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# HOUSE BILL No. 1302

AM130201 has been incorporated into introduced printing.

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**Synopsis:** Various labor and safety matters.

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2026

IN 1302—LS 6890/DI 141



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Introduced

Second Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2026)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2025 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## HOUSE BILL No. 1302

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1 SECTION 1. IC 22-2-18.1-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.75-2024,  
2 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 26. (a) Each employer that hires, employs, or  
4 permits at least five (5) minors who are:  
5 (1) at least fourteen (14) years of age; and  
6 (2) less than eighteen (18) years of age;  
7 to work in a gainful occupation must register with the department.  
8 (b) An employer that must register under this chapter must  
9 provide, in the form and manner prescribed by the department, the  
10 following information:  
11 (1) The name of the employer.  
12 (2) The electronic mail address of the employer.  
13 (3) The number of minors whom the employer has hired,  
14 employed, or permitted to work in a gainful occupation. For  
15 purposes of this subdivision, the minor's date of hire is the first

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date on which the minor performs work for the employer.

(4) Any other information required by the department.

(c) ~~On or before the fifteenth and last business day of each month,~~  
 An employer that must register under this chapter ~~shall enter any new or changed must add, modify, or remove~~ information **in the data base** regarding:

- (1) a qualifying location; and
- (2) the **legal names and numbers** of minors **currently working** at each qualifying location;

**not later than fourteen (14) calendar days after the event that caused the need for the addition, modification, or removal. However, an employer shall have not more than thirty (30) calendar days from the last date worked by a minor to terminate the minor from the data base, even if the minor is not terminated from the employer's payroll.**

SECTION 2. IC 22-10-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2012, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. As used in this article:

"Active workings" means all places in a mine that are ventilated and inspected regularly.

"Belt examiner" means an individual designated by the mine foreman to perform the functions as required by 30 CFR Part 75 in connection with examinations to ensure that the belt, belt drives, dump points, air movement, roof, and ribs of a mine are in safe condition.

"Board" refers to the mining board established under IC 22-10-1.5-2.

"Commercial mine" means any underground mine from which coal is produced for sale, exchange, or commercial use.

"Director" means the director of the bureau of mines and mine safety established under IC 22-1-1-4.

"Hoisting engineer" means an individual who is capable of transporting people and material in and out of a mine by means of a hoist.

"Interested persons" means the director, safety personnel designated by the operator, state and federal coal mine inspectors, and, to the extent required by law, any other person.

"Mine" means an underground commercial coal mine.

"Mine electrician" means a properly certified individual who can perform electrical work in:

- (1) a surface coal mine;
- (2) surface areas of underground coal mines; and
- (3) underground coal mines.



1           "Mine examiner" means a properly certified person designated by  
2           the mine foreman to examine the mine for gas and other dangers. A  
3           mine examiner may temporarily act as a section foreman if designated  
4           to act as such by the mine foreman.

5           "Mine foreman" means the person charged with the responsibility  
6           of the general supervision of the underground working of a mine and  
7           the persons employed in the mine and for the health and safety of those  
8           employees.

9           "Mine inspector" means the person appointed to assist in  
10          administering this article.

11          "Mine Safety Administration" refers to the Mine Safety and Health  
12          Administration, United States Department of Labor.

13          "Minning laws" means:

14           (1) this article;  
15           (2) IC 22-1-1-5(a);  
16           (3) 30 CFR part 75; and  
17           (4) 30 CFR part 77.

18          "Operator" means an individual, firm, association, partnership,  
19          limited liability company, or corporation operating an underground  
20          coal mine or any part of a mine.

21          "Shot-firer" means a properly certified person designated by the  
22          mine foreman to perform the functions as required in this article in  
23          connection with breaking down coal or rock.

24          SECTION 3. IC 22-10-3-9, AS AMENDED BY THE  
25          TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2026 GENERAL  
26          ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
27          JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. (a) The director shall keep a record of the  
28          board's official actions concerning certificates issued under this chapter  
29          and file the record together with questions and answers pertaining to  
30          examinations established by the board, including the grade given for  
31          the answer to each question. The record shall be open for inspection by  
32          interested persons. If applications for certification are received, the  
33          board shall meet at least quarterly at such time and place as it shall  
34          consider advisable for the purpose of examining applicants for  
35          certificates. These quarterly meetings shall be held in January, April,  
36          July, and October. The date, time, and place of examination shall be  
37          published at all coal mines in this state and posted on the [web](#) site  
38          [website](#) maintained by the bureau of mines and mine safety at least  
39          thirty (30) days before the examination. By a majority vote, the board  
40          shall establish its rules of procedure and provide suitable certificates.  
41          The board shall adopt rules establishing standards for the competent

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1 practice of mine foreman, ~~belt examiner~~, mine examiner, shot-firer,  
2 mine electrician, and hoisting engineer.

3 (b) A person desiring certification for mine foreman, ~~belt~~  
4 ~~examiner~~, mine examiner, shot-firer, mine electrician, or hoisting  
5 engineer must make written application to the board on forms supplied  
6 by the board not later than ten (10) days prior to the examination date.

7 SECTION 4. IC 22-10-3-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2012,  
8 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
9 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 10. (a) It is the duty of the board to examine any  
10 person applying for a certificate for mine foreman, shot-firer, mine  
11 examiner, hoisting engineer, ~~or~~ mine electrician ~~or belt examiner~~ and  
12 to issue certificates of competency to the applicants who, upon  
13 examination, prove themselves competent and qualified. A certificate  
14 is valid only when the examination for certification has been held in the  
15 presence of a member of the board and signed by the chairman of the  
16 board. A certificate of competency may not be issued to any person  
17 whose grade is less than seventy-five percent (75%) for any  
18 certification other than that of a certificate for mine electrician, which  
19 requires a passing grade of not less than eighty percent (80%). The  
20 board shall observe the requirements set forth in this section in  
21 conducting the examinations.

22 (b) An applicant for a mine foreman certificate must have at least  
23 four (4) years of experience underground in coal mines. However, a  
24 person who has graduated and holds a degree in engineering or an  
25 approved four (4) year program in coal mining technology from an  
26 accredited school, college, or university is required to have only two (2)  
27 years of practical underground mining experience to qualify for the  
28 examination. A person who has graduated and holds a two (2) year  
29 associate in applied science degree in coal mining technology from an  
30 accredited school, college, or university is required to have only three  
31 (3) years of practical underground mining experience to qualify for the  
32 examination. An applicant must prove to the board by written and oral  
33 examination and by demonstration, where applicable, that the applicant  
34 has a thorough knowledge of:

35 (1) the theory and practice of coal mining;  
36 (2) the nature and properties of poisonous, noxious, and  
37 explosive gases and methods for their detection and control;  
38 (3) the requirements of the coal mining laws of this state; and  
39 (4) the responsibilities and duties of a mine foreman under such  
40 laws;  
41 and that the applicant is otherwise qualified by law.



10 (1) the nature and properties of poisonous, noxious, and  
11 explosive gases and methods for their detection and control;  
12 (2) the practical aspects of coal mining pertaining especially to  
13 ventilation and roof control; and  
14 (3) the responsibilities of a mine examiner under coal mining  
15 laws of this state;  
16 and that the applicant is otherwise qualified by law.

17 (d) An applicant for a shot-firer certificate must have at least one  
18 (1) year of underground experience and must have been properly  
19 trained in a course approved by the director in the safe use and  
20 handling of explosives. An applicant must prove to the board by written  
21 and oral examination and by demonstration, where applicable, that the  
22 applicant has a working knowledge of:

1 (1) the proper handling and use of explosives and blasting  
2 devices and the danger connected therewith;  
3 (2) the nature and properties of poisonous, noxious, and  
4 explosive gases and methods for their detection;  
5 (3) the coal mining laws of the state pertaining to ventilation,  
6 roof control, and blasting; and  
7 (4) the responsibilities of a shot-firer under applicable mining  
8 laws;

31 and that the applicant is otherwise qualified by law.

32 (e) An applicant for a hoisting engineer certificate must prove to  
33 the board by written and oral examination and by demonstration, where  
34 applicable, that the applicant:

35 (1) is capable of operating a hoist;  
36 (2) has a thorough knowledge of the coal mining laws of this  
37 state pertaining to hoisting operations;  
38 (3) has at least one (1) year mining experience;  
39 (4) has at least twenty (20) hours practical experience under the  
40 supervision of a certified hoisting engineer; and  
41 (5) is otherwise qualified by law.



17 (1) the requirements of the coal mining laws of this state, with  
18 particular emphasis upon laws pertaining to electrical energy in  
19 coal mines;  
20 (2) direct and alternating current theory and application;  
21 (3) electric equipment and electrical circuits in coal mines;  
22 (4) permissibility of electric equipment;  
23 (5) 30 CFR 75 subparts F-K; and  
24 (6) 30 CFR 77 subparts F-J and S.

33                    (f) (i) A person who was issued a fire-boss certificate before July  
34                    1, 2007, shall be issued a replacement mine examiner certificate upon  
35                    request to the director.

39           (+) (k) A certificate may be granted to an applicant who presents  
40           to the board satisfactory evidence that the applicant has not been  
41           convicted of:



- (1) an act which would constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under section 11.1(b) of this chapter; or
- (2) a felony that has a direct bearing on the applicant's ability to act competently as a mine foreman, shot-firer, mine examiner, hoisting engineer, **or** mine electrician. **or** belt examiner.

(m) (I) For the purpose of safety, the board may refuse to examine an applicant who cannot:

- (1) readily understand the written English language; or
- (2) express himself or herself in the English language.

SECTION 5. IC 22-10-3-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2012, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 11. (a) In event of loss or destruction of any certificate issued under the mining laws of this state, the board, upon satisfactory proof of such loss or destruction, shall issue a duplicate certificate upon receipt of five dollars (\$5). The fee shall be deposited into the mine safety fund established by IC 22-10-12-16. The board may set a different fee by rule under IC 22-10-1.5-4.

(b) The holder of a mine foreman, mine examiner, shot-firer, hoisting engineer, **or** mine electrician **or** belt examiner certificate must present the same or a photostatic copy to the official of the mine where the holder is employed, who shall file it in the office at such mine, and such file shall be available for inspection by interested persons.

SECTION 6. IC 22-10-3-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2012, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 12. (a) It is unlawful for any person to serve in the capacity of mine foreman, mine examiner, shot-firer, hoisting engineer, **or** mine electrician **or** belt examiner at any time unless the person is properly certified. However, any person who meets the appropriate experience requirements of this chapter and who is properly certified in one (1) of these capacities or its equivalent in another state which recognizes the certification of Indiana may serve in such a capacity until the next examination by the board, when the person must apply to the board for certification in the person's particular classification. A mine electrician who is properly certified:

- (1) by the federal Mine Safety and Health Administration; or
- (2) in another state that recognizes the mine electrician certification in Indiana;

may serve in the individual's certified capacity and be issued a mine electrician certificate by the director in Indiana without the requirement of applying to the board for examination. However, the individual must obtain an Indiana miner's certificate of competency from the director.



12 (d) Every inexperienced miner is required to wear an orange hard  
13 hat until the miner receives a certificate of competency.

14 SECTION 7. IC 22-10-12-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2012,  
15 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
16 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 16. (a) The mine safety fund is established to  
17 provide funding for the purchase and maintenance of underground  
18 mine rescue equipment.

19 (b) The department of labor shall administer the fund.

20 (c) The fund consists of:

21 (1) assessments collected by the mining board under  
22 IC 22-10-1.5-5(a)(4) and deposited into the fund;

23 (2) fees:

24 (A) from examinations under IC 22-10-3-10(h);  
25 **IC 22-10-3-10(g);**

(B) for duplicate certificates under IC 22-10-3-11(a); and  
(C) from applicants for a certificate under IC 22-10-3-13(d);  
and

29 (3) interest from investments as accrued and deposited under  
30 subsection (d).

(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public money may be invested. Interest that accumulates from these investments shall be deposited into the fund.

34        accumulates from these investments shall be deposited into the fund.  
35        (e) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not  
36        revert to the state general fund.

