knowingly violated section 3 or 10 of this chapter, other than section 3(b)(19), 3(b)(20), or 3(b)(40) **3(b)(41)** of this chapter, the attorney general, in an action pursuant to subsection (c), may recover from the person on behalf of the state a civil penalty of a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation.

(h) If a court finds that a person has violated section 3(b)(19) of this chapter, the attorney general, in an action under subsection (c), may recover from the person on behalf of the state a civil penalty as follows:

(1) For a knowing or intentional violation, one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).



(2) For a violation other than a knowing or intentional violation, five hundred dollars (\$500).

A civil penalty recovered under this subsection shall be deposited in the consumer protection division telephone solicitation fund established by IC 24-4.7-3-6 to be used for the administration and enforcement of section 3(b)(19) of this chapter.

(i) A senior consumer relying upon an uncured or incurable deceptive act, including an act related to hypnotism, may bring an action to recover treble damages, if appropriate.

(j) An offer to cure is:

(1) not admissible as evidence in a proceeding initiated under this section unless the offer to cure is delivered by a supplier to the consumer or a representative of the consumer before the supplier files the supplier's initial response to a complaint; and

(2) only admissible as evidence in a proceeding initiated under this section to prove that a supplier is not liable for attorney's fees under subsection (k).

If the offer to cure is timely delivered by the supplier, the supplier may submit the offer to cure as evidence to prove in the proceeding in accordance with the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure that the supplier made an offer to cure.

(k) A supplier may not be held liable for the attorney's fees and court costs of the consumer that are incurred following the timely delivery of an offer to cure as described in subsection (j) unless the actual damages awarded, not including attorney's fees and costs, exceed the value of the offer to cure.

(l) If a court finds that a person has knowingly violated section 3(b)(20) of this chapter, the attorney general, in an action under subsection (c), may recover from the person on behalf of the state a civil penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per consumer. In determining the amount of the civil penalty in any action by the attorney general under this subsection, the court shall consider, among other relevant factors, the frequency and persistence of noncompliance by the debt collector, the nature of the noncompliance, and the extent to which the noncompliance was intentional. A person may not be held liable in any action by the attorney general for a violation of section 3(b)(20) of this chapter if the person shows by a preponderance of evidence that the violation was not intentional and resulted from a bona fide error, notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid the error. A person may not be held liable in any action for a violation of this chapter for contacting a person other than the debtor, if the contact is made in compliance with



the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

(m) If a court finds that a person has knowingly or intentionally violated section 3(b)(40) 3(b)(41) of this chapter, the attorney general, in an action under subsection (c), may recover from the person on behalf of the state a civil penalty in accordance with IC 24-5-14.5-12(b). As specified in IC 24-5-14.5-12(b), a civil penalty recovered under IC 24-5-14.5-12(b) shall be deposited in the consumer protection division telephone solicitation fund established by IC 24-4.7-3-6 to be used for the administration and enforcement of IC 24-5-14.5. In addition to the recovery of a civil penalty in accordance with IC 24-5-14.5-12(b), the attorney general may also recover reasonable attorney fees and court costs from the person on behalf of the state. Those funds shall also be deposited in the consumer protection division telephone solicitation fund established by IC 24-4.7-3-6.

(n) An action that arises from, or otherwise involves, an unfair, abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a consumer transaction described in section 2(a)(1)(D)(i) of this chapter may be brought and enforced only by the attorney general under this subsection. An action that arises from, or otherwise involves, an unfair, abusive, or deceptive act, omission, or practice in connection with a consumer transaction described in section 2(a)(1)(D)(ii) of this chapter may be brought and enforced only by an attorney acting on behalf of the local law enforcement agency involved in the transaction, unless the local unit of government served by the local law enforcement agency requests the attorney general to bring and enforce an action under this subsection on behalf of the local unit. In addition, the court may:

- (1) issue an injunction;
- (2) order the supplier to make payment of the money unlawfully received from the aggrieved consumers to be held in escrow for distribution to aggrieved consumers; or
- (3) order the supplier to pay to:
  - (A) the attorney acting on behalf of the local law enforcement agency; or
  - (B) the attorney general for the state;

as applicable, the reasonable costs of the attorney's or the attorney general's investigation and prosecution, expert fees, and court fees related to the action.

The time for bringing an action under subsection (c), as set forth in section 5(b) of this chapter, applies to an action brought under this subsection.".



Page 51, line 2, delete "IC 35-48-8," and insert "**this title**".  
 Page 51, line 6, delete "IC 35-48-8," and insert "**this title**".  
 Page 51, line 11, delete "IC 35-48-8," and insert "**this title**".  
 Page 53, delete lines 26 through 33.  
 Page 54, line 25, delete "IC 7.1-8-2-4);" and insert "**IC 35-48-8-4);**".  
 Page 56, line 20, delete "IC 7.1-8-2-4." and insert "**IC 35-48-8-4.**".  
 Page 57, line 33, delete "IC 7.1-8-2-4." and insert "**IC 35-48-8-4.**".  
 Page 60, line 18, delete "extenion" and insert "exclusio".  
 Page 60, line 36, delete "grown" and insert "growing".  
 Page 61, line 23, delete "or".  
 Page 61, line 39, delete "." and insert ";" or  
**(5) smokable hemp.**  
 Page 61, line 40, delete "any" and insert "**a product derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or hemp plant parts including derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers.**"  
**(b) The term includes any intermediate or final product derived from hemp, other than industrial hemp, that:**  
**(1) contains cannabinoids in any form; and**  
**(2) is intended for human or animal use through any means of application or administration including:**  
**(A) inhalation;**  
**(B) ingestion; or**  
**(C) topical application.**  
**(c) The term includes cannabidiol, a CBD product, or a product that contains a cannabidiol.**  
**(d) The term does not include:**  
**(1) smokable hemp (as defined in IC 35-48-1.1-38);**  
**(2) products that contain a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry weight basis; or**  
**(3) a drug that is the subject of an application approved under subsection (c) or (j) of Section 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355).".**  
 Page 61, delete lines 41 through 42.  
 Page 62, delete lines 1 through 6.  
 Page 63, line 2, delete ";" and insert ":".  
 Page 63, line 33, after "and" insert "either:  
**(1)**".



Page 63, line 35, delete "pounds or" and insert "**pounds; or (2)**".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass and be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Appropriations.

(Reference is to SB 250 as introduced.)

BUCHANAN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 7, Nays 2.

---

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. President: The Senate Committee on Appropriations, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 250, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 2. IC 7.1-3-23-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.285-2019, SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) **Except as otherwise provided in IC 7.1-8 for purposes of IC 7.1-8**, the commission may:

(1) fine or suspend or revoke the permit or certificate of; or  
 (2) fine and suspend or revoke the permit or certificate of; a permittee for the violation of a provision of this title or of a rule or regulation of the commission. The commission may fine a permittee for each day the violation continues if the violation is of a continuing nature.

(b) The commission shall revoke the permit of a permittee for the violation of IC 35-45-5-3, IC 35-45-5-3.5, or IC 35-45-5-4. A finding that a permittee has violated IC 35-45-5-3, IC 35-45-5-3.5, or IC 35-45-5-4 must be supported by a preponderance of the evidence.

SECTION 3. IC 7.1-4-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2005, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), **and except as otherwise provided in IC 7.1-8 for purposes of IC 7.1-8**, the chairman and the department shall deposit the money collected under sections 1, 2, and 3 of this chapter daily with the treasurer of state, and not later than the fifth day of the following month shall



cover:

- (1) thirty-four percent (34%) of the money collected under section 1 of this chapter into the enforcement and administration fund established under IC 7.1-4-10-1; and
- (2) sixty-six percent (66%) of the money collected under section 1 of this chapter and money collected under sections 2 and 3 of this chapter into the state general fund for state general fund purposes.

(b) The chairman and the department shall deposit all money collected under IC 7.1-2-5-3, IC 7.1-2-5-8, IC 7.1-3-17.5, IC 7.1-3-17.7, IC 7.1-3-22-9, and IC 7.1-4-4.1-5 daily with the treasurer of state, and not later than the fifth day of the following month shall cover the money into the enforcement and administration fund established under IC 7.1-4-10-1."

Page 7, line 39, delete "an" and insert "**a law**".

Page 25, line 27, delete "industrial".

Page 26, line 29, delete "(a)".

Page 26, delete line 31.

Page 65, line 18, delete "marijuana." and insert "**marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol**".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 250 as printed January 16, 2026.)

GARTEN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 7, Nays 4.

