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## SENATE BILL No. 179

AM017909 has been incorporated into January 27, 2026 printing.

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**Synopsis:** Indiana department of transportation.

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SB 179—LS 6725/DI 137



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Reprinted  
January 27, 2026

Second Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2026)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2025 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 179

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning transportation.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 6-3.5-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2025,  
2 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) An adopting entity of any county may,  
4 subject to the limitation imposed by subsection (e), adopt an ordinance  
5 to impose a county vehicle excise tax in accordance with this chapter  
6 on each vehicle that is subject to the vehicle excise tax under IC 6-6-5  
7 and that is registered in the county. **However, a county may not after**  
8 **December 31, 2026, impose a county vehicle excise tax on a vehicle**  
9 **that is registered in an adopting municipality (as defined in**  
10 **IC 6-3.5-10-1) in which a municipal vehicle excise tax is in effect.**  
11 (b) If a county does not use a transportation asset management  
12 plan approved by the Indiana department of transportation, the  
13 adopting entity of the county may impose the surtax either:  
14 (1) at a rate of not less than two percent (2%) nor more than ten  
15 percent (10%); or  
16 (2) at a specific amount of at least seven dollars and fifty cents  
17 (\$7.50) and not more than twenty-five dollars (\$25).

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1 However, the surtax on a vehicle may not be less than seven dollars and  
 2 fifty cents (\$7.50). The adopting entity shall state the surtax rate or  
 3 amount in the ordinance which imposes the tax.

4 (c) Except as provided in subsection (i), if a county uses a  
 5 transportation asset management plan approved by the Indiana  
 6 department of transportation, the adopting entity of the county may  
 7 impose the surtax either:

8 (1) at a rate of at least two percent (2%) and not more than  
 9 twenty percent (20%); or

10 (2) at a specific amount of at least seven dollars and fifty cents  
 11 (\$7.50) and not more than fifty dollars (\$50).

12 However, the surtax on a vehicle may not be less than seven dollars and  
 13 fifty cents (\$7.50). The adopting entity shall state the surtax rate or  
 14 amount in the ordinance that imposes the tax.

15 (d) Subject to the limits and requirements of this section and  
 16 except as provided in IC 6-6-5-0.5(2), the adopting entity may do any  
 17 of the following:

18 (1) Impose the county vehicle excise tax at the same rate or  
 19 amount on each vehicle that is subject to the tax.

20 (2) Impose the county vehicle excise tax on vehicles subject to  
 21 the tax at one (1) or more different rates based on the class of  
 22 vehicle listed in IC 6-6-5-2(a).

23 (e) The adopting entity may not adopt an ordinance to impose the  
 24 surtax unless it concurrently adopts an ordinance under IC 6-3.5-5 to  
 25 impose the wheel tax.

26 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or  
 27 IC 6-3.5-5, ordinances adopted by a county council before June 1,  
 28 2013, to impose or change the county vehicle excise tax and the annual  
 29 wheel tax in the county remain in effect until the ordinances are  
 30 amended or repealed under this chapter or IC 6-3.5-5.

31 (g) Except as provided under section 7.5 of this chapter (before its  
 32 expiration on December 31, 2023) and subject to subsection (h), a  
 33 county vehicle excise tax imposed by this chapter for a vehicle is due  
 34 and shall be paid each year at the time the vehicle is registered.

35 (h) If the county vehicle excise tax imposed by this chapter was  
 36 not paid for one (1) or more preceding years, the bureau may collect  
 37 only the county vehicle excise tax imposed by this chapter for the:

38 (1) registration year immediately preceding the current  
 39 registration year;

40 (2) current registration year; and

41 (3) registration year immediately following the current  
 42 registration year.



(i) Beginning July 1, 2025, if a county containing a consolidated city uses a transportation asset management plan approved by the Indiana department of transportation, the adopting entity of the county may impose the surtax either:

- (1) at a rate of at least two percent (2%) and not more than twenty percent (20%); or
- (2) at a specific amount of at least seven dollars and fifty cents (\$7.50) and not more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150).

However, the surtax on a vehicle may not be less than seven dollars and fifty cents (\$7.50). The adopting entity shall state the surtax rate or amount in the ordinance that imposes the tax.

SECTION 2. IC 6-3.5-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2019, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. If an adopting entity adopts an ordinance imposing the surtax after December 31 but before September 1 of the following year, ~~a vehicle is subject to the tax if it is registered in the county~~ **surtax applies** after December 31 of the year in which the ordinance is adopted. If an adopting entity adopts an ordinance imposing the surtax after August 31 but before the following January 1, ~~a vehicle is subject to the tax if it is registered in the county~~ **surtax applies** after December 31 of the year following the year in which the ordinance is adopted. However, in the first year the surtax is effective, the surtax does not apply to the registration of a vehicle for the registration year that commenced in the calendar year preceding the year the surtax is first effective.

SECTION 3. IC 6-3.5-4-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2016, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) In the case of a county that does not contain a consolidated city of the first class, the county treasurer shall deposit the surtax revenues in a fund to be known as the "\_\_\_\_\_ County Surtax Fund".

(b) Before the twentieth day of each month, the county auditor shall allocate the money deposited in the county surtax fund during that month among the county and the cities and the towns in the county **that are not adopting municipalities (as defined in IC 6-3.5-10-1) in which a municipal vehicle excise tax is in effect.** The county auditor shall allocate the money to counties, cities, and towns under IC 8-14-2-4(c)(1) through IC 8-14-2-4(c)(3), **except that for purposes of making the allocations:**

- (1) the population of a city or town that is an adopting municipality in which a municipal vehicle excise tax is in effect is considered to be zero (0);

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(2) the street mileage of a city or town that is an adopting municipality in which a municipal vehicle excise tax is in effect is considered to be zero (0) miles; and

(3) the allocation to a city or town that is an adopting municipality in which a municipal vehicle excise tax is in effect is zero dollars (\$0).

(c) Before the twenty-fifth day of each month, the county treasurer shall distribute to the county and the cities and towns in the county the money deposited in the county surtax fund during that month. The county treasurer shall base the distribution on allocations made by the county auditor for that month under subsection (b).

(d) A county, city, or town may only use the surtax revenues it receives under this section:

(1) to construct, reconstruct, repair, or maintain streets and roads under its jurisdiction; or

(2) for the county's, city's, or town's contribution to obtain a grant from the local road and bridge matching grant fund under IC 8-23-30.

SECTION 4. IC 6-3.5-5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2025, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The adopting entity of any county may, subject to the limitation imposed by subsection (b), adopt an ordinance to impose a county wheel tax in accordance with this chapter on each vehicle that:

(1) is included in one (1) of the classes of vehicles listed in section 3 of this chapter;

(2) is not exempt from the wheel tax under section 4 of this chapter; and

(3) is registered in the county.

**However, a county may not after December 31, 2026, impose a county wheel tax on a vehicle that is registered in an adopting municipality (as defined in IC 6-3.5-11-1) in which a municipal wheel tax is in effect.**

(b) The adopting entity of a county may not adopt an ordinance to impose the wheel tax unless it concurrently adopts an ordinance under IC 6-3.5-4 to impose the county vehicle excise tax.

(c) The adopting entity may impose the wheel tax at a different rate for each of the classes of vehicles listed in section 3 of this chapter. In addition, the adopting entity may establish different rates within the classes of buses, semitrailers, trailers, tractors, and trucks based on weight classifications of those vehicles that are established by the bureau of motor vehicles for use throughout Indiana. Except as

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otherwise provided in subsection (f), the wheel tax rate for a particular class or weight classification of vehicles:

(1) may not be less than five dollars (\$5) and may not exceed forty dollars (\$40), if the county does not use a transportation asset management plan approved by the Indiana department of transportation; or

(2) may not be less than five dollars (\$5) and may not exceed eighty dollars (\$80), if the county uses a transportation asset management plan approved by the Indiana department of transportation.

The adopting entity shall state the initial wheel tax rates in the ordinance that imposes the tax.

(d) Subject to subsection (e), a wheel tax imposed by this chapter for a vehicle is due and shall be paid each year at the time the vehicle is registered.

(e) If the county wheel tax imposed by this chapter was not paid for one (1) or more preceding years, the bureau may collect only the county wheel tax imposed by this chapter for the:

(1) registration year immediately preceding the current registration year;

(2) current registration year; and

(3) registration year immediately following the current registration year.

(f) Beginning July 1, 2025, if a county containing a consolidated city uses a transportation asset management plan approved by the Indiana department of transportation, the wheel tax rate for a particular class or weight classification of vehicles may not be less than five dollars (\$5) and may not exceed two hundred forty dollars (\$240).

SECTION 5. IC 6-3.5-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2017, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. If an adopting entity adopts an ordinance imposing the wheel tax after December 31 but before September 1 of the following year, ~~a vehicle described in section 2(a) of this chapter is subject to the wheel tax if it is registered in the county applies~~ after December 31 of the year in which the ordinance is adopted. If an adopting entity adopts an ordinance imposing the wheel tax after August 31 but before the following January 1, ~~a vehicle described in section 2(a) of this chapter is subject to the wheel tax if it is registered in the county applies~~ after December 31 of the year following the year in which the ordinance is adopted. However, in the first year the tax is effective, the tax does not apply to the registration of a motor vehicle for the registration year that commenced in the calendar year preceding

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the year the tax is first effective.

SECTION 6. IC 6-3.5-5-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2016, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) In the case of a county that does not contain a consolidated city, the county treasurer shall deposit the wheel tax revenues in a fund to be known as the "County Wheel Tax Fund".

(b) Before the twentieth day of each month, the county auditor shall allocate the money deposited in the county wheel tax fund during that month among the county and the cities and the towns in the county **that are not adopting municipalities (as defined in IC 6-3.5-11-1) in which a municipal wheel tax is in effect.** The county auditor shall allocate the money to counties, cities, and towns under IC 8-14-2-4(c)(1) through IC 8-14-2-4(c)(3), **except that for purposes of making the allocations:**

(1) the population of a city or town that is an adopting municipality in which a municipal wheel tax is in effect is considered to be zero (0);

(2) the street mileage of a city or town that is an adopting municipality in which a municipal wheel tax is in effect is considered to be zero (0) miles; and

(3) the allocation to a city or town that is an adopting municipality in which a municipal wheel tax is in effect is zero dollars (\$0).

(c) Before the twenty-fifth day of each month, the county treasurer shall distribute to the county and the cities and towns in the county the money deposited in the county wheel tax fund during that month. The county treasurer shall base the distribution on allocations made by the county auditor for that month under subsection (b).

(d) A county, city, or town may only use the wheel tax revenues it receives under this section:

(1) to construct, reconstruct, repair, or maintain streets and roads under its jurisdiction;

(2) as a contribution to an authority established under IC 36-7-23; or

(3) for the county's, city's, or town's contribution to obtain a grant from the local road and bridge matching grant fund under IC 8-23-30.

SECTION 7. IC 8-23-2-6.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: **Sec. 6.1. (a) The department may assume the responsibilities of the United States Department of Transportation with respect to the United States Department of Transportation's**



duties under the federal National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and other federal environmental laws. The department may:

(1) assume responsibility under 23 U.S.C. 326 and 23 U.S.C. 327; and

(2) enter into one (1) or more agreements, including memoranda of understanding, with the United States Department of Transportation related to:

(A) designating categorical exclusions from federally required environmental assessments or impact statements for highway projects, as provided in 23 U.S.C. 326; and

(B) the federal surface transportation project delivery program for the delivery of transportation projects, including highway, railroad, public transportation, and multimodal projects, as provided in 23 U.S.C. 327.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the department waives its immunity from civil liability, including immunity from suit in federal court, and consents to the jurisdiction of the federal courts over its civil liability with regard to the compliance, discharge, or enforcement of the responsibilities assumed by the department under subsection (a).

(c) Subsection (b) applies only to those actions that are authorized under subsection (a) and does not create liability for the department that exceeds the liability created under 23 U.S.C. 326 and 23 U.S.C. 327.

(d) The department may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section. The department may adopt the relevant federal environmental standards as the standards for a program described in subsection (a)(2).

SECTION 8. IC 8-23-2-12.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 12.7. (a) As used in this section, "construction engineering inspection services" means services performed during the construction of a project to ensure the project is built in accordance with the plans and specifications for the project. The term does not include the design or engineering of a project.

(b) As used in this section, "contractor" means a person who provides construction engineering inspection services for a project under a contract with the department.

(c) As used in this section, "third party" means a person who





1 is not an employee of a contractor.

2 (d) A contractor is not civilly or criminally liable for a claim  
3 made by a third party concerning:

- 4 (1) death or bodily injury;  
5 (2) property damage;  
6 (3) design defects; or  
7 (4) any other loss, damage, or expense;

8 arising from a motor vehicle accident that occurs within a worksite  
9 (as defined in IC 9-13-2-200) of a project for which the contractor  
10 provided construction engineering inspection services.

11 SECTION 9. IC 8-23-30-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2025,  
12 SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
13 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The local road and bridge matching  
14 grant fund is established to provide matching grants to local units for  
15 eligible projects.

16 (b) The department shall administer the fund.

17 (c) The fund consists of the following:

- 18 (1) Appropriations by the general assembly.  
19 (2) Interest deposited in the fund under subsection (d).  
20 (3) Money deposited in or transferred to the fund from any other  
21 source.

22 (d) The treasurer of state shall invest money in the fund not  
23 currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same  
24 manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that accrues  
25 from these investments shall be deposited in the fund.

26 (e) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not  
27 revert to the state general fund.

28 (f) Not later than June 1, 2025, the department shall report to the  
29 state comptroller the amount of matching grants awarded by the  
30 department from the fund in the state fiscal year beginning July 1,  
31 2024, and ending June 30, 2025, that the department will not distribute  
32 before July 1, 2025.

33 (g) The state comptroller shall determine the balance of the money  
34 in the fund on June 15, 2025, and on June 15 of each year thereafter.  
35 After determining the balance of money in the fund under this  
36 subsection, the money in the fund must be allocated in accordance with  
37 subsection (h), transferred in accordance with subsections (i) and (j),  
38 and distributed in accordance with subsection (k).

39 (h) After determining the balance of the money in the fund under  
40 subsection (g), the money in the fund must first be allocated as follows:

- 41 (1) On June 30, 2025, the department must allocate the total of  
42 the amount determined under subsection (f) plus one hundred

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million dollars (\$100,000,000) of money in the fund to make matching grants in the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2026, to all local units. The department may not award more than ~~one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000)~~ **one hundred seventy-five million dollars (\$175,000,000)** of matching grants in the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2026. **The department may not award a local unit more than one (1) matching grant in the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2026.**

(2) On June 30, 2026, and June 30 of each year thereafter, the department must allocate the first one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) of money in the fund to make matching grants in the next state fiscal year to all local units.

(i) After the department allocates the money in the fund under subsection (h), the state comptroller shall make the following five (5) transfers:

(1) On June 30, 2026, a transfer of:

(A) to the state general fund, the total amount of the state tax credits certified for 2025 by the department of state revenue under IC 6-3.1-38.1-8(c); and

(B) to the department, an amount equal to twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) minus the amount under clause (A) for deposit in the state highway road construction and improvement fund established under IC 8-14-10 for the department's use in financing a railroad crossing upgrade project as described in IC 8-14.5-8.

(2) On June 30, 2027, a transfer of:

(A) to the state general fund, the total amount of the state tax credits certified for 2026 by the department of state revenue under IC 6-3.1-38.1-8(c); and

(B) to the department, an amount equal to twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) minus the amount under clause (A) for deposit in the state highway road construction and improvement fund established under IC 8-14-10 for the department's use in financing a railroad crossing upgrade project as described in IC 8-14.5-8.

(3) On June 30, 2028, a transfer of:

(A) to the state general fund, the total amount of the state tax credits certified for 2027 by the department of state revenue under IC 6-3.1-38.1-8(c); and

(B) to the department, an amount equal to twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) minus the amount under clause (A)

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for deposit in the state highway road construction and improvement fund established under IC 8-14-10 for the department's use in financing a railroad crossing upgrade project as described in IC 8-14.5-8.

(4) On June 30, 2029, a transfer of twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) to the department for deposit in the state highway road construction and improvement fund established under IC 8-14-10 for the department's use in financing a railroad crossing upgrade project as described in IC 8-14.5-8.

(5) On June 30, 2030, a transfer of twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) to the department for deposit in the state highway road construction and improvement fund established under IC 8-14-10 for the department's use in financing a railroad crossing upgrade project as described in IC 8-14.5-8.

(j) Beginning on June 30, 2027, and on June 30 of each year thereafter, after the department allocates the money under subsection (h) and the state comptroller makes a transfer under subsection (i), when applicable, the state comptroller shall transfer fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) of money in the fund to the consolidated city in Marion County for the construction, reconstruction, and preservation of the consolidated city's local streets (as defined in IC 8-14-2-1(9)). The consolidated city in Marion County shall not use these revenues for:

- (1) reducing the capacity of existing roads and streets;
- (2) greenways;
- (3) bike lanes;
- (4) bike trails; and
- (5) sidewalks.

One hundred percent (100%) of the money distributed to the consolidated city under this subsection shall be matched with an appropriation by the consolidated city. The appropriation required under this subsection must be new revenue and may not include revenue allocated to public safety purposes under IC 6-3.6-6.

(k) ~~Beginning~~ On June 30, 2027, **2026, after the state comptroller makes a transfer under subsection (i),** and on June 30 of each year thereafter, after the state comptroller makes a transfer under subsection (j), the state comptroller shall distribute the remainder of the money in the fund, as follows:

- (1) To be eligible to receive a distribution under this subsection, a local unit must have:
  - (A) adopted a wheel tax; and
  - (B) provided the local technical assistance program at

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1 Purdue University with an updated transportation asset  
2 management plan within the last twelve (12) months.

3 (2) The distribution to a local unit eligible to receive a  
4 distribution under subdivision (1) must be proportional to the  
5 local unit's share of the total lane mileage for all local units  
6 eligible to receive a distribution under subdivision (1). The  
7 department shall provide to the state comptroller the total lane  
8 mileage for purposes of making the distribution under this  
9 subsection.

10 A local unit may use a distribution made under this subsection only for  
11 eligible projects.

12 (l) Money in the fund is continuously appropriated for the purpose  
13 of the fund.

14 (m) Money in the fund may not be transferred, assigned, or  
15 otherwise removed from the fund by the state board of finance, the  
16 budget agency, or any other agency until after budget committee  
17 review, except for either or both of the following purposes:

18 (1) The department may distribute funds to a local unit that has  
19 been approved for a grant under this chapter without budget  
20 committee review.

21 (2) To transfer money in the fund under subsections (i) and (j)  
22 and to 10. a distribution under subsection (k) without budget  
23 committee review.

24 SECTION 11. IC 8-23-30-3.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2025,  
25 SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
26 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. In each state fiscal year beginning after  
27 June 30, ~~2027~~, **2026**, a local unit that receives a distribution under  
28 section 2(k) of this chapter may not apply for a grant under section 2(h)  
29 of this chapter in an amount that is greater than the maximum grant  
30 amount set under section 8 of this chapter minus the am 12. the local  
31 unit received from a distribution under section 2(k) of this chapter.

32 SECTION 13. IC 8-23-30-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2025,  
33 SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
34 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. If the department approves a grant to a local  
35 unit under this chapter, the required local matching amount by the local  
36 unit is equal to the following applicable percentage of the total cost of  
37 the eligible project:

38 (1) For a county applicant, the following:

39 (A) Fifty percent (50%), if the county has a population  
40 greater than or equal to fifty-five thousand (55,000).

41 (B) Twenty percent (20%), if the county has a population of  
42 less than fifty-five thousand (55,000).

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(2) For a city or town applicant, the following:

(A) Fifty percent (50%), if the city or town has a population greater than or equal to ~~ten thousand (10,000)~~: **twelve thousand five hundred (12,500)**.

(B) Twenty percent (20%), if the city or town has a population of less than ~~ten 14. (10,000)~~: **twelve thousand five hundred (12,500)**.

SECTION 15. IC 9-20-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016, SECTION 339, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), a person may not operate or cause to be operated upon a highway a vehicle or combination of vehicles having weight in excess of one (1) or more of the following limitations:

(1) The total gross weight, with load, in pounds of any vehicle or combination of vehicles may not exceed an overall gross weight on a group of two (2) or more consecutive axles produced by application of the following formula:

$$W = 500 \{ [(LN) \div (N-1)] + 12N + 36 \}$$

where W equals the overall gross weight on any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles to the nearest five hundred (500) pounds, L equals the distance in feet between the extreme of any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles, and N equals the number of axles in the group under consideration, except that two (2) consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross load of thirty-four thousand (34,000) pounds each, providing the overall distance between the first and last axles of the consecutive sets of tandem axles is thirty-six (36) feet or more. The overall gross weight limit, calculated under this subdivision, may not exceed eighty thousand (80,000) pounds.

(2) The weight concentrated on the roadway surface from any tandem axle group may not exceed the following:

(A) Thirty-four thousand (34,000) pounds total weight.

(B) Twenty thousand (20,000) pounds on an individual axle in a tandem group.

(3) A vehicle may not have a maximum wheel weight, unladen or with load, in excess of eight hundred (800) pounds per inch width of tire, measured between the flanges of the rim or an axle weight in excess of twenty thousand (20,000) pounds.

(b) The enforcement of weight limits under this section is subject to the following:

(1) It is lawful to operate within the scope of a permit, under weight limitations established by the Indiana department of

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1 transportation and in effect on July 1, 1956, as provided in  
2 IC 9-20-6.

3 (2) It is lawful to operate or cause to be operated a vehicle or  
4 combination of vehicles on a heavy duty highway or an extra  
5 heavy duty highway designated by the Indiana department of  
6 transportation if operated within the imposed limitations.

7 (3) Subsection (a) does not apply to any highway, road, street, or  
8 bridge for which a lesser weight limit is imposed by local  
9 authorities under IC 9-20-1-3 or IC 9-20-7-2. However, the local  
10 authority may by appropriate action establish and designate a  
11 county or city highway, road, or street or part of a highway, road,  
12 or street as a heavy duty highway subject to the weight  
13 limitations established under IC 9-20-5.

14 (4) Vehicles operated on toll road facilities are subject to rules  
15 of weight adopted for toll road facilities by the Indiana  
16 department of transportation under IC 8-15-2 and are not subject  
17 to subsection (a) when operated on a toll road facility.

18 (5) For purposes of a heavy duty vehicle that is equipped with an  
19 auxiliary power unit, the weight limitations provided in  
20 subsection (a) are increased by four hundred (400) pounds.

21 (6) For purposes of a vehicle that uses natural gas as a motor fuel  
22 **or is powered primarily by means of electric battery power,**  
23 the weight limitations provided in subsection (a) are increased  
24 by two thousand (2,000) pounds.

25 (c) The greater of the weight limits imposed under subsection (a)  
26 or this subsection applies to vehicles operated upon a highway. The  
27 weight limits in effect on January 4, 1975, for any highway that is not  
28 designated as a heavy duty highway under IC 9-20-5 are the following:

29 (1) The total gross weight, with load, in pounds of a vehicle or  
30 combination of vehicles may not exceed seventy-three thousand  
31 two hundred eighty (73,280) pounds.

32 (2) The total weight concentrated on the roadway surface from  
33 a tandem axle group may not exceed sixteen thousand (16,000)  
34 pounds for each axle of a tandem assembly.

35 (3) A vehicle may not have a maximum wheel weight, unladen  
36 or with load, in excess of eight hundred (800) pounds per inch  
37 width of tire, measured between the flanges of the rim, or an axle  
38 weight greater than eighteen thousand (18,000) pounds.

39 (d) For purposes of this section, "auxiliary power unit" means an  
40 integrated system that:

41 (1) provides heat, air conditioning, engine warming, or  
42 electricity to components on a heavy duty vehicle; and



(2) is certified by the administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency under 40 CFR 89 as meeting applicable emission standards.

(e) For purposes of this section, "heavy duty vehicle" means a vehicle that:

(1) has a gross vehicle weight rating greater than eight thousand five hundred (8,500) pounds; and

(2) is powered by a diesel engine.

16. 10. IC 9-20-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.182-2009(ss), SECTION 290, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) The Indiana department of transportation or local authority that:

(1) has jurisdiction over a highway or street; and

(2) is responsible for the repair and maintenance of the highway or street;

may, upon proper application in writing and upon good cause shown, grant a permit for transporting heavy vehicles and loads or other objects not conforming to this article, including a vehicle transporting an ocean going container, if the department or authority finds that other traffic will not be seriously affected and the highway or bridge will not be seriously damaged.

(b) The permit granted under subsection (a) must authorize the operation of a tractor-semitrailer and load that:

(1) exceeds the maximum length limitation under this chapter; and

(2) is subject to regulation under this chapter; from one-half (1/2) hour before sunrise to one-half (1/2) hour after sunset.

(c) A permit may be issued under this section for the following:

(1) A single trip. **A permit issued under this subdivision is valid for five (5) days from the date it is issued.**

(2) A definite time not exceeding thirty (30) days.

(3) A ninety (90) day period.

(4) A one (1) year period.

(d) This subsection applies to the transportation of ocean going containers that:

(1) have been sealed at the place of origin and have not been opened except by an agent of the federal government that may inspect the contents; and

(2) are being transported to or from a distribution facility.

The total gross weight, with load of a vehicle or combination of vehicles transporting an ocean going container may not exceed

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ninety-five thousand (95,000) pounds. A permit issued under this section must be issued on an annual basis. A permit issued under this subsection may not impose a limit on the number of movements generated by the applicant or operator of a vehicle granted a permit under this subsection.

17. 11. IC 32-19.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]:

**ARTICLE 19.5. DESCRIBING REAL PROPERTY;  
INDIANA PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM**

**Chapter 1. Applicability and Definitions**

**Sec. 1. Nothing in this article prohibits a person from using:**

- (1) the most recent or a prior version of the SPCS established by the NGS; or**
- (2) the Indiana Coordinate System of 1983, as provided in IC 32-19;**

**to state the geographic positions or locations of points above, on, or below the surface of the earth within Indiana.**

**Sec. 2. As used in this article, "INPCS" means the Indiana Plane Coordinate System, as described in IC 32-19.5-2-1.**

**Sec. 3. As used in this article, "LDP" means low distortion map projections and refers to a zone yielding minimized differences between ground-measured horizontal distances and the corresponding grid coordinate distances.**

**Sec. 4. As used in this article, "NGS" means the National Geodetic Survey or its successors.**

**Sec. 5. As used in this article, "NSRS" means the National Spatial Reference System or its successors.**

**Sec. 6. As used in this article, "SPCS" means the State Plane Coordinate System or its successors.**

**Sec. 7. As used in this article, "zone" means the area constituted in Indiana to be portrayed by a specified conformal map projection and its defining parameters.**

**Chapter 2. Designation of the Indiana Plane Coordinate System; Zones**

**Sec. 1. The most recent system of plane coordinates established by the NGS, based on the NSRS, and known as the SPCS, for defining and stating the geographic positions or locations of points on the surface of earth within Indiana shall be known as the "Indiana Plane Coordinate System".**

**Sec. 2. (a) For purposes of the use of the INPCS, the state of Indiana is divided into a statewide zone layer and a multizone**





- 1 layer.
- 2 (b) The statewide zone layer:
- 3 (1) consists of a single zone, which is constituted by the total
- 4 area included in Indiana;
- 5 (2) should generally be used for applications such as:
- 6 (A) a statewide digital orthoimagery;
- 7 (B) a statewide geographic information system; and
- 8 (C) emergency management and preparedness mapping;
- 9 and
- 10 (3) should generally not be used for applications such as:
- 11 (A) original, retracement, or route surveys, as described
- 12 in 865 IAC 1-12;
- 13 (B) describing real property; and
- 14 (C) the design and construction of large facilities or
- 15 massive civil infrastructure such as manufacturing
- 16 plants, bridges, and dams.
- 17 (c) The multizone layer:
- 18 (1) consists of multiple LDP zones that are constituted by the
- 19 areas included in individual counties or specified groups of
- 20 counties; and
- 21 (2) should generally be used for applications such as:
- 22 (A) original, retracement, or route surveys, as described
- 23 in 865 IAC 1-12;
- 24 (B) describing real property;
- 25 (C) the design and construction of large facilities or
- 26 massive civil infrastructure such as manufacturing
- 27 plants, bridges, and dams; and
- 28 (D) city or county geographic information systems.
- 29 Sec. 3. The use of the term "Indiana Plane Coordinate
- 30 System" or INPCS on any map, report of survey, or other
- 31 document must be limited to coordinates based on the INPCS as
- 32 described in this article.
- 33 Chapter 3. Coordinates; Geodetic Control; Recording
- 34 Requirements
- 35 Sec. 1. (a) The plane coordinates of a point to be used in
- 36 expressing the geographic position or location of the point in the
- 37 appropriate zone of the INPCS must consist of two (2) distances,
- 38 expressed in feet and decimals of a foot or meters and decimals of
- 39 a meter. When a value is expressed in feet, it must be expressed in
- 40 international feet (1 foot = 0.3048 meters).
- 41 (b) The distance described in subsection (a) that gives the
- 42 distance east of the Y axis is the "east or x-coordinate". The



distance described in subsection (a) that gives the distance north of the X axis is the "north or y-coordinate".

(c) The Y axis of any zone must be parallel with the central median of that zone. The X axis of any zone must be at right angles to the central median of that zone.

Sec. 2. To locate the position of the coordinate systems on the surface of the earth within Indiana, the position of the INPCS must be established by geodetic control points or positioning systems, such as the Continuously Operating Reference Stations (CORS) that are part of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration CORS Network, or similar points and systems whose positions have been established from those points and systems.

Sec. 3. Coordinates based on the Indiana coordinate system of 1927 (as described in IC 32-19), the Indiana coordinate system of 1983 (as described in IC 32-19), the INPCS, or any other coordinate system published by an agency of the federal government or the state, including the Indiana Geospatial Coordinate System, purporting to define the position of a point on a land boundary map may not be presented to be recorded in any public land records or deed records unless the recording document contains the following:

- (1) The method used to relate the coordinates to the NSRS.
- (2) The name and zone of the coordinate system, including the following metadata:
  - (A) Reference frame or datum.
  - (B) Datum realization.
  - (C) Epoch.
  - (D) Units.

Sec. 4. The official geodetic datums to which geodetic coordinates are referenced within Indiana must be as defined for the NSRS.

#### Chapter 4. Descriptions of Land Using the Indiana Plane Coordinate System

Sec. 1. As established for use in any of the zones within the multizone layer, the INPCS:

- (1) must be named; and
- (2) in any land description in which it is used, must be designated by the official name promulgated by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's NGS.

Sec. 2. When a tract of land to be defined by a single description extends from one (1) zone into other adjacent zones, the



positions of all points on the boundaries of the tract being defined must be referred to by the zone that is specifically named in the description.

Sec. 3. (a) Descriptions of tracts of land by reference to the United States public land surveys, other original pertinent surveys, or subdivisions are recognized as the basic and prevailing method for describing such tracts.

(b) If coordinates of the INPCS are used to describe a tract of land that, in the same document, is also described by reference to any subdivision, line, or corner of the United States public land surveys, other original pertinent surveys, or subdivisions:

(1) the description by coordinates must be construed as supplemental to the basic description of the subdivision, line, or corner contained in the official plats and field notes filed of record; and

(2) in the event of any conflict, the description by reference to the subdivision, line, or corner of the United States land surveys, other original pertinent surveys, or subdivisions prevails over the description by coordinates.

18. 12. IC 34-30-2.1-87.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTIONLS6725 TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 87.2. IC 8-23-2-12.7 (Concerning contractors providing construction engineering inspection services to the Indiana department of transportation).

SECTION 19. An emergency is declared for this act.

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