

**LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY
OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS
FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT**

LS 6009
BILL NUMBER: HB 1393

NOTE PREPARED: Sep 18, 2025
BILL AMENDED:

SUBJECT: Health Care Debt and Duty to Provide Care.

FIRST AUTHOR: Rep. Summers
FIRST SPONSOR:

BILL STATUS: As Introduced

FUNDS AFFECTED: ☒ **GENERAL**
☒ **DEDICATED**
☐ **FEDERAL**

IMPACT: State & Local

Summary of Legislation: This bill prohibits a health care provider from refusing to provide necessary care solely on the basis of health care debt owed or alleged to be owed by the consumer to the health care provider for health care services, products, or devices provided by the health care provider to the consumer or to a minor or an incapacitated individual who is under the responsibility of the consumer. It also provides that a person that violates this prohibition commits a deceptive act that is actionable under the Indiana statute concerning deceptive consumer sales by the Attorney General only.

Effective Date: July 1, 2026.

Explanation of State Expenditures: This bill adds to the list of unfair and deceptive acts that are actionable by the Attorney General (AG). To the extent the AG enforces provisions of this bill, agency workload would increase to investigate and potentially prosecute allegations. Increases in AG workload are expected to be accomplished within existing resource and funding levels.

Explanation of State Revenues: Violations of the provisions of this bill are considered deceptive acts. Each violation is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$15,000 to be deposited into the state General Fund.

If additional civil cases occur and court fees are collected, revenue to the state General Fund will increase. The total revenue per case would range between \$100 and \$122. The amount deposited will vary depending on whether the case is filed in a court of record or a municipal court. The following linked document describes the fees and distribution of the revenue: [Court fees imposed in civil, probate, and small claims cases.](#)

Explanation of Local Expenditures:

Explanation of Local Revenues: If additional cases occur, revenue will be collected by certain local units. If the case is filed in a court of record, the county will receive \$32 and qualifying municipalities will receive a share of \$3. If the case is filed in a municipal court, the county receives \$20, and the municipality will receive \$37. The following linked document describes the fees and distribution of the revenue: [Court fees](#)

[imposed in civil, probate, and small claims cases.](#)

State Agencies Affected: Attorney General.

Local Agencies Affected: Trial courts, city and town courts.

Information Sources: Indiana Supreme Court, Indiana Trial Court Fee Manual.

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