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SENATE BILL No. 243

Proposed Changes to introduced printing by AM024306

DIGEST OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

State income tax deductions. Provides a state income tax deduction for taxable year 2026 equal to the amount associated with qualified tips that is deducted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income under Section 224 of the Internal Revenue Code; qualified overtime compensation that is deducted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income under Section 225 of the Internal Revenue Code; and qualified passenger vehicle loan interest deducted under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code.

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 6-2.5-9-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.108-2019,
2 SECTION 118, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in
4 subsection (b) and the limited relief provided for marketplace
5 facilitators in section 3.5 of this chapter (before its expiration), an
6 individual who:
7 (1) is an individual retail merchant or is an employee, officer, or
8 member of a corporate or partnership retail merchant; and
9 (2) has a duty to remit state gross retail or use taxes (as described
10 in IC 6-2.5-3-2) to the department;
11 holds those taxes in trust for the state and is personally liable for the
12 payment of those taxes, plus any penalties and interest attributable to
13 those taxes, to the state. If the individual knowingly fails to collect or
14 remit those taxes to the state, the individual commits a Level 6 felony.
15 (b) For calendar years beginning after December 31, 2021, except
16 in cases in which the marketplace facilitator and the seller are

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1 affiliated, a marketplace facilitator is not liable under this section or
 2 **IC 6-8.1-8-18** for failure to collect and remit gross retail and use taxes
 3 if the marketplace facilitator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the
 4 department that:

5 (1) the marketplace facilitator has a system in place to require
 6 the seller to provide accurate information and has made a
 7 reasonable effort to obtain accurate information from the seller
 8 about a retail transaction;

9 (2) the failure to collect and remit the correct tax was due to
 10 incorrect or insufficient information provided to the marketplace
 11 facilitator by the seller; and

12 (3) the marketplace facilitator provides information showing
 13 who the purchaser was in each transaction for which the tax had
 14 not been collected.

15 If the marketplace facilitator is relieved of liability under this
 16 subsection, the purchaser is liable for any amount of uncollected,
 17 unpaid, or unremitted tax.

18 SECTION 2. IC 6-2.5-9-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
 19 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
 20 1, 2023 (RETROACTIVE)]: **Sec. 12. (a) The following apply:**

21 **(1) There is a rebuttable presumption that the exemption**
 22 **under IC 6-2.5-5-39 does not apply if the purchaser of the**
 23 **recreational vehicle or cargo trailer (as defined in**
 24 **IC 6-2.5-5-39) is a limited liability company, partnership,**
 25 **corporation, or other closely held business organized in**
 26 **another state and a member, partner, or officer of the**
 27 **limited liability company, partnership, corporation, or other**
 28 **closely held business is a resident of Indiana or a**
 29 **nonreciprocal state (as defined in IC 6-2.5-2-5(b)).**

30 **(2) There is a rebuttable presumption when a motor vehicle**
 31 **(as defined in IC 9-13-2-105(b)), cargo trailer (as defined in**
 32 **IC 6-2.5-5-39), aircraft, or watercraft (as defined in**
 33 **IC 9-13-2-198.5) is either:**

34 **(A) both:**

35 **(i) purchased by a limited liability company,**
 36 **partnership, corporation, or other closely held**
 37 **business organized in another state in which at least**
 38 **one member, partner, or officer is a resident of**
 39 **Indiana; and**

40 **(ii) titled and registered in the state in which the**
 41 **limited liability company, partnership, corporation,**
 42 **or other closely held business is organized, and that**



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1 state does not have a gross retail tax or equivalent
 2 tax; or
 3 **(B) purchased by an Indiana resident and:**
 4 **(i) transferred to a limited liability company,**
 5 **partnership, corporation, or other closely held**
 6 **business organized in another state and in which the**
 7 **resident is a member, partner, or officer; and**
 8 **(ii) titled and registered in the state in which the**
 9 **limited liability company, partnership, corporation,**
 10 **or other closely held business is organized, and that**
 11 **state does not have a gross retail tax or equivalent**
 12 **tax;**

13 that the purpose of such registration and titling was to evade
 14 paying Indiana gross retail or use tax in violation of this
 15 article.

16 **(b) The department may make any reasonable investigation**
 17 **necessary to enforce subsection (a), including entering into an**
 18 **agreement with another state agency or an agency from another**
 19 **state and contracting with third party data service providers.**

20 **(c) If an investigation under subsection (b) indicates that an**
 21 **Indiana resident violated subsection (a), the department:**

22 **(1) shall provide notice under IC 6-8.1-5-1 or IC 6-8.1-5-3 for**
 23 **the Indiana resident to pay any Indiana gross retail or use**
 24 **tax due, as calculated on the date of purchase of the vehicle,**
 25 **aircraft, cargo trailer, or watercraft and based on the best**
 26 **information available; and**

27 **(2) after June 30, 2026, may impose a penalty on the Indiana**
 28 **resident of five hundred dollars (\$500), which is in addition**
 29 **to any penalty assessed pursuant to IC 6-8.1-10-2.1 or**
 30 **IC 6-8.1-10-4.**

31 **(d) A presumption under subsection (a) may be rebutted by**
 32 **other evidence, such as evidence that:**

33 **(1) the vehicle, aircraft, cargo trailer, or watercraft is**
 34 **insured for primary use at an address outside of Indiana;**

35 **(2) the vehicle, aircraft, cargo trailer, or watercraft will be**
 36 **permanently stored or garaged at a physical address outside**
 37 **Indiana; or**

38 **(3) the Indiana resident owns a secondary residence in the**
 39 **state in which the vehicle, aircraft, cargo trailer, or**
 40 **watercraft is titled or registered.**

41 **(e) Upon making a record of the department's actions, and**
 42 **upon reasonable cause shown by the Indiana resident, the**

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1 **department may waive, reduce, or compromise any penalty**
 2 **imposed under subsection (c).**

3 **(f) The department shall deposit money from a penalty under**
 4 **subsection (c) in accordance with IC 6-2.5-10-1.**

5 SECTION 3. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2025,
 6 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 7 JULY 4, 2025 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article,
 8 the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:

9 (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as
 10 defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as
 11 follows:

12 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this
 13 article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.

14 (2) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
 15 any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
 16 Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
 17 measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
 18 the United States.

19 (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a
 20 joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse
 21 one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

22 (4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:

23 (A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of
 24 the Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017);

25 (B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f)
 26 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

27 (C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made
 28 by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in
 29 which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross
 30 income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.

31 (5) Subtract each of the following:

32 (A) One thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of
 33 the exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the
 34 Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004),
 35 except that in the first taxable year in which a particular
 36 exemption is allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the
 37 Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004),
 38 subtract three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for that exemption.

39 (B) One thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each
 40 exemption allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal
 41 Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017) for an
 42 individual:



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- 1 (i) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a
 2 full-time student who is less than twenty-four (24)
 3 years of age;
 4 (ii) for whom the taxpayer is the legal guardian; and
 5 (iii) for whom the taxpayer does not claim an
 6 exemption under clause (A).
 7 (C) Five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount
 8 allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue
 9 Code if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer,
 10 or the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a
 11 joint return, is less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). In
 12 the case of a married individual filing a separate return, the
 13 qualifying income amount in this clause is equal to twenty
 14 thousand dollars (\$20,000).
 15 (D) Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for each exemption
 16 allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
 17 (as effective January 1, 2017) for an individual who is:
 18 (i) an adopted child of the taxpayer; and
 19 (ii) less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a full-time
 20 student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of age.
 21 This amount is in addition to any amount subtracted under
 22 clause (A) or (B).
 23 This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under
 24 subdivision (4).
 25 (6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
 26 income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a
 27 recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction
 28 from adjusted gross income.
 29 (7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
 30 income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were
 31 received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement
 32 annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible
 33 under subdivision (1).
 34 (8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
 35 Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a
 36 taxpayer's federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal
 37 Revenue Code.
 38 (9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
 39 residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
 40 taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
 41 to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) shall be reduced to an amount
 42 which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income

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- 1 taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
- 2 (10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
- 3 under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
- 4 subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
- 5 adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
- 6 allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
- 7 local income taxes.
- 8 (11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
- 9 a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
- 10 individual's federal adjusted gross income.
- 11 (12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums
- 12 paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long
- 13 term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer
- 14 or the taxpayer's spouse if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse
- 15 file a joint income tax return or the taxpayer is otherwise entitled
- 16 to a deduction under this subdivision for the taxpayer's spouse,
- 17 or both.
- 18 (13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
- 19 (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), or one
- 20 thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) in the case of a
- 21 married individual filing a separate return; or
- 22 (B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
- 23 taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
- 24 principal place of residence.
- 25 (14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
- 26 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's
- 27 federal adjusted gross income.
- 28 (15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
- 29 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
- 30 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
- 31 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
- 32 that would have been computed had an election **not** been made
- 33 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to **not** apply
- 34 bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed
- 35 in service.
- 36 (16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
- 37 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net
- 38 operating losses).
- 39 (17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
- 40 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property
- 41 (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in
- 42 service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year

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1 equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have
 2 been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes
 3 not been made for the year in which the property was placed in
 4 service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
 5 Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:

6 (A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
 7 deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
 8 were not elected as provided in clause (B); and

9 (B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,
 10 the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal
 11 Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:

12 (i) the exchange would have been eligible for
 13 nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of
 14 the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,
 15 2017;

16 (ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of
 17 gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal
 18 Revenue Code; and

19 (iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions
 20 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with
 21 regard to the acquired property in the year that the
 22 property was placed into service.

23 The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
 24 under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted
 25 gross income realized on the property that would have been
 26 deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on
 27 January 1, 2017.

28 (18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's
 29 qualified military income that was not excluded from the
 30 taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under
 31 Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.

32 (19) Subtract income that is:

33 (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain
 34 income derived from patents); and

35 (B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross
 36 income under the Internal Revenue Code.

37 (20) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
 38 income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
 39 business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
 40 reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
 41 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
 42 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract the amount

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1 necessary from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that
 2 added an amount to adjusted gross income in a previous year to
 3 offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of
 4 the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness
 5 discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December
 6 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt
 7 instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue
 8 Code.

9 (21) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
 10 Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received
 11 on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
 12 subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
 13 December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:

14 (A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through
 15 entity, a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or
 16 similar arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
 17 acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
 18 obligation;

19 (B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other
 20 than a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation
 21 shall be the date ownership of the obligation was
 22 transferred, except to the extent provided in clause (A), and
 23 if a portion of the obligation is acquired on multiple dates,
 24 the date of acquisition shall be considered separately for
 25 each portion of the obligation; and

26 (C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of
 27 a refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date
 28 shall be the date on which the obligation was refinanced.

29 (22) Subtract an amount as described in Section 1341(a)(2) of
 30 the Internal Revenue Code to the extent, if any, that the amount
 31 was previously included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income
 32 for a prior taxable year.

33 (23) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add
 34 an amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income
 35 that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under
 36 Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

37 (24) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
 38 taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation
 39 imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 40 Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable
 41 year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal
 42 Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this



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1 subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued
 2 only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been
 3 allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
 4 limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
 5 did not exist.

6 (25) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
 7 gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
 8 Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
 9 22, 2017.

10 (26) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
 11 before January 1, 2021, add an amount of the deduction claimed
 12 under Section 62(a)(22) of the Internal Revenue Code.

13 (27) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, for
 14 payments made by an employer under an education assistance
 15 program after March 27, 2020:

16 (A) add the amount of payments by an employer that are
 17 excluded from the taxpayer's federal gross income under
 18 Section 127(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

19 (B) deduct the interest allowable under Section 221 of the
 20 Internal Revenue Code, if the disallowance under Section
 21 221(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not apply to the
 22 payments described in clause (A). For purposes of applying
 23 Section 221(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to the amount
 24 allowable under this clause, the amount under clause (A)
 25 shall not be added to adjusted gross income.

26 (28) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:

27 (A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section
 28 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus

29 (B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
 30 Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
 31 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
 32 for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.

33 (29) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and
 34 before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess
 35 business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(l)(3) of
 36 the Internal Revenue Code. In addition:

37 (A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this
 38 subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions
 39 (15) and (17) for property placed in service during the
 40 taxable year, the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable
 41 year modifications for that property as occurring in the
 42 taxable year the property is placed in service and a portion



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of the modifications as occurring in the immediately following taxable year.

(B) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (15) and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year treated as occurring in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service equals:

(i) the modification for the property otherwise determined under this section; minus

(ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this subdivision;

but not less than zero (0).

(C) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (15) and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year treated as occurring in the taxable year immediately following the taxable year in which the property is placed in service equals the modification for the property otherwise determined under this section minus the amount in clause (B).

(D) Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years under clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the modification under subdivision (15), then to the modification under subdivision (17).

(30) Add For taxable years ending after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2026, add an amount equal to the amount excluded from federal gross income under Section 108(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subdivision:

(A) if an amount excluded under Section 108(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code would be excludible under Section 108(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, the exclusion under Section 108(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code shall take precedence; and

(B) if an amount would have been excludible under Section 108(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on January 1, 2020, the amount is not required to be added back under this subdivision.

(31) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:

(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law 116-260); and

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- 1 (B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 2 (32) Subtract the amount of an ESA annual grant amount and, as
- 3 applicable, a CSA annual grant amount distributed to a
- 4 taxpayer's Indiana education scholarship account under
- 5 IC 20-51.4 that is used for an ESA or CSA qualified expense (as
- 6 defined in IC 20-51.4-2) to the extent the distribution used for
- 7 the qualified expense is included in the taxpayer's federal
- 8 adjusted gross income under the Internal Revenue Code.
- 9 (33) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
- 10 before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the amount of
- 11 unemployment compensation excluded from federal gross
- 12 income under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 13 (34) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
- 14 subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
- 15 Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 16 (35) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
- 17 or subtract amounts related to specified research or
- 18 experimental ~~procedures~~ **expenditures** as required under
- 19 IC 6-3-2-29.
- 20 (36) Subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is entitled to
- 21 deduct under IC 6-3-2.
- 22 (37) Subtract the amount of a CSA annual grant amount
- 23 distributed to a taxpayer's career scholarship account under
- 24 IC 20-51.4-4.5 that is used for a CSA qualified expense (as
- 25 defined in IC 20-51.4-2-3.8), to the extent the distribution used
- 26 for the CSA qualified expense is included in the taxpayer's
- 27 federal adjusted gross income under the Internal Revenue Code.
- 28 **(38) Add or subtract an amount equal to the modifications**
- 29 **required for qualified production property under**
- 30 **IC 6-3-2-30.**
- 31 (b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
- 32 defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
- 33 follows:
- 34 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this
- 35 article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
- 36 (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
- 37 or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
- 38 Code (concerning charitable contributions).
- 39 (3) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
- 40 any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
- 41 Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
- 42 measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of

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1 the United States.

2 (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the

3 corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal

4 Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).

5 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted

6 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus

7 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an

8 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income

9 that would have been computed had an election ~~not~~ been made

10 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to **not** apply

11 bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed

12 in service.

13 (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section

14 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating

15 losses).

16 (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted

17 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property

18 (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in

19 service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year

20 equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have

21 been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes

22 not been made for the year in which the property was placed in

23 service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal

24 Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:

25 (A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent

26 deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code

27 were not elected as provided in clause (B); and

28 (B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,

29 the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal

30 Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:

31 (i) the exchange would have been eligible for

32 nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of

33 the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,

34 2017;

35 (ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of

36 gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal

37 Revenue Code; and

38 (iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions

39 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with

40 regard to the acquired property in the year that the

41 property was placed into service.

42 The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property

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- 1 under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted
- 2 gross income realized on the property that would have been
- 3 deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on
- 4 January 1, 2017.
- 5 (8) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20:
- 6 (A) the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in
- 7 IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the
- 8 corporation's taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of
- 9 the Internal Revenue Code) for federal income tax
- 10 purposes; and
- 11 (B) any directly related interest expenses (as defined in
- 12 IC 6-3-2-20) that reduced the corporation's adjusted gross
- 13 income (determined without regard to this subdivision). For
- 14 purposes of this clause, any directly related interest expense
- 15 that constitutes business interest within the meaning of
- 16 Section 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be
- 17 considered to have reduced the taxpayer's federal taxable
- 18 income only in the first taxable year in which the deduction
- 19 otherwise would have been allowable under Section 163 of
- 20 the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section
- 21 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
- 22 (9) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as
- 23 defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to
- 24 shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined
- 25 in section 34.5 of this chapter).
- 26 (10) Subtract income that is:
- 27 (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain
- 28 income derived from patents); and
- 29 (B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the
- 30 Internal Revenue Code.
- 31 (11) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
- 32 income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
- 33 business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
- 34 reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
- 35 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
- 36 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted
- 37 gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted
- 38 gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset
- 39 the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the
- 40 deferral of income arising from business indebtedness
- 41 discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December
- 42 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt

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1 instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue
 2 Code.
 3 (12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
 4 Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received
 5 on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
 6 subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
 7 December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:
 8 (A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through
 9 entity, a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or
 10 similar arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
 11 acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
 12 obligation;
 13 (B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other
 14 than a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation
 15 shall be the date ownership of the obligation was
 16 transferred, except to the extent provided in clause (A), and
 17 if a portion of the obligation is acquired on multiple dates,
 18 the date of acquisition shall be considered separately for
 19 each portion of the obligation; and
 20 (C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of
 21 a refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date
 22 shall be the date on which the obligation was refinanced.
 23 (13) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016:
 24 (A) for a corporation other than a real estate investment
 25 trust, add:
 26 (i) an amount equal to the amount reported by the
 27 taxpayer on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1;
 28 or
 29 (ii) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section
 30 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the
 31 taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal
 32 income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c)
 33 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
 34 (B) for a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal
 35 to the deduction for deferred foreign income that was
 36 claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section
 37 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent
 38 that the taxpayer included income pursuant to Section 965
 39 of the Internal Revenue Code in its taxable income for
 40 federal income tax purposes or is required to add back
 41 dividends paid under subdivision (9).
 42 (14) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by

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1 the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of
 2 the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to ~~global intangible~~
 3 ~~low-taxed income~~; **net CFC tested income**). The taxpayer shall
 4 separately specify the amount of the reduction under Section
 5 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code and under Section
 6 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 (15) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
 8 taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation
 9 imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 10 Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable
 11 year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal
 12 Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this
 13 subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued
 14 only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been
 15 allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
 16 limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
 17 did not exist.

18 (16) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
 19 gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
 20 Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
 21 22, 2017.

22 (17) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:

23 (A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section
 24 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus

25 (B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
 26 Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
 27 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
 28 for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.

29 (18) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
 30 amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:

31 (A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law
 32 116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the
 33 Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division
 34 EE of Public Law 116-260); and

35 (B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.

36 (19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
 37 subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
 38 Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

39 (20) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021,
 40 subtract the amount of any:

41 (A) federal, state, or local grant received by the taxpayer;
 42 and



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- 1 (B) discharged federal, state, or local indebtedness incurred
 2 by the taxpayer;
 3 for purposes of providing or expanding access to broadband
 4 service in this state.
 5 (21) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
 6 or subtract amounts related to specified research or
 7 experimental procedures expenditures as required under
 8 IC 6-3-2-29.
 9 **(22) Add or subtract an amount equal to the modifications**
 10 **required for qualified production property under**
 11 **IC 6-3-2-30.**
 12 ~~(22)~~ **(23)** Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
 13 (A) required to add or subtract; or
 14 (B) entitled to deduct;
 15 under IC 6-3-2.
 16 (c) The following apply to taxable years beginning after December
 17 31, 2018, for purposes of the add back of any deduction allowed on the
 18 taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes, as provided in
 19 subsection (a)(2) if the taxpayer is an individual or subsection (b)(3) if
 20 the taxpayer is a corporation:
 21 (1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and
 22 before January 1, 2020, a taxpayer is required to add back under
 23 this section eighty-seven and five-tenths percent (87.5%) of any
 24 deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
 25 wagering taxes.
 26 (2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
 27 before January 1, 2021, a taxpayer is required to add back under
 28 this section seventy-five percent (75%) of any deduction allowed
 29 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
 30 (3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and
 31 before January 1, 2022, a taxpayer is required to add back under
 32 this section sixty-two and five-tenths percent (62.5%) of any
 33 deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
 34 wagering taxes.
 35 (4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and
 36 before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer is required to add back under
 37 this section fifty percent (50%) of any deduction allowed on the
 38 taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
 39 (5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and
 40 before January 1, 2024, a taxpayer is required to add back under
 41 this section thirty-seven and five-tenths percent (37.5%) of any
 42 deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for

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- 1 wagering taxes.
- 2 (6) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, and
- 3 before January 1, 2025, a taxpayer is required to add back under
- 4 this section twenty-five percent (25%) of any deduction allowed
- 5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
- 6 (7) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024, and
- 7 before January 1, 2026, a taxpayer is required to add back under
- 8 this section twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of any
- 9 deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
- 10 wagering taxes.
- 11 (8) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a
- 12 taxpayer is not required to add back under this section any
- 13 amount of a deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income
- 14 tax return for wagering taxes.
- 15 (d) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section
- 16 816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana
- 17 law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined
- 18 in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
- 19 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this
- 20 article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
- 21 (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
- 22 under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
- 23 charitable contributions).
- 24 (3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
- 25 under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue
- 26 Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the
- 27 state level by any state.
- 28 (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
- 29 company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
- 30 Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
- 31 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
- 32 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
- 33 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
- 34 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
- 35 that would have been computed had an election **not** been made
- 36 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to **not** apply
- 37 bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed
- 38 in service.
- 39 (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
- 40 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
- 41 losses).
- 42 (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted

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1 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property
 2 (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in
 3 service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year
 4 equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have
 5 been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes
 6 not been made for the year in which the property was placed in
 7 service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
 8 Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:

9 (A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
 10 deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
 11 were not elected as provided in clause (B); and

12 (B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,
 13 the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal
 14 Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:

15 (i) the exchange would have been eligible for
 16 nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of
 17 the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,
 18 2017;

19 (ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of
 20 gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal
 21 Revenue Code; and

22 (iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions
 23 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with
 24 regard to the acquired property in the year that the
 25 property was placed into service.

26 The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
 27 under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted
 28 gross income realized on the property that would have been
 29 deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on
 30 January 1, 2017.

31 (8) Subtract income that is:

32 (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain
 33 income derived from patents); and

34 (B) included in the insurance company's taxable income
 35 under the Internal Revenue Code.

36 (9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
 37 income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
 38 business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
 39 reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
 40 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
 41 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted
 42 gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted



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1 gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset
 2 the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the
 3 deferral of income arising from business indebtedness
 4 discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December
 5 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt
 6 instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue
 7 Code.

8 (10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income
 9 under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
 10 financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
 11 Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.

12 (11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
 13 Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received
 14 on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
 15 subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
 16 December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:

17 (A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through
 18 entity, a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or
 19 similar arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
 20 acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
 21 obligation;

22 (B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other
 23 than a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation
 24 shall be the date ownership of the obligation was
 25 transferred, except to the extent provided in clause (A), and
 26 if a portion of the obligation is acquired on multiple dates,
 27 the date of acquisition shall be considered separately for
 28 each portion of the obligation; and

29 (C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of
 30 a refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date
 31 shall be the date on which the obligation was refinanced.

32 (12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:

33 (A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer
 34 on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or

35 (B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section
 36 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the
 37 taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal
 38 income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c) of
 39 the Internal Revenue Code.

40 (13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
 41 the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of
 42 the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to ~~global intangible~~



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- 1 ~~low-taxed income~~; **net CFC tested income**). The taxpayer shall
 2 separately specify the amount of the reduction under Section
 3 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code and under Section
 4 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 5 (14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
 6 taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation
 7 imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 8 Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable
 9 year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal
 10 Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this
 11 subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued
 12 only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been
 13 allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
 14 limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
 15 did not exist.
- 16 (15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
 17 gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
 18 Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
 19 22, 2017.
- 20 (16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
 21 (A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section
 22 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
 23 (B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
 24 Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
 25 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
 26 for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
- 27 (17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
 28 amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
 29 (A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law
 30 116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the
 31 Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division
 32 EE of Public Law 116-260); and
 33 (B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 34 (18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
 35 subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
 36 Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 37 (19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
 38 or subtract amounts related to specified research or
 39 experimental ~~procedures~~ **expenditures** as required under
 40 IC 6-3-2-29.
- 41 **(20) Add or subtract an amount equal to the modifications**
 42 **required for qualified production property under**

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- 1 **IC 6-3-2-30.**
- 2 ~~(20)~~ **(21)** Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
- 3 (A) required to add or subtract; or
- 4 (B) entitled to deduct;
- 5 under IC 6-3-2.
- 6 (e) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
- 7 831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
- 8 same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal
- 9 Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
- 10 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this
- 11 article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
- 12 (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
- 13 under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
- 14 charitable contributions).
- 15 (3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
- 16 under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue
- 17 Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the
- 18 state level by any state.
- 19 (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
- 20 company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
- 21 Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
- 22 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
- 23 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
- 24 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
- 25 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
- 26 that would have been computed had an election ~~not~~ been made
- 27 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to **not** apply
- 28 bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed
- 29 in service.
- 30 (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
- 31 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
- 32 losses).
- 33 (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
- 34 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property
- 35 (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in
- 36 service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year
- 37 equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have
- 38 been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes
- 39 not been made for the year in which the property was placed in
- 40 service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
- 41 Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
- 42 (A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent

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1 deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
 2 were not elected as provided in clause (B); and

3 (B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,
 4 the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal
 5 Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:

6 (i) the exchange would have been eligible for
 7 nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of
 8 the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,
 9 2017;

10 (ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of
 11 gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal
 12 Revenue Code; and

13 (iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions
 14 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with
 15 regard to the acquired property in the year that the
 16 property was placed into service.

17 The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
 18 under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted
 19 gross income realized on the property that would have been
 20 deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on
 21 January 1, 2017.

22 (8) Subtract income that is:

23 (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain
 24 income derived from patents); and

25 (B) included in the insurance company's taxable income
 26 under the Internal Revenue Code.

27 (9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
 28 income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
 29 business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
 30 reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
 31 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
 32 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted
 33 gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted
 34 gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset
 35 the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the
 36 deferral of income arising from business indebtedness
 37 discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December
 38 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt
 39 instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue
 40 Code.

41 (10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income
 42 under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active



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1 financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
2 Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.

3 (11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
4 Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received
5 on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
6 subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
7 December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:

8 (A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through
9 entity, a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or
10 similar arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have
11 acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the
12 obligation;

13 (B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other
14 than a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation
15 shall be the date ownership of the obligation was
16 transferred, except to the extent provided in clause (A), and
17 if a portion of the obligation is acquired on multiple dates,
18 the date of acquisition shall be considered separately for
19 each portion of the obligation; and

20 (C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of
21 a refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date
22 shall be the date on which the obligation was refinanced.

23 (12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:

24 (A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer
25 on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or

26 (B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section
27 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the
28 taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal
29 income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c) of
30 the Internal Revenue Code.

31 (13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
32 the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of
33 the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to ~~global intangible~~
34 ~~low-taxed income~~). **net CFC tested income**). The taxpayer shall
35 separately specify the amount of the reduction under Section
36 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code and under Section
37 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code.

38 (14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
39 taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation
40 imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
41 Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable
42 year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal

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1 Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this
 2 subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued
 3 only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been
 4 allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
 5 limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
 6 did not exist.

7 (15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
 8 gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
 9 Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
 10 22, 2017.

11 (16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:

12 (A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section
 13 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus

14 (B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
 15 Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
 16 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
 17 for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.

18 (17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
 19 amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:

20 (A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law
 21 116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the
 22 Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division
 23 EE of Public Law 116-260); and

24 (B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.

25 (18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
 26 subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
 27 Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

28 (19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
 29 or subtract amounts related to specified research or
 30 experimental procedures expenditures as required under
 31 IC 6-3-2-29.

32 **(20) Add or subtract an amount equal to the modifications**
 33 **required for qualified production property under**
 34 **IC 6-3-2-30.**

35 ~~(20)~~ **(21)** Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:

36 (A) required to add or subtract; or

37 (B) entitled to deduct;

38 under IC 6-3-2.

39 (f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined
 40 for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)
 41 adjusted as follows:

42 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this



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1 article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
 2 (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
 3 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal
 4 adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
 5 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a
 6 victim of the September 11 terrorist attack.
 7 (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
 8 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
 9 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
 10 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
 11 that would have been computed had an election **not** been made
 12 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to **not** apply
 13 bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed
 14 in service.
 15 (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
 16 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
 17 losses).
 18 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
 19 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property
 20 (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in
 21 service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year
 22 equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have
 23 been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes
 24 not been made for the year in which the property was placed in
 25 service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
 26 Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
 27 (A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
 28 deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
 29 were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
 30 (B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,
 31 the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal
 32 Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
 33 (i) the exchange would have been eligible for
 34 nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of
 35 the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,
 36 2017;
 37 (ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of
 38 gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal
 39 Revenue Code; and
 40 (iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions
 41 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with
 42 regard to the acquired property in the year that the

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property was placed into service.

The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross income realized on the property that would have been deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.

(6) Subtract income that is:

(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income derived from patents); and

(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.

(7) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(8) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after December 31, 2011. For purposes of this subdivision:

(A) if the taxpayer receives interest from a pass through entity, a regulated investment company, a hedge fund, or similar arrangement, the taxpayer will be considered to have acquired the obligation on the date the entity acquired the obligation;

(B) if ownership of the obligation occurs by means other than a purchase, the date of acquisition of the obligation shall be the date ownership of the obligation was transferred, except to the extent provided in clause (A), and if a portion of the obligation is acquired on multiple dates, the date of acquisition shall be considered separately for each portion of the obligation; and

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- 1 (C) if ownership of the obligation occurred as the result of
 2 a refinancing of another obligation, the acquisition date
 3 shall be the date on which the obligation was refinanced.
- 4 (9) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
 5 amount equal to:
- 6 (A) the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
 7 Transition Tax Statement, line 1;
- 8 (B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section
 9 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the
 10 taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal
 11 income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c) of
 12 the Internal Revenue Code; and
- 13 (C) with regard to any amounts of income under Section
 14 965 of the Internal Revenue Code distributed by the
 15 taxpayer, the deduction under Section 965(c) of the Internal
 16 Revenue Code attributable to such distributed amounts and
 17 not reported to the beneficiary.
- 18 For purposes of this article, the amount required to be added
 19 back under clause (B) is not considered to be distributed or
 20 distributable to a beneficiary of the estate or trust for purposes of
 21 Sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 22 (10) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
 23 taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation
 24 imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 25 Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable
 26 year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal
 27 Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this
 28 subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued
 29 only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been
 30 allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
 31 limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
 32 did not exist.
- 33 (11) Add an amount equal to the deduction for qualified business
 34 income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year
 35 under Section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 36 (12) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
 37 gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
 38 Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
 39 22, 2017.
- 40 (13) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
- 41 (A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section
 42 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus

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1 (B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
 2 Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
 3 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
 4 for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
 5 (14) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and
 6 before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess
 7 business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(l)(3) of
 8 the Internal Revenue Code. In addition:
 9 (A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this
 10 subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions
 11 (3) and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable
 12 year, the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable year
 13 modifications for that property as occurring in the taxable
 14 year the property is placed in service and a portion of the
 15 modifications as occurring in the immediately following
 16 taxable year.
 17 (B) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)
 18 and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable
 19 year treated as occurring in the taxable year in which the
 20 property is placed in service equals:
 21 (i) the modification for the property otherwise
 22 determined under this section; minus
 23 (ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this
 24 subdivision;
 25 but not less than zero (0).
 26 (C) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)
 27 and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable
 28 year treated as occurring in the taxable year immediately
 29 following the taxable year in which the property is placed in
 30 service equals the modification for the property otherwise
 31 determined under this section minus the amount in clause
 32 (B).
 33 (D) Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years
 34 under clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the
 35 modification under subdivision (3), then to the modification
 36 under subdivision (5).
 37 (15) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
 38 amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
 39 (A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law
 40 116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the
 41 Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division
 42 EE of Public Law 116-260); and

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1 (B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 2 (16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
 3 subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
 4 Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 5 (17) Except as provided in subsection (c), for taxable years
 6 beginning after December 31, 2022, add an amount equal to any
 7 deduction or deductions allowed or allowable in determining
 8 taxable income under Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue
 9 Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the
 10 state level by any state of the United States.
 11 (18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, add
 12 or subtract amounts related to specified research or
 13 experimental procedures expenditures as required under
 14 IC 6-3-2-29.
 15 **(19) Add or subtract an amount equal to the modifications**
 16 **required for qualified production property under**
 17 **IC 6-3-2-30.**
 18 ~~(19)~~ (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
 19 (A) required to add or subtract; or
 20 (B) entitled to deduct;
 21 under IC 6-3-2.
 22 (g) For purposes of IC 6-3-2.1, IC 6-3-4-12, IC 6-3-4-13, and
 23 IC 6-3-4-15 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
 24 "adjusted gross income" of a pass through entity means the items of
 25 ordinary income and loss in the case of a partnership or a corporation
 26 described in IC 6-3-2-2.8(2), or distributions subject to tax for state and
 27 federal income tax for beneficiaries in the case of a trust or estate,
 28 whichever is applicable, for the taxable year modified as follows:
 29 (1) Add the separately stated items of income and gains, or the
 30 equivalent items that must be considered separately by a
 31 beneficiary, as determined for federal purposes, attributed to the
 32 partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries of the pass through
 33 entity, determined without regard to whether the owner is
 34 permitted to exclude all or part of the income or gain or deduct
 35 any amount against the income or gain.
 36 (2) Subtract the separately stated items of deductions or losses
 37 or items that must be considered separately by beneficiaries, as
 38 determined for federal purposes, attributed to partners,
 39 shareholders, or beneficiaries of the pass through entity and that
 40 are deductible by an individual in determining adjusted gross
 41 income as defined under Section 62 of the Internal Revenue
 42 Code:

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1 (A) limited as if the partners, shareholders, and
 2 beneficiaries deducted the maximum allowable loss or
 3 deduction allowable for the taxable year prior to any amount
 4 deductible from the pass through entity; but

5 (B) not considering any disallowance of deductions
 6 resulting from federal basis limitations for the partner,
 7 shareholder, or beneficiary.

8 (3) Add or subtract any modifications to adjusted gross income
 9 that would be required both for individuals under subsection (a)
 10 and corporations under subsection (b) to the extent otherwise
 11 provided in those subsections, including amounts that are
 12 allowable for which such modifications are necessary to account
 13 for separately stated items in subdivision (1) or (2).

14 (h) Subsections (a)(36), ~~(b)(22)~~, **(b)(23)**, ~~(d)(20)~~, **(d)(21)**, ~~(e)(20)~~,
 15 **(e)(21)**, or ~~(f)(19)~~ **(f)(20)** may not be construed to require an add back
 16 or allow a deduction or exemption more than once for a particular add
 17 back, deduction, or exemption.

18 (i) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, if:

19 (1) a taxpayer is a shareholder, either directly or indirectly, in a
 20 corporation that is an E&P deficit foreign corporation as defined
 21 in Section 965(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the
 22 earnings and profit deficit, or a portion of the earnings and profit
 23 deficit, of the E&P deficit foreign corporation is permitted to
 24 reduce the federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable
 25 income of the taxpayer, the deficit, or the portion of the deficit,
 26 shall also reduce the amount taxable under this section to the
 27 extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code, however, in
 28 no case shall this permit a reduction in the amount taxable under
 29 Section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of this
 30 section to be less than zero (0); and

31 (2) the Internal Revenue Service issues guidance that such an
 32 income or deduction is not reported directly on a federal tax
 33 return or is to be reported in a manner different than specified in
 34 this section, this section shall be construed as if federal adjusted
 35 gross income or federal taxable income included the income or
 36 deduction.

37 (j) If a partner is required to include an item of income, a
 38 deduction, or another tax attribute in the partner's adjusted gross
 39 income tax return pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5, such item shall be considered
 40 to be includible in the partner's federal adjusted gross income or federal
 41 taxable income, regardless of whether such item is actually required to
 42 be reported by the partner for federal income tax purposes. For



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1 purposes of this subsection:
2 (1) items for which a valid election is made under IC 6-3-4.5-6,
3 IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9 shall not be required to be included
4 in the partner's adjusted gross income or taxable income; and
5 (2) items for which the partnership did not make an election
6 under IC 6-3-4.5-6, IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9, but for which
7 the partnership is required to remit tax pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5-18,
8 shall be included in the partner's adjusted gross income or
9 taxable income.

10 (k) The following apply for purposes of this section:
11 (1) For purposes of subsections (b) and (f), if a taxpayer is an
12 organization that has more than one (1) trade or business subject
13 to the provisions of Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue
14 Code, the following rules apply for taxable years beginning after
15 December 31, 2017:
16 (A) If a trade or business has federal unrelated business
17 taxable income of zero (0) or greater for a taxable year, the
18 unrelated business taxable income and modifications
19 required under this section shall be combined in
20 determining the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and
21 shall not be treated as being subject to the provisions of
22 Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code if one (1) or
23 more trades or businesses have negative Indiana adjusted
24 gross income after adjustments.
25 (B) If a trade or business has federal unrelated business
26 taxable income of less than zero (0) for a taxable year, the
27 taxpayer shall apply the modifications under this section for
28 the taxable year against the net operating loss in the manner
29 required under IC 6-3-2-2.5 and IC 6-3-2-2.6 for separately
30 stated net operating losses. However, if the application of
31 modifications required under IC 6-3-2-2.5 or IC 6-3-2-2.6
32 results in the separately stated net operating loss for the
33 trade or business being zero (0), the modifications that
34 increase adjusted gross income under this section and
35 remain after the calculations to adjust the separately stated
36 net operating loss to zero (0) that result from the trade or
37 business must be treated as modifications to which clause
38 (A) applies for the taxable year.
39 (C) If a trade or business otherwise described in Section
40 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code incurred a net
41 operating loss for a taxable year beginning after December
42 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2021, and the net operating

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loss was carried back for federal tax purposes:

(i) if the loss was carried back to a taxable year for which the requirements under Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code did not apply, the portion of the loss and modifications attributable to the loss shall be treated as adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the first taxable year of the taxpayer beginning after December 31, 2022, and shall be treated as part of the adjusted gross income attributable to clause (A), unless, and to the extent, the loss and modifications were applied to adjusted gross income for a previous taxable year, as determined under this article; and

(ii) if the loss was carried back to a taxable year for which the requirements under Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code applied, the portion of the loss and modifications attributable to the loss shall be treated as adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the first taxable year of the taxpayer beginning after December 31, 2022, and for purposes of this clause, the inclusion of losses and modifications shall be in the same manner as provided in clause (B), unless, and to the extent, the loss and modifications were applied to adjusted gross income for a previous taxable year, as determined under this article.

(D) Notwithstanding any provision in this subdivision, if a taxpayer computed its adjusted gross income for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2023, based on a reasonable interpretation of this article, the taxpayer shall be permitted to compute its adjusted gross income for those taxable years based on that interpretation. However, a taxpayer must continue to report any tax attributes for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, in a manner consistent with its previous interpretation.

(2) In the case of a corporation, other than a captive real estate investment trust, for which the adjusted gross income under this article is determined after a deduction for dividends paid under the Internal Revenue Code, the modifications required under this section shall be applied in ratio to the corporation's taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) after deductions for dividends paid under the Internal Revenue Code compared to the corporation's taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) before the deduction

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1 for dividends paid under the Internal Revenue Code.
 2 (3) In the case of a trust or estate, the trust or estate is required
 3 to include only the portion of the modifications not passed
 4 through to beneficiaries.
 5 (4) In the case of a taxpayer for which modifications are required
 6 to be applied against a separately stated net operating loss under
 7 IC 6-3-2-2.5 or IC 6-3-2-2.6, the modifications required under
 8 this section must be adjusted to reflect the required application
 9 of the modifications against a separately stated net operating
 10 loss, in order to avoid the application of a particular modification
 11 multiple times.

12 SECTION 4. IC 6-3-1-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2023,
 13 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 14 JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 11. (a) The term "Internal
 15 Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 of the
 16 United States as amended and in effect on January 1, ~~2023~~; **2026**.

17 (b) Whenever the Internal Revenue Code is mentioned in this
 18 article, or in another provision of the Indiana Code that cites the
 19 definition of "Internal Revenue Code" provided in this section, the
 20 particular provisions that are referred to, together with all the other
 21 provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, ~~2023~~;
 22 **2026**, that pertain to the provisions specifically mentioned, shall be
 23 regarded as incorporated in this article by reference and have the same
 24 force and effect as though fully set forth in this article. To the extent
 25 that a federal statute in the United States Code is enacted or amended
 26 in a title other than the Internal Revenue Code on or before January 1, [
 27 ~~2023~~; **2026**, and affects federal adjusted gross income, federal taxable
 28 income, federal tax credits, or other federal tax attributes, the federal
 29 statute shall be considered to be part of the Internal Revenue Code as
 30 amended and in effect on January 1, ~~2023~~; **2026**. To the extent:

- 31 (1) the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code apply to this
- 32 article, regulations adopted under Section 7805(a) of the Internal
- 33 Revenue Code, and in effect on January 1, ~~2023~~; **2026**; and
- 34 (2) a federal statute in the United States Code that is enacted or
- 35 amended in a title other than the Internal Revenue Code on or
- 36 before January 1, ~~2023~~; **2026**, and affects federal adjusted gross
- 37 income, federal taxable income, federal tax credits, or other
- 38 federal tax attributes applies to this article, regulations adopted
- 39 under the federal statute of the United States Code and in effect
- 40 on January 1, ~~2023~~; **2026**;

41 shall be regarded as rules adopted by the department under this article,
 42 unless the department adopts specific rules that supersede the

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1 regulation.

2 (c) An amendment to the Internal Revenue Code made by an act
3 passed by Congress before January 1, ~~2023~~, **2026**, other than the
4 federal 21st Century Cures Act (P.L. 114-255) and the federal Disaster
5 Tax Relief and Airport and Airway Extension Act of 2017 (P.L.
6 115-63), that is effective for any taxable year that began before January
7 1, ~~2023~~, **2026**, and that affects:

- 8 (1) individual adjusted gross income (as defined in Section 62 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code);
10 (2) corporate taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code);
12 (3) trust and estate taxable income (as defined in Section 641(b)
13 of the Internal Revenue Code);
14 (4) life insurance company taxable income (as defined in Section
15 801(b) of the Internal Revenue Code);
16 (5) mutual insurance company taxable income (as defined in
17 Section 821(b) of the Internal Revenue Code); or
18 (6) taxable income (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code);

20 is also effective for that same taxable year for purposes of determining
21 adjusted gross income under section 3.5 of this chapter and
22 IC 6-5.5-1-2.

23 (d) This subsection applies to a taxable year ending before January
24 1, 2013. The following provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that
25 were amended by the Tax Relief Act, Unemployment Insurance
26 Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-312) are
27 treated as though they were not amended by the Tax Relief Act,
28 Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of
29 2010 (P.L. 111-312):

- 30 (1) Section 1367(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code pertaining
31 to an adjustment of basis of the stock of shareholders.
32 (2) Section 871(k)(1)(C) and 871(k)(2)(C) of the Internal
33 Revenue Code pertaining the treatment of certain dividends of
34 regulated investment companies.
35 (3) Section 897(h)(4)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code
36 pertaining to regulated investment companies qualified entity
37 treatment.
38 (4) Section 512(b)(13)(E)(iv) of the Internal Revenue Code
39 pertaining to the modification of tax treatment of certain
40 payments to controlling exempt organizations.
41 (5) Section 613A(c)(6)(H)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code
42 pertaining to the limitations on percentage depletion in the case



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1 of oil and gas wells.
 2 (6) Section 451(i)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code pertaining to
 3 special rule for sales or dispositions to implement Federal
 4 Energy Regulatory Commission or state electric restructuring
 5 policy for qualified electric utilities.
 6 (7) Section 954(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code pertaining to
 7 the look-through treatment of payments between related
 8 controlled foreign corporation under foreign personal holding
 9 company rules.

10 The department shall develop forms and adopt any necessary rules
 11 under IC 4-22-2 to implement this subsection.

12 SECTION 5. IC 6-3-2-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2023,
 13 SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 14 JULY 4, 2025 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2.5. (a) This section applies to
 15 a resident person.

16 (b) Resident persons are entitled to a net operating loss deduction.
 17 The amount of the deduction taken in a taxable year may not exceed
 18 the taxpayer's unused Indiana net operating losses carried over to that
 19 year. A taxpayer is not entitled to carryback any net operating losses
 20 after December 31, 2011.

21 (c) An Indiana net operating loss equals the sum of the following:

22 (1) Subject to subsection (j), any separately stated net operating
 23 loss, plus each of the following, as applicable:

24 (A) In the case of an individual, any deductions allowable
 25 in determining the separately stated net operating loss for
 26 the taxable year, but not allowable in determining federal
 27 adjusted gross income.

28 (B) In the case of a separately stated net operating loss that
 29 results from an excess business loss (as defined in Section
 30 461(l) of the Internal Revenue Code) for a taxable year
 31 beginning after December 31, 2022, the modifications
 32 required by IC 6-3-1-3.5, as set forth in subsection (d), that
 33 result in an increase of the taxpayer's Indiana adjusted gross
 34 income and that arise from federal deductions that resulted
 35 in the excess business loss.

36 (C) In the case of a separately stated net operating loss not
 37 described in clause (B), the modifications required by
 38 IC 6-3-1-3.5, as set forth in subsection (d). For purposes of
 39 this clause, a modification that results in an increase to a
 40 taxpayer's adjusted gross income is considered an addition,
 41 and a modification that results in a decrease to a taxpayer's
 42 adjusted gross income is considered a subtraction.

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1 If the amount determined under this subdivision is less than zero
2 (0), the amount is an Indiana net operating loss.
3 (2) Subject to subsection (j), the taxpayer's preliminary federal
4 net operating loss for a taxable year plus the sum of the
5 following:
6 (A) The application of certain modifications required by
7 IC 6-3-1-3.5 as set forth in subsection (d). For purposes of
8 this clause, a modification that results in an increase to a
9 taxpayer's adjusted gross income is considered an addition,
10 and a modification that results in a decrease to a taxpayer's
11 adjusted gross income is considered a subtraction.
12 (B) In the case of an individual, any deductions allowable
13 in determining the preliminary federal net operating loss for
14 the taxable year, but not allowable in determining federal
15 adjusted gross income.
16 If the amount determined under this subdivision is less than zero
17 (0), the amount is an Indiana net operating loss. If the amount
18 determined under this subdivision is equal to or greater than zero
19 (0), the Indiana net operating loss under this subdivision is zero
20 (0).
21 (3) The excess business loss deduction disallowed under
22 IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(29) and IC 6-3-1-3.5(f)(14).
23 (d) For purposes of subsection (c), the modifications that are to be
24 applied are those modifications required under IC 6-3-1-3.5 for the
25 same taxable year in which each net operating loss was incurred,
26 except that the modifications do not include the modifications required
27 under:
28 (1) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(3);
29 (2) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(4);
30 (3) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(5);
31 (4) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(36);
32 (5) ~~IC 6-3-1-3.5(f)(19)~~; IC 6-3-1-3.5(f)(20); and
33 (6) any modification required under Section 172(d) or Section
34 512(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is also required under
35 IC 6-3-1-3.5 in determining Indiana adjusted gross income.
36 (e) Subject to the limitations contained in subsections (g), (h), and
37 (i), an Indiana net operating loss carryover shall be available as a
38 deduction from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income (as defined in
39 IC 6-3-1-3.5) in the carryover year provided in subsection (f), but not
40 in excess of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income (as defined in
41 IC 6-3-1-3.5) in the carryover year determined without regard to this
42 section.

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- 1 (f) Carryovers shall be determined under this subsection as
 2 follows:
- 3 (1) An Indiana net operating loss shall be an Indiana net
 4 operating loss carryover to each of the carryover years following
 5 the taxable year of the loss.
- 6 (2) An Indiana net operating loss may not be carried over for
 7 more than twenty (20) taxable years after the taxable year of the
 8 loss.
- 9 (g) Except as provided in subsection (h), the entire amount of the
 10 Indiana net operating loss for any taxable year shall be carried to the
 11 earliest of the taxable years to which (as determined under subsection
 12 (f)) the loss may be carried. The amount of the Indiana net operating
 13 loss remaining after the deduction is taken under this section in a
 14 taxable year may be carried over as provided in subsection (f). The
 15 amount of the Indiana net operating loss carried over from year to year
 16 shall be reduced to the extent that the Indiana net operating loss
 17 carryover is used by the taxpayer to obtain a deduction in a taxable
 18 year, or as required by subsection (i), until the occurrence of the earlier
 19 of the following:
- 20 (1) The entire amount of the Indiana net operating loss has been
 21 used as a deduction or reduced as required by subsection (i).
- 22 (2) The Indiana net operating loss has been carried over to each
 23 of the carryover years provided by subsection (f).
- 24 (h) An Indiana net operating loss that arises after the application
 25 of Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be allowable
 26 only:
- 27 (1) in a taxable year in which the trade or business that generated
 28 the federal net operating loss has an adjusted gross income
 29 greater than zero (0) as determined under IC 6-3-1-3.5; and
- 30 (2) against the trade's or business's adjusted gross income;
- 31 until the federal net operating loss from the trade or business has been
 32 exhausted. When the federal net operating loss from the trade or
 33 business has been exhausted, and subject to the limitations of this
 34 section, any remaining Indiana net operating loss shall be allowable
 35 against any trade or business of the taxpayer.
- 36 (i) The following rules apply to an Indiana net operating loss:
- 37 (1) If the taxpayer had a discharge of indebtedness that is
 38 excluded from gross income under Section 108(a)(1)(A), Section
 39 108(a)(1)(B), or Section 108(a)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue
 40 Code, the Indiana net operating loss shall be reduced by the
 41 remainder of:
- 42 (A) the amount of discharge of indebtedness excluded from



1 federal gross income; minus
 2 (B) the amount of discharge of indebtedness that reduced
 3 the tax attributes under Section 108(b)(2)(D), Section
 4 108(b)(2)(E), or Section 108(b)(2)(F) of the Internal
 5 Revenue Code or was applied for federal tax purposes under
 6 Section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 7 (2) Any reduction in an Indiana net operating loss shall be first
 8 applied to the Indiana net operating loss for the taxable year of
 9 the discharge, and then to any Indiana net operating loss
 10 carryovers.
 11 (3) The provisions of Section 108(d)(6) and Section 108(d)(7) of
 12 the Internal Revenue Code shall apply to any discharge of
 13 indebtedness for purposes of determining the reduction of net
 14 operating losses under this section.
 15 (j) The following apply for purposes of calculating an Indiana net
 16 operating loss under subsection (c):
 17 (1) An itemized deduction shall be applied first under subsection
 18 (c)(1), and any amount not applied under subsection (c)(1) to
 19 make the net operating loss equal to zero (0) shall be applied
 20 under subsection (c)(2).
 21 (2) In the case of a modification under IC 6-3-1-3.5 required to
 22 modify a separately stated net operating loss or a preliminary
 23 federal net operating loss, the amount of the modification may
 24 not exceed the amount prescribed under IC 6-3-1-3.5 and must
 25 be applied in the following order:
 26 (A) Against a separately stated net operating loss under
 27 subsection (c)(1)(B), but only to the extent necessary to
 28 increase the separately stated net operating loss, after
 29 application of subsection (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(B), to an
 30 amount not greater than zero (0).
 31 (B) Against a separately stated net operating loss under
 32 subsection (c)(1)(C), but only to the extent necessary to
 33 increase the separately stated net operating loss to an
 34 amount not greater than zero (0).
 35 (C) To compute a modification to a preliminary federal net
 36 operating loss under subsection (c)(2).
 37 SECTION 6. IC 6-3-2-2.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2023,
 38 SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 39 JULY 4, 2025 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2.6. (a) This section applies to
 40 a corporation or a nonresident person.
 41 (b) Corporations and nonresident persons are entitled to a net
 42 operating loss deduction. The amount of the deduction taken in a

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1 taxable year may not exceed the taxpayer's unused Indiana net
2 operating losses carried over to that year. A taxpayer is not entitled to
3 carryback any net operating losses after December 31, 2011.

4 (c) An Indiana net operating loss equals the sum of the following:

5 (1) Subject to subsection (m), any separately stated net operating
6 loss derived from sources within Indiana, plus each of the
7 following, as applicable:

8 (A) In the case of an individual, any deductions allowable
9 in determining the separately stated net operating loss for
10 the taxable year that are derived from sources within
11 Indiana but not allowable in determining federal adjusted
12 gross income.

13 (B) In the case of a separately stated net operating loss that
14 results from an excess business loss (as defined in Section
15 461(l) of the Internal Revenue Code) for a taxable year
16 beginning after December 31, 2022, the modifications
17 required by IC 6-3-1-3.5, as set forth in subsection (d)(1),
18 that result in an increase of the taxpayer's Indiana adjusted
19 gross income and that arise from federal deductions that
20 resulted in the excess business loss.

21 (C) In the case of a separately stated net operating loss not
22 described in clause (B), the modifications required by
23 IC 6-3-1-3.5, as set forth in subsection (d)(1). For purposes
24 of this clause, a modification that results in an increase to a
25 taxpayer's adjusted gross income is considered an addition,
26 and a modification that results in a decrease to a taxpayer's
27 adjusted gross income is considered a subtraction.

28 If the amount determined under this subdivision is less than zero
29 (0), the amount is an Indiana net operating loss.

30 (2) Subject to subsection (m), the taxpayer's preliminary federal
31 net operating loss for a taxable year derived from sources within
32 Indiana plus the sum of the following:

33 (A) The application of certain modifications required by
34 IC 6-3-1-3.5 as set forth in subsection (d)(1). For purposes
35 of this clause, a modification that results in an increase to a
36 taxpayer's adjusted gross income is considered an addition,
37 and a modification that results in a decrease to a taxpayer's
38 adjusted gross income is considered a subtraction.

39 (B) In the case of an individual, any deductions derived
40 from sources within Indiana and allowable in determining
41 the preliminary federal net operating loss for the taxable
42 year but not allowable in determining federal adjusted gross

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- 1 income.
- 2 If the amount determined under this subdivision is less than zero
- 3 (0), the amount is an Indiana net operating loss. If the amount
- 4 determined under this subdivision is equal to or greater than zero
- 5 (0), the Indiana net operating loss under this subdivision is zero
- 6 (0).
- 7 (3) The excess business loss deduction disallowed under
- 8 IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(29) and IC 6-3-1-3.5(f)(14) and incurred from
- 9 Indiana sources.
- 10 (d) The following provisions apply for purposes of subsection (c):
- 11 (1) The modifications that are to be applied are those
- 12 modifications required under IC 6-3-1-3.5 for the same taxable
- 13 year in which each net operating loss was incurred, except that
- 14 the modifications do not include the modifications required
- 15 under:
- 16 (A) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(3);
- 17 (B) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(4);
- 18 (C) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(5);
- 19 (D) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(36);
- 20 (E) ~~IC 6-3-1-3.5(b)(22)~~; IC 6-3-1-3.5(b)(23);
- 21 (F) ~~IC 6-3-1-3.5(d)(20)~~; IC 6-3-1-3.5(d)(21);
- 22 (G) ~~IC 6-3-1-3.5(e)(20)~~; IC 6-3-1-3.5(e)(21);
- 23 (H) ~~IC 6-3-1-3.5(f)(19)~~; IC 6-3-1-3.5(f)(20); and
- 24 (I) any modification required under Section 172(d) or
- 25 Section 512(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is also
- 26 required under IC 6-3-1-3.5 in determining Indiana adjusted
- 27 gross income.
- 28 (2) The amount of the taxpayer's net operating loss that is
- 29 derived from sources within Indiana shall be determined in the
- 30 same manner that the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross
- 31 income derived from sources within Indiana is determined under
- 32 section 2 of this chapter for the same taxable year during which
- 33 each loss was incurred.
- 34 (e) Subject to the limitations contained in subsections (g) through
- 35 (l), an Indiana net operating loss carryover shall be available as a
- 36 deduction from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income derived from
- 37 sources within Indiana (as defined in section 2 of this chapter) in the
- 38 carryover year provided in subsection (f), but not in excess of the
- 39 taxpayer's adjusted gross income (as defined in IC 6-3-1-3.5) in the
- 40 carryover year determined without regard to the deduction allowable
- 41 under this section.
- 42 (f) Carryovers shall be determined under this subsection as

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1 follows:
 2 (1) An Indiana net operating loss shall be an Indiana net
 3 operating loss carryover to each of the carryover years following
 4 the taxable year of the loss.
 5 (2) An Indiana net operating loss may not be carried over for
 6 more than twenty (20) taxable years after the taxable year of the
 7 loss.
 8 (g) The entire amount of the Indiana net operating loss for any
 9 taxable year shall be carried to the earliest of the taxable years to which
 10 (as determined under subsection (f)) the loss may be carried. The
 11 amount of the Indiana net operating loss remaining after the deduction
 12 is taken under this section in a taxable year may be carried over as
 13 provided in subsection (f). The amount of the Indiana net operating loss
 14 carried over from year to year shall be reduced to the extent that the
 15 Indiana net operating loss carryover is used by the taxpayer to obtain
 16 a deduction in a taxable year, or as required by subsection (i), until the
 17 occurrence of the earlier of the following:
 18 (1) The entire amount of the Indiana net operating loss has been
 19 used as a deduction or reduced as required by subsection (i).
 20 (2) The Indiana net operating loss has been carried over to each
 21 of the carryover years provided by subsection (f).
 22 (h) An Indiana net operating loss deduction determined under this
 23 section shall be allowed notwithstanding the fact that in the year the
 24 taxpayer incurred the net operating loss the taxpayer was not subject to
 25 the tax imposed under section 1 of this chapter because the taxpayer
 26 was:
 27 (1) a life insurance company (as defined in Section 816(a) of the
 28 Internal Revenue Code); or
 29 (2) an insurance company subject to tax under Section 831 of the
 30 Internal Revenue Code.
 31 (i) Notwithstanding subsection (g), the following apply to an
 32 Indiana net operating loss:
 33 (1) An Indiana net operating loss that arises after the application
 34 of Section 512(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be
 35 allowable only:
 36 (A) in a taxable year in which the trade or business that
 37 generated the federal net operating loss has an adjusted
 38 gross income derived from sources within Indiana greater
 39 than zero (0) as determined under IC 6-3-1-3.5; and
 40 (B) against the trade's or business's adjusted gross income;
 41 until the federal net operating loss from the trade or business has
 42 been exhausted. When the federal net operating loss from the

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1 trade or business has been exhausted, and subject to the
 2 limitations of this section, any remaining Indiana net operating
 3 loss shall be allowable against any trade or business of the
 4 taxpayer.

5 (2) In the case of a corporation described in section 2.8(2) of this
 6 chapter, an Indiana net operating loss deduction that is
 7 attributable to a preconversion year may not be greater than any
 8 net recognized built-in gain of the corporation as defined in
 9 Section 1374(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code derived from
 10 sources within Indiana.

11 (j) The following rules apply to an Indiana net operating loss:

12 (1) If the taxpayer had a discharge of indebtedness derived from
 13 Indiana sources that is excluded from gross income under
 14 Section 108(a)(1)(A), Section 108(a)(1)(B), or Section
 15 108(a)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, the Indiana net
 16 operating loss shall be reduced by the remainder of:

17 (A) the amount of discharge of indebtedness excluded from
 18 federal gross income derived from Indiana sources; minus

19 (B) the amount of discharge of indebtedness derived from
 20 Indiana sources that reduced the tax attributes under Section
 21 108(b)(2)(D), Section 108(b)(2)(E), or Section 108(b)(2)(F)
 22 of the Internal Revenue Code or was applied for federal tax
 23 purposes under Section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue
 24 Code.

25 (2) Any reduction in an Indiana net operating loss shall be first
 26 applied to the Indiana net operating loss for the taxable year of
 27 the discharge, and then to any Indiana net operating loss
 28 carryovers.

29 (3) The provisions of Section 108(d)(6) and Section 108(d)(7) of
 30 the Internal Revenue Code shall apply to any discharge of
 31 indebtedness for purposes of determining the reduction of net
 32 operating losses under this section.

33 (k) If a taxpayer has an ownership change for which the limitations
 34 of net operating losses under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code
 35 apply, the following shall apply:

36 (1) The amount a taxpayer may claim as an Indiana net operating
 37 loss deduction for a taxable year beginning after December 31,
 38 2022, shall not exceed the limitation imposed by Section
 39 382(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code multiplied by the
 40 apportionment percentage determined under section 2 of this
 41 chapter for the year in which the net operating loss is being
 42 claimed, unless otherwise provided by this subsection. The



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following apply:

(A) The limitation under this subdivision does not apply to adjusted gross income accrued in the portion of the taxable year on or before the change date (as defined in Section 382(j) of the Internal Revenue Code). For purposes of this subdivision, the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer shall be multiplied by the number of days in the taxable year on or before the change date to the number of days in the taxable year.

(B) For the portion of the taxable year after the change date (as defined in Section 382(j) of the Internal Revenue Code), the limitation under this subdivision shall be the limitation otherwise computed in this subdivision multiplied by the number of days in the taxable year after the change date to the number of days in the taxable year.

(2) If a taxpayer's Indiana net operating loss determined under this subsection is not fully deductible as a result of subsection (e) for a taxable year, the limitation under this subsection for the following taxable year shall be increased by the net operating loss determined but not allowable as a deduction for the taxable year.

(3) If the continuity of business requirements under Section 382(c) of the Internal Revenue Code are not met, the Indiana net operating loss available for carryforward shall be zero (0) except to the extent of recognized built in gains derived from Indiana sources and amounts allowable under subdivision (2).

(4) If the limitation under Section 382(b) of the Internal Revenue Code is increased for a taxable year under Section 382(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, the limitation under subdivision (1) for that taxable year shall be increased by the federal increase in the net operating loss limitation for the taxable year multiplied by the Indiana apportionment percentage for that taxable year.

(5) For purposes of any other matters not provided for in subdivisions (1) through (4), the taxpayer and the department are required to apply the limitations and rules under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code in a manner consistent with this subsection.

(6) This subsection applies to a taxpayer regardless of whether the taxpayer actually has a federal net operating loss subject to Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code or whether any federal net operating losses have been exhausted.

(1) If two (2) or more corporations file a consolidated return under

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1 IC 6-3-4-14 or a combined return under this chapter and have an
 2 Indiana net operating loss on a consolidated or combined basis for a
 3 taxable year:

4 (1) the Indiana net operating loss attributable to each corporation
 5 included in the consolidated or combined return shall be
 6 determined in a manner consistent with the attribution of federal
 7 net operating losses for consolidated groups as provided under
 8 the Internal Revenue Code and regulations promulgated
 9 thereunder;

10 (2) the application of Indiana net operating losses and reduction
 11 of losses attributable to each member shall be in a manner
 12 consistent with the application and reduction of federal net
 13 operating losses for consolidated groups as provided under the
 14 Internal Revenue Code and regulations promulgated thereunder;
 15 and

16 (3) the availability of net operating losses to each corporation
 17 upon an ownership change or change in filing status shall be in
 18 a manner consistent with the availability and use of federal net
 19 operating losses for consolidated groups as provided under the
 20 Internal Revenue Code and regulations promulgated thereunder.

21 (m) The following apply for purposes of calculating an Indiana net
 22 operating loss under subsection (c):

23 (1) An itemized deduction shall be applied first under subsection
 24 (c)(1), and any amount not applied under subsection (c)(1) to
 25 make the net operating loss equal to zero (0) shall be applied
 26 under subsection (c)(2).

27 (2) In the case of a modification under IC 6-3-1-3.5 required to
 28 modify a separately stated net operating loss or a preliminary
 29 federal net operating loss, the amount of the modification may
 30 not exceed the amount prescribed under IC 6-3-1-3.5 and must
 31 be applied in the following order:

32 (A) Against a separately stated net operating loss under
 33 subsection (c)(1)(B), but only to the extent necessary to
 34 increase the separately stated net operating loss, after
 35 application of subsection (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(B), to an
 36 amount not greater than zero (0).

37 (B) Against a separately stated net operating loss under
 38 subsection (c)(1)(C), but only to the extent necessary to
 39 increase the separately stated net operating loss to an
 40 amount not greater than zero (0).

41 (C) To compute a modification to a preliminary federal net
 42 operating loss under subsection (c)(2).



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1 SECTION 7. IC 6-3-2-29, AS ADDED BY P.L.194-2023,
 2 SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 3 JANUARY 1, 2025 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 29. (a) As used in this
 4 section, "specified research or experimental expenditures" means:

- 5 **(1) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2025,**
 6 **specified research or experimental expenditures (as defined in**
 7 **Section 174(b) of the Internal Revenue Code) Code as in effect**
 8 **December 31, 2024) that the taxpayer is required to charge to**
 9 **capital account under Section 174(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue**
 10 **Code. The term does not include expenditures for which a**
 11 **deduction is disallowed as a result of Section 280C(c) of the**
 12 **Internal Revenue Code;**
 13 **(2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024,**
 14 **foreign research or experimental expenditures (as defined in**
 15 **Section 174(b) of the Internal Revenue Code); and**
 16 **(3) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024,**
 17 **domestic research or experimental expenditures (as defined**
 18 **in Section 174A(b) of the Internal Revenue Code).**

19 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for taxable years
 20 beginning after December 31, 2021, a taxpayer, in determining the
 21 taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a particular taxable year, shall:

- 22 (1) deduct from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income an amount
 23 equal to the specified research or experimental expenditures
 24 charged to capital account under Section 174(a)(2)(A) of the
 25 Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; and
 26 (2) add to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income the amount
 27 deducted under Section 174(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue
 28 Code or deducted pursuant to P.L.119-21, Section 70302(f)(2)
 29 for the taxable year.

30 (c) In the case of a taxpayer that owns an interest in a partnership
 31 or corporation described in section 2.8(2) of this chapter, the amount
 32 that must be deducted under subsection (b)(1) for a particular taxable
 33 year may not exceed the sum of:

- 34 (1) the taxpayer's adjusted basis in the partnership or corporation
 35 for federal tax purposes, as determined at the end of the
 36 taxpayer's taxable year and after application of any expenses,
 37 deductions, or losses; plus
 38 (2) the amount of any specified research or experimental
 39 expenditures claimed as a deduction under Section 174 of the
 40 Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's federal
 41 adjusted gross income for the taxable year.

42 (d) A deduction or part of a deduction that is disallowed under



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1 subsection (c) must be:
 2 (1) carried forward to the subsequent taxable year;
 3 (2) treated as a specified research or experimental expenditure
 4 that is paid or incurred in the subsequent taxable year; and
 5 (3) applied under subsection (c) against the adjusted basis of the
 6 partnership or corporation for the subsequent taxable year.
 7 (e) If a taxpayer is eligible for a deduction under subsection (b)(1),
 8 but the deduction would be treated as a passive deduction under
 9 Section 469 of the Internal Revenue Code, the amount that may be
 10 deducted under subsection (b)(1) for a particular taxable year may not
 11 exceed the sum of:

- 12 (1) the amount of the taxpayer's passive income, as determined
- 13 for federal tax purposes, after application of any passive losses
- 14 or deductions for the taxable year and after application of any
- 15 passive loss carryovers for the taxable year, but not less than
- 16 zero (0); plus
- 17 (2) the amount of any specified research or experimental
- 18 expenditures claimed as a deduction under Section 174 of the
- 19 Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's federal
- 20 adjusted gross income for the taxable year.

21 The requirements under this subsection must be applied after
 22 application of subsections (c) and (d). Any deduction or part of a
 23 deduction that is disallowed under this subsection must be carried
 24 forward to the subsequent taxable year and treated as a specified
 25 research or experimental expenditure that is paid or incurred in the
 26 subsequent taxable year from a trade or business that is a passive
 27 activity for the taxpayer.

- 28 (f) If, before the effective date of this section, a taxpayer:
- 29 (1) is a pass through entity; and
- 30 (2) filed a return either:
- 31 (A) for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2023,
- 32 that reported tax under IC 6-3-2.1 as an electing entity; or
- 33 (B) for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2023,
- 34 passing through the tax paid under IC 6-3-2.1 by another
- 35 entity on the taxpayer's behalf as pass through entity to its
- 36 owners;

37 the taxpayer shall report the adjusted gross income subject to pass
 38 through entity tax for purposes of IC 6-3-2.1 as if the modification
 39 under this section was not in effect for taxable years beginning before
 40 January 1, 2023. The taxpayer shall report the modifications otherwise
 41 required under this section to its partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries
 42 for the taxable year in the manner prescribed under this article.

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1 (g) The modifications required under this section are not
 2 applicable if a taxpayer is not required under federal law to charge
 3 specified research or experimental expenditures to capital account in
 4 determining federal adjusted gross income, regardless of whether the
 5 taxpayer elects to charge **specified** research or experimental
 6 expenditures to capital account. **For purposes of this section:**

7 (1) **if the taxpayer is an eligible taxpayer permitted to**
 8 **retroactively deduct certain specified research or**
 9 **experimental expenditures as provided in P.L.119-21, Section**
 10 **70302(f)(1); and**

11 (2) **does not make a retroactive election under this section;**
 12 **the taxpayer shall be treated as if the taxpayer was required under**
 13 **federal law to charge specified research or experimental**
 14 **expenditures to capital account.**

15 (h) **If a taxpayer makes an election to retroactively deduct**
 16 **certain specified research or experimental expenditures as**
 17 **provided in P.L.119-21, Section 70302(f)(1):**

18 (1) **the taxpayer and the department shall treat the specified**
 19 **research or experimental expenditures in the same manner**
 20 **as elected for federal income tax purposes;**

21 (2) **the taxpayer shall be required to amend all tax returns**
 22 **filed under this article or IC 6-5.5 for which the taxpayer**
 23 **reported modifications under this section or filed an**
 24 **amended return with the Internal Revenue Service; and**

25 (3) **any amended return filed with the Internal Revenue**
 26 **Service shall be treated as being a final adjustment made by**
 27 **the Internal Revenue Service on the date the amended return**
 28 **is filed with the Internal Revenue Service or October 31,**
 29 **2025, whichever is later.**

30 SECTION 8. IC 6-3-2-30 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
 31 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
 32 4, 2025 (RETROACTIVE)]: **Sec. 30. (a) For purposes of this section,**
 33 **"qualified production property" has the meaning provided in**
 34 **Section 168(n)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.**

35 (b) **Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a taxpayer**
 36 **makes an election to claim the special depreciation allowance**
 37 **under Section 168(n) of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to**
 38 **qualified production property used by the taxpayer and placed in**
 39 **service during the current taxable year or a previous taxable year,**
 40 **the taxpayer shall add or subtract the amount required to make the**
 41 **taxpayer's adjusted gross income (as defined in IC 6-3-1-3.5 or**
 42 **IC 6-5.5-1-2) equal to the amount of adjusted gross income**



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determined as if an election had not been made under Section 168(n) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) If a taxpayer:

(1) makes an election under Section 168(n) of the Internal Revenue Code to claim the special depreciation allowance under that section; and

(2) the taxpayer is considered to have elected to not claim other special depreciation allowances under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as a result of that election;

the taxpayer will be considered to have made an election to not claim the special depreciation allowances described in subdivision (2) for purposes of computing adjusted gross income under this article or IC 6-5.5.

(d) If a taxpayer is subject to recapture of the special depreciation allowance pursuant to Section 168(n)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxpayer:

(1) will be considered to have made an election under Section 168(n) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) will be considered for purposes of this article and IC 6-5.5 to have disposed of the qualified production property on the date specified in Section 168(n)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code and shall report any income from the property for that taxable year, subject to the modifications required under this section; and

(3) will be required to report any depreciation, gain, or loss from the qualified production property after the recapture of the special depreciation allowance in the same manner as otherwise provided by the Internal Revenue Code.

[SECTION 9. IC 6-3-2-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]: **Sec. 31. (a) This section applies to the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2025, and ending before January 1, 2027.**

(b) To conform with Section 224 of the Internal Revenue Code added in Public Law 119-21 (commonly known as the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, 2025), a taxpayer is entitled to a deduction from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income in an amount equal to the amount associated with qualified tips that is deducted from a taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income under Section 224 of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 10. IC 6-3-2-32 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

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1 JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 32. (a) This section
 2 applies to the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2025, and
 3 ending before January 1, 2027.

4 (b) To conform with Section 225 of the Internal Revenue Code
 5 added in Public Law 119-21 (commonly known as the One Big
 6 Beautiful Bill Act, 2025), a taxpayer is entitled to a deduction from
 7 the taxpayer's adjusted gross income in an amount equal to the
 8 amount associated with qualified overtime compensation that is
 9 deducted from a taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income under
 10 Section 225 of the Internal Revenue Code.

11 SECTION 11. IC 6-3-2-33 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
 12 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 13 JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 33. (a) This section
 14 applies to the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2025, and
 15 ending before January 1, 2027.

16 (b) To conform with Section 163(h)(4) of the Internal Revenue
 17 Code added in Public Law 119-21 (commonly known as the One
 18 Big Beautiful Bill Act, 2025), a taxpayer is entitled to a deduction
 19 from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income in an amount equal to
 20 the amount associated with qualified passenger vehicle loan
 21 interest that is deducted from a taxpayer's federal adjusted gross
 22 income under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code and
 23 attributable to the exception under Section 163(h)(4) of the
 24 Internal Revenue Code.

25] SECTION ~~6-3-2-1-5~~ [12]. IC 6-3-2.1-5, AS AMENDED BY
 26 P.L.230-2025, SECTION 71, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 27 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2025 (RETROACTIVE)]:
 28 Sec. 5. (a) Each electing entity shall compute each direct owner's share
 29 of the tax imposed by section 4 of this chapter and reflect that amount
 30 in the form and manner prescribed by the department.

31 (b) Each entity owner shall be entitled to a refundable credit in a
 32 amount equal to the amount of tax under this chapter credited to the
 33 entity owner.

34 (c) An electing entity or pass through entity shall be permitted to
 35 claim a credit for taxes withheld or paid on the entity's behalf.

36 (d) An electing entity that has direct owners that would be
 37 permitted to claim a credit under IC 6-3-3-3 for taxes paid to another
 38 state with regard to a taxable year may elect to claim a credit under this
 39 chapter for:

40 (1) an amount equal to the income of a resident direct owner
 41 attributable to a state other than Indiana multiplied by the rate
 42 imposed by IC 6-3-2-1(a) (before July 1, 2025) or IC 6-3-2-1(b)



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1 (after June 30, 2025) or maximum individual income tax rate
2 imposed by that other state, whichever rate is less, if:

3 (A) the electing entity makes an election to tax resident
4 direct owners in the manner prescribed in section 4(a)(2)(A)
5 of this chapter; and

6 (B) the other state grants a credit to ~~the Indiana~~ its residents
7 substantially similar to the credit as provided under
8 ~~IC 6-3-3-3~~; IC 6-3-3-3(a); and

9 (2) an amount equal to the income attributable to Indiana
10 multiplied by the rate imposed by IC 6-3-2-1(a) (before July 1,
11 2025) or IC 6-3-2-1(b) (after June 30, 2025) or the maximum
12 individual income tax rate by the nonresident direct owner's state
13 of residence, whichever rate is less, if the nonresident direct
14 owner would be permitted a credit under IC 6-3-3-3(b) for the
15 income attributable to Indiana and derived from the electing
16 entity.

17 (e) An electing entity may elect to claim a credit for any credit
18 under IC 6-3-3 or IC 6-3.1, other than the credits under subsections (b)
19 through (d), and arising from the operations of the electing entity, or
20 which are passed through to or assigned to the electing entity for the
21 taxable year. For purposes of this subsection, the following apply:

22 (1) The credit must be allowable to pass through to the direct
23 owners of the electing entity under the provisions of the credit.

24 (2) The credit must be first allowable to the direct owners of the
25 pass through entity in a taxable year ending on or after the
26 taxable year of the electing entity.

27 (3) The amount of the credit that the entity may claim against the
28 tax attributable to any direct owner under subsection (a) may not
29 exceed the credit that is available to be passed through to the
30 direct owner.

31 (f) For purposes of subsections (d) and (e), the following apply:

32 (1) The elections under subsections (d) and (e) are separate
33 elections to which the following apply:

34 (A) An election under subsection (e) applies to all credits
35 other than the credits described in subsections (b) through
36 (d). No allowance for an election to apply to one (1) or more
37 credits and to not apply to one (1) or more credits is
38 permitted.

39 (B) The election to claim the credits under subsections (d)
40 and (e) must be made on the original return filed by the
41 electing entity. A failure to claim a credit shall be treated as
42 if the credit was not allowable to the electing entity.



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- 1 (C) An election to apply a credit applies to the tax for all
 2 direct owners of the electing entity, provided that an
 3 election under subsection (d) applies only to direct owners
 4 that are individuals, estates, or trusts.
- 5 (2) If an electing entity claims credits under both subsections (d)
 6 and (e), the electing entity shall apply the credit under subsection
 7 (d) first, then any amount allowable under subsection (e).
- 8 (3) The sum of the credits attributable to a direct owner of an
 9 electing entity shall not exceed the tax computed by the electing
 10 entity for the direct owner under this chapter.
- 11 (4) A provision under IC 6-3-3 or IC 6-3.1 requiring a credit to
 12 be passed through shall not prevent an electing entity from
 13 applying the credit against the tax imposed under this chapter.
- 14 (5) An entity owner shall be permitted to claim any credit
 15 otherwise allowable to the owner to the extent otherwise
 16 permitted by IC 6-3-3 or IC 6-3.1.
- 17 SECTION 1 ~~3~~ [3]. IC 6-3-3-12.1, AS AMENDED BY
 18 P.L.205-2025, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 19 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 12.1. (a)
 20 As used in this section, "ABLE account" has the meaning set forth in
 21 IC 12-11-14-1.
- 22 (b) As used in this section, "contribution" means the amount of
 23 money directly provided to an Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan
 24 account by a taxpayer. A contribution does not include any of the
 25 following:
- 26 (1) Money credited to an ABLE account as a result of bonus
 27 points or other forms of consideration earned by the taxpayer
 28 that result in a transfer of money to the ABLE account.
- 29 (2) Money transferred from any qualified ABLE program under
 30 Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code or from any other
 31 similar plan.
- 32 (3) Money transferred from any qualified tuition program under
 33 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code or from any other
 34 similar plan.
- 35 **(4) Money transferred in a qualified ABLE rollover**
 36 **contribution described in Section 530A(d)(4)(B) of the**
 37 **Internal Revenue Code.**
- 38 (c) As used in this section, "designated beneficiary" has the
 39 meaning set forth in IC 12-11-14-5.
- 40 (d) As used in this section, "Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan"
 41 refers to the Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) 529A plan
 42 established under IC 12-11.



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1 (e) As used in this section, "nonqualified withdrawal" means a
 2 withdrawal or distribution from an Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan
 3 that is not a qualified withdrawal.

4 (f) As used in this section, "qualified disability expense" has the
 5 meaning set forth in IC 12-11-14-8.

6 (g) As used in this section, "qualified withdrawal" means a
 7 withdrawal or distribution from an Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan
 8 that is made:

- 9 (1) to pay for qualified disability expenses, excluding any
 10 withdrawals or distributions used to pay for qualified disability
 11 expenses, if the withdrawals or distributions are made from an
 12 Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan that is terminated within
 13 twelve (12) months after the ABLE account is opened;
 14 (2) as a result of the death of a designated beneficiary; or
 15 (3) by an Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan as the result of a
 16 transfer of funds by an Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan from
 17 one (1) third party custodian to another.

18 A qualified withdrawal does not include a rollover distribution or
 19 transfer of assets from an Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan to any
 20 other qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the Internal
 21 Revenue Code, or to any qualified tuition program under Section 529
 22 of the Internal Revenue Code other than an Indiana 529 plan established
 23 under IC 21-9, or to any other similar plan.

24 (h) As used in this section, "taxpayer" means:

- 25 (1) an individual filing a single return;
 26 (2) a married couple filing a joint return; or
 27 (3) a married individual filing a separate return.

28 (i) A taxpayer is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's adjusted
 29 gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for a taxable
 30 year equal to the least of the following:

- 31 (1) Twenty percent (20%) of the amount of the total
 32 contributions made by the taxpayer to an ABLE account or
 33 accounts of an Indiana ABLE 529A savings plan during the
 34 taxable year.
 35 (2) Five hundred dollars (\$500).
 36 (3) The amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income tax
 37 imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year,
 38 reduced by the sum of all credits (as determined without regard
 39 to this section) allowed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7.

40 (j) A taxpayer is not entitled to a carryback, carryover, or refund
 41 of an unused credit.

42 (k) A taxpayer may not sell, assign, convey, or otherwise transfer

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1 the tax credit provided by this section.

2 (l) To receive the credit provided by this section, a taxpayer must
3 claim the credit on the taxpayer's annual state tax return or returns in
4 the manner prescribed by the department. The taxpayer shall submit to
5 the department all information that the department determines is
6 necessary for the calculation of the credit provided by this section.

7 (m) An owner of an ABLE account of an Indiana ABLE 529A
8 savings plan must repay all or a part of the credit in a taxable year in
9 which any nonqualified withdrawal is made from the ABLE account.
10 The amount the taxpayer must repay is equal to the lesser of:

11 (1) twenty percent (20%) of the total amount of nonqualified
12 withdrawals made during the taxable year from the ABLE
13 account; or

14 (2) the excess of:

15 (A) the cumulative amount of all credits provided by this
16 section that are claimed by any taxpayer with respect to the
17 taxpayer's contributions to the ABLE account for all prior
18 taxable years; over

19 (B) the cumulative amount of repayments paid by the owner
20 of the ABLE account under this subsection for all prior
21 taxable years.

22 (n) Any required repayment under subsection (m) must be
23 reported by the owner of the ABLE account on the owner's annual state
24 income tax return for any taxable year in which a nonqualified
25 withdrawal is made.

26 (o) A nonresident owner of an ABLE account who is not required
27 to file an annual income tax return for a taxable year in which a
28 nonqualified withdrawal is made shall make any required repayment on
29 the form required under IC 6-3-4-1(2). If the nonresident owner of the
30 ABLE account does not make the required repayment, the department
31 shall issue a demand notice in accordance with IC 6-8.1-5-1.

32 (p) The executive director of the Indiana ABLE authority shall
33 submit or cause to be submitted to the department a copy of all
34 information returns or statements issued to ABLE account owners,
35 designated beneficiaries, and other taxpayers for each taxable year with
36 respect to:

37 (1) nonqualified withdrawals made from ABLE accounts for the
38 taxable year; or

39 (2) ABLE account closings for the taxable year.

40 (q) The following apply to contributions made after December 31,
41 2023:

42 (1) For purposes of this section, all or part of a contribution



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1 made after the end of a taxable year, and not later than the due
 2 date of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income tax return for the
 3 taxable year under this article (as determined without regard to
 4 any allowable extensions), shall be considered as having been
 5 made during the taxable year preceding the contribution if:

6 (A) the taxpayer elects to treat all or part of a contribution
 7 as occurring in the taxable year preceding the contribution;

8 (B) the taxpayer designates the amounts of the contribution
 9 to be treated as occurring in each taxable year, in the case
 10 of a single contribution that is to be allowable under this
 11 section in two (2) separate years; and

12 (C) the taxpayer irrevocably waives the right to claim the
 13 contribution claimed in the taxable year preceding the
 14 contribution as occurring in the taxable year of the
 15 contribution.

16 (2) An irrevocable election under this subsection must be made
 17 in writing at the time the contribution is made.

18 (3) The Indiana ABLE authority may prescribe any forms
 19 necessary for purposes of this subsection.

20 SECTION 1<=>[4]. IC 6-3-3-13, AS AMENDED BY
 21 P.L.180-2022(ss), SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 22 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2022 (RETROACTIVE)]:
 23 Sec. 13. (a) This section applies only to taxable years beginning after
 24 December 31, 2014.

25 (b) Each taxable year, an individual **who is a resident of Indiana**
 26 **during the taxable year and** who is eligible to claim the credit
 27 provided by Section 23 of the Internal Revenue Code on the
 28 individual's federal return for the taxable year is entitled to a credit
 29 against the individual's adjusted gross income tax liability for the
 30 taxable year equal to the lesser of:

31 (1) the amount of the credit allowable under Section 23 of the
 32 Internal Revenue Code for each eligible child on the individual's
 33 federal return for the taxable year multiplied by twenty percent
 34 (20%); or

35 (2) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for each eligible
 36 child.

37 (c) If the amount of the credit under this section exceeds the
 38 taxpayer's state income tax liability for the taxable year, the excess
 39 shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

40 (d) If all or part of the credit allowed under Section 23 of the
 41 Internal Revenue Code for a taxable year beginning after December 31,
 42 2014, is required to be claimed in, or carried forward to, a taxable year

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1 after the taxable year in which the credit is first allowed, the part
 2 carried forward and allowed to be claimed as a credit shall be treated
 3 as allowable under subsection (b), however, to the extent that a portion
 4 of a taxpayer's federal credit under Section 23 of the Internal Revenue
 5 Code is carried forward to a subsequent taxable year, the aggregate
 6 sum of credits claimed by the taxpayer under this section over the
 7 applicable taxable years may not exceed two thousand five hundred
 8 dollars (\$2,500). A credit first allowed under Section 23 of the Internal
 9 Revenue Code for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2015, and
 10 required to be claimed in, or carried forward to, a taxable year after the
 11 taxable year in which the credit is first allowed shall not be treated as
 12 allowable under subsection (b).

13 **(e) If an individual is a resident of Indiana for part of the**
 14 **taxable year and a nonresident of Indiana for part of the taxable**
 15 **year, the credit allowable under Section 23 of the Internal Revenue**
 16 **Code for purposes of subsection (b) shall be:**

17 **(1) the credit allowable under Section 23 of the Internal**
 18 **Revenue Code;**

19 **(2) multiplied by the number of days the individual was a**
 20 **resident of Indiana; and**

21 **(3) divided by the number of days the individual was a**
 22 **resident of all states.**

23 **(f) If an individual and the individual's spouse file a joint**
 24 **return under this article for a taxable year, the calculation under**
 25 **subsection (e) for the taxable year shall be made based on the**
 26 **combined resident and nonresident days of the individual and the**
 27 **individual's spouse.**

28 SECTION 1  [5]. IC 6-3-4-4.1, AS AMENDED BY
 29 P.L.205-2025, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 30 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4.1. (a) Any individual
 31 required by the Internal Revenue Code or this section to file estimated
 32 tax returns and to make payments on account of such estimated tax
 33 shall file estimated tax returns and make payments of the tax imposed
 34 by this article to the department at the time or times and in the
 35 installments as provided by Section 6654 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 36 However, the following apply to estimated tax returns filed and
 37 payments made under this subsection:

38 (1) In applying Section 6654 of the Internal Revenue Code for
 39 the purposes of this article, "estimated tax" means the amount
 40 which the individual estimates as the sum of the amount of the
 41 adjusted gross income tax imposed by this article for the taxable
 42 year and the sum of the amount of local income tax under



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1 IC 6-3.6, including any amounts of credits required to be
 2 recaptured under IC 6-3-3 and IC 6-3.1, minus the amount which
 3 the individual estimates as the sum of any credits against the tax
 4 provided by IC 6-3-3, IC 6-3.1, and IC 6-3.6, other than the
 5 amounts of tax withheld under this chapter.

6 (2) Estimated tax for a nonresident alien (as defined in Section
 7 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code) must be computed by
 8 applying not more than one (1) exclusion under
 9 IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(3) and IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(4), regardless of the total
 10 number of exclusions that IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(3) and
 11 IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(4) permit the taxpayer to apply on the taxpayer's
 12 final return for the taxable year.

13 (3) If an individual does not file a return for the preceding
 14 taxable year and the individual can establish that the individual
 15 did not have a liability under IC 6-3 and IC 6-3.6, Section 6654
 16 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be applied as if the tax
 17 liability for the preceding taxable year under IC 6-3 and IC 6-3.6
 18 was zero dollars (\$0).

19 (b) Every individual who has adjusted gross income subject to the
 20 tax imposed by this article and from which tax is not withheld under
 21 the requirements of this chapter or for which tax is not remitted on
 22 behalf of the individual under IC 6-3-2.1 shall make a declaration of
 23 estimated tax for the taxable year. However, no such declaration shall
 24 be required if the estimated tax can reasonably be expected to be less
 25 than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). In the case of an underpayment of
 26 the estimated tax as provided in Section 6654 of the Internal Revenue
 27 Code, there shall be added to the tax a penalty ~~in an amount at the rate~~
 28 prescribed by IC 6-8.1-10-2.1(b).

29 (c) An individual filing an estimated tax return and making an
 30 estimated tax payment under this section must designate:

- 31 (1) the portion of the estimated tax payment that represents
 32 estimated state adjusted gross income tax liability; and
 33 (2) the portion of the estimated tax payment that represents
 34 estimated local income tax liability under IC 6-3.6.

35 The department shall adopt guidelines and issue instructions as
 36 necessary to assist individuals in making the designations required by
 37 this subsection.

38 SECTION 1 ~~↔~~ [6]. IC 6-3-4-4.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2025,
 39 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 40 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4.2. (a) The following apply for purposes of this
 41 section:

- 42 (1) "Final tax liability" for a taxable year means the reported tax



- 1 liability of a taxpayer, except that:
 2 (A) for purposes of determining the final tax liability for a
 3 previous taxable year of less than twelve (12) months, the
 4 final tax liability shall be:
 5 (i) the reported adjusted gross income tax liability;
 6 divided by
 7 (ii) the number of estimated payments otherwise
 8 required under this chapter; multiplied by
 9 (iii) four (4);
 10 (B) if the taxpayer does not have a reported tax liability for
 11 the previous year and properly does not file an adjusted
 12 gross income tax return under IC 6-3 or financial
 13 institutions tax under IC 6-5.5, the taxpayer's final tax
 14 liability shall be considered to be zero dollars (\$0); and
 15 (C) if the taxpayer has a reported tax liability of zero dollars
 16 (\$0) for the previous taxable year, the taxpayer shall be
 17 treated as having a tax liability of zero dollars (\$0).
 18 (2) "Reported tax liability" means the adjusted gross income tax
 19 under IC 6-3 or financial institutions tax under IC 6-5.5 as
 20 reported by the taxpayer for the taxable year on the taxpayer's
 21 return after application of any credits allowable to the taxpayer
 22 under IC 6-3-3, IC 6-3.1, or IC 6-5.5 other than credits for:
 23 (A) estimated taxes paid under this section or IC 6-5.5-6-3;
 24 (B) taxes withheld on behalf of the taxpayer under this
 25 chapter or IC 6-5.5-2-8; or
 26 (C) taxes paid by a pass through entity on behalf of the
 27 taxpayer under IC 6-3-2.1.
 28 The term reported tax liability includes the recapture of any tax
 29 credits under IC 6-3-3 or IC 6-3.1 reported on the tax return for
 30 the taxable year. If the taxpayer fails to file a tax return for a
 31 taxable year under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5, and the department
 32 determines that the taxpayer owes adjusted gross income tax
 33 under IC 6-3 or financial institutions tax under IC 6-5.5, the
 34 reported tax liability shall be the greater of the amount for the
 35 taxable year under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5 as determined by the
 36 department or the amount for the immediately following taxable
 37 year under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5.
 38 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, every corporation
 39 subject to the adjusted gross income tax liability imposed by this article
 40 shall be required to report and pay an estimated tax equal to twenty-five
 41 percent (25%) of such corporation's estimated adjusted gross income
 42 tax liability for the taxable year. The following apply:



- 1 (1) A taxpayer who uses a taxable year that ends on December
2 31 shall file the taxpayer's estimated adjusted gross income tax
3 returns and pay the tax to the department on or before April 20,
4 June 20, September 20, and December 20 of the taxable year.
- 5 (2) If a taxpayer uses a taxable year that does not end on
6 December 31, the due dates for filing estimated adjusted gross
7 income tax returns and paying the tax are on or before the
8 twentieth day of the fourth, sixth, ninth, and twelfth months of
9 the taxpayer's taxable year. The department shall prescribe the
10 manner and forms for such reporting and payment.
- 11 (3) Any taxes withheld on behalf of the corporation under this
12 chapter or IC 6-5.5-2-8, and any taxes remitted on behalf of the
13 corporation under IC 6-3-2.1, shall be treated as estimated tax
14 payments on behalf of the corporation for purposes of this
15 section. Such taxes shall be attributed to each required payment
16 in the manner the underlying income is attributed under Section
17 6655 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 18 (4) If the taxpayer has a taxable year that is less than twelve (12)
19 months, the estimated payments under this section shall be
20 adjusted in the manner prescribed by Section 6655 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and applicable regulations.
- 22 (c) If a corporation determines that its estimated tax payment using
23 an annualized method under Section 6655(e) of the Internal Revenue
24 Code is lower than the amount required under subsection (b), the
25 corporation shall be permitted to use an annualized method under
26 Section 6655(e) of the Internal Revenue Code to determine its
27 estimated tax payment under subsection (b), and shall recapture any
28 reduction in the estimated tax payment in the manner prescribed by
29 Section 6655(e) of the Internal Revenue Code. The corporation may not
30 use an annualized method under this section that would not be
31 allowable to the corporation under Section 6655 of the Internal
32 Revenue Code.
- 33 (d) The penalty ~~in the amount at the rate~~ prescribed by
34 IC 6-8.1-10-2.1(b) shall be assessed by the department on corporations
35 failing to make payments as required in subsection (b). However, no
36 penalty shall be assessed as to any estimated payments of adjusted
37 gross income tax which equal or exceed:
- 38 (1) the amount calculated under subsection (b); or
39 (2) twenty-five percent (25%) of the final tax liability for the
40 taxpayer's previous taxable year.
- 41 In addition, the penalty as to any underpayment of tax on an estimated
42 return shall only be assessed on the difference between the actual

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1 amount paid by the corporation on such estimated return and the
2 amount determined under subsection (b).

3 (e) The provisions of subsection (b) requiring the reporting and
4 estimated payment of adjusted gross income tax shall be applicable
5 only to corporations having an adjusted gross income tax liability
6 which exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for its
7 taxable year.

8 (f) If the department determines that a corporation's:

9 (1) estimated quarterly adjusted gross income tax liability for the
10 current year; or

11 (2) average estimated quarterly adjusted gross income tax
12 liability for the preceding year;

13 exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000), the corporation shall pay the
14 estimated adjusted gross income taxes due by electronic funds transfer
15 (as defined in IC 4-8.1-2-7) or by delivering in person or overnight by
16 courier a payment by cashier's check, certified check, or money order
17 to the department. The transfer or payment shall be made on or before
18 the date the tax is due. A failure to make a payment in the manner
19 prescribed under this subsection shall be subject to penalty as provided
20 in IC 6-8.1-10-2.1(b)(5).

21 (g) In the case of corporations that switch filing status, the final tax
22 liability shall be determined in the manner consistent with Section
23 1502 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations thereunder.

24 SECTION 1-4-7. IC 6-3-4-6, AS AMENDED BY
25 P.L.159-2021, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]:
27 Sec. 6. (a) Any taxpayer, upon request by the department, shall furnish
28 to the department a true and correct copy of any tax return which the
29 taxpayer has filed with the United States Internal Revenue Service
30 which copy shall be certified to by the taxpayer under penalties of
31 perjury.

32 (b) Each taxpayer shall notify the department of any modification
33 as provided in subsection (c) of:

34 (1) a federal income tax return filed by the taxpayer after January
35 1, 1978; or

36 (2) the taxpayer's federal income tax liability for a taxable year
37 which begins after December 31, 1977.

38 The taxpayer shall file the notice ~~on the form~~ **in the form and**
39 **manner** prescribed by the department within one hundred twenty
40 (120) days after the modification is made if the modification was made
41 before January 1, 2011, ~~and~~ one hundred eighty (180) days after the
42 modification is made if the modification is made after December 31,

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1 2010, but before January 1, 2026, and one (1) year after the
2 modification is made if the modification is made after December
3 31, 2025.

4 (c) For purposes of subsection (b), a modification occurs on the
5 date on which a:

- 6 (1) taxpayer files an amended federal income tax return;
- 7 (2) final determination is made concerning an assessment of
8 deficiency;
- 9 (3) final determination is made concerning a claim for a refund;
- 10 (4) taxpayer waives the restrictions on assessment and collection
11 of all, or any part, of an underpayment of federal income tax by
12 signing a federal Form 870, or any other Form prescribed by the
13 Internal Revenue Service for that purpose. For purposes of this
14 subdivision:

15 (A) a final determination does not occur with respect to any
16 part of the underpayment that is not covered by the waiver;
17 and

18 (B) if the signature of an authorized representative of the
19 Internal Revenue Service is required to execute a waiver,
20 the date of the final determination is the date of signing by
21 the authorized representative of the Internal Revenue
22 Service or by the taxpayer, whichever is later;

23 (5) taxpayer enters into a closing agreement with the Internal
24 Revenue Service concerning the taxpayer's tax liability under
25 Section 7121 of the Internal Revenue Code that is a final
26 determination. The date the taxpayer enters into a closing
27 agreement under this subdivision is the date the closing
28 agreement is signed by an authorized representative of the
29 Internal Revenue Service or by the taxpayer, whichever is later;
30 or

31 (6) modification or alteration in an amount of tax, adjusted gross
32 income, taxable income, credit, or other tax attribute is otherwise
33 made that is a final determination;

34 for a taxable year, regardless of whether a modification results in an
35 underpayment or overpayment of tax. In the case of a taxpayer that files
36 a consolidated return under section 14 of this chapter or either files or
37 is required to be included by the department in a combined return
38 under IC 6-3-2-2, the date on which the alteration or modification is
39 made shall be considered to be the last day on which an alteration or
40 modification occurs for any entity filing as part of the consolidated or
41 combined return.

42 (d) For purposes of subsection (c)(2) through (c)(6), a final

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determination means an action or decision by a taxpayer, the Internal Revenue Service (including the Appeals Division), the United States Tax Court, or any other United States federal court concerning any disputed tax issue that:

- (1) is final and conclusive; and
- (2) cannot be reopened or appealed by a taxpayer or the Internal Revenue Service as a matter of law.

(e) If the federal modification results in a change in the taxpayer's federal or Indiana adjusted gross income, the taxpayer shall file an Indiana amended return within one hundred twenty (120) days after the modification is made if the modification was made before January 1, 2011, ~~and~~ one hundred eighty (180) days after the modification is made if the modification is made after December 31, 2010, **but before January 1, 2026, and one (1) year after the modification is made if the modification is made after December 31, 2025.**

SECTION 1~~8~~^[8]. IC 6-3-4-8.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.58-2019, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 8.2. (a) Each person in Indiana who is required under the Internal Revenue Code to withhold federal tax from winnings shall deduct and retain adjusted gross income tax at the time and in the amount described in withholding instructions issued by the department.

(b) In addition to amounts withheld under subsection (a), every person engaged in a gambling operation (as defined in IC 4-33-2-10) or a gambling game (as defined in IC 4-35-2-5) and making a payment in the course of the gambling operation (as defined in IC 4-33-2-10) or a gambling game (as defined in IC 4-35-2-5) of:

- (1) winnings (not reduced by the wager) valued at ~~one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200)~~ **two thousand dollars (\$2,000)** or more from slot machine play; or
- (2) winnings (reduced by the wager) valued at ~~one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500)~~ **two thousand dollars (\$2,000)** or more from a keno game;

shall deduct and retain adjusted gross income tax at the time and in the amount described in withholding instructions issued by the department. The department's instructions must provide that amounts withheld shall be paid to the department on the twenty-fourth calendar day of each month. Any taxes collected during the month but after the day on which the taxes are required to be paid shall be paid to the department at the same time the following month's taxes are due. Slot machine and keno winnings from a gambling operation (as defined in IC 4-33-2-10) or a gambling game (as defined in IC 4-35-2-5) that are reportable for

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1 federal income tax purposes shall be treated as subject to withholding
2 under this section, even if federal tax withholding is not required.

- 3 (c) The adjusted gross income tax due on prize money or prizes:
- 4 (1) received from a winning lottery ticket purchased under
- 5 IC 4-30; and
- 6 (2) exceeding ~~one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200)~~ **two**
- 7 **thousand dollars (\$2,000)** in value;

8 shall be deducted and retained at the time and in the amount described
9 in withholding instructions issued by the department, even if federal
10 withholding is not required.

11 (d) In addition to the amounts withheld under subsection (a), a
12 qualified organization (as defined in IC 4-32.3-2-31(a)) that awards a
13 prize under IC 4-32.3 exceeding ~~one thousand two hundred dollars~~
14 ~~(\$1,200)~~ **two thousand dollars (\$2,000)** in value shall deduct and
15 retain adjusted gross income tax at the time and in the amount
16 described in withholding instructions issued by the department. The
17 department's instructions must provide that amounts withheld shall be
18 paid to the department before the close of the business day following
19 the day the winnings are paid, actually or constructively.

20 (e) **For 2027 and later, if the amount for which a payor is**
21 **required to provide a statement to a recipient under Section 6041**
22 **of the Internal Revenue Code is increased to reflect inflation as**
23 **provided in Section 6041(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, the**
24 **amounts under subsections (b), (c), and (d) shall be the amount**
25 **increased to reflect inflation.**

26 SECTION 1-~~6~~⁹. IC 6-3-4.5-2, AS AMENDED BY
27 P.L.137-2022, SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]:
29 Sec. 2. The following apply for purposes of this chapter:

- 30 (1) If a taxpayer has not filed a return under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5
- 31 for a taxable year, review year, or adjustment year, any reference
- 32 to an amended return shall be a reference to an original return
- 33 that includes any adjustments under this chapter.
- 34 (2) If a taxpayer is a partnership or pass through entity and has
- 35 not issued a statement to its owners or beneficiaries, any
- 36 reference to an amended statement shall be a reference to an
- 37 original statement that includes any adjustment under this
- 38 chapter.
- 39 (3) Any reference to tax shall include interest under
- 40 IC 6-8.1-10-1 and penalties under IC 6-8.1.
- 41 (4) In the case of a final federal adjustment for a review year that
- 42 is required, the adjustment shall be treated as:

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(A) occurring in the review year, if and to the extent the adjustment:

(i) results in an imputed underpayment for federal purposes to the partnership;

(ii) would result in an imputed underpayment for federal purposes to the partnership for the review year except that the adjustment is reported by the partners of the partnership in the manner provided under Section 6225(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code; or

(iii) results in an adjustment that is passed through to the review year partners for federal tax purposes, in the case of a partnership that makes a valid election pursuant to Section 6226 of the Internal Revenue Code; or

(B) occurring in the adjustment year, to the extent a tax attribute is taken into account by the partnership as provided under Section 6225(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code and regardless of whether the item is a separately stated item for partners for federal income tax purposes.

(C) For purposes of clauses (A) and (B):

(i) a federal adjustment netted against another federal adjustment for purposes of determining an imputed underpayment for federal purposes to the partnership, or for purposes of determining a partner's federal tax due with respect to a review year, is considered to occur in the review year;

(ii) a federal adjustment permitted to reduce the imputed underpayment for federal purposes for a partnership, or permitted for purposes of determining a partner's federal tax due or federal tax attributes with respect to a review year, and not otherwise described in item (i), is considered to occur in the review year; and

(iii) if an adjustment related to a review year affects a tax attribute of a partner such that the partner is required to change one (1) or more tax attributes for federal purposes for a year other than the review year, the partner shall treat the change in the tax attribute as occurring for Indiana purposes in the same year as the change is required for federal purposes.

(5) In the case of a state adjustment, the change shall be treated as occurring in the taxable year to which the state adjustment

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1 relates, unless the adjustment is treated as occurring in a
 2 different year as a result of subdivision (4).
 3 (6) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2017, any
 4 reference to IC 6-3.6 shall be construed to include IC 6-3.5-1.1,
 5 IC 6-3.5-6, and IC 6-3.5-7, prior to their repeal.
 6 (7) With respect to partnerships and tiered partners:
 7 (A) a partner that is a partnership that receives a report of
 8 partnership adjustments, receives a final federal adjustment,
 9 or files an amended return is considered a tier one (1)
 10 entity;
 11 (B) a tiered partner that is a direct partner of a tier one (1)
 12 entity is considered a tier two (2) entity; and
 13 (C) each tiered partner that is an owner, beneficiary, or
 14 partner of an entity that is a tier two (2) entity or higher
 15 shall be assigned a tier number that is one (1) tier higher
 16 and is considered an entity in that tier.
 17 If, after application of this subdivision, a tiered partner is
 18 assigned to more than one (1) tier, the tiered partner shall be
 19 treated as being assigned to the highest numerical tier to which
 20 the tiered partner could be assigned.
 21 (8) In the case of a partnership or tiered partner that is assigned
 22 a numerical tier, the applicable deadline for purposes of this
 23 chapter is:
 24 (A) in the case of a tier one (1) entity receiving a report of
 25 partnership adjustments, ninety (90) days from the date the
 26 report of partnership adjustments is final;
 27 (B) in the case of a tier one (1) entity that has received a
 28 final federal adjustment, one hundred eighty (180) days
 29 from the final determination date **for a final determination**
 30 **date before January 1, 2026, and one (1) year from the**
 31 **final determination date for a final determination date**
 32 **after December 31, 2025;**
 33 (C) in the case of a tier one (1) entity that has filed an
 34 amended return under this chapter other than an amended
 35 return resulting from a final federal adjustment, zero (0)
 36 days; and
 37 (D) in the case of a tiered partner that has received
 38 adjustments resulting from a tier one (1) partnership, a
 39 number of days equal to:
 40 (i) the number of days described in clauses (A) through
 41 (C), as applicable; plus
 42 (ii) thirty (30) multiplied by the tier number assigned

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to the tiered partner; minus
(iii) thirty (30).

However, if a tiered partner receives an adjustment reported on a partnership audit tracking report under Section 6226 of the Internal Revenue Code, the time period applicable for the tiered partner is the longer of the time period described in clause (D) or ninety (90) days from the date prescribed in Section 6226(b)(4)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, and any other applicable deadlines under this subdivision or subdivision (9).

(9) Any reference to an election under section 9(c) of this chapter includes an election under sections 6(d) and 8(c) of this chapter.

(10) In the case of a direct partner or indirect partner that is not a tiered partner, the applicable deadline for purposes of this chapter is ninety (90) days after the applicable deadline that is determined for the partnership or tiered partner under subdivision (8). If a direct partner or indirect partner described in this subdivision is subject to more than one (1) applicable deadline, the applicable deadline is the latest date determined under this subdivision.

SECTION ~~47~~[20]. IC 6-3-4.5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022, SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]:
Sec. 14. For purposes of this chapter and IC 6-8.1-5-2, an assessment may not be issued against a direct or indirect partner or partnership with regard to changes related to a report of final partnership adjustments if the report of proposed partnership adjustments is issued by the department to a partnership after the latest of:

- (1) three (3) years after the due date of the partnership's return, including any valid extension granted under IC 6-8.1-6-1;
- (2) three (3) years after the date the partnership's return is filed with the department;
- (3) in the case of the partnership's underreporting of its adjusted gross income by more than twenty-five percent (25%), the periods provided in subdivisions (1) and (2) shall be six (6) years;
- (4) if the partnership fails to file a return required under IC 6-3-4-10, files a fraudulent return, or files a substantially blank return, no time limit;
- (5) in the case of a report of proposed partnership adjustments arising from final federal adjustments:
 - (A) ~~one hundred eighty (180) days~~ **one (1) year** after the

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1 date on which the department receives the final federal
 2 adjustments from the partnership in the manner prescribed
 3 by the department; or
 4 (B) December 31, 2021;
 5 whichever is later; or
 6 (6) in the case of a report of proposed partnership adjustments
 7 issued to a tiered partner that is a partnership as a direct or
 8 indirect result of another partnership's report of final partnership
 9 adjustments, final federal adjustments, or an amended return,
 10 ~~one hundred eighty (180) days~~ **one (1) year** after the applicable
 11 deadline for the tiered partner or the date otherwise determined
 12 under this section for the partnership, whichever is later.

13 SECTION ~~18~~ 21. IC 6-5.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY
 14 P.L.194-2023, SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 15 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 4, 2025 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2.
 16 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) through (d), "adjusted gross
 17 income" means taxable income as defined in Section 63 of the Internal
 18 Revenue Code, adjusted as follows:

- 19 (1) Add the following amounts:
 - 20 (A) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
 - 21 under Section 166, Section 585, or Section 593 of the
 - 22 Internal Revenue Code.
 - 23 (B) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
 - 24 under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - 25 (C) An amount equal to a deduction or deductions allowed
 - 26 or allowable under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code
 - 27 for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the
 - 28 state level by a state of the United States or levied at the
 - 29 local level by any subdivision of a state of the United States.
 - 30 (D) The amount of interest excluded under Section 103 of
 - 31 the Internal Revenue Code or under any other federal law,
 - 32 minus the associated expenses disallowed in the
 - 33 computation of taxable income under Section 265 of the
 - 34 Internal Revenue Code.
 - 35 (E) An amount equal to the deduction allowed under
 - 36 Section 172 or 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code for net
 - 37 operating losses or net capital losses.
 - 38 (F) For a taxpayer that is not a large bank (as defined in
 - 39 Section 585(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code), an amount
 - 40 equal to the recovery of a debt, or part of a debt, that
 - 41 becomes worthless to the extent a deduction was allowed
 - 42 from gross income in a prior taxable year under Section

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166(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
(G) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election ~~not~~ been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to **not** apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.

(H) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:

- (i) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code were not elected as provided in item (ii); and
- (ii) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if the exchange would have been eligible for nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017, the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the acquired property in the year that the property was placed into service. The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property under this item may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross income realized on the property that would have been deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.

(I) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with

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1 the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before
 2 January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as
 3 provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 4 Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer
 5 that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a previous
 6 year the amount necessary to offset the amount included in
 7 federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
 8 arising from business indebtedness discharged in
 9 connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008,
 10 and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt
 11 instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
 12 Revenue Code.

13 (J) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income
 14 under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code for
 15 active financing income under Subpart F, Subtitle A,
 16 Chapter 1, Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 (K) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
 18 (i) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section
 19 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
 20 (ii) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction
 21 under Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if
 22 Section 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code
 23 was not in effect for amounts paid or incurred after
 24 December 31, 2020.

25 (2) Subtract the following amounts:
 26 (A) Income that the United States Constitution or any
 27 statute of the United States prohibits from being used to
 28 measure the tax imposed by this chapter.
 29 (B) Income that is derived from sources outside the United
 30 States, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code.
 31 (C) An amount equal to a debt or part of a debt that
 32 becomes worthless, as permitted under Section 166(a) of
 33 the Internal Revenue Code.
 34 (D) An amount equal to any bad debt reserves that are
 35 included in federal income because of accounting method
 36 changes required by Section 585(c)(3)(A) or Section 593 of
 37 the Internal Revenue Code.
 38 (E) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross
 39 income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
 40 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
 41 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
 42 income that would have been computed had an election not

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1 been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue
2 Code to **not** apply bonus depreciation.

3 (F) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross
4 income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
5 defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in
6 service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable
7 year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that
8 would have been computed had an election for federal
9 income tax purposes not been made for the year in which
10 the property was placed in service to take deductions under
11 Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount
12 exceeding the sum of:

13 (i) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
14 deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
15 Code were not elected as provided in item (ii); and

16 (ii) for taxable years beginning after December 31,
17 2017, the deductions elected under Section 179 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code on property acquired in an
19 exchange if the exchange would have been eligible for
20 nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of
21 the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,
22 2017, the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition
23 of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code, and the taxpayer made an election to
25 take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code with regard to the acquired property in
27 the year that the property was placed into service. The
28 amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
29 under this item may not exceed the amount of adjusted
30 gross income realized on the property that would have
31 been deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in
32 effect on January 1, 2017.

33 (G) Income that is:

34 (i) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
35 (ii) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
36 Internal Revenue Code.

37 (H) The amount that would have been excluded from gross
38 income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
39 Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after
40 December 22, 2017.

41 (I) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, an
42 amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:

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- 1 (i) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law
2 116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the
3 Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act
4 (Division EE of Public Law 116-260); and
5 (ii) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 6 (J) Subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed
7 under Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 8 (3) Make the following adjustments:
- 9 (A) Subtract the amount of any interest expense paid or
10 accrued in the current taxable year but not deducted as a
11 result of the limitation imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of
12 the Internal Revenue Code.
- 13 (B) Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous
14 taxable year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163
15 of the Internal Revenue Code in the current taxable year.
- 16 (C) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021,
17 add or subtract amounts related to specified research or
18 experimental ~~procedures~~ **expenditures** as required under
19 IC 6-3-2-29.
- 20 **(D) Add or subtract an amount equal to the**
21 **modifications required for qualified production**
22 **property under IC 6-3-2-30.**
- 23 For purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
24 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the
25 deduction would have been allowable under Section 163 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1)
27 of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
- 28 (b) In the case of a credit union, "adjusted gross income" for a
29 taxable year means the total transfers to undivided earnings minus
30 dividends for that taxable year after statutory reserves are set aside
31 under IC 28-7-1-24.
- 32 (c) In the case of an investment company, "adjusted gross income"
33 means the company's federal taxable income adjusted as follows:
- 34 (1) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
35 Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received
36 on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
37 subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
38 December 31, 2011.
- 39 (2) Make the following adjustments:
- 40 (A) Subtract the amount of any interest expense paid or
41 accrued in the current taxable year but not deducted as a
42 result of the limitation imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of

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1 the Internal Revenue Code.

2 (B) Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous
3 taxable year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163
4 of the Internal Revenue Code in the current taxable year.

5 For purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
6 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the
7 deduction would have been allowable under Section 163 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1)
9 of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.

10 (3) Multiply the amount determined after the adjustments in
11 subdivisions (1) and (2) by the quotient of:

12 (A) the aggregate of the gross payments collected by the
13 company during the taxable year from old and new business
14 upon investment contracts issued by the company and held
15 by residents of Indiana; divided by

16 (B) the total amount of gross payments collected during the
17 taxable year by the company from the business upon
18 investment contracts issued by the company and held by
19 persons residing within Indiana and elsewhere.

20 (d) As used in subsection (c), "investment company" means a
21 person, copartnership, association, limited liability company, or
22 corporation, whether domestic or foreign, that:

23 (1) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
24 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.); and

25 (2) solicits or receives a payment to be made to itself and issues
26 in exchange for the payment:

27 (A) a so-called bond;

28 (B) a share;

29 (C) a coupon;

30 (D) a certificate of membership;

31 (E) an agreement;

32 (F) a pretended agreement; or

33 (G) other evidences of obligation;

34 entitling the holder to anything of value at some future date, if
35 the gross payments received by the company during the taxable
36 year on outstanding investment contracts, plus interest and
37 dividends earned on those contracts (by prorating the interest
38 and dividends earned on investment contracts by the same
39 proportion that certificate reserves (as defined by the Investment
40 Company Act of 1940) is to the company's total assets) is at least
41 fifty percent (50%) of the company's gross payments upon
42 investment contracts plus gross income from all other sources



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1 except dividends from subsidiaries for the taxable year. The term
2 "investment contract" means an instrument listed in clauses (A)
3 through (G).

4 (e) If a partner is required to include an item of income, a
5 deduction, or another tax attribute in the partner's adjusted gross
6 income tax return pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5, such item shall be considered
7 to be includible in the partner's federal adjusted gross income or federal
8 taxable income, regardless of whether such item is actually required to
9 be reported by the partner for federal income tax purposes. For
10 purposes of this subsection:

- 11 (1) items for which a valid election is made under IC 6-3-4.5-6,
12 IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9 shall not be required to be included
13 in the partner's adjusted gross income or taxable income; and
14 (2) items for which the partnership did not make an election
15 under IC 6-3-4.5-6, IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9, but for which
16 the partnership is required to remit tax pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5-18,
17 shall be included in the partner's adjusted gross income or
18 taxable income.

19 SECTION ~~19~~ [22]. IC 6-5.5-6-6, AS AMENDED BY
20 P.L.159-2021, SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]:
22 Sec. 6. (a) Each taxpayer shall notify the department in writing of any
23 alteration or modification of a federal income tax return filed with the
24 United States Internal Revenue Service for a taxable year that begins
25 after December 31, 1988, including any modification or alteration in
26 the amount of tax, regardless of whether the modification or assessment
27 results from an assessment.

28 (b) The taxpayer shall file the notice in the form required by the
29 department within ~~one hundred eighty (180) days~~ **one (1) year** after the
30 alteration or modification is made. In the case of a taxpayer that files
31 a combined return under this article, the date on which the alteration or
32 modification is made shall be considered to be the last day on which an
33 alteration or modification occurs for any entity filing as part of the
34 combined return.

35 (c) For purposes of this section, a modification or alteration occurs
36 on the date on which a:

- 37 (1) taxpayer files an amended federal income tax return;
38 (2) final determination is made concerning an assessment of
39 deficiency;
40 (3) final determination is made concerning a claim for refund;
41 (4) taxpayer waives the restrictions on assessment and collection
42 of all, or any part, of an underpayment of federal income tax by



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1 signing a federal Form 870, or any other Form prescribed by the
 2 Internal Revenue Service for that purpose. For purposes of this
 3 subdivision:

4 (A) a final determination does not occur with respect to any
 5 part of the underpayment that is not covered by the waiver;
 6 and

7 (B) if the signature of an authorized representative of the
 8 Internal Revenue Service is required to execute a waiver,
 9 the date of the final determination is the date of signing by
 10 the authorized representative of the Internal Revenue
 11 Service or by the taxpayer, whichever is later;

12 (5) taxpayer enters into a closing agreement with the Internal
 13 Revenue Service concerning the taxpayer's tax liability under
 14 Section 7121 of the Internal Revenue Code that is a final
 15 determination. The date the taxpayer enters into a closing
 16 agreement under this subdivision is the date the closing
 17 agreement is signed by an authorized representative of the
 18 Internal Revenue Service or by the taxpayer, whichever is later;
 19 or

20 (6) modification or alteration in an amount of tax, adjusted gross
 21 income, taxable income, credit, or other tax attribute is otherwise
 22 made that is a final determination;

23 for a taxable year, regardless of whether a modification or alteration
 24 results in an underpayment or overpayment of tax.

25 (d) For purposes of subsection (c)(2) through (c)(6), a final
 26 determination means an action or decision by a taxpayer, the Internal
 27 Revenue Service (including the Appeals Division), the United States
 28 Tax Court, or any other United States federal court concerning any
 29 disputed tax issue that:

30 (1) is final and conclusive; and

31 (2) cannot be reopened or appealed by a taxpayer or the Internal
 32 Revenue Service as a matter of law.

33 (e) If the federal modification or alteration results in a change in
 34 the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or income within Indiana,
 35 the taxpayer shall file an amended Indiana financial institutions tax
 36 return (as required by the department) and a copy of the taxpayer's
 37 amended federal income tax return with the department not later than
 38 the date that is one hundred eighty (180) days after the modification or
 39 alteration is made, **if the modification or alteration occurs before**
 40 **January 1, 2026, and one (1) year if the modification or alteration**
 41 **occurs after December 31, 2025.**

42 (f) The taxpayer shall pay an additional tax or penalty due under



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1 this article upon notice or demand from the department.

2 SECTION 2-~~3~~[3]. IC 6-5.5-7-1, AS AMENDED BY
3 P.L.205-2025, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) For purposes of
5 this section, "final tax liability" has the meaning set forth in
6 IC 6-3-4-4.2(a)(1).

7 (b) The penalty **in the amount at the rate** prescribed by
8 IC 6-8.1-10-2.1(b) shall be assessed by the department on a taxpayer
9 who fails to make payments as required in IC 6-5.5-6. However, no
10 penalty shall be assessed for a quarterly payment if the payment equals
11 or exceeds:

12 (1) twenty percent (20%) of the final tax liability for the taxable
13 year; or

14 (2) twenty-five percent (25%) of the final tax liability for the
15 taxpayer's previous taxable year.

16 (c) The penalty for an underpayment of tax on a quarterly return
17 shall only be assessed on the difference between the actual amount paid
18 by the taxpayer on the quarterly return and the lesser of:

19 (1) twenty percent (20%) of the taxpayer's final tax liability for
20 the taxable year; or

21 (2) twenty-five percent (25%) of the taxpayer's final tax liability
22 for the taxpayer's previous taxable year.

23 A payment required to be made in the manner prescribed in
24 IC 6-5.5-6-3(c), but not paid in such a prescribed manner, shall be
25 subject to the penalty provided in IC 6-8.1-10-2.1(b)(5).

26 (d) For a corporation required to make estimated payments under
27 this section:

28 (1) if a corporation has a current taxable year that is less than
29 twelve (12) months, the amounts under subsections (b) and (c)
30 shall be adjusted in the same manner as an estimated payment
31 required under IC 6-3-4-4.2; and

32 (2) any taxes withheld on behalf of the corporation under
33 IC 6-3-4 or IC 6-5.5-2-8, and any taxes remitted on behalf of the
34 corporation under IC 6-3-2.1, shall be treated as estimated tax
35 payments on behalf of the corporation for purposes of this
36 section. Such taxes shall be attributed to each required payment
37 in the manner the underlying income is attributed under Section
38 6655 of the Internal Revenue Code.

39 SECTION 2-~~3~~[4]. IC 6-6-6.5-9, AS AMENDED BY
40 P.L.214-2019, SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. (a) The provisions
42 of this chapter pertaining to registration and taxation shall not apply to

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- 1 any of the following:
- 2 (1) An aircraft owned by and used exclusively in the service of:
- 3 (A) the United States government;
- 4 (B) a state (except Indiana), territory, or possession of the
- 5 United States;
- 6 (C) the District of Columbia; or
- 7 (D) a political subdivision of an entity listed in clause (A),
- 8 (B), or (C).
- 9 (2) An aircraft owned by a resident of another state and
- 10 registered in accordance with the laws of that state. However, the
- 11 aircraft shall not be exempt under this subdivision if a
- 12 nonresident establishes a base for the aircraft inside this state
- 13 and the base is used for a period of sixty (60) days or more.
- 14 (3) An aircraft which this state is prohibited from taxing under
- 15 this chapter by the Constitution or the laws of the United States.
- 16 (4) An aircraft owned or operated by a person who is either an
- 17 air carrier certificated under Federal Air Regulation Part 121 or
- 18 a scheduled air taxi operator certified under Federal Air
- 19 Regulation Part 135, unless such person is a corporation
- 20 incorporated under the laws of the state of Indiana, an individual
- 21 who is a resident of Indiana, or a domestic corporation having a
- 22 physical presence in Indiana that results in Indiana being the
- 23 regular or principal place of business of its chief executive,
- 24 operating, and financial officers.
- 25 (5) An aircraft which has been scrapped, dismantled, or
- 26 destroyed, and for which the airworthiness certificate and federal
- 27 certificate of registration have been surrendered to the Federal
- 28 Aviation Administration by the owner.
- 29 (6) An aircraft owned by a resident of this state that is not a
- 30 dealer and that is not based in this state at any time, if the owner
- 31 files the required form not later than thirty-one (31) days after
- 32 the date of purchase; and furnishes the department with
- 33 evidence, satisfactory to the department, verifying ~~where that~~
- 34 the aircraft is **not** based ~~during the year: in this state.~~
- 35 (7) An aircraft owned by a dealer for not more than five (5) days
- 36 if the ownership is part of an ultimate sale or transfer of an
- 37 aircraft that will not be based in this state at any time. However,
- 38 the dealer described in this subdivision is required to file a report
- 39 of the transaction within thirty-one (31) days after the ultimate
- 40 sale or transfer of ownership of the aircraft. The report is not
- 41 required to identify the seller or purchaser but must list the
- 42 aircraft's origin, destination, N number, date of each transaction,

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1 and ultimate sales price.

2 (8) An aircraft owned by a registered nonprofit museum, if the
3 owner furnishes the department with evidence satisfactory to the
4 department not later than thirty-one (31) days after the purchase
5 date. The aircraft must be reported for registration, but the
6 department shall issue the registration without charge.

7 (b) The provisions of this chapter pertaining to taxation shall not
8 apply to an aircraft owned by and used exclusively in the service of
9 Indiana or a political subdivision of Indiana or any university or college
10 supported in part by state funds. That aircraft must be reported for
11 registration, but the department will issue the registration without
12 charge.

13 SECTION 2 ~~⇒~~ [5]. IC 6-6-6.5-13, AS AMENDED BY
14 P.L.230-2025, SECTION 89, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 13. (a) As the basis for
16 measuring the tax imposed by this chapter, the department shall
17 classify every taxable aircraft in its proper class according to the
18 following classification plan:

19 ~~↔~~ [] CLASS DESCRIPTION

20 ~~↔~~ [] A Piston-driven

21 ~~↔~~ [] B Piston-driven,

22 ~~↔~~ [] and Pressurized

23 ~~↔~~ [] C Turbine driven

24 ~~↔~~ [] or other Powered

25 ~~↔~~ [] D Homebuilt, Gliders, or

26 ~~↔~~ [] Hot Air Balloons

27 (b) The tax imposed under this chapter is based on the age, class,
28 and maximum landing weight of the taxable aircraft. The amount of tax
29 imposed on the taxable aircraft is based on the following table:

30 Age	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D
31 0-4	\$.04/lb	\$.065/lb	\$.09/lb	\$.0175/lb
32 5-8	\$.035/lb	\$.055/lb	\$.08/lb	\$.015/lb
33 9-12	\$.03/lb	\$.05/lb	\$.07/lb	\$.0125/lb
34 13-16	\$.025/lb	\$.025/lb	\$.025/lb	\$.01/lb
35 17-25	\$.02/lb	\$.02/lb	\$.02/lb	\$.0075/lb
36 over 25	\$.01/lb	\$.01/lb	\$.01/lb	\$.005/lb

37 (c) An aircraft owner, who sells an aircraft on which the owner has
38 paid the tax imposed under this chapter, is entitled to a credit for the
39 tax paid. The credit equals excise tax paid on the aircraft that was sold,
40 times the lesser of:

41 (1) ninety percent (90%); or

42 (2) ten percent (10%) times the number of months remaining in



1 the registration year after the sale of the aircraft.
 2 The credit may only be used to reduce the tax imposed under this
 3 chapter on another aircraft purchased by that owner during the
 4 registration year in which the credit accrues. A person may not receive
 5 a refund for a credit under this subsection.

6 (d) A person who is entitled to a property tax deduction under
 7 IC 6-1.1-51-10, IC 6-1.1-12-13, or IC 6-1.1-12-14 is entitled to a credit
 8 against the tax imposed on the person's aircraft under this chapter. The
 9 credit equals the amount of the property tax deduction to which the
 10 person is entitled under IC 6-1.1-51-10, IC 6-1.1-12-13, and
 11 IC 6-1.1-12-14 minus the amount of that deduction used to offset the
 12 person's property taxes or vehicle excise taxes ~~times seven hundredths~~
 13 ~~(.07):~~ **(unless the aircraft is subject to both the aircraft excise tax**
 14 **and personal property tax, in which case the deduction shall apply**
 15 **to both property taxes and excise taxes).** The credit may not exceed
 16 the amount of the tax due under this chapter. The county auditor shall,
 17 upon the person's request, furnish a certified statement showing the
 18 credit allowable under this subsection. The department may not allow
 19 a credit under this subsection until the auditor's statement has been
 20 filed in the department's office.

21 SECTION 2~~<~~~~>~~[6]. IC 6-7-1-0.3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
 22 JULY 1, 2026]. ~~Sec. 0.3: Notwithstanding section 14 of this chapter,~~
 23 ~~revenue stamps paid for before July 1, 2002, and in the possession of~~
 24 ~~a distributor may be used after June 30, 2002, only if the full amount~~
 25 ~~of the tax imposed by section 12 of this chapter, as effective after June~~
 26 ~~30, 2002, and as amended by P.L.192-2002(ss), is remitted to the~~
 27 ~~department under the procedures prescribed by the department.~~

28 SECTION 2~~<~~~~>~~[7]. IC 6-7-1-0.4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
 29 JULY 1, 2026]. ~~Sec. 0.4: (a) Notwithstanding section 14 of this~~
 30 ~~chapter, revenue stamps paid for before July 1, 2007, and in the~~
 31 ~~possession of a distributor may be used after June 30, 2007, only if the~~
 32 ~~full amount of the tax imposed by section 12 of this chapter, as~~
 33 ~~effective after June 30, 2007, and as amended by P.L.218-2007, is~~
 34 ~~remitted to the department under the procedures prescribed by the~~
 35 ~~department.~~

36 (b) ~~Notwithstanding section 14 of this chapter, revenue stamps paid~~
 37 ~~for before July 1, 2025, and in the possession of a distributor may be~~
 38 ~~used after June 30, 2025, only if the full amount of the tax imposed by~~
 39 ~~section 12 of this chapter, as amended and effective after June 30,~~
 40 ~~2025, is remitted to the department under the procedures prescribed by~~
 41 ~~the department.~~

42 SECTION 2~~<~~~~>~~[8]. IC 6-7-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) It is the intent
 2 and purpose of this chapter to **levy impose** a tax on all cigarettes sold,
 3 used, consumed, handled, or distributed within this state, ~~and to collect~~
 4 **the tax which shall be collected** from the person who first sells, uses,
 5 consumes, handles, or distributes the cigarettes.

6 (b) It is further the intent and purpose of this chapter that whenever
 7 any cigarettes are given for advertising or any purpose whatsoever, they
 8 shall be taxed in the same manner as if they were sold, used, consumed,
 9 handled, or distributed in this state. ~~Notwithstanding any other~~
 10 ~~provisions contained in this chapter, the liability for the excise taxes~~
 11 ~~imposed by this chapter shall be conclusively presumed to be on the~~
 12 ~~retail purchaser or ultimate consumer, precollected for convenience~~
 13 ~~and facility only. When such taxes are paid by any other person, such~~
 14 ~~payment shall be considered as an advance payment and shall be added~~
 15 ~~to the price of the cigarettes and recovered from the ultimate consumer~~
 16 ~~or user. Distributors, wholesalers, or retailers may state the amount of~~
 17 ~~the tax separately from the price of such cigarettes on all price display~~
 18 ~~signs, sales or delivery slips, bills, and statements which advertise or~~
 19 ~~indicate the price of such cigarettes.~~

20 SECTION ~~2~~^[9]. IC 6-7-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022,
 21 SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 22 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) ~~Unless the context requires otherwise,~~
 23 **Except as provided in subsection (b), as used in this chapter,**
 24 "cigarette" ~~shall mean and include means and includes~~ any roll for
 25 smoking or heating made wholly or in part of tobacco, irrespective of
 26 size or shape and irrespective of tobacco being flavored, adulterated,
 27 or mixed with any other ingredient, where such roll has a wrapper or
 28 cover made of paper or any other material not containing tobacco.
 29 ~~Provided the definition in this section shall not be construed to~~

30 (b) **The definition does not** include cigars (as defined in
 31 IC 6-7-2-0.3). ~~Excepting where context clearly shows that cigarettes~~
 32 ~~alone are intended~~],

33 (c) **For purposes of this chapter,** the term "cigarettes" ~~shall mean~~
 34 ~~and include means and includes~~ cigarettes upon which a tax is
 35 imposed by ~~sections section 12 and 13~~ of this chapter, **except where**
 36 **context clearly shows that cigarettes alone are intended.**

37 SECTION ~~27~~^[30]. IC 6-7-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.191-2016,
 38 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 39 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. ~~Unless the context requires otherwise, As used~~
 40 **in this chapter,** "individual package" ~~shall mean and include means~~
 41 **and includes** every individual packet, box, or other container used to
 42 contain or to convey cigarettes to the consumer.



1 SECTION ~~28~~ [31]. IC 6-7-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. ~~Unless the context~~
 3 ~~hereof requires otherwise; As used in this chapter,~~ the term "person"
 4 ~~or the term "company," herein used interchangeably;~~ means and
 5 includes any individual, assignee, receiver, commissioner, fiduciary,
 6 trustee, executor, administrator, institution, **national bank**, bank,
 7 consignee, firm, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture,
 8 pool, syndicate, bureau, association, cooperative association, society,
 9 club, fraternity, sorority, lodge, corporation, ~~municipal corporation or~~
 10 ~~any other Indiana~~ political subdivision ~~of the state~~ engaged in private
 11 or proprietary activities or business, estate, trust, or any other group or
 12 combination acting as a unit. ~~and the plural as well as the singular~~
 13 ~~number; unless the intention to give a more limited meaning is~~
 14 ~~disclosed by the context. For purposes of this chapter, the term~~
 15 **"company" may be used interchangeably with the term "person".**

16 SECTION ~~29~~ [32]. IC 6-7-1-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 17 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. ~~Unless the context~~
 18 ~~hereof requires otherwise; As used in this chapter,~~ "department" ~~shall~~
 19 ~~mean~~ **means** the Indiana department of state revenue and its duly
 20 authorized assistants and employees.

21 SECTION 3~~0~~ [3]. IC 6-7-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 22 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. ~~Unless the context~~
 23 ~~requires otherwise; As used in this chapter,~~ "distributor" ~~shall mean~~
 24 ~~and include~~ **means and includes** every person who sells, barter,
 25 exchanges, or distributes cigarettes in the state of Indiana to retail
 26 dealers for the purpose of resale, or who purchases cigarettes directly
 27 from a manufacturer of cigarettes, or who purchases for resale
 28 cigarettes directly from a manufacturer of cigarettes, or from a
 29 wholesaler, jobber, or distributor outside of the state of Indiana who is
 30 not a distributor holding a registration certificate issued under this
 31 chapter.

32 SECTION 3~~1~~ [4]. IC 6-7-1-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 33 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. ~~Unless the context~~
 34 ~~hereof requires otherwise; As used in this chapter,~~ "retailer" ~~shall~~
 35 ~~mean~~ **means** every person, other than a distributor, who purchases,
 36 sells, offers for sale, or distributes cigarettes, to consumers or to any
 37 person for any purpose other than resale, irrespective of quantity or
 38 amount, or the number of sales.

39 SECTION 3~~2~~ [5]. IC 6-7-1-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 40 CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 41 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 7.5. As used in this chapter,**
 42 **"consumer" means a person using a cigarette or cigarettes for the**



1 **purpose of smoking.**

2 SECTION 3 ~~↔~~ [6]. IC 6-7-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 3 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. ~~Unless the context~~
 4 ~~hereof requires otherwise; As used in this chapter, "consumption"~~
 5 ~~shall mean or "consume" means~~ the possession for use or the use of
 6 a cigarette or cigarettes for the purpose of smoking. ~~the same; the term~~
 7 ~~"consumer" shall mean the person so using the same; and the term~~
 8 ~~"consume" shall mean so to use the same.~~

9 SECTION 3 ~~↔~~ [7]. IC 6-7-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.191-2016,
 10 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 11 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. ~~Unless the context requires otherwise; As used~~
 12 ~~in this chapter, "stamps" shall mean means~~ the stamps printed,
 13 manufactured, or made by authority of the department, as provided in
 14 this chapter, and issued, sold, or circulated by it and by the use of
 15 which the tax levied under this chapter is paid. ~~or The term also~~
 16 ~~means~~ any impression, indicium, or character imprinted upon
 17 individual packages of cigarettes by a metered stamping machine or
 18 other device such as may be authorized by the department for use by
 19 the holder of a certificate under the provisions of this chapter and by
 20 the use of which the tax levied under this chapter shall be paid.

21 SECTION 3 ~~↔~~ [8]. IC 6-7-1-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 22 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 10. ~~Unless the context~~
 23 ~~requires otherwise; As used in this chapter, "counterfeit stamp" shall~~
 24 ~~mean means~~ any stamp, label, print, indicium, or character which
 25 evidences, or purports to evidence the payment of any tax levied by this
 26 chapter, and which stamp, label, print, indicium, or character has not
 27 been printed, manufactured, or made by authority of the department as
 28 provided in this chapter, and issued, sold, or circulated by it.

29 SECTION 3 ~~↔~~ [9]. IC 6-7-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 30 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 11. ~~Unless the context~~
 31 ~~hereof requires otherwise; As used in this chapter, "drop shipment"~~
 32 ~~shall mean means~~ any shipment billed to one other than the person
 33 receiving such shipment.

34 SECTION ~~↔~~ [40]. IC 6-7-1-13 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
 35 JULY 1, 2026]. Sec. ~~13~~. ~~There is levied; assessed; and imposed; and~~
 36 ~~shall be collected and paid as provided in this chapter; upon the use;~~
 37 ~~consumption; or possession for use of cigarettes within the state of~~
 38 ~~Indiana; taxes at the rates set forth and in the manner provided in~~
 39 ~~section 12 of this chapter. Provided; that the tax levied; assessed; and~~
 40 ~~imposed by this section shall not be applicable to the use; consumption;~~
 41 ~~or possession for use of cigarettes upon which the tax levied; assessed;~~
 42 ~~and imposed by the provisions of section 12 of this chapter has been~~

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SECTION ~~38~~[41]. IC 6-7-1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.191-2016, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 14. (a) ~~A~~ **A tax is levied, assessed, and imposed upon the use, consumption, or possession for use of cigarettes within Indiana at the rates set forth and in the manner provided in section 12 of this chapter.**

(b) **Payment of the taxes levied, assessed, and imposed by this chapter shall be paid and the payment thereof is evidenced by the purchase of stamps purchasing and by affixing the same stamps to the individual packages and duly cancelling these stamps, of cigarettes, or otherwise by canceling the stamps, as provided in this chapter. but there shall be Except as provided in subsection (e), a distributor shall firmly and securely affix each individual package of cigarettes (even those contained within a carton or larger containers of cigarettes) with the requisite denomination and amount of stamps upon the receipt of cigarettes taxed under this chapter.**

(c) **Once a stamp has been affixed to an individual package of cigarettes, no further tax may be assessed, imposed, or collected by virtue of this chapter upon the sale or use of any the package of cigarettes. upon which these stamps have been previously affixed as provided by this chapter. If a retailer receives cigarettes that do not have the proper amount of stamps firmly affixed to each individual package by a distributor, the retailer shall stamp or firmly affix stamps immediately on each individual package.**

(d) **The payment and affixing of a stamp on an individual package of cigarettes shall be considered as an advance payment, precollected for convenience and facility only, and shall be added to the price of the cigarettes and recovered from the ultimate consumer or user. Notwithstanding any other provisions contained in this chapter, the liability for the tax imposed by this chapter shall be conclusively presumed to be on the retail purchaser or ultimate consumer.**

(e) **A distributor engaged in interstate business shall be permitted to set aside part of the distributor's stock of individual packages as may be necessary for the conduct of such interstate business without affixing the stamps required by this chapter.**

(f) **Distributors, wholesalers, or retailers may state the amount of the tax separately from the price of such cigarettes on all price display signs, sales or delivery slips, bills, and statements which advertise or indicate the price of such cigarettes.**

(g) **Sample packages of cigarettes may not be distributed in this**

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1 **state without stamps of the proper denomination affixed to the**
 2 **package.**

3 SECTION ~~39~~[42]. IC 6-7-1-15, AS AMENDED BY
 4 P.L.137-2022, SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 15. (a) The department
 6 is the official agent of the state for the administration and enforcement
 7 of this chapter. A sufficient sum to pay salaries and expenses is
 8 appropriated to the department out of the monies received by virtue of
 9 this chapter.

10 (b) The department may issue registration certificates, upon the
 11 terms and conditions provided in this chapter, and may revoke or
 12 suspend the same upon the violation of this chapter or a violation of
 13 IC 24-3-5.4-17 by the holder of such a certificate.

14 (c) The department may apply for membership in the National
 15 Tobacco Tax Association.

16 (d) The department may design and have printed or manufactured
 17 stamps of sizes and denominations to be affixed to each individual
 18 package. The stamps shall be firmly affixed on each individual package
 19 in such a manner that the stamps can not be removed without being
 20 mutilated or destroyed; however, the department may by regulation
 21 designate some other manner for cancellation of stamps. ~~In addition to~~
 22 ~~the stamps, the~~

23 (e) ~~The~~ department may ~~by rules and regulations~~ authorize
 24 distributors to use metered stamping machines or other devices which
 25 will imprint distinctive indicia evidencing the payment of the tax upon
 26 each individual package. The machines shall be constructed in such a
 27 manner as will accurately record or meter the number of impressions
 28 or tax stamps made. The tax meter machines or other devices shall be
 29 kept available at all reasonable times for inspection by the department,
 30 and the machines shall be maintained in proper operating condition.

31 (f) A person who knowingly tampers with the printing or recording
 32 mechanism of such a machine commits a Class B misdemeanor.

33 SECTION 4~~3~~[3]. IC 6-7-1-16.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 34 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 35 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 16.5. (a) The department may**
 36 **institute a suit upon a distributor's bond or letter of credit for the**
 37 **entire amount of the liability and costs under any of the following**
 38 **circumstances:**

39 (1) **A registrant is convicted of a violation of any of the**
 40 **provisions of this chapter.**

41 (2) **The registrant's certificate is revoked and no review is**
 42 **requested of the order of the revocation under section 17.2 of**



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this chapter.
(3) If on review of a revocation, the decision is adverse to the registrant, and the registrant refuses to pay any taxes, damages, fines, penalties, or costs adjudged against the registrant by reason of a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Any suit upon the bond shall be in addition to any other remedy provided for in this chapter.

SECTION 4 ~~4~~ [4]. IC 6-7-1-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2023, SECTION 109, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 17. (a) Distributors who hold certificates and retailers shall be agents of the state in the collection of the taxes imposed by this chapter and the amount of the tax levied, assessed, and imposed by this chapter on cigarettes sold, exchanged, bartered, furnished, given away, or otherwise disposed of by distributors or to retailers. Distributors who hold certificates shall be agents of the department to affix the required stamps and shall be entitled to purchase the stamps from the department at a discount of two cents (\$0.02) per individual package of cigarettes as compensation for their labor and expense.

(b) The department may permit distributors who hold certificates and who are admitted to do business in Indiana to pay for revenue stamps within thirty (30) days after the date of purchase. However, the privilege is extended upon the express condition that:

- (1) except as provided in subsection (c), a bond or letter of credit satisfactory to the department, in an amount not less than the sales price of the stamps, is filed with the department;
- (2) proof of payment is made of all property taxes, excise taxes, and listed taxes (as defined in IC 6-8.1-1-1) for which any such distributor may be liable; and
- (3) payment for the revenue stamps must be made by electronic funds transfer (as defined in IC 4-8.1-2-7).

If payment is not received by the due date, the discount will be disallowed and penalty and interest will be charged. Additionally, no further stamps will be sold to the distributor until full payment is made.

(c) The bond or letter of credit, conditioned to secure payment for the stamps, shall be executed by the distributor as principal and by a corporation duly authorized to engage in business as a surety company or financial institution in Indiana.

~~(e)~~ (d) If a distributor has at least five (5) consecutive years of good credit standing with the state, the distributor shall not be required to

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1 post a bond or letter of credit under subsection (b).

2 (e) **The department shall not sell tax stamps to anyone except**
 3 **distributors holding active and valid registration certificates and**
 4 **such others who established their need for tax stamps by written**
 5 **statement satisfactory to the department.**

6 SECTION 4↔[5]. IC 6-7-1-17.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 7 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 8 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 17.2. (a) **The department may,**
 9 **after fifteen (15) days written notice, revoke or suspend the**
 10 **registration certificate of any distributor for any violation of, or**
 11 **noncompliance with, the provisions of this chapter, or for**
 12 **noncompliance with any lawful rule or regulation promulgated by**
 13 **the department. Any such action shall be subject to judicial review.**

14 (b) **The distributor may appear at the time and place given in**
 15 **the notice to show cause at a hearing as to why the distributor's**
 16 **registration certificate should not be revoked or suspended.**
 17 **Hearings shall be held at the place and before the personnel as the**
 18 **department may designate.**

19 (c) **If a certificate is revoked or suspended, no refund of**
 20 **registration fees will be allowed.**

21 (d) **If a distributor's certificate is suspended, the suspension**
 22 **shall mean the loss of all rights under the license for the period of**
 23 **the suspension.**

24 (e) **The length of revocation or suspension will be at the**
 25 **department's discretion.**

26 (f) **The department's administrative hearing procedures are**
 27 **otherwise governed by IC 6-8.1-3. In the conduct of any**
 28 **investigation or hearing under this section, neither the department**
 29 **nor any officer or employee of the department shall be bound by**
 30 **the technical rules of evidence, and no informality in the**
 31 **proceedings, or in the manner of taking testimony, shall invalidate**
 32 **the department's order or decision. The department may examine**
 33 **books, papers, or memoranda bearing upon the sale or other**
 34 **disposition of cigarettes by the distributor, and may require the**
 35 **attendance of the distributor, or any officer or employee of the**
 36 **distributor, or any person having knowledge of the facts, and may**
 37 **take testimony and require proof.**

38 SECTION 4↔[6]. IC 6-7-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 39 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 18. ~~Every distributor,~~
 40 ~~upon the receipt of cigarettes taxed under this chapter, shall cause each~~
 41 ~~individual package to have the requisite denomination and amount of~~
 42 ~~stamps firmly affixed. Every retailer, upon receipt of cigarettes not~~



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1 having the proper amount of stamps firmly affixed; to each individual
 2 package; or stamped by a meter stamping machine; by a distributor
 3 shall stamp or firmly affix stamps immediately on each individual
 4 package. Provided, however, that any distributor engaged in interstate
 5 business; shall be permitted to set aside such part of his stock as may
 6 be necessary for the conduct of such interstate business without
 7 affixing the stamps required by this chapter.

8 (a) Every A distributor shall include with each shipment or
 9 delivery of cigarettes an invoice showing complete details of the
 10 transactions. A distributor at the time of shipping or delivering any
 11 cigarettes; shall also make a duplicate invoice at the time of shipping
 12 or delivering any cigarettes, showing complete details of each
 13 transaction, and shall retain the duplicate subject to the inspection by
 14 the department or its agent. Every distributor shall include with each
 15 shipment or delivery of cigarettes an invoice showing complete details
 16 of the transactions.

17 (b) Every A retailer shall retain for not less than two (2) weeks the
 18 invoice included with each shipment or delivery of cigarettes subject
 19 to inspection by the department or its agent.

20 (c) A retailer may request a duplicate invoice from a distributor.

21 SECTION 4~~4~~[7]. IC 6-7-1-18.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 22 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 23 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 18.5. (a) The tax imposed under
 24 this chapter does not apply to the following types of sales or other
 25 dispositions:

26 (1) Except as provided in subsection (b), sales or other
 27 dispositions of cigarettes to the United States government or
 28 its agencies and instrumentalities.

29 (2) Cigarettes that are shipped from within Indiana to a point
 30 outside Indiana, not to be returned to Indiana.

31 (b) Sales or other dispositions of cigarettes within Indiana to
 32 individuals, private stores, or concessionaires located upon federal
 33 areas and engaged in the business of selling cigarettes are subject
 34 to the tax imposed under this chapter. In these situations, the
 35 distributor must affix tax stamps to each individual package of
 36 cigarettes sold or dispositioned to individuals, private stores, or
 37 concessionaires located upon federal areas as required by section
 38 14 of this chapter before delivery pursuant to a sale or other
 39 disposition.

40 (c) Distributors do not need to affix tax stamps to the individual
 41 packages of cigarettes that are sold or dispositioned that qualify
 42 under subsection (a). The burden of proof, however, is at all times



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1 upon the Indiana distributor to show that such cigarettes actually
2 were:

3 (1) sold or disposed to the United States government or
4 its agencies and instrumentalities; or

5 (2) sold and shipped outside Indiana and did not return to
6 Indiana.

7 SECTION 4~~4~~⁸. IC 6-7-1-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 19. (a) Every A
9 distributor of cigarettes shall keep and preserve for three (3) years
10 **complete and accurate books**, records, and invoices, showing the
11 purchase and sale of all cigarettes ~~Such distributors shall also keep~~
12 ~~separate invoices; held, purchased, sold, disposed of, manufactured,~~
13 **brought in, or caused to be brought in from outside Indiana, and**
14 **records as well as the purchase of stamps.** ~~purchased. All the~~
15 ~~above-mentioned~~

16 (b) **A distributor's books**, records, invoices, and stocks of
17 cigarettes and unused stamps on hand shall be open to inspection by
18 the department at all reasonable times, **and shall be kept at the**
19 **location of the registered certificate unless approval is given by the**
20 **department in writing to have such records kept at another**
21 **location.** ~~Provided, however, that all distributors, within fifteen (15)~~
22 ~~days after the first~~

23 (c) Every Indiana registered distributor shall, on or before the
24 **fifteenth day of each calendar month following the transaction, file**
25 **a return with the department.**

26 (d) **Before the fifteenth** day of each month, **each distributor** shall
27 file with the department a report of all drop shipment sales made by
28 them to other distributors within this state during the preceding month,
29 **which report shall give including** the name and address of the
30 distributor, the kind and quantity of the sales, and their dates of
31 delivery. ~~Provided, further, however, that every~~

32 (e) **Before the tenth day of each month, each** distributor engaged
33 in interstate business shall ~~within ten (10) days after the first day of~~
34 ~~each month,~~ file with the department a report of all such interstate sales
35 made during the preceding month, **which report shall give including**
36 the name and address of the person to whom sold, the kind and quantity
37 of the sales, and their dates of delivery.

38 (f) **The reports required under this section shall be made upon**
39 **forms furnished and prescribed by the department and shall**
40 **contain such other information as the department may reasonably**
41 **require.**

42 (g) All drop shipments made by manufacturers of cigarettes



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1 within the state of Indiana must be shipped and billed through a
2 regularly licensed distributor licensed by the state of Indiana (as
3 defined in section 6 of this chapter).

4 SECTION ~~46~~[9]. IC 6-7-1-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
5 SECTION 101, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 21. (a) A distributor or other person
7 who knowingly sells or offers for sale an individual package ~~having~~
8 **affixed thereto any that has been affixed with a** fraudulent, spurious,
9 imitation, or counterfeit stamp, or stamp which has been previously
10 affixed, commits a Level 5 felony.

11 (b) A person who knowingly affixes to an individual package either
12 a fraudulent, spurious, imitation, or counterfeit stamp or a stamp which
13 has previously been affixed to an individual package commits a Level
14 5 felony.

15 SECTION ~~47~~[50]. IC 6-7-1-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 27. ~~Where (a)~~
17 **Distributors shall notify the department when** stamps or individual
18 packages to which stamps have been affixed have become mutilated,
19 or otherwise unfit for use. ~~distributors shall notify the department, and;~~
20 ~~if an investigation discloses that said stamps have not evidenced a~~
21 ~~taxable transaction, The department shall issue~~ replacement stamps
22 ~~shall be supplied~~ to the distributor without cost **if the department**
23 **determines that the stamps have not evidenced a taxable**
24 **transaction.**

25 (b) Any unused stamps may be returned to the department by the
26 distributor who purchased such stamps, and the department shall then
27 refund to such distributor an amount equal to that paid therefor.

28 (c) **Sales and transfers of stamps by one (1) registered cigarette**
29 **distributor to another registered cigarette distributor are not**
30 **permitted unless authorization is given in writing by the**
31 **department.**

32 (d) **Cigarettes sold by registered distributors to other registered**
33 **distributors must not be accompanied by loose stamps.**

34 SECTION ~~48~~[51]. IC 6-8-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. As used in this
36 chapter, "person" means any individual, assignee, receiver,
37 commissioner, fiduciary, trustee, executor, administrator, **institution,**
38 **national bank, bank, consignee,** firm, partnership, joint venture, pool,
39 syndicate, **bureau,** association, corporation, limited liability company,
40 estate, trust, or any other group or combination acting as a unit.

41 SECTION ~~49~~[52]. IC 6-8-1-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
42 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

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1 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 5.5. As used in this chapter,**
2 **"petroleum gatherer" means the following:**

- 3 (1) **A person that purchases petroleum products.**
- 4 (2) **A person that gathers and transports petroleum products**
5 **in which the person does not have the right, title, or interest.**
- 6 (3) **A person that possesses petroleum products upon which**
7 **the petroleum severance tax has not been paid.**

8 SECTION 5-~~3~~[3]. IC 6-8-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6. As used in this**
10 **chapter, "producer" means a person engaged in severing petroleum**
11 **directly from the land. ~~direct.~~**

12 SECTION 5-~~4~~[4]. IC 6-8-1-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
13 CODE AS A **NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS**
14 **[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6.5. As used in this chapter,**
15 **"purchaser" means any person engaged in the purchase of**
16 **petroleum products. The term includes pipelines, refineries, and**
17 **any other form of petroleum purchasers for resale or use.**

18 SECTION 5-~~5~~[5]. IC 6-8-1-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 7. As used in this**
20 **chapter, "owner" means a person receiving or entitled to receive a**
21 **proportionate share of petroleum or a proportionate share of the**
22 **proceeds of the sale of petroleum after production by an operator. ~~and~~**
23 **~~without limitation of the foregoing.~~ The term includes, but is not**
24 **limited to, the owners of royalties, excess royalty, overriding royalty,**
25 **mineral rights, or working interest.**

26 SECTION 5-~~6~~[6]. IC 6-8-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 8. (a) ~~A tax~~ Except as**
28 **provided in subsection (f), a tax is imposed on the privilege of**
29 **severing petroleum from the land and producing petroleum from**
30 **a well.**

31 **(b) The tax described in subsection (a) is imposed at a rate equal**
32 **to the greater of:**

- 33 (1) **one percent (1%) of the value of the petroleum; ~~or~~**
- 34 (2) **three cents (\$0.03) per one thousand (1,000) cubic feet (MCF)**
35 **for natural gas; ~~and or~~**
- 36 (3) **twenty-four cents (\$0.24) per barrel for oil;**

37 **is hereby imposed as of at the time of the severance of such petroleum**
38 **from the land upon all producers and owners thereof as an excise for**
39 **the privilege of severing the same from the land and producing the**
40 **same from the well, except when the gas from any well is used to pump**
41 **or treat the same or when such gas is of such petroleum.**

42 **(c) The person purchasing petroleum products or having**

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1 petroleum products in the person's possession is responsible for
2 reporting and remitting the tax at the time of sale or delivery from
3 the place of production. The responsibility is imposed upon all
4 purchasers and those having possession of petroleum products
5 after severance from the ground, including petroleum gatherers.

6 (d) Each purchaser or petroleum gatherer shall file a report on
7 or before the last day of the month immediately following the
8 preceding monthly period. The person shall remit the tax due
9 under this section in conjunction with the filing of the monthly
10 report. The reporting and remittance is to be made upon forms
11 prescribed by the department.

12 (e) The purchaser or petroleum gatherer must report the
13 severance of petroleum products from the land and the payment of
14 the tax. The report must show:

- 15 (1) the total monthly amount of petroleum products severed
- 16 from the land;
- 17 (2) the amount and computation of the tax;
- 18 (3) the names and addresses of all owners or producers or
- 19 interest holders participating in the production of petroleum
- 20 products;
- 21 (4) the amounts paid to the various owners or producers as
- 22 their interest may be; and
- 23 (5) any other information the department may reasonably
- 24 require.

25 (f) The following shall not be considered taxable events under
26 this section:

- 27 (1) Petroleum produced from any well that is used to pump or
- 28 treat petroleum.
- 29 (2) Petroleum piped to a landowner's private buildings for the
- 30 landowner's own use.

31 SECTION 5 ~~6-8-1-9~~ 7. IC 6-8-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. (a) The tax imposed
33 by section 8 of **under** this chapter is a lien upon such petroleum from
34 the time of its severance from the land until such tax, ~~and all~~ **plus any**
35 penalties and interest accruing by reason of nonpayment of the tax are
36 attributable to those taxes, is fully paid. **The responsibility for the**
37 **lien follows such petroleum products in the hands of the purchaser**
38 **or the petroleum gatherer.**

39 (b) Any person purchasing or receiving possession of petroleum
40 upon which tax (including any penalties and interest attributable
41 to the tax) has not been paid becomes personally liable for the lien
42 from the time of its severance from the land and must report and

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1 pay the tax imposed under this chapter, plus any penalties and
2 interest attributable to the tax, to the state.

3 (c) If the purchaser or the person having possession of
4 petroleum products pays the amount of the petroleum severance
5 tax, the purchaser or person shall be entitled to reimbursement
6 from the owners or producers. By paying the petroleum severance
7 tax, these purchasers or possessors of petroleum products are not
8 subject to any suit or action for recovery by the owners or
9 producers of petroleum products. Any remedy of such owners or
10 producers is exclusively by way of claim for refund and litigation
11 upon such claim for refund with the department.

12 (d) If a person responsible for paying this tax fails to do so in a
13 timely fashion, that person shall be subject to standard penalties
14 and interest under IC 6-8.1-10.

15 SECTION ~~5-8~~ [8]. IC 6-8-1-10 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
16 JULY 1, 2026]. ~~Sec. 10:~~ Any person purchasing or receiving
17 possession of such petroleum prior to the discharge of such lien shall
18 then and there be, become and remain personally liable to report and
19 pay the amount of such lien until the same be paid.

20 SECTION ~~5-6~~ [9]. IC 6-8-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 11. A person reporting
22 and paying a tax levied under this chapter is entitled to be reimbursed
23 by the owner or owners immediately upon ~~such~~ payment **of the tax** and
24 shall deduct the amount of the payment from anything due to the
25 owners. A person paying and deducting ~~such~~ **the** tax is not subject to
26 any suit or action for recovery by any person, but the remedy of ~~such~~
27 **that** person shall be exclusively by claim or suit for refund under the
28 terms of this chapter.

29 SECTION ~~5-7~~ [60]. IC 6-8-1-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 12. The department
31 shall administer ~~and collect~~ the tax imposed under this chapter. ~~and~~
32 ~~shall adopt rules fixing the time and manner of reporting, and paying,~~
33 ~~at monthly intervals the tax imposed under this chapter. Any forms,~~
34 ~~returns, or reports required to be filed under this chapter shall~~
35 ~~contain the information as the department may reasonably require~~
36 ~~for the administration of this chapter.~~

37 SECTION ~~5-8~~ [61]. IC 6-8-1-19, AS AMENDED BY
38 P.L.158-2013, SECTION 104, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 19. Any person
40 charging against or deducting from any payment due to any other
41 person any amount being or represented as being a tax levied by this
42 chapter or receiving money or credits as or purporting to be ~~such~~ a tax

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1 is a trustee of the amounts so charged, deducted, or received. A trustee
 2 who fails to pay any of those amounts to the department when due, with
 3 intent to evade payment of the tax, commits a Level 6 felony.

4 SECTION ~~59~~ [62]. IC 6-8-1-19.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 5 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 6 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 19.5. A taxpayer may apply for
 7 a refund on forms prescribed by the department by identifying the
 8 amount and date of the alleged overpayment and the area in which
 9 the petroleum products were produced. The application for refund
 10 must include any supporting documentation as is reasonably
 11 requested by the department.**

12 SECTION 6-~~3~~ [3]. IC 6-8-1-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 13 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 23. (a) Every taxpayer
 14 shall keep and maintain proper books and records sufficient to
 15 adequately reflect the severance of all petroleum products and
 16 their value for a period of three (3) years from the date of the filing
 17 of the return and the payment of the tax for each taxable period.**

18 **(b)** It is a Class C infraction for a person subject to taxation under
 19 this chapter to fail to keep and preserve ~~such~~ records, books, or
 20 accounts as may be necessary to determine the amount for which ~~he~~ **the**
 21 **person** is liable. It is a Class C infraction for ~~such~~ a person to fail to
 22 keep and preserve ~~such~~ records for a period of three (3) years, or to fail
 23 to keep them open for examination at any time by the department or its
 24 authorized agents.

25 ~~(b)~~ **(c)** It is a Class B misdemeanor for a person to make false entries
 26 in ~~his~~ **the person's** books, or to keep more than one (1) set of books,
 27 with intent to defraud the state or evade the payment of the tax, or any
 28 part thereof, imposed by this chapter.

29 SECTION 6-~~4~~ [4]. IC 6-8-1-1-4.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 30 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 31 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 4.7. "Taxes held in trust" means
 32 a listed tax:**

- 33 **(1) that is collected or received by a taxpayer from the
 34 taxpayer's customer;**
 35 **(2) withheld by the taxpayer for amounts paid or credited to
 36 an individual or other entity pursuant to IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5;**
 37 **or**
 38 **(3) held in trust or as an agent of the state under the
 39 applicable listed tax;**

40 **which upon receipt or accrual becomes property of the state. The**
 41 **term includes, but is not limited to, the following listed taxes: the**
 42 **state gross retail and use taxes (IC [6-2.5]); withholding for the**



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1 adjusted gross income tax (IC []6-3); withholding for the local
 2 income tax (IC []6-3.6); withholding for the financial institutions
 3 tax (IC []6-5.5); the gasoline tax (IC []6-6-1.1); the special fuel tax
 4 (IC []6-6-2.5); the auto rental excise tax (IC []6-6-9); the aviation
 5 fuel excise tax (IC []6-6-13); the heavy equipment rental excise tax
 6 (IC []6-6-15); the vehicle sharing excise tax (IC []6-6-16); the
 7 electronic cigarette tax (IC []6-7-4); the various innkeeper's taxes
 8 (IC []6-9); and the various food and beverage taxes (IC []6-9).

9 SECTION 6 ~~6-8.1-1-11~~ [5]. IC 6-8.1-1-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 10 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 11 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in
 12 6-8.1-18, "responsible person" means a person that:

13 (1) is an individual conducting business as a sole proprietor or
 14 an employee, contractor, officer, or member of an applicable
 15 business entity; and

16 (2) has a duty to remit listed taxes held in trust for the
 17 department or a political subdivision.

18 (b) For purposes of this section, "applicable business entity"
 19 means a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, trust,
 20 estate, or other combination of individuals or entities that is
 21 required to collect, withhold, or remit a tax held in trust.

22 (c) The determination that a person is a responsible person for
 23 a tax held in trust shall be made separately for each tax.

24 SECTION 6 ~~6-8.1-3-11~~ [6]. IC 6-8.1-3-11, AS AMENDED BY
 25 P.L.257-2019, SECTION 75, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 26 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in
 27 this section, "secure electronic delivery service" means a service that:

28 (1) employs security procedures to provide, send, deliver, or
 29 otherwise communicate electronic records to the intended
 30 recipient using:

31 (A) security methods such as passwords, encryption, and
 32 matching electronic addresses to United States postal
 33 addresses; or

34 (B) other security methods that are consistent with applicable
 35 law or industry standards; and

36 (2) operates subject to the applicable requirements of the
 37 Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15
 38 U.S.C. 7001 et seq.).

39 (b) When a statute specifies that the department is required to send
 40 a document by mail, and the particular statute is silent as to the class
 41 or type of mailing to be used, the department satisfies the mailing
 42 requirement by mailing the document through any of the following



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1 methods:

- 2 (1) United States first-class mail;
 3 (2) United States registered mail, return receipt requested;
 4 (3) United States certified mail;
 5 (4) a certificate of mailing; or
 6 (5) **electronically through the department's online tax system**
 7 **or** a secure electronic delivery service, if the use of the secure
 8 electronic delivery service is authorized under IC 6-8.1-6-7(b).

9 Subject to IC 6-8.1-6-7(b), the choice of the method is at the
 10 department's discretion.

11 (c) ~~The department may use any form of mailing in cases~~ Where a
 12 mailing is not required by statute, **the department may send the**
 13 **document:**

14 (1) **electronically through its online tax system if the taxpayer**
 15 **has a registered account in the system; or**

16 (2) **by using any form of mailing.**

17 (d) **Notwithstanding subsection (b) or (c), a taxpayer may**
 18 **affirmatively request to receive all documents from the department**
 19 **electronically through the department's online tax system in lieu of**
 20 **receiving such notifications and issuances through the mail.**

21 ~~(d)~~ (e) The department shall adopt rules, guidelines, or other
 22 instructions that set forth the procedures that department employees are
 23 required to follow in sending a document that provides notice to a
 24 taxpayer by mail under any of the methods described in subsection (b).

25 The procedures must include at least the following instructions:

26 (1) The date contained in the document must not precede the date
 27 of the mailing.

28 (2) Each mailing of a document must be recorded in department
 29 records, noting the date and time of the mailing.

30 SECTION 6-~~4~~[7]. IC 6-8.1-3-17, AS AMENDED BY
 31 P.L.213-2025, SECTION 92, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 32 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) Before an
 33 original tax appeal is filed with the tax court under IC 33-26, the
 34 commissioner, or the taxpayer rights advocate office to the extent
 35 granted the authority by the commissioner, may settle any tax liability
 36 dispute if a substantial doubt exists as to:

37 (1) the constitutionality of the tax under the Constitution of the
 38 State of Indiana;

39 (2) the right to impose the tax;

40 (3) the correct amount of tax due;

41 (4) the collectability of the tax; or

42 (5) whether the taxpayer is a resident or nonresident of Indiana.



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1 (b) After an original tax appeal is filed with the tax court under
2 IC 33-26, and notwithstanding IC 4-6-2-11, the commissioner may
3 settle a tax liability dispute with an amount in contention of twenty-five
4 thousand dollars (\$25,000) or less. Notwithstanding IC 6-8.1-7-1(a),
5 the terms of a settlement under this subsection are available for public
6 inspection.

7 (c) The department shall establish an amnesty program for taxpayers
8 having an unpaid tax liability for a listed tax that was due and payable
9 for a tax period ending before January 1, ~~2023~~. **2024**. A taxpayer is not
10 eligible for the amnesty program:

11 (1) for any tax liability resulting from the taxpayer's failure to
12 comply with IC 6-3-1-3.5(b)(3) with regard to the **wagering**
13 **taxes; tax imposed by IC 4-33-13, or IC 4-35-8;** or

14 (2) if the taxpayer participated in any previous amnesty program
15 under:

- 16 (A) this section (as in effect on December 31, 2024); or
- 17 (B) IC 6-2.5-14.

18 **For purposes of this subdivision, a taxpayer will not be**
19 **considered to have participated in the amnesty program**
20 **conducted in 2005 if the taxpayer is an individual and had less**
21 **than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in penalty and interest**
22 **waived as a result of the amnesty program established in**
23 **2005.**

24 The time in which a voluntary payment of tax liability may be made (or
25 the taxpayer may enter into a payment program acceptable to the
26 department for the payment of the unpaid listed taxes in full in the
27 manner and time established in a written payment program agreement
28 between the department and the taxpayer) under the amnesty program
29 is limited to the period determined by the department, not to exceed
30 eight (8) regular business weeks ending before the earlier of the date
31 set by the department or January 1, 2027.

32 (d) The amnesty program must provide that, upon payment by a
33 taxpayer to the department of all listed taxes due from the taxpayer for
34 a tax period (or payment of the unpaid listed taxes in full in the manner
35 and time established in a written payment program agreement between
36 the department and the taxpayer), entry into an agreement that the
37 taxpayer is not eligible for any other amnesty program that may be
38 established and waives any part of interest and penalties on the same
39 type of listed tax that is being granted amnesty in the current amnesty
40 program, and compliance with all other amnesty conditions adopted
41 under a rule of the department in effect on the date the voluntary
42 payment is made, the department:

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- 1 (1) shall abate and not seek to collect any interest, penalties,
- 2 collection fees, or costs that would otherwise be applicable;
- 3 (2) shall release any liens imposed;
- 4 (3) shall not seek civil or criminal prosecution against any
- 5 individual or entity; and
- 6 (4) shall not issue, or, if issued, shall withdraw, an assessment, a
- 7 demand notice, or a warrant for payment under IC 6-8.1-5-1,
- 8 IC 6-8.1-5-3, IC 6-8.1-8-2, or another law against any individual
- 9 or entity;

10 for listed taxes due from the taxpayer for the tax period for which
 11 amnesty has been granted to the taxpayer. Amnesty granted under
 12 subsection (c) is binding on the state and its agents. However, failure
 13 to pay to the department all listed taxes due for a tax period invalidates
 14 any amnesty granted under subsection (c) for that tax period. The
 15 department shall conduct an assessment of the impact of the tax
 16 amnesty program on tax collections and an analysis of the costs of
 17 administering the tax amnesty program. As soon as practicable after the
 18 end of the tax amnesty period, the department shall submit a copy of
 19 the assessment and analysis to the legislative council in an electronic
 20 format under IC 5-14-6. The department shall enforce an agreement
 21 with a taxpayer that prohibits the taxpayer from receiving amnesty in
 22 another amnesty program.

23 (e) For purposes of subsection (c), a liability for a listed tax is due
 24 and payable if:

- 25 (1) the department has issued:
 - 26 (A) an assessment of the listed tax under IC 6-8.1-5-1;
 - 27 (B) a demand for payment under IC 6-8.1-5-3; or
 - 28 (C) a demand notice for payment of the listed tax under
 - 29 IC 6-8.1-8-2;
- 30 (2) the taxpayer has filed a return or an amended return in which
- 31 the taxpayer has reported a liability for the listed tax; or
- 32 (3) the taxpayer has filed a written statement of liability for the
- 33 listed tax in a form that is satisfactory to the department.

34 (f) The department may waive interest and penalties if the general
 35 assembly enacts a change in a listed tax for a tax period that increases
 36 a taxpayer's tax liability for that listed tax after the due date for that
 37 listed tax and tax period. However, such a waiver shall apply only to
 38 the extent of the increase in tax liability and only for a period not
 39 exceeding sixty (60) days after the change is enacted. The department
 40 may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 or issue guidelines to carry out this
 41 subsection.

42 SECTION 6-8-2-8. IC 6-8.1-3-25, AS AMENDED BY



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1 P.L.213-2025, SECTION 94, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25.
 3 Notwithstanding any other law, the department shall deposit the
 4 amounts collected under a tax amnesty program carried out under
 5 section 17 of this chapter after June 30, 2025, as follows: **in the same**
 6 **manner as a payment of the listed tax occurring during the fiscal**
 7 **year in which the amnesty program ends.**

8 (1) ~~County income tax collected under IC 6-3.5-1.1, IC 6-3.5-6,~~
 9 ~~or IC 6-3.5-7 (all repealed January 1, 2017) shall be distributed to~~
 10 ~~counties in the same manner as otherwise provided by the~~
 11 ~~appropriate chapter of the Indiana Code.~~

12 (2) ~~Eight percent (8%) of inheritance tax collected for resident~~
 13 ~~decedents shall be distributed to counties in the manner provided~~
 14 ~~under IC 6-4.1-9-6.~~

15 (3) ~~County innkeeper's tax collected shall be deposited as required~~
 16 ~~by IC 6-9.~~

17 (4) ~~County and municipal food and beverage tax collected shall~~
 18 ~~be deposited as required by IC 6-9.~~

19 (5) ~~County admissions taxes collected shall be deposited as~~
 20 ~~required by IC 6-9-13 and IC 6-9-28.~~

21 (6) ~~Aircraft license excise tax collected shall be deposited as~~
 22 ~~required by IC 6-6-6.5-21.~~

23 (7) ~~Auto rental excise tax collected shall be deposited as required~~
 24 ~~by IC 6-6-9-11.~~

25 (8) ~~Supplemental auto rental excise tax shall be deposited as~~
 26 ~~otherwise required by the appropriate chapter of the Indiana~~
 27 ~~Code.~~

28 (9) ~~Financial institutions tax collected shall be deposited as~~
 29 ~~required by IC 6-5.5-8-2.~~

30 (10) ~~After making the deposits in subdivisions (1) through (9);~~
 31 ~~any remaining amounts collected must be deposited into the state~~
 32 ~~general fund.~~

33 SECTION 6-6-9, IC 6-8.1-4-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.242-2015,
 34 SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 35 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The department may deny an
 36 application under section 4(c) of this chapter if the applicant has had
 37 a registration revoked under section 4(f) of this chapter or any other
 38 applicable statute.

39 (b) The department may deny an application described in section
 40 4(c) of this chapter if the applicant's business is operated, managed, or
 41 otherwise controlled by or affiliated with a person, including the
 42 applicant, a relative, family member, responsible officer, person, or



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1 shareholder, whom the department has determined is covered by any
2 of the following:

3 (1) Failed to file all tax returns or information reports with the
4 department required under IC 6, IC 8, or IC 9.

5 (2) Failed to pay all taxes, penalties, and interest required to the
6 department under IC 6, IC 8, or IC 9.

7 (3) Failed to pay any registration or license plate fees for vehicles
8 that were at any point owned or operated by the person or for
9 which the person was responsible for payment.

10 (4) Failed to return a license plate described in subdivision (3) to
11 the department.

12 (5) Has an unsatisfactory safety rating under 49 CFR Part 385.

13 (6) Has multiple violations of IC 9 or a rule adopted under IC 9.

14 (c) The department may deny any application described in section
15 4(c) of this chapter if the applicant is a motor carrier whose business is
16 operated, managed, or otherwise controlled by or affiliated with a
17 person, including an owner, relative, family member, responsible
18 officer, person, or shareholder, whom the department has determined
19 is covered by any item listed in subsection (b).

20 (d) If the applicant has altered a cab card or permit, the department
21 shall bill the carrier automatically for the violation.

22 SECTION ~~67~~[70]. IC 6-8.1-5-2, AS AMENDED BY
23 P.L.118-2024, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]:
25 Sec. 2. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section and section 2.5
26 of this chapter, the department may not issue a proposed assessment
27 under section 1 of this chapter more than three (3) years after the latest
28 of the date the return is filed, or the following:

29 (1) The due date of the return.

30 (2) In the case of a return filed for a periodic tax, thirty-one (31)
31 days after the end of the calendar year which contains the taxable
32 period for which the return is filed.

33 (3) In the case of the use tax, three (3) years and thirty-one (31)
34 days from the end of the calendar year in which the first taxable
35 use, other than an incidental nonexempt use, of the property
36 occurred.

37 (b) If a person files a return for the utility receipts tax (IC []6-2.3
38 (repealed), adjusted gross income tax (IC []6-3), pass through entity tax
39 (IC []6-3-2.1), supplemental net income tax (IC []6-3-8) (repealed),
40 county adjusted gross income tax (IC []6-3.5-1.1) (repealed), county
41 option income tax (IC []6-3.5-6) (repealed), local income tax
42 (IC []6-3.6), or financial institutions tax (IC []6-5.5) that understates



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1 the person's income, as that term is defined in the particular income tax
2 law, by at least twenty-five percent (25%), the proposed assessment
3 limitation is six (6) years instead of the three (3) years provided in
4 subsection (a).

5 (c) In the case of the vehicle excise tax (IC []6-6-5), the tax shall be
6 assessed as provided in IC 6-6-5 and shall include the penalties and
7 interest due on all listed taxes not paid by the due date. A person that
8 fails to properly register a vehicle as required by IC 9-18 (before its
9 expiration) or IC 9-18.1 and pay the tax due under IC 6-6-5 is
10 considered to have failed to file a return for purposes of this article.

11 (d) In the case of the commercial vehicle excise tax imposed under
12 IC 6-6-5.5, the tax shall be assessed as provided in IC 6-6-5.5 and shall
13 include the penalties and interest due on all listed taxes not paid by the
14 due date. A person that fails to properly register a commercial vehicle
15 as required by IC 9-18 (before its expiration) or IC 9-18.1 and pay the
16 tax due under IC 6-6-5.5 is considered to have failed to file a return for
17 purposes of this article.

18 (e) In the case of the excise tax imposed on recreational vehicles
19 and truck campers under IC 6-6-5.1, the tax shall be assessed as
20 provided in IC 6-6-5.1 and must include the penalties and interest due
21 on all listed taxes not paid by the due date. A person that fails to
22 properly register a recreational vehicle as required by IC 9-18 (before
23 its expiration) or IC 9-18.1 and pay the tax due under IC 6-6-5.1 is
24 considered to have failed to file a return for purposes of this article. A
25 person that fails to pay the tax due under IC 6-6-5.1 on a truck camper
26 is considered to have failed to file a return for purposes of this article.

27 (f) In the case of a credit against a listed tax based on payments of
28 taxes to a state or local jurisdiction outside Indiana or payments of
29 amounts that are subsequently refunded or returned, a proposed
30 assessment for the refunded or returned credit must be issued by the
31 later of:

32 (1) the date by which a proposed assessment must be issued under
33 this section; or

34 (2) one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the taxpayer
35 notifies the department of the refund or return of payment.

36 For purposes of this subsection, if a taxpayer receives a refund of an
37 amount paid by or on behalf of the taxpayer for a listed tax, that refund
38 shall not be considered the payment of an amount that is subsequently
39 refunded or returned.

40 (g) If a person files a fraudulent, unsigned, or substantially blank
41 return, or if a person does not file a return, there is no time limit within
42 which the department must issue its proposed assessment, except as

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- 1 provided in subsection (l).
 2 (h) If any part of a listed tax has been erroneously refunded by the
 3 department, the erroneous refund may be recovered through the
 4 assessment procedures established in this chapter. An assessment
 5 issued for an erroneous refund must be issued within the later of:
 6 (1) the period for which an assessment could otherwise be issued
 7 under this section; or
 8 (2) whichever is applicable:
 9 (A) within two (2) years after making the refund; or
 10 (B) within five (5) years after making the refund if the refund
 11 was induced by fraud or misrepresentation.
 12 (i) If, before the end of the time within which the department may
 13 make an assessment, the department and the person agree to extend
 14 that assessment period, the period may be extended according to the
 15 terms of a written agreement signed by both the department and the
 16 person. The agreement must contain:
 17 (1) the date to which the extension is made; and
 18 (2) a statement that the person agrees to preserve the person's
 19 records until the extension terminates.
 20 The department and a person may agree to more than one (1) extension
 21 under this subsection.
 22 (j) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (k), if a taxpayer's
 23 federal taxable income, federal adjusted gross income, or federal
 24 income tax liability for a taxable year is modified due to a modification
 25 as provided under IC 6-3-4-6(c) and IC 6-3-4-6(d) (for the adjusted
 26 gross income tax), or a modification or alteration as provided under
 27 IC 6-5.5-6-6(c) and IC 6-5.5-6-6(e) (for the financial institutions tax),
 28 then the date by which the department must issue a proposed
 29 assessment under section 1 of this chapter for tax imposed under IC 6-3
 30 is extended to ~~six (6) months~~ **one (1) year** after the date on which the
 31 notice of modification is filed with the department by the taxpayer.
 32 (k) The following apply:
 33 (1) This subsection applies to partnerships whose taxable year:
 34 (A) begins after December 31, 2017;
 35 (B) ends after August 12, 2018; or
 36 (C) begins after November 2, 2015, and before January 1,
 37 2018, and for which a valid election under United States
 38 Treasury Regulation 301.9100-22 is in effect;
 39 and to the partners of such partnerships, including any partners,
 40 shareholders, or beneficiaries of a pass through entity that is a
 41 partner in such partnership.
 42 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, if a

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1 partnership is subject to federal income tax liability or a federal
 2 tax adjustment at the partnership level as the result of a
 3 modification under Sections 6221 through 6241 of the Internal
 4 Revenue Code, the date on which the department must issue a
 5 proposed assessment to either the partners or the partnership shall
 6 be the later of:

- 7 (A) the date on which a proposed assessment must otherwise
 8 be issued to the partner or the partnership under this section or
 9 IC 6-3-4.5 with regard to the taxable year of the partnership to
 10 which the modification is taxed at the partnership level; or
 11 (B) December 31, 2021.

12 (3) For purposes of this section and IC 6-8.1-9-1, a modification
 13 under this subsection shall be considered a modification to the
 14 federal taxable income, federal adjusted gross income, or federal
 15 income tax liability of both the partners and the partnership within
 16 the meaning of IC 6-3-4-6 and IC 6-5.5-6-6, and shall be
 17 considered to be included in the federal taxable income or federal
 18 adjusted gross income of both the partners and partnerships for
 19 purposes of this article and IC 6-5.5.

20 (4) If a modification made to a partnership for federal income tax
 21 purposes is reported to the partners to determine the partners'
 22 respective federal taxable income, federal adjusted gross income,
 23 or federal income tax liability, including reporting to partners as
 24 the result of an election made under Section 6226 of the Internal
 25 Revenue Code, subdivision (2) shall not apply, and those
 26 modifications shall be treated as modifications to the partners'
 27 federal taxable income, federal adjusted gross income, or federal
 28 income tax liability for purposes of the following:

- 29 (A) This section.
 30 (B) IC 6-3-4-6.
 31 (C) IC 6-5.5-6-6.
 32 (D) IC 6-8.1-9-1.

33 (l) Notwithstanding any other provision, a nonresident individual is
 34 considered to have filed a return for purposes of this section for a
 35 taxable year if the individual does not file a return otherwise required
 36 under IC 6-3-4-1 for a taxable year and all of the following apply:

37 (1) the:

- 38 (A) individual did not have income from sources within
 39 Indiana; or
 40 (B) only income derived from sources within Indiana and
 41 includible in the individual's adjusted gross income is
 42 distributive share income from one (1) or more pass through



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- 1 entities (as defined by IC 6-3-1-35);
- 2 (2) the individual is not a resident of Indiana for any portion of
- 3 the taxable year;
- 4 (3) the individual does not request a reduction in tax withholding
- 5 for a pass through entity under IC 6-3-4-12, IC 6-3-4-13, or
- 6 IC 6-3-4-15 for the taxable year; and
- 7 (4) all pass through entities from which the individual derives
- 8 income from Indiana sources:
 - 9 (A) file a composite return required under IC 6-3-4-12,
 - 10 IC 6-3-4-13, or IC 6-3-4-15; and
 - 11 (B) include the individual on the composite return.
- 12 (m) The following provisions apply to subsection (l):
 - 13 (1) If an individual is married and files a joint federal tax return
 - 14 with the individual's spouse, the individual is considered to have
 - 15 filed a return for purposes of this section only if both the
 - 16 individual and the individual's spouse meet the conditions under
 - 17 subsection (l)(1) through (l)(4).
 - 18 (2) If an individual does not file a return, the last date for
 - 19 assessment with regard to the individual's share of income from
 - 20 a pass through entity shall be determined at the pass through
 - 21 entity and shall be determined separately for each pass through
 - 22 entity.
 - 23 (3) In the event the individual files a return, the period for
 - 24 assessment shall be determined based on the individual's filing
 - 25 unless a different period for assessment is prescribed under this
 - 26 title.
 - 27 (4) The individual is required to file a return to request a refund
 - 28 or carryforward of an overpayment for a taxable year.
 - 29 (5) If the individual has a net operating loss deduction under
 - 30 IC 6-3-2-2.5 or IC 6-3-2-2.6, or a credit carryforward allowable
 - 31 under IC 6-3-3 or IC 6-3.1 for the taxable year, the amount of net
 - 32 operating loss or credit carryforward shall be reduced to reflect
 - 33 the amount of net operating loss or credit carryforward that
 - 34 otherwise would have been allowable for the taxable year.
- 35 SECTION ~~68~~[71]. IC 6-8.1-6-7, AS AMENDED BY
- 36 P.L.293-2013(ts), SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
- 37 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a)
- 38 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title, the commissioner
- 39 may permit the filing of any return or document by electronic data
- 40 submission.
- 41 (b) This subsection applies to a taxpayer required to report and remit
- 42 state gross retail taxes or amounts withheld under IC 6-3-4-8

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1 electronically. If the taxpayer provides written consent to the
 2 department, the department may provide the taxpayer with any
 3 documents that would otherwise require delivery by mail **either**
 4 **providing the documents electronically through the department's**
 5 **online tax system or** by using a secure electronic delivery service
 6 developed by the department under IC 6-8.1-3-11.

7 (c) The department may adopt rules to establish procedures to
 8 implement this section.

9 SECTION ~~69~~ [72]. IC 6-8.1-7-1, AS AMENDED BY
 10 P.L.126-2025, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 11 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) This subsection does not
 12 apply to the disclosure of information concerning a conviction on a tax
 13 evasion charge. Unless in accordance with a judicial order or as
 14 otherwise provided in this chapter, the department, its employees,
 15 former employees, counsel, agents, or any other person may not divulge
 16 the amount of tax paid by any taxpayer, terms of a settlement
 17 agreement executed between a taxpayer and the department,
 18 investigation records, investigation reports, or any other information
 19 disclosed by the reports filed under the provisions of the law relating
 20 to any of the listed taxes, including required information derived from
 21 a federal return, except to any of the following when it is agreed that
 22 the information is to be confidential and to be used solely for official
 23 purposes:

- 24 (1) Members and employees of the department.
 25 (2) The governor, **including the governor's designee within the**
 26 **governor's office.**
 27 (3) A member of the general assembly or an employee of the
 28 house of representatives or the senate when acting on behalf of a
 29 taxpayer located in the member's legislative district who has
 30 provided sufficient information to the member or employee for
 31 the department to determine that the member or employee is
 32 acting on behalf of the taxpayer.
 33 (4) An employee of the legislative services agency to carry out the
 34 responsibilities of the legislative services agency under
 35 IC 2-5-1.1-7 or another law.
 36 (5) The attorney general or any other legal representative of the
 37 state in any action in respect to the amount of tax due under the
 38 provisions of the law relating to any of the listed taxes.
 39 (6) Any authorized officers of the United States.

40 (b) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed
 41 upon the receipt of a **certified written** request **from any of any the**
 42 **following:**



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- 1 **(1) Any** designated officer of the state tax department of any other
- 2 state, district, territory, or possession of the United States when:
- 3 ~~(1)~~ **(A)** the state, district, territory, or possession permits the
- 4 exchange of like information with the taxing officials of the
- 5 state; and
- 6 ~~(2)~~ **(B)** it is agreed that the information is to be confidential
- 7 and to be used solely for tax collection purposes.
- 8 **(2) The administrative head of a state agency of Indiana**
- 9 **when:**
- 10 **(A) the state agency shows an official need for the**
- 11 **information; and**
- 12 **(B) the administrative head of the state agency agrees that**
- 13 **any information released will be kept confidential and will**
- 14 **be used solely for official purposes.**
- 15 **(3) The chief law enforcement officer of a state or local law**
- 16 **enforcement agency in Indiana when it is agreed that the**
- 17 **information is to be confidential and to be used solely for**
- 18 **official purposes.**

19 **The department may also proactively provide to the entities listed**
 20 **in this subsection the name, address, and federal identification**
 21 **number or other identification number assigned by the department**
 22 **for a taxpayer in order to facilitate the investigation of a taxpayer**
 23 **suspected of a criminal matter in connection with a listed tax, so**
 24 **long as it is agreed that any further information provided is to be**
 25 **kept confidential and used solely for official purposes.**

26 (c) The information described in subsection (a) relating to a person
 27 on public welfare or a person who has made application for public
 28 welfare may be revealed to the office of the secretary of family and
 29 social services for purposes of IC 12-15-1-24, the director of the
 30 division of family resources, and to any director of a county office of
 31 the division of family resources located in Indiana, upon receipt of a
 32 written request from either director for the information. The
 33 information shall be treated as confidential by the office and the
 34 directors. In addition, the information described in subsection (a)
 35 relating to a person who has been designated as an absent parent by the
 36 state Title IV-D agency shall be made available to the state Title IV-D
 37 agency upon request. The information shall be subject to the
 38 information safeguarding provisions of the state and federal Title IV-D
 39 programs.

40 **(d) The following taxpayer information may be revealed in**
 41 **connection with a taxpayer's tax or other delinquency:**

- 42 **(1) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of**

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1 an innkeeper's tax shall be provided to the appropriate
 2 innkeeper's tax board, bureau, or commission that a taxpayer
 3 is delinquent in remitting innkeeper's taxes under IC 6-9.

4 (2) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of
 5 the vehicle excise tax may be disclosed to the bureau of motor
 6 vehicles in Indiana and may be disclosed to another state, if
 7 the information is disclosed for the purpose of the
 8 enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.

9 (3) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of
 10 commercial vehicle excise taxes payable to the bureau of
 11 motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and
 12 may be disclosed to another state, if the information is
 13 disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of
 14 the taxes imposed under IC 6-6-5.5.

15 (4) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of
 16 commercial vehicle excise taxes payable under the
 17 International Registration Plan may be disclosed to another
 18 state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the
 19 enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.

20 (5) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of
 21 the excise taxes imposed on recreational vehicles and truck
 22 campers that are payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in
 23 Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed
 24 to another state if the information is disclosed for the purpose
 25 of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by
 26 IC 6-6-5.1.

27 (6) The name, address, Social Security number, and place of
 28 employment relating to any individual who is delinquent in
 29 paying educational loans owed to a postsecondary educational
 30 institution may be revealed to that institution if it provides proof
 31 to the department that the individual is delinquent in paying for
 32 educational loans. This information shall be provided free of
 33 charge to approved postsecondary educational institutions (as
 34 defined by IC 21-7-13-6(a)). The department shall establish fees
 35 that all other institutions must pay to the department to obtain
 36 information under this subsection. However, these fees may not
 37 exceed the department's administrative costs in providing the
 38 information to the institution.

39 (e) The information described in subsection (a) relating to reports
 40 submitted under IC 6-6-1.1-502 concerning the number of gallons of
 41 gasoline sold by a distributor and IC 6-6-2.5 concerning the number of
 42 gallons of special fuel sold by a supplier and the number of gallons of



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1 special fuel exported by a licensed exporter or imported by a licensed
2 transporter may be released by the commissioner upon receipt of a
3 written request for the information:

4 (f) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed
5 upon the receipt of a written request from the administrative head of a
6 state agency of Indiana when:

7 (1) the state agency shows an official need for the information;
8 and

9 (2) the administrative head of the state agency agrees that any
10 information released will be kept confidential and will be used
11 solely for official purposes:

12 (g) The information described in subsection (a) may be revealed
13 upon the receipt of a written request from the chief law enforcement
14 officer of a state or local law enforcement agency in Indiana when it is
15 agreed that the information is to be confidential and to be used solely
16 for official purposes:

17 (h) (e) The name and address of retail a taxpayer may be released
18 under the following circumstances:

19 (1) Retail merchants, including township, as specified in
20 IC 6-2.5-8-1(k) may be released solely for tax collection purposes
21 to township assessors and county assessors.

22 (2) Retail merchants within each county that sell tobacco
23 products, solely for the purpose of the list prepared under
24 IC 6-2.5-6-14.2 to the division of mental health and addiction
25 and the alcohol and tobacco commission.

26 (3) A person licensed by the department under IC 6-6 or
27 IC 6-7, or issued a registered retail merchant's certificate
28 under IC 6-2.5, for the purpose of reporting the status of the
29 person's license or certificate.

30 (4) All persons, corporations, or other entities that qualify or
31 have qualified for an exemption from sales tax under
32 IC 6-2.5-5-16, IC 6-2.5-5-25, or IC 6-2.5-5-26, or otherwise
33 provide information regarding a person's, corporation's, or
34 entity's exemption status under IC 6-2.5-5-16, IC 6-2.5-5-25,
35 or IC 6-2.5-5-26. Such information may be published as a list
36 by the department. In addition to the name and address of the
37 entity, information that may be published also includes:

38 (A) any federal identification number or other
39 identification number for the entity assigned by the
40 department;

41 (B) any expiration date of an exemption under
42 IC 6-2.5-5-25;

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(C) whether any sales tax exemption has expired or has been revoked by the department; and

(D) any other information reasonably necessary for a recipient of an exemption certificate to determine if an exemption certificate is valid.

(5) A taxpayer where the department suspects that a fraudulent return has been filed on their behalf and that the system of a taxpayer's previous year tax preparer or tax preparation software provider has been breached for the purposes of sharing with the tax preparer or tax preparation software provider in such cases. Additionally, any reasonable information needed to identify the taxpayer may be shared.

(6) A person that submits a request related to a vehicle registered with the department under the International Registration Plan or IC 9-18.1-13-3, as long as the use of the information will be strictly limited to at least one (1) of the reasons listed in IC 9-14-13-7.

(i) The department shall notify the appropriate innkeeper's tax board, bureau, or commission that a taxpayer is delinquent in remitting innkeepers' taxes under IC 6-9.

(j) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the vehicle excise tax may be disclosed to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.

(k) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.

(l) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of commercial vehicle excise taxes payable under the International Registration Plan may be disclosed to another state, if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.5.

(m) All information relating to the delinquency or evasion of the excise taxes imposed on recreational vehicles and truck campers that are payable to the bureau of motor vehicles in Indiana may be disclosed to the bureau and may be disclosed to another state if the information is disclosed for the purpose of the enforcement and collection of the taxes imposed by IC 6-6-5.1.

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1 (n) (f) This section does not apply to:

- 2 (1) the beer excise tax, including brand and packaged type
3 (IC 7.1-4-2);
4 (2) the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3);
5 (3) the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4);
6 (4) the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5);
7 (5) the vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5);
8 (6) the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); and
9 (7) the fees under IC 13-23.

10 (o) The name and business address of retail merchants within each
11 county that sell tobacco products may be released to the division of
12 mental health and addiction and the alcohol and tobacco commission
13 solely for the purpose of the list prepared under IC 6-2.5-6-14.2.

14 (p) The name and business address of a person licensed by the
15 department under IC 6-6 or IC 6-7, or issued a registered retail
16 merchant's certificate under IC 6-2.5, may be released for the purpose
17 of reporting the status of the person's license or certificate.

18 (q) (g) The department may release **compiled tax** information
19 concerning under the following circumstances:

20 (1) **Information reports submitted under IC 6-6-1.1-502**
21 **concerning the number of gallons of gasoline sold by a**
22 **distributor, and IC 6-6-2.5 concerning the number of gallons**
23 **of special fuel sold by a supplier, the number of gallons of**
24 **special fuel exported by a licensed exporter, or the number of**
25 **gallons imported by a licensed transporter, may be released**
26 **by the commissioner upon receipt of a written request for the**
27 **information.**

28 (2) **The total incremental tax amounts under:**

29 (1) (A) IC 5-28-26;

30 (2) (B) IC 36-7-13;

31 (3) (C) IC 36-7-26;

32 (4) (D) IC 36-7-27;

33 (5) (E) IC 36-7-31;

34 (6) (F) IC 36-7-31.3; or

35 (7) (G) any other statute providing for the calculation of
36 incremental state taxes that will be distributed to or retained by
37 a political subdivision or other entity;

38 to the fiscal officer of the political subdivision or other entity that
39 established the district or area from which the incremental taxes
40 were received if that fiscal officer enters into an agreement with
41 the department specifying that the political subdivision or other
42 entity will use the information solely for official purposes.



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1 **(3) The aggregate amounts of any of the listed taxes collected**
 2 **on a particular date or within a date range may be released**
 3 **upon written request.**

4 (†) **(h)** The department may release the **following** information as
 5 required ~~in~~ **by statute:**

6 **(1) Information pursuant to IC 6-8.1-3-7.1 concerning:**

7 (‡) **(A)** an innkeeper's tax, a food and beverage tax, or an
 8 admissions tax under IC 6-9;

9 (⊖) **(B)** the supplemental auto rental excise tax under
 10 IC 6-6-9.7; and

11 (⊗) **(C)** the covered taxes allocated to a professional sports
 12 development area fund, sports and convention facilities
 13 operating fund, or other fund under IC 36-7-31 and
 14 IC 36-7-31.3.

15 (⊕) **(2)** Information concerning state gross retail tax exemption
 16 certificates that relate to a person who is exempt from the state
 17 gross retail tax under IC 6-2.5-4-5 may be disclosed to a power
 18 subsidiary (as defined in IC 6-2.5-1-22.5) or a person selling the
 19 services or commodities listed in IC 6-2.5-4-5 for the purpose of
 20 enforcing and collecting the state gross retail and use taxes under
 21 IC 6-2.5.

22 (†) **(i)** The department may release a statement of tax withholding or
 23 other tax information statement provided on behalf of a taxpayer to the
 24 department to:

25 (1) the taxpayer on whose behalf the tax withholding or other tax
 26 information statement was provided to the department;

27 (2) the taxpayer's spouse, if:

28 (A) the taxpayer is deceased or incapacitated; and

29 (B) the taxpayer's spouse is filing a joint income tax return
 30 with the taxpayer; or

31 (3) an administrator, executor, trustee, or other fiduciary acting on
 32 behalf of the taxpayer if the taxpayer is deceased.

33 (†) **(j)** Information related to a listed tax regarding a taxpayer may
 34 be disclosed to an individual without a power of attorney under
 35 IC 6-8.1-3-8(a)(2) if:

36 (1) the individual is authorized to file returns and remit payments
 37 for one (1) or more listed taxes on behalf of the taxpayer through
 38 the department's online tax system before September 8, 2020;

39 (2) the information relates to a listed tax described in subdivision
 40 (1) for which the individual is authorized to file returns and remit
 41 payments;

42 (3) the taxpayer has been notified by the department of the



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- 1 individual's ability to access the taxpayer's information for the
- 2 listed taxes described in subdivision (1) and the taxpayer has not
- 3 objected to the individual's access;
- 4 (4) the individual's authorization or right to access the taxpayer's
- 5 information for a listed tax described in subdivision (1) has not
- 6 been withdrawn by the taxpayer; and
- 7 (5) disclosure of the information to the individual is not
- 8 prohibited by federal law.

9 Except as otherwise provided by this article, this subsection does not
 10 authorize the disclosure of any correspondence from the department
 11 that is mailed or otherwise delivered to the taxpayer relating to the
 12 specified listed taxes for which the individual was given authorization
 13 by the taxpayer. The department shall establish a date, which may be
 14 earlier but not later than September 1, 2023, after which a taxpayer's
 15 information concerning returns and remittances for a listed tax may not
 16 be disclosed to an individual without a power of attorney under
 17 IC 6-8.1-3-8(a)(2) by providing notice to the affected taxpayers and
 18 previously authorized individuals, including notification published on
 19 the department's website. After the earlier of the date established by the
 20 department or September 1, 2023, the department may not disclose a
 21 taxpayer's information concerning returns and remittances for a listed
 22 tax to an individual unless the individual has a power of attorney under
 23 IC 6-8.1-3-8(a)(2) or the disclosure is otherwise allowed under this
 24 article.

25 (v) The department may publish a list of persons, corporations, or
 26 other entities that qualify or have qualified for an exemption for sales
 27 tax under IC 6-2.5-5-16, IC 6-2.5-5-25, or IC 6-2.5-5-26, or otherwise
 28 provide information regarding a person's, corporation's, or entity's
 29 exemption status under IC 6-2.5-5-16, IC 6-2.5-5-25, or IC 6-2.5-5-26.
 30 For purposes of this subsection, information that may be disclosed
 31 includes:

- 32 (1) any federal identification number or other identification
- 33 number for the entity assigned by the department;
- 34 (2) any expiration date of an exemption under IC 6-2.5-5-25;
- 35 (3) whether any sales tax exemption has expired or has been
- 36 revoked by the department; and
- 37 (4) any other information reasonably necessary for a recipient of
- 38 an exemption certificate to determine if an exemption certificate
- 39 is valid.

40 (w) The department may share a taxpayer's name and other personal
 41 identification information with a tax preparer or tax preparation
 42 software provider in cases where the department suspects that a

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1 fraudulent return has been filed on behalf of a taxpayer and the
 2 department suspects that the system of a taxpayer's previous year tax
 3 preparer or tax preparation software provider has been breached:

4 SECTION 7-~~3~~[3]. IC 6-8.1-8-2, AS AMENDED BY
 5 P.L.234-2019, SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 6 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as
 7 provided in IC 6-8.1-5-3 and sections 16 and 17 of this chapter, the
 8 department must issue a demand notice for the payment of a tax and
 9 any interest or penalties accrued on the tax, if a person files a tax return
 10 without including full payment of the tax or if the department, after
 11 ruling on a protest, finds that a person owes the tax before the
 12 department issues a tax warrant. The demand notice must state the
 13 following:

- 14 (1) That the person has twenty (20) days from the date the
 15 department mails the notice to either pay the amount demanded
 16 or show reasonable cause for not paying the amount demanded.
- 17 (2) The statutory authority of the department for the issuance of
 18 a tax warrant.
- 19 (3) The earliest date on which a tax warrant may be filed and
 20 recorded.
- 21 (4) The statutory authority for the department to levy against a
 22 person's property that is held by a financial institution.
- 23 (5) The remedies available to the taxpayer to prevent the filing
 24 and recording of the judgment.

25 If the department files a tax warrant in more than one (1) county, the
 26 department is not required to issue more than one (1) demand notice.
 27 The department may not issue a demand notice for a liability more than
 28 nine (9) years after the first date the department is permitted to issue a
 29 demand notice under this chapter.

30 (b) If the person does not pay the amount demanded or show
 31 reasonable cause for not paying the amount demanded within the
 32 twenty (20) day period, the department may issue a tax warrant for the
 33 amount of the tax, interest, penalties, collection fee, sheriff's costs,
 34 clerk's costs, and fees established under section 4(b) of this chapter
 35 when applicable. When the department issues a tax warrant, a
 36 collection fee of ten percent (10%) of the unpaid tax is added to the
 37 total amount due.

38 (c) When the department issues a tax warrant, it may not file the
 39 warrant with the circuit court clerk of any county in which the person
 40 **resides, is domiciled, or** owns property until at least twenty (20) days
 41 after the date the demand notice was mailed to the taxpayer. If a
 42 taxpayer does not own property in Indiana, ~~or~~ if the department is



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1 unable to determine whether the taxpayer owns property in Indiana, **the**
 2 **taxpayer does not reside and is not domiciled in Indiana, or the**
 3 **department is unable to determine the taxpayer's residence or**
 4 **domicile**, the department may file the tax warrant with the circuit court
 5 clerk of Marion County. The department may also send the warrant to
 6 the sheriff of any county in which the person **resides, is domiciled, or [**
 7 **]**owns property and direct the sheriff to file the warrant with the circuit
 8 court clerk:

9 (1) at least twenty (20) days after the date the demand notice was
 10 mailed to the taxpayer; and

11 (2) no later than five (5) days after the date the department issues
 12 the warrant.

13 (d) When the circuit court clerk receives a tax warrant from the
 14 department or the sheriff, the clerk shall record the warrant by making
 15 an entry in the judgment debtor's column of the judgment record,
 16 listing the following:

17 (1) The name of the person owing the tax.

18 (2) The amount of the tax, interest, penalties, collection fee,
 19 sheriff's costs, clerk's costs, and fees established under section
 20 4(b) of this chapter when applicable.

21 (3) The date the warrant was filed with the clerk.

22 (e) When the entry is made, the total amount of the tax warrant
 23 becomes a judgment against the person owing the tax. The judgment
 24 creates a lien in favor of the state that attaches to all the person's
 25 interest in any:

26 (1) chose in action in the ~~county~~; **state**; and

27 (2) real or personal property in the ~~county~~; **state**;

28 excepting only negotiable instruments not yet due. The department may
 29 domesticate a valid tax warrant in one (1) or more other states or
 30 countries, or in the political subunits of other states or countries, in the
 31 manner that any other civil judgment may be domesticated in that
 32 jurisdiction. The department shall be permitted all rights and remedies
 33 permitted in a jurisdiction in which a judgment is domesticated, even
 34 if the rights or remedies would not be permitted under Indiana law.

35 (f) The following apply to a judgment on a tax warrant:

36 (1) A judgment on a tax warrant must be filed in at least one (1)
 37 Indiana county not later than ten (10) years after the first date on
 38 which a demand notice could be issued under this chapter.

39 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), if a judgment on a tax
 40 warrant is entered in at least one (1) Indiana county, the
 41 department may file an additional tax warrant in one (1) or more
 42 Indiana counties during the period in which one (1) or more tax



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1 warrants are valid under this section.

2 (3) A judgment obtained under this section is valid for ten (10)
3 years from the date the judgment is filed. The department may
4 renew the judgment for additional ten (10) year periods by filing
5 an alias tax warrant with the circuit court clerk of the county in
6 which the judgment previously existed. An amended tax warrant
7 under this section or section 4 of this chapter shall not constitute
8 an alias tax warrant. The failure to renew a tax warrant in a
9 particular county shall preclude the issuance of a new tax warrant
10 under subdivision (2).

11 (4) If the department does not:

- 12 (A) issue a timely demand notice under subsection (a);
- 13 (B) file a timely tax warrant under subdivision (1); or
- 14 (C) renew all tax warrants under subdivision (3);

15 the department shall extinguish the tax liability from which the
16 demand notice or judgment arose, and no state agency shall treat
17 the tax liability as a delinquency for purposes of Indiana law.

18 (g) A judgment arising from a tax warrant in a county shall be
19 released by the department:

- 20 (1) after the judgment, including all accrued interest to the date of
21 payment, has been fully satisfied; or
- 22 (2) if the department determines that the tax assessment or the
23 issuance of the tax warrant was in error.

24 (h) Subject to subsections (p) and (q), if the department determines
25 that the filing of a tax warrant was in error or if the commissioner
26 determines that the release of the judgment and expungement of the tax
27 warrant are in the best interest of the state, the department shall mail a
28 release of the judgment to the taxpayer and the circuit court clerk of
29 each county where the warrant was filed. The circuit court clerk of each
30 county where the warrant was filed shall expunge the warrant from the
31 judgment debtor's column of the judgment record. The department shall
32 mail the release and the order for the warrant to be expunged as soon
33 as possible but no later than seven (7) days after:

- 34 (1) the determination by the department that the filing of the
35 warrant was in error; and
- 36 (2) the receipt of information by the department that the judgment
37 has been recorded under subsection (d).

38 (i) If the department determines that a judgment described in
39 subsection (h) is obstructing a lawful transaction, the department shall
40 immediately upon making the determination mail:

- 41 (1) a release of the judgment to the taxpayer; and
- 42 (2) an order requiring the circuit court clerk of each county where



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1 the judgment was filed to expunge the warrant.
 2 (j) A release issued under subsection (h) or (i) must state that the
 3 filing of the tax warrant was in error. Upon the request of the taxpayer,
 4 the department shall mail a copy of a release and the order for the
 5 warrant to be expunged issued under subsection (h) or (i) to each major
 6 credit reporting company located in each county where the judgment
 7 was filed.

8 (k) The commissioner shall notify each state agency or officer
 9 supplied with a tax warrant list of the issuance of a release under
 10 subsection (h) or (i).

11 (l) If the sheriff collects the full amount of a tax warrant, the sheriff
 12 shall disburse the money collected in the manner provided in section
 13 3(c) of this chapter. If a judgment has been partially or fully satisfied
 14 by a person's surety, the surety becomes subrogated to the department's
 15 rights under the judgment. If a sheriff releases a judgment:

- 16 (1) before the judgment is fully satisfied;
 17 (2) before the sheriff has properly disbursed the amount collected;
 18 or
 19 (3) after the sheriff has returned the tax warrant to the department;
 20 the sheriff commits a Class B misdemeanor and is personally liable for
 21 the part of the judgment not remitted to the department.

22 (m) A lien on real property described in subsection (e)(2) is void if
 23 both of the following occur:

- 24 (1) The person owing the tax provides written notice to the
 25 department to file an action to foreclose the lien.
 26 (2) The department fails to file an action to foreclose the lien not
 27 later than one hundred eighty (180) days after receiving the
 28 notice.

29 (n) A person who gives notice under subsection (m) by registered
 30 or certified mail to the department may file an affidavit of service of the
 31 notice to file an action to foreclose the lien with the circuit court clerk
 32 in the county in which ~~the property is located~~ **the warrant was filed**.
 33 The affidavit must state the following:

- 34 (1) The facts of the notice.
 35 (2) That more than one hundred eighty (180) days have passed
 36 since the notice was received by the department.
 37 (3) That no action for foreclosure of the lien is pending.
 38 (4) That no unsatisfied judgment has been rendered on the lien.

39 **If a taxpayer has tax warrants in multiple counties, the taxpayer**
 40 **must file a separate affidavit for each county. If a taxpayer fails to**
 41 **file an affidavit in each county in which a warrant is filed, the**
 42 **affidavit is effective only for property in the counties in which the**



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1 **taxpayer files the affidavit.**

2 (o) Upon receipt of the affidavit described in subsection (n), the
3 circuit court clerk shall make an entry showing the release of the
4 judgment lien in the judgment records for tax warrants.

5 (p) The department shall adopt rules to define the circumstances
6 under which a release and expungement may be granted based on a
7 finding that the release and expungement would be in the best interest
8 of the state. The rules may allow the commissioner to expunge a tax
9 warrant in other circumstances not inconsistent with subsection (q) that
10 the commissioner determines are appropriate. Any releases or
11 expungements granted by the commissioner must be consistent with
12 these rules:

13 ~~(q)~~ **(p)** The commissioner **or the commissioner's designee** may
14 expunge a tax warrant **if the taxpayer requests an expungement** in
15 the following circumstances:

16 (1) If the taxpayer has timely and fully filed and paid all of the
17 taxpayer's state taxes, or has otherwise resolved any outstanding
18 state tax issues, for the preceding five (5) years.

19 (2) If the **tax** warrant was issued more than ten (10) years prior to
20 the expungement.

21 (3) If the **tax** warrant is not subject to pending litigation.

22 (4) **If the tax warrant is for one (1) or more tax liabilities that**
23 **have been resolved through the department. Other**
24 **circumstances not inconsistent with subdivisions (1) through (3)**
25 **that are specified in the rules adopted under subsection (p):**

26 **(q) Taxpayers must complete the form prescribed by the**
27 **department and submit any documentation that may support a**
28 **request under subsection (p). The department will grant requests**
29 **for tax warrant expungement if:**

30 **(1) the department determines the filing of the tax warrant**
31 **was in error;**

32 **(2) the department determines the release of the judgment**
33 **and expungement of the tax warrant are in the best interest of**
34 **the state; or**

35 **(3) the department determines that the expungement**
36 **facilitates the collection of outstanding tax liabilities owed by**
37 **the taxpayer as provided in subsection (r).**

38 **(r) The release of a judgment and an expungement of a tax**
39 **warrant are in the best interest of the state if the release and**
40 **expungement facilitates the collection of outstanding liabilities**
41 **owed by the taxpayer, including interest and penalties accrued to**
42 **the date of payment, which is demonstrated if each of the following**



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are true:

(1) The taxpayer has satisfied all the outstanding liabilities owed, including penalties and interest accrued to the date of payment, associated with the judgment and warrant.

(2) The taxpayer has filed the outstanding required returns for each listed tax associated with the judgment and warrant.

(3) The taxpayer is, at the time of making the determination, in compliance regarding the filing of any other individual, business, and informational returns, and current on payments associated with those returns.

(4) The judgment or warrant is not the subject of pending litigation.

(s) The department's determination that the release of a judgment and an expungement of a warrant are in the best interest of the state includes any of the following factors:

(1) The age and amount of the underlying tax liability.

(2) The taxpayer's history of compliance with respect to voluntarily paying taxes.

(3) Other tax warrants or outstanding liabilities of the taxpayer.

(4) Whether notice of the underlying liability was received by the taxpayer before the issuance of the tax warrant.

(5) The taxpayer's attempts, if any, to communicate with the department and resolve the liability before the issuance of the warrant.

(6) Whether delays in paying or posting tax payments associated with the underlying liability that caused the tax warrant are attributable to the fault or negligence of the taxpayer.

(7) If the taxpayer did not owe the underlying tax for which the warrant was issued.

(8) If the warrant was not issued under, or authorized by, statute.

(9) If the filing of the tax warrant was premature or otherwise not in compliance with the department's procedures.

(10) Other required tax filings are on file.

(t) The department shall issue the letter granting or denying the expungement request to the taxpayer.

(†) (u) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, the commissioner may decline to release a judgment or expunge a warrant upon a finding that the warrant was issued based on the taxpayer's fraudulent, intentional, or reckless conduct.

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1 (s) The rules required under subsection (p) shall specify the process
 2 for requesting that the commissioner release and expunge a tax
 3 warrant.

4 SECTION 7 ~~4~~ [4]. IC 6-8.1-8-2.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 5 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 6 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 2.1. (a) A warrant filed by the**
 7 **department under section 2 of this chapter must be filed using the**
 8 **department's designated direct electronic interface.**

9 (b) For purposes of section 3 of this chapter, the jurisdiction of
 10 the sheriff of the county in which a warrant is filed is limited to the
 11 taxpayer's choses in action and real and tangible personal property
 12 located in that county.

13 SECTION 7 ~~5~~ [5]. IC 6-8.1-8-18 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 14 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 15 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided in the**
 16 **limited relief provided for marketplace facilitators in**
 17 **IC 6-2.5-9-3.5 (before its expiration), a responsible person that**
 18 **holds taxes in trust for the state is personally liable for the payment**
 19 **of those taxes, plus any penalties and interest attributable to those**
 20 **taxes, to the state. If the individual knowingly fails to collect or**
 21 **remit those taxes to the state, the individual commits a Level 6**
 22 **felony.**

23 (b) A business and each responsible person for a particular tax
 24 held in trust for a period are jointly and severally liable for that
 25 tax, including interest and penalties.

26 (c) If a business and one (1) or more responsible persons remit
 27 more than the amount due, including penalties and interest, for a
 28 tax held in trust, the following apply to refunding any
 29 overpayment:

30 (1) If the business remitted the amount due or more than the
 31 amount due, then any amounts paid by a responsible person
 32 shall be refunded to the responsible person, and any excess
 33 remaining refunded to the business.

34 (2) If the business remitted less than the amount due, then any
 35 amounts paid by a responsible person shall be refunded upon
 36 a refund request by a responsible person as determined in the
 37 following STEPS:

38 **STEP ONE: Determine the amount remitted by each**
 39 **responsible person.**

40 **STEP TWO: Determine the total amount due, including**
 41 **interest and penalties, less the amount remitted by the**
 42 **business.**



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1 **STEP THREE: Determine the total amount remitted by all**
 2 **responsible persons in STEP ONE minus the STEP TWO**
 3 **amount.**
 4 **STEP FOUR: Determine the STEP ONE amount for each**
 5 **responsible person divided by the total amount under**
 6 **STEP ONE for all responsible persons.**
 7 **STEP FIVE: The amount of the refund for the responsible**
 8 **person is the amount determined under STEP THREE**
 9 **multiplied by the ratio for that person determined under**
 10 **STEP FOUR.**

11 **(3) If the amount remitted by a business or responsible person**
 12 **includes amounts added pursuant to this chapter, those**
 13 **amounts shall not be considered for purposes of determining**
 14 **an overpayment under this subsection.**

15 **(4) Any amount of overpayment shall be considered to be the**
 16 **overpayment of the business or person that remitted the tax.**

17 **(5) Any state or federal law permitting application or offset of**
 18 **an overpayment shall apply to an overpayment under this**
 19 **subsection.**

20 **(6) A refund under this subsection must be filed under**
 21 **IC 6-8.1-9-1 separately by the business and each responsible**
 22 **person, and the determination under this subsection shall be**
 23 **made separately for the business and each responsible person.**

24 **(7) Notwithstanding this subsection, the business and one (1)**
 25 **or more responsible persons may agree to allocate or assign**
 26 **any overpayment between themselves, provided that:**

27 **(A) the total amount allocated under the agreement does**
 28 **not exceed the amounts that are attributable to the**
 29 **business and responsible persons who are parties to the**
 30 **agreement under subdivisions (1) and (2); and**

31 **(B) the amount of refund allocated to any party does not**
 32 **exceed the amount actually paid by that party.**

33 SECTION 7 ~~↔~~ [6]. IC 6-8.1-9-1, AS AMENDED BY
 34 P.L.118-2024, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 35 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026 (RETROACTIVE)]:
 36 Sec. 1. (a) If a person has paid more tax than the person determines is
 37 legally due for a particular taxable period, the person may file a claim
 38 for a refund with the department. Except as provided in subsections (j),
 39 (k), (l), (m), and (n), in order to obtain the refund, the person must file
 40 the claim with the department within three (3) years after the later of
 41 the following:

42 (1) The due date of the return.

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1 (2) The date of payment.

2 For purposes of this section, the due date for a return filed for a
3 periodic tax is thirty-one (31) days after the end of the calendar year
4 which contains the taxable period for which the return is filed. The
5 claim must set forth the amount of the refund to which the person is
6 entitled and the reasons that the person is entitled to the refund.

7 (b) After considering the claim and all evidence relevant to the
8 claim, the department shall issue a decision on the claim, stating the
9 part, if any, of the refund allowed and containing a statement of the
10 reasons for any part of the refund that is denied. The department shall
11 mail a copy of the decision to the person that filed the claim. If the
12 person disagrees with a part of the decision on the claim, the person
13 may file a protest and request a hearing with the department. If the
14 department allows the full amount of the refund claim, a warrant for the
15 payment of the claim is sufficient notice of the decision.

16 (c) The tax court shall hear the appeal de novo and without a jury,
17 and after the hearing may order or deny any part of the appealed
18 refund. The court may assess the court costs in any manner that it feels
19 is equitable. The court may enjoin the collection of any of the listed
20 taxes under IC 33-26-6-2. The court may also allow a refund of taxes,
21 interest, and penalties that have been paid to and collected by the
22 department.

23 (d) The decision on the claim must state that the person has sixty
24 (60) days from the date the decision is mailed to file a written protest.
25 If the person files a protest and requests a hearing on the protest, the
26 department shall:

27 (1) set the hearing at the department's earliest convenient time;
28 and

29 (2) notify the person by United States mail of the time, date, and
30 location of the hearing.

31 (e) The department may hold the hearing at the location of its choice
32 within Indiana if that location complies with IC 6-8.1-3-8.5.

33 (f) After conducting a hearing on a protest, or after making a
34 decision on a protest when no hearing is requested, the department
35 shall issue a memorandum of decision or order denying a refund and
36 shall send a copy of the decision through the United States mail to the
37 person that filed the protest. If the department allows the full amount
38 of the refund claim, a warrant for the payment of the claim is sufficient
39 notice of the decision. The department may continue the hearing until
40 a later date if the taxpayer presents additional information at the
41 hearing or the taxpayer requests an opportunity to present additional
42 information after the hearing.



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1 (g) A person that disagrees with any part of the department's
2 determination in a memorandum of decision or order denying a refund
3 may request a rehearing not more than thirty (30) days after the date on
4 which the memorandum of decision or order denying a refund is issued
5 by the department. The department shall consider the request and may
6 grant the rehearing if the department reasonably believes that a
7 rehearing would be in the best interests of the taxpayer and the state.
8 If the department grants the rehearing, the department shall issue a
9 supplemental order denying a refund or a supplemental memorandum
10 of decision based on the rehearing, whichever is applicable.

11 (h) If the person disagrees with any part of the department's
12 determination, the person may appeal the determination, regardless of
13 whether or not the person protested the tax payment or whether or not
14 the person has accepted a refund. The person must file the appeal with
15 the tax court. The tax court does not have jurisdiction to hear a refund
16 appeal if:

17 (1) the appeal is filed more than ninety (90) days after the latest
18 of the dates on which:

19 (A) the memorandum of decision or order denying a refund is
20 issued by the department, if the person does not make a timely
21 request for a rehearing under subsection (g) on the
22 memorandum of decision or order denying a refund;

23 (B) the department issues a denial of the person's timely
24 request for a rehearing under subsection (g) on the
25 memorandum of decision or order denying a refund; or

26 (C) the department issues a supplemental memorandum of
27 decision or supplemental order denying a refund following a
28 rehearing granted under subsection (g); or

29 (2) the appeal is filed both before the decision is issued and
30 before the one hundred eighty-first day after the date the person
31 files the claim for a refund with the department.

32 The ninety (90) day period may be extended according to the terms of
33 a written agreement signed by both the department and the person. The
34 agreement must specify a date upon which the extension will terminate
35 and include a statement that the person agrees to preserve the person's
36 records until that specified termination date. The specified termination
37 date agreed upon under this subsection may not be more than ninety
38 (90) days after the expiration of the period otherwise specified by this
39 subsection.

40 (i) With respect to the vehicle excise tax, this section applies only
41 to penalties and interest paid on assessments of the vehicle excise tax.
42 Any other overpayment of the vehicle excise tax is subject to IC 6-6-5.

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1 (j) If a taxpayer's federal taxable income, federal adjusted gross
 2 income, or federal income tax liability for a taxable year is modified by
 3 the Internal Revenue Service, and the modification would result in a
 4 reduction of the tax legally due, the due date by which the taxpayer
 5 must file a claim for refund with the department is the latest of:

- 6 (1) the date determined under subsection (a);
 7 (2) the date that is ~~one hundred eighty (180) days~~ **one (1) year**
 8 **]**after the date of the modification by the Internal Revenue Service
 9 as provided under:
 10 (A) IC 6-3-4-6(c) and IC 6-3-4-6(d) (for the adjusted gross
 11 income tax); or
 12 (B) IC 6-5.5-6-6(c) and IC 6-5.5-6-6(d) (for the financial
 13 institutions tax); or
 14 (3) in the case of a modification described in IC 6-8.1-5-2(k)(1)
 15 through IC 6-8.1-5-2(k)(3), the date provided in IC 6-3-4.5 for
 16 such refunds or December 31, 2021, whichever is later.

17 (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if an
 18 individual received a severance payment described in Section
 19 3(a)(1)(A) of the Combat-Injured Veterans Tax Fairness Act of 2016
 20 (P.L. 114-292) and upon which the United States Secretary of Defense
 21 withheld tax under IC 6-3, IC 6-3.5-1.1 (before its repeal), IC 6-3.5-6
 22 (before its repeal), IC 6-3.5-7 (before its repeal), or IC 6-3.6, the
 23 individual must file a claim for refund for taxes that were overpaid and
 24 attributable to the severance payment not later than December 31,
 25 2020. Any refund under this subsection shall be computed without
 26 regard to subsection (a)(2). The department may establish procedures
 27 to provide standard refund amounts if a standard refund amount is
 28 requested from the Internal Revenue Service.

29 (l) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a taxpayer
 30 may file a claim for refund for any taxes under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5 that
 31 the taxpayer expected to be due as a result of an Internal Revenue
 32 Service audit not later than the date otherwise prescribed in this section
 33 or ~~one hundred eighty (180) days~~ **one (1) year** after the date the
 34 taxpayer is notified that the audit resulted in no change or, if the audit
 35 resulted in a modification, the date of the modification as provided
 36 under:

- 37 (1) IC 6-3-4-6(c) and IC 6-3-4-6(d) (for adjusted gross income
 38 tax); or
 39 (2) IC 6-5.5-6-6(c) and IC 6-5.5-6-6(d) (for the financial
 40 institutions tax);
 41 whichever is later.

42 (m) If a taxpayer has an overpayment for a listed tax as a result of

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1 a credit of taxes paid to another state, country, or local jurisdiction in
2 another state or country, and those taxes were assessed by the state,
3 country, or local jurisdiction after the period for which a refund could
4 have been claimed for that listed tax under this section, the period for
5 requesting the refund under this section is extended to one hundred
6 eighty (180) days after payment of the tax to the state, country, or local
7 jurisdiction.

8 (n) If an agreement to extend the assessment time period is entered
9 into under IC 6-8.1-5-2(i), the period during which a person may file
10 a claim for a refund under subsection (a) is extended to the same date
11 to which the assessment time period is extended.

12 SECTION 74[7]. IC 6-8.1-10-9.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.194-2023,
13 SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9.5. (a) As used in this section, the following
15 terms have the following meanings:

16 (1) "Successor in liability" means a person that directly or
17 indirectly purchases, acquires, is gifted, or succeeds to ownership
18 of more than one-half (1/2) of all tangible personal property of a
19 business, by value, including inventory, at all locations combined,
20 as measured by the value of the property at the time of the
21 transfer. "Successor in liability" does not include a personal
22 representative or beneficiary of an estate, a trustee in bankruptcy,
23 a debtor in possession, a receiver, a secured party, a mortgagee,
24 an assignee of rents, or any other lienholder. A person shall only
25 be considered a successor in liability to the extent that:

26 (A) a department lien or liens exist on tangible personal
27 property transferred to the person;

28 (B) all tax due by the transferring business to the extent that
29 notice was not provided to the department as required by
30 subsection (b); or

31 (C) any tax due was included in the summary mailed to the
32 successor in liability by the department pursuant to subsection
33 (c).

34 (2) "Purchase price" means the consideration paid or to be paid by
35 the successor in liability to the transferring business for the
36 transfer of tangible personal property. "Purchase price" also
37 includes debts assumed or forgiven by the successor in liability,
38 or real or personal property conveyed or to be conveyed by the
39 successor in liability to the transferring business.

40 (3) "Arm's-length transaction" means a transfer for adequate
41 consideration between independent parties both acting in their
42 own best interests. If the parties are related to each other, a

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1 rebuttable presumption arises that the transaction is not at arm's
2 length.

3 (4) "Transfer" means every mode, direct or indirect, absolute or
4 conditional, voluntary or involuntary, of disposing of or parting
5 with a business or an interest in a business, or a stock of goods,
6 whether by gift or for consideration. "Transfer" includes a change
7 in the type of business entity or the name of the business, where
8 one (1) business is discontinued and a new business is started.
9 "Transfer" also includes the acquisition by a new corporation of
10 the assets of a prior business in exchange for the stock of the new
11 corporation. "Transfer" does not include an assignment for the
12 benefit of creditors, foreclosure or enforcement of a mortgage,
13 assignment of rents, security interest or lien, sale or disposition in
14 a bankruptcy proceeding, or sale or disposition by a receiver.

15 (5) "Transfer in bulk" means a transfer, other than in the ordinary
16 course of the transferor's trade or business, of more than one-half
17 (1/2) of all the tangible personal property of a business, by value,
18 including inventory, at all locations combined, as measured by the
19 value of the property at the time of the transfer.

20 (6) "Tax" means the gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5-2-1, the
21 use tax imposed by IC 6-2.5-3-2, and any county innkeepers tax
22 or food and beverage tax imposed by IC 6-9.

23 (7) "Good cause" means the inability to comply with the statutory
24 requirements of this section due to force majeure, fraud, failure of
25 delivery by a carrier, or similar circumstances beyond the control
26 of the successor. Lack of knowledge by the successor in liability
27 of the requirements of this section shall not be considered good
28 cause. Failure of a transferee or third party to provide the notice
29 required by subsection (b) pursuant to a contractual obligation or
30 informal understanding shall not be considered to be good cause.

31 (b) Whenever a business engages in a transfer in bulk, at least
32 forty-five (45) days before taking possession of the assets or paying the
33 purchase price, the potential successor in liability or the transferring
34 business shall notify the department of the transfer and the terms and
35 conditions related to the transfer on a form prescribed by the
36 department. The notice must include the tax identification number of
37 the transferring business and the potential successor in liability.

38 (c) The following apply:

39 (1) If the notice is not provided to the department as required in
40 subsection (b), the potential successor in liability becomes the
41 successor in liability and becomes liable for any unpaid taxes,
42 interest, and penalties due from the transferring business to the



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1 extent of the purchase price.
 2 (2) If the notice is provided as required in subsection (b) and,
 3 within twenty (20) days after receipt of the notice, the department
 4 places a summary in the United States mail addressed to the
 5 successor in liability specifying that tax liabilities exist in addition
 6 to those subject to a department lien or there are tax returns due
 7 but not filed, the successor in liability is liable for all taxes,
 8 interest, and penalties as stated in the department's summary to
 9 the extent of the purchase price if the successor in liability pays
 10 the purchase price or takes possession of the assets without
 11 withholding and remitting the liability to the department. The
 12 successor in liability is liable whether the purchase price is paid
 13 or the assets are transferred prior to or after notification from the
 14 department.

15 (3) If the department does not find any tax is due from the
 16 transferring business or that the transferring business has failed
 17 to file any returns that are due, the department must place a tax
 18 clearance letter in the United States mail addressed to the
 19 potential successor in liability within twenty (20) days after
 20 receipt of the notice required by subsection (b) specifying that no
 21 tax liabilities exist and that the transferee is not a successor in
 22 liability. The department shall issue the tax clearance letter even
 23 if the department determines that the transfer at issue does not
 24 constitute a transfer in bulk pursuant to subsection (a).

25 (d) If, based upon the information available, the department
 26 determines that a transfer in bulk was not at arm's length or was a gift,
 27 the successor's liability under this section equals the value of the
 28 tangible personal property transferred. Upon such a determination, the
 29 department may require that the successor in liability provide a third
 30 party valuation of the tangible personal property transferred.

31 (e) In the case of a gift resulting in successor liability under this
 32 section, the return of the gifted property by the donee to the donor
 33 releases the donee's successor liability.

34 (f) A potential successor in liability that complies with the
 35 requirements of subsections (b) and (c) is not liable for any
 36 assessments of taxes of the transferring business made after the
 37 department provides a summary to the potential successor in liability
 38 under subsection (c), except for taxes assessed on returns filed to
 39 comply with the summary. If the department fails to place the required
 40 summary in the United States mail within the twenty (20) day period,
 41 the potential successor in liability is not liable for any taxes of the
 42 transferring business, except with regard to transfers subject to

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1 subsection (d), if the purchase price is paid and the potential successor
 2 in liability takes possession of the assets within sixty (60) days of the
 3 mailing date the notice required pursuant to subsection (b). If the
 4 purchase price is not paid or the potential successor in liability does not
 5 take possession of the assets within sixty (60) days of the mailing date
 6 of the notice required pursuant to subsection (b), the potential
 7 successor in liability or the transferring business must submit a new
 8 notice pursuant to subsection (b).

9 (g) If the required notice under subsection (b) is not filed or any tax
 10 liability included in a summary mailed by the department pursuant to
 11 subsection (c)(2) remains due after the purchase price is paid or the
 12 successor in liability takes possession of the assets, the department
 13 must issue a notice of proposed assessment to the successor in liability
 14 for any such tax due.

15 (h) A successor in liability may protest the underlying tax unless the
 16 transferring business has already exhausted its protest rights with
 17 regard to the underlying tax. A successor in liability may also protest
 18 whether they qualify as a successor in liability with regard to the tax.
 19 In addition, the successor in liability may protest by submitting
 20 evidence showing good cause for not submitting the required notice or
 21 completing the purchase before receiving a clearance letter from the
 22 department. In the event that the transferring business has protested any
 23 taxes identified in the department's notice mailed pursuant to
 24 subsection (c)(2), the potential successor in liability shall not be
 25 considered a successor in liability with respect to such taxes if the
 26 potential successor in liability places an amount in escrow sufficient to
 27 satisfy such taxes pending resolution of the transferring business's
 28 administrative and legal process protesting such taxes.

29 (i) A transfer in bulk shall not constitute a retail transaction except
 30 for any inventory, motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or rental property
 31 transferred.

32 (j) A transferor in bulk and any responsible ~~officer~~ **person** thereof
 33 shall not be relieved of liability for any tax, interest, or penalties when
 34 a successor in interest also becomes liable for the tax, interest, and
 35 penalties. No owner, shareholder, director, officer, or employee of a
 36 successor in liability shall be considered to be a responsible ~~officer~~
 37 **person** relative to any tax, interest or penalties owed by the purchaser
 38 as a successor.

39 (k) The department has discretion in assessing and collecting the tax
 40 due from any liable party, but the department cannot collect more than
 41 the total tax, interest, and penalties imposed. The ability of the
 42 department to impose collections fees on the liable parties as otherwise

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1 allowed by this article shall not be impacted by this section.

2 SECTION 7<=>[8]. IC 6-8.1-10-12, AS AMENDED BY
3 P.L.213-2025, SECTION 95, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) This section
5 applies to a penalty related to a tax liability to the extent that the:

- 6 (1) tax liability is for a listed tax;
- 7 (2) tax liability was due and payable, as determined under
- 8 IC 6-8.1-3-17(e), for a tax period ending before January 1, 2023;
- 9 (3) department establishes an amnesty program for the tax
- 10 liability under IC 6-8.1-3-17(c);
- 11 (4) individual or entity from which the tax liability is due was
- 12 eligible to participate in the amnesty program described in
- 13 subdivision (3); and
- 14 (5) tax liability is not paid:
 - 15 (A) in conformity with a payment program acceptable to the
 - 16 department that provides for payment of the unpaid listed
 - 17 taxes in full in the manner and time established in a written
 - 18 payment program agreement entered into between the
 - 19 department and the taxpayer under IC 6-8.1-3-17(c); or
 - 20 (B) if clause (A) does not apply, before the end of the amnesty
 - 21 period established by the department.

22 (b) Subject to subsection (c), if a penalty is imposed or otherwise
23 calculated under any combination of:

- 24 (1) IC 6-8.1-1-8;
- 25 (2) section 2.1 of this chapter;
- 26 (3) section 3 of this chapter;
- 27 (4) section 3.5 of this chapter;
- 28 (5) section 4 of this chapter;
- 29 (6) section 5 of this chapter;
- 30 (7) section 6 of this chapter;
- 31 (8) section 7 of this chapter;
- 32 (9) section 9 of this chapter; or
- 33 (10) IC 6-6;

34 an additional penalty is imposed under this section. The amount of the
35 additional penalty imposed under this section is equal to the sum of the
36 penalties imposed or otherwise calculated under the provisions listed
37 in subdivisions (1) through (10).

38 (c) The additional penalty provided by subsection (b) does not apply
39 if all of the following apply:

- 40 (1) The department imposes a penalty on a taxpayer or otherwise
- 41 calculates the penalty under the provisions described in
- 42 subsection (b)(1) through (b)(10).

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- 1 (2) The taxpayer against whom the penalty is imposed:
- 2 (A) timely files an original tax appeal in the tax court under
- 3 IC 6-8.1-5-1; and
- 4 (B) contests the department's imposition of the penalty or the
- 5 tax on which the penalty is based.
- 6 (3) The taxpayer meets all other jurisdictional requirements to
- 7 initiate the original tax appeal.
- 8 (4) Either the:
- 9 (A) tax court enjoins collection of the penalty or the tax on
- 10 which the penalty is based under IC 33-26-6-2; or
- 11 (B) department consents to an injunction against collection of
- 12 the penalty or tax without entry of an order by the tax court.

13 (d) The additional penalty provided by subsection (b) does not apply
 14 if the taxpayer:

- 15 (1) has a legitimate hold on making the payment as a result of an
- 16 audit, bankruptcy, protest, taxpayer advocate action, or another
- 17 reason permitted by the department;
- 18 (2) had established a payment plan with the department before [
- 19 ~~May 15, 2025;~~ **April 1, 2026;** or
- 20 (3) verifies with reasonable particularity that is satisfactory to the
- 21 commissioner that the taxpayer did not ever receive notice of the
- 22 outstanding tax liability; or
- 23 **(4) has a liability that consists only of a penalty imposed with**
- 24 **regard to a listed tax for a tax period or has a liability for**
- 25 **penalties that is greater than one hundred percent (100%) of**
- 26 **the total liabilities for listed taxes eligible for participation in**
- 27 **the tax amnesty program.**

28 SECTION 7 ~~69~~ [9]. IC 7.1-4-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 29 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. An excise tax,
 30 ~~referred to known~~ as the beer excise tax, **is imposed** at the rate of
 31 eleven and one-half cents (\$.115) a gallon ~~is imposed~~ upon the sale of
 32 beer or flavored malt beverage within Indiana.

33 SECTION ~~77~~ [80]. IC 7.1-4-2-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 34 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. ~~Copy of Invoice:~~ A
 35 brewer or beer wholesaler in this state ~~when he delivers beer to a~~
 36 ~~person,~~ shall make a ~~true duplicate copy of each~~ **copy of each** invoice ~~when~~
 37 **delivering beer to a person,** showing the date of delivery, the amount
 38 and value of the shipment and the name of the purchaser. The brewer
 39 or wholesaler shall give one (1) copy of the invoice to the purchaser,
 40 and ~~he also shall~~ retain one (1) copy for the use and inspection of the
 41 commission and the department, for a period of two (2) years. A beer
 42 wholesaler shall ~~keep;~~ **also keep** and retain for a period of two (2)

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1 years, a copy of all invoices for beer purchased or received by ~~him~~.
2 **them.**

3 SECTION ~~78~~ [81]. IC 7.1-4-2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. A beer wholesaler
5 within Indiana who receives beer or flavored malt beverage upon which
6 the beer excise tax has been paid shall be entitled to a refund of the
7 amount of the tax on all tax-paid beer or flavored malt beverage
8 shipped from Indiana by the wholesaler for sale outside Indiana. ~~or sold~~
9 ~~within Indiana under circumstances exempting the beer or flavored~~
10 ~~malt beverage from the excise tax. The department shall promulgate~~
11 ~~rules and regulations governing the form of application for and the~~
12 ~~evidence required to establish the right to a refund.~~

13 SECTION ~~79~~ [82]. IC 7.1-4-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. ~~Rate of Tax.~~ An
15 excise tax, **known as the liquor excise tax, is imposed** at the rate of
16 two dollars and sixty-eight cents (\$2.68) a gallon ~~is imposed~~ upon the
17 sale, gift, or the withdrawal for sale or gift, of liquor and wine that
18 contains twenty-one percent (21%), or more, of absolute alcohol
19 reckoned by volume.

20 SECTION ~~80~~ [3]. IC 7.1-4-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. ~~Transactions Exempt~~
22 ~~from Tax.~~ The liquor excise tax shall not apply to **the following**
23 **transactions:**

24 (1) The sale for delivery outside this state, or the withdrawal for
25 sale for delivery outside this state, of liquor and wine that
26 contains more than twenty-one percent (21%) of absolute alcohol
27 reckoned by volume.

28 (2) The liquor excise tax shall not apply to the sale or withdrawal
29 for sale of wine to a pastor, rabbi, or priest for sacramental or
30 religious purposes only.

31 SECTION ~~81~~ [4]. IC 7.1-4-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. An excise tax,
33 **known as the wine excise tax, is imposed** at the rate of forty-seven
34 cents (\$0.47) a gallon ~~is imposed~~ upon the manufacture and sale or gift,
35 or withdrawal for sale or gift, of wine, except hard cider, within this
36 state.

37 SECTION ~~82~~ [5]. IC 7.1-4-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) ~~Beverages to~~
39 ~~Which Tax is Applicable.~~ The wine excise tax shall apply to **the**
40 **following beverages:**

41 (1) Wine ~~that contains~~ **containing** less than twenty-one percent
42 (21%), of absolute alcohol reckoned by volume. ~~The wine excise~~

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1 tax also shall apply to an alcoholic beverage that contains
2 **(2) Alcoholic beverages containing** fifteen percent (15%), or
3 less, of absolute alcohol reckoned by volume, mixed with either
4 carbonated water or other potable ingredients, or both, by either
5 the manufacturer or the bottler, or both of them, and sold in a
6 container filled by the manufacturer or bottler, and which is
7 suitable for immediate consumption directly from the original
8 container.

9 **(b)** An alcoholic beverage that is subject to the wine excise tax shall
10 not be also subject to the liquor excise tax.

11 SECTION 8↔[6]. IC 7.1-4-4-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. ~~Power of~~
13 ~~Commission and Department.~~ The commission and the department
14 shall have the power to prescribe regulations and maintain gauges in a
15 winery, farm winery, or a wholesaler's premises for the proper gauging
16 of the alcoholic beverages to which the wine excise tax is applicable
17 and the assessment of that tax.

18 SECTION 8↔[7]. IC 7.1-4-4-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. ~~Transactions Exempt~~
20 ~~from Tax.~~ The wine excise tax shall not apply to the sale or withdrawal
21 for sale of wine to a pastor, rabbi, or priest for sacramental or religious
22 purposes only.

23 SECTION 8↔[8]. IC 7.1-4-4.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. An excise tax,
25 **known as the hard cider excise tax, is imposed** at the rate of eleven
26 and one-half cents (\$0.115) a gallon ~~is imposed~~ upon the manufacture
27 and sale or gift, or withdrawal for sale or gift, of hard cider within
28 Indiana.

29 SECTION 8↔[9]. IC 7.1-4-6-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) The ~~presence on~~
31 ~~the owner, possessor, or person in control of~~ premises ~~of,~~ or the
32 ~~possession by,~~ a person ~~of where there is the presence of~~ alcoholic
33 beverages or other articles subject to excise taxes or other fees
34 **imposed under this article, but that have not been paid, and upon**
35 **which the taxes and fees have not been paid shall impose upon the**
36 ~~possessor, or the owner, or person in control, of the premises, the duty~~
37 **to pay be liable for** all the taxes and fees due and unpaid, even though
38 the presence or the possession is unlawful under this title. In addition,
39 penalties for unpaid fees shall be assessed as follows:

- 40 (1) In the case of fraud the department shall assess and collect a
41 penalty in an amount equal to the unpaid fees.
- 42 (2) In the case of mistake, inadvertence, or negligence, not

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1 amounting to fraud, the department shall assess and collect a
2 penalty in an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the unpaid
3 fees.

4 **(b) A person that is liable for the payment of any tax or other fee**
5 **under this article is subject to the penalty imposed under**
6 **subsection (a) if the person fails to:**

- 7 **(1) timely remit the full tax or fee; or**
- 8 **(2) timely submit an alcoholic beverage excise tax return,**
9 **including an information return or report, or a return**
10 **showing no tax liability, and all required attachments.**

11 **(c) With regard to unpaid taxes described under subsection (a),**
12 **penalties shall be assessed under IC 6-8.1.**

13 **(d) If a person fails to pay the full amount of tax due on or**
14 **before the due date, the discount for timely payment will be**
15 **disallowed.**

16 SECTION ~~87~~ [90]. IC 7.1-4-6-2.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2.1. ~~(a) The department~~
18 ~~shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to govern the assessment and~~
19 ~~collection of penalties provided in section 2 of this chapter.~~

20 ~~(b) The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to coordinate~~
21 ~~compliance with the laws, rules, and administrative policies governing~~
22 ~~the assessment and collection of sales taxes.~~

23 SECTION ~~88~~ [91]. IC 7.1-4-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. ~~(a) Collection of~~
25 ~~Excise Taxes. The department shall collect the excise taxes imposed by~~
26 ~~this title.~~

27 **(b) An alcoholic beverage subject to a tax under this article shall**
28 **be taxed only once, at the first sale or withdrawal for sale, in the**
29 **following manner:**

- 30 **(1) When a primary source of supply located within Indiana**
31 **sells, or withdraws for sale, alcohol to a person in Indiana, the**
32 **primary source of alcohol is responsible for paying the tax.**
- 33 **(2) When a wholesaler located within Indiana receives alcohol**
34 **from a primary source of supply not located in Indiana, the**
35 **wholesaler located within Indiana is responsible for paying**
36 **the tax.**
- 37 **(3) When a permit holder sells, or withdraws for sale, alcohol**
38 **directly to a retailer or consumer, the permit holder is**
39 **responsible for paying the tax.**

40 SECTION ~~89~~ [92]. IC 7.1-4-6-3.6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
41 JULY 1, 2026]. Sec. 3.6. Rules and Regulations. The department, in
42 consultation with the commission, shall have the power to promulgate

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1 rules and regulations governing the use of a unified system of reporting
2 alcoholic beverage excise tax liability and the form of the returns:

3 SECTION 9~~0~~[3]. IC 7.1-4-6-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
4 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 3.7. (a) A person may claim a**
6 **deduction on the monthly return under the following**
7 **circumstances:**

8 (1) the person made an exempt sale or withdrawal for sale of
9 an alcoholic beverage under section 5.5 of this chapter.

10 (2) an alcoholic beverage was damaged or destroyed while in
11 the person's possession; or

12 (2) an alcoholic beverage was returned by the person to the
13 primary source of supply.

14 (b) In order to claim a deduction or receive a refund of an
15 alcoholic beverage excise tax, the following proof must be retained:

16 (1) For an exempt sale under section 5.5 of this chapter, the
17 following:

18 (A) If the sale is to the United States government, its
19 agencies, or its instrumentalities, copies of the invoice
20 stating the regular selling price less the excise tax.

21 (B) If the sale is to a person other than the United States
22 government, its agencies, or its instrumentalities, copies of
23 the invoice showing:

24 (i) the purchaser's name;

25 (ii) the address;

26 (iii) the date;

27 (iv) the amount of beer sold; and

28 (v) any other information reasonably required by the
29 department.

30 (2) For returned alcoholic beverages, copies of the invoice or
31 invoices showing the following:

32 (A) Name of the primary source of supply.

33 (B) Credit invoice number.

34 (C) Date returned.

35 (D) Date excise tax was paid.

36 (E) Gallons returned.

37 (3) For alcoholic beverages that have been damaged or
38 destroyed, any information reasonably required by the
39 department.

40 (c) If this deduction exceeds the liabilities owed to the state on
41 that monthly return, the department shall refund the tax to the
42 person.



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1 (d) If the person does not claim the deduction on the monthly
2 return, the refund procedures under IC 6-8.1-9-1 will apply.

3 (e) The tax paid on alcoholic beverages subsequently lost or
4 stolen cannot be deducted, refunded, or credited.

5 SECTION 9-4-4 [4]. IC 7.1-4-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 4. ~~Discount for Timely~~
7 ~~Payment~~. The department shall allow a taxpayer a discount of one and
8 one-half percent (1 1/2%) of the amount of excise taxes otherwise due
9 for the accurate reporting and timely remitting of the excise taxes
10 imposed by this title.

11 SECTION 9-4-5 [5]. IC 7.1-4-6-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. ~~When Sale is Made~~.
13 For alcoholic beverage excise tax purposes, a sale shall not be deemed
14 to have been made until the goods leave the custody of the seller.

15 SECTION 9-4-5.5 [6]. IC 7.1-4-6-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
16 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5.5. (a) Sales or withdrawals from
18 sale of alcoholic beverages intended for export to a state outside
19 Indiana are exempt from alcoholic beverage excise tax.

20 (b) Sales or withdrawals of alcoholic beverages for sale to the
21 United States government, its agencies, and instrumentalities,
22 including military facilities, are exempt from alcoholic beverage
23 excise tax. However, sales to individuals, private stores, or
24 concessionaires located upon federal areas are not exempt.

25 (c) Sales or withdrawals for sale of wine to a pastor, rabbi, or
26 priest for sacramental or religious purposes are exempt only from
27 the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3) and the wine excise tax
28 (IC 7.1-4-4).

29 (d) Lost or stolen alcoholic beverages are not exempt from the
30 alcoholic beverage excise tax.

31 SECTION 9-4-6 [7]. IC 7.1-4-6-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. ~~Floor Stock Tax Not~~
33 ~~Imposed~~. The provisions of this article shall not be construed as
34 imposing a floor stock tax on the goods held by a permittee of any type
35 under this title.

36 SECTION 9-4-7 [8]. IC 7.1-4-6-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2024,
37 SECTION 272, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
38 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 7. ~~Appropriation for~~
39 ~~Administration~~. There shall be an annual appropriation, from the sum
40 of money allocated to the general fund by this title, of a sum of money
41 necessary for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title.
42 The claims for operating expenses incurred under the provisions of this

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1 title shall be filed with and paid by the state comptroller. Equipment
2 shall be purchased only upon a requisition approved by the department
3 of administration.

4 SECTION 9<6>[9]. IC 7.1-4-6-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. ~~(a) Duty of Attorney~~
6 ~~General and Local Prosecutor~~. If a person who holds a permit under
7 this title:

8 (1) fails to account for, or pay over to the chairman or the
9 department, or both, an annual license fee, or excise tax, or other
10 levy imposed by this title; or

11 (2) defaults in a condition of ~~his~~ **the person's** bond; or if a ~~person~~;
12 ~~licensed under this title or not~~];<

13 > (3) fails or refuses to pay to the chairman or the department an
14 obligation, liability, forfeiture, or penalty imposed upon ~~him~~ **the**
15 **person** by this title, **whether the person is licensed under this**
16 **title or not;**

17 the chairman or the department shall report that fact to the attorney
18 general of Indiana who shall immediately institute the necessary action
19 for the recovery of the sum due the state by reason of this title.

20 (b) The state shall be entitled to all liens and remedies allowed by
21 law for the collection of the sum due the state.

22 (c) It is the duty of the prosecuting attorney of the proper county to
23 assist the attorney general in these matters whenever the attorney
24 general requests his assistance.

25 SECTION <97>[100]. IC 7.1-4-9-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 8. ~~Basis of Distribution~~
27 ~~and Use~~. The monies in the excise fund that is distributed to a county,
28 city or town shall be distributed in direct proportion to the amount of
29 retailer's or dealer's annual license fees paid in respect to licensed
30 premises situated in a city or town, or situated within a county but
31 outside the corporate limits of a city or town. The money distributed
32 shall be credited to the general fund of the county, city or town and the
33 funds shall be budgeted according to law.

34 SECTION <98>[101]. IC 7.1-4-9-9, AS AMENDED BY
35 P.L.9-2024, SECTION 275, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. ~~Time of Distribution~~. The
37 distribution of the excise fund to be paid into the general fund of a
38 county, city or town shall be distributed by the state treasurer
39 semi-annually on the first day of June and the first day of December of
40 each year. The state comptroller is authorized to draw the state
41 comptroller's warrants to the treasurers of the several governmental
42 subdivisions when the distribution is presented to the state comptroller.

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1 SECTION ~~<99>~~[102]. IC 7.1-4-9-10, AS AMENDED BY
 2 P.L.9-2024, SECTION 276, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 3 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 10. ~~Appropriation from General~~
 4 ~~Fund~~. There is appropriated from the monies allocated to the general
 5 fund under this title, a necessary sum of money to make up any
 6 deficiency between the sums from the excise fund actually paid over to
 7 the treasuries of the several governmental subdivisions during their
 8 respective current fiscal years, and the estimate of funds to be
 9 distributed to them during the current fiscal year as computed by the
 10 state board of accounts and as considered by the governmental unit in
 11 preparation of its budget for the current fiscal year. The state board of
 12 accounts shall determine whether a deficiency exists at the close of the
 13 current fiscal year of each governmental unit. The amount of a
 14 deficiency so determined shall be paid to the governmental unit on
 15 warrant issued by the state comptroller not later than one (1) month
 16 after the close of the respective current fiscal year.

17 SECTION 10~~<3>~~[3]. IC 7.1-4-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 18 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. ~~Use of Funds~~. The
 19 monies in the enforcement and administration fund shall be used and
 20 disbursed solely for the enforcement and administration of this title,
 21 and for no other purpose. Any unexpended balance remaining in the
 22 fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse but shall remain
 23 exclusively appropriated and available only for the purpose of the
 24 enforcement and administration of this title.

25 SECTION 10~~<4>~~[4]. IC 35-52-6-62.5 IS ADDED TO THE
 26 INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 27 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 62.5. IC 6-8.1-8-18 defines a**
 28 **crime concerning taxes.**

29 SECTION 10~~<5>~~[5]. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023
 30 (RETROACTIVE)] (a) **IC 6-2.5-9-12, as added by this act, is**
 31 **effective for transactions occurring after June 30, 2023.**

32 (b) **For purposes of IC 6-2.5-9-12, as added by this act, all**
 33 **transactions shall be considered as having occurred after June 30,**
 34 **2023, to the extent that delivery of the vehicle, aircraft, cargo**
 35 **trailer, or watercraft constituting selling at retail is made after that**
 36 **date to the purchaser or to the place of delivery designated by the**
 37 **purchaser. However, a transaction shall be considered as having**
 38 **occurred before July 1, 2023, to the extent that the agreement of**
 39 **the parties to the transaction was entered into before July 1, 2023,**
 40 **and payment for the vehicle, aircraft, cargo trailer, or watercraft**
 41 **furnished in the transaction is made before July 1, 2023,**
 42 **notwithstanding the delivery of the vehicle after June 30, 2023.**

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1 (c) This SECTION expires July 1, 2029.

2 SECTION 103[6]. [EFFECTIVE JULY 4, 2025
3 (RETROACTIVE)] (a) IC 6-3-1-3.5, IC 6-3-2-2.5, IC 6-3-2-2.6, and
4 IC 6-5.5-1-2, all as amended by this act, apply to taxable years
5 ending after July 4, 2025.

6 (b) IC 6-3-2-30, as added by this act, applies to qualified
7 production property placed in service after July 4, 2025.

8 (c) This SECTION expires July 1, 2030.

9 SECTION 104[7]. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2026
10 (RETROACTIVE)] (a) IC 6-3-4.5-14 and IC 6-8.1-5-2, as amended
11 by this act, are effective for final adjustments and modifications
12 received by the department after December 31, 2025.

13 (b) IC 6-8.1-9-1, as amended by this act, is effective for
14 modifications issued by the Internal Revenue Service after
15 December 31, 2025.

16 (c) This SECTION expires July 1, 2029.

17 SECTION 105[8]. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026] (a)
18 IC 6-8.1-8-2, as amended by this act, is effective for tax warrants
19 filed after June 30, 2026.

20 (b) For purposes of a tax warrant renewal filed under
21 IC 6-8.1-8-2(f)(3), the extension of the tax warrant to all choses in
22 action in the state or real or tangible personal property in this state
23 apply to renewals filed with a county after June 30, 2026.

24 (c) If the department wishes to extend a tax warrant filed before
25 July 1, 2026, to the entire state, the department must amend the tax
26 warrant with one (1) or more counties in which the department
27 previously has filed the tax warrant, or file an additional tax
28 warrant in one (1) or more counties in which the department would
29 be permitted to file a tax warrant, after June 30, 2026.

30 (d) This SECTION expires July 1, 2029.

31 SECTION 106[9]. An emergency is declared for this act. [

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