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HOUSE BILL No. 1286

Proposed Changes to introduced printing by AM128603

DIGEST OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Foreign protection orders. Amends provisions concerning facially valid foreign protection orders.

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning civil procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 34-26-5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 5. At a hearing to
3 obtain an order for protection, each party has a continuing duty to
4 inform the court of:

5 (1) each separate proceeding for an order for protection;
6 (2) any civil litigation;
7 (3) each proceeding in a family, domestic relations, or juvenile
8 court; **and**
9 (4) each criminal case; **and**
10 (5) **any military protective order issued by a military**
11 **commander in effect under 10 U.S.C. 1567;**

12 involving a party or a child of a party. The information provided under
13 this section must include the case name, the case number, and the
14 county and state in which the proceeding is held, if that information is
15 known by the party.

16 SECTION 2. IC 34-26-5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2024,
17 SECTION 527, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. (a) If it appears from a petition
19 for an order for protection or from a petition to modify an order for
20 protection that domestic or family violence has occurred or that a
21 modification of an order for protection is required, a court may:

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5 If the petitioner presents evidence that a military protective order
6 is in effect for the protection of the petitioner against the
7 respondent, the court must consider this evidence and may issue an
8 order for protection ex parte or modify an order for protection ex
9 parte under subdivision (1) based upon this evidence.

13 (1) may not, without notice and a hearing, issue an order for
14 protection ex parte or modify an order for protection ex parte;
15 but

16 (2) may, upon notice and after a hearing, whether or not a
17 respondent appears, issue or modify an order for protection.

18 A court must hold a hearing under this subsection not later than thirty
19 (30) days after the petition for an order for protection or the petition to
20 modify an order for protection is filed.

21 (c) A court may grant the following relief without notice and
22 hearing in an ex parte order for protection or in an ex parte order for
23 protection modification under subsection (a):

24 (1) Enjoin a respondent from threatening to commit or
25 committing acts of domestic or family violence against a
26 petitioner and each designated family or household member.

27 (2) Prohibit a respondent from harassing, annoying, telephoning,
28 contacting, or directly or indirectly communicating with a
29 petitioner.

30 (3) Prohibit a respondent from using a tracking device (as
31 defined by IC 35-31.5-2-337.6) to determine the location of:

32 (A) the petitioner or property owned or used by the
33 petitioner; and

34 (B) any other family or household member or property
35 owned or used by the family or household member.
36 (4) Remove and exclude a respondent from the residence of a
37 petitioner, regardless of ownership of the residence.

37 petitioner, regardless of ownership of the residence.
38 (5) Order a respondent to stay away from the residence, school,
39 or place of employment of a petitioner or a specified place
40 frequented by a petitioner and each designated family or
41 household member.

42 (6) Order that a petitioner has the exclusive possession, care,

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1 custody, or control of any animal owned, possessed, kept, or
 2 cared for by the petitioner, respondent, minor child of either the
 3 petitioner or respondent, or any other family or household
 4 member.

5 (7) Prohibit a respondent from removing, transferring, injuring,
 6 concealing, harming, attacking, mistreating, threatening to harm,
 7 or otherwise disposing of an animal described in subdivision (6).

8 (8) Order possession and use of the residence, an automobile,
 9 and other essential personal effects, regardless of the ownership
 10 of the residence, automobile, and essential personal effects. If
 11 possession is ordered under this subdivision or subdivision (6),
 12 the court may direct a law enforcement officer to accompany a
 13 petitioner to the residence of the parties to:

14 (A) ensure that a petitioner is safely restored to possession
 15 of the residence, automobile, animal, and other essential
 16 personal effects; or

17 (B) supervise a petitioner's or respondent's removal of
 18 personal belongings and animal.

19 (9) Order other relief necessary to provide for the safety and
 20 welfare of a petitioner and each designated family or household
 21 member.

22 (d) A court may grant the following relief after notice and a
 23 hearing, whether or not a respondent appears, in an order for protection
 24 or in a modification of an order for protection:

25 (1) Grant the relief under subsection (c).

26 (2) Specify arrangements for parenting time of a minor child by
 27 a respondent and:

28 (A) require supervision by a third party; or

29 (B) deny parenting time;

30 if necessary to protect the safety of a petitioner or child.

31 (3) Order a respondent to:

32 (A) pay attorney's fees;

33 (B) pay rent or make payment on a mortgage on a
 34 petitioner's residence;

35 (C) if the respondent is found to have a duty of support, pay
 36 for the support of a petitioner and each minor child;

37 (D) reimburse a petitioner or other person for expenses
 38 related to the domestic or family violence or harassment,
 39 including:

40 (i) medical expenses;

41 (ii) counseling;

42 (iii) shelter; and



6 (4) Prohibit a respondent from using or possessing a firearm,
7 ammunition, or a deadly weapon specified by the court, and
8 direct the respondent to surrender to a specified law enforcement
9 agency the firearm, ammunition, or deadly weapon for the
10 duration of the order for protection unless another date is ordered
11 by the court.

16 An order issued under subdivision (4) does not apply to a person who
17 is exempt under 18 U.S.C. 925.

18 (e) The court shall:

19 (1) cause the order for protection to be delivered to the county
20 sheriff for service;

21 (2) make reasonable efforts to ensure that the order for
22 protection is understood by a petitioner and a respondent if
23 present;

24 (3) electronically notify each law enforcement agency:

(A) required to receive notification under IC 5-2-9-6; or
(B) designated by the petitioner;

27 (4) transmit a copy of the order to the clerk for processing under
28 IC 5-2-9;

29 (5) indicate in the order if the order and the parties meet the
30 criteria under 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(8); and

31 (6) require the clerk of court to enter or provide a copy of the
32 order to the Indiana protective order registry established by
33 IC 5-2-9-5.5.

34 (f) Except as provided in subsection (g), an order for protection
35 issued ex parte or upon notice and a hearing, or a modification of an
36 order for protection issued ex parte or upon notice and a hearing, is
37 effective for two (2) years after the date of issuance unless another date
38 is ordered by the court. The sheriff of each county shall provide
39 expedited service for an order for protection.

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7 An order for protection to which this subsection applies is effective
8 indefinitely after the date of issuance unless another date is ordered by
9 the court. The sheriff of each county shall provide expedited service for
10 an order for protection.

for the duration of the order for protection unless another date is ordered by the court.

(i) An order for custody, parenting time, or possession or control of property issued under this chapter is superseded by an order issued from a court exercising dissolution, legal separation, paternity, or guardianship jurisdiction over the parties.

30 (j) The fact that an order for protection is issued under this chapter
31 does not raise an inference or presumption in a subsequent case or
32 hearings between the parties.

35 (1) require a respondent to wear a GPS tracking device; and
36 (2) prohibit the respondent from approaching or entering certain
37 locations where the petitioner may be found.

If the court requires a respondent to wear a GPS tracking device under subdivision (1), the court shall, if available, require the respondent to wear a GPS tracking device with victim notification capabilities.



connection with the use of a GPS tracking device under subsection (k).
SECTION 3. IC 34-26-5-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.161-2018,
SECTION 110, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 17. (a) A foreign protection order
is facially valid if it:
(1) identifies the protected person and the respondent;
(2) is currently in effect;
(3) was issued by a state, **Canada**, or a tribal court with
jurisdiction over the:
(A) parties; and
(B) subject matter;
under the law of the issuing state, **Canada**, or the Indian tribe;
and
(4) was issued after a respondent was given reasonable notice
and an opportunity to be heard sufficient to protect the
respondent's right to due process. In the case of an ex parte
order, notice and opportunity to be heard must be provided
within the time required by state, **Canadian**, or tribal law and
within a reasonable time after the order is issued sufficient to
protect the respondent's due process rights.
(b) A facially valid foreign protection order is *prima facie*
evidence of its validity. The protection order may be inscribed on a
tangible medium or stored in an electronic or other medium if it is
retrievable in perceivable form. Presentation of a certified copy of an
order for protection is not required for enforcement.
(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), a protection order that is
facially valid and issued by a court of a state (issuing state), **Canada**,
or an Indian tribe shall be accorded full faith and credit by Indiana
courts.
(d) A mutual foreign protection order is not entitled to full faith
and credit if the order is issued by a state, **Canadian**, or tribal court
against a person who has petitioned, filed a complaint, or otherwise
filed a written pleading for protection against a family or household
member, unless:
(1) a separate petition or motion was filed by a respondent;
(2) the issuing court has reviewed each motion separately and
granted or denied each on its individual merits; and
(3) separate orders were issued and the issuing court made
specific findings that each party was entitled to an order.
(e) Registration or filing of a foreign protection order is not a
prerequisite to enforcement of the order in Indiana, and a protection
order that is consistent with this section shall be accorded full faith and



1 credit notwithstanding a failure to register or file the order in Indiana.
 2 However, if a petitioner wishes to register a foreign protection order in
 3 Indiana, all Indiana courts of record shall accommodate the request.
 4 The office of judicial administration shall develop a form to be used by
 5 courts, clerks, and law enforcement agencies when a petitioner makes
 6 a request to register a foreign protection order. Except for a protective
 7 order issued to the Indiana protective order registry established by
 8 IC 5-2-9-5.5, the courts, clerks of the courts, and sheriffs or law
 9 enforcement agencies maintaining depositories shall employ the same
 10 procedures required under IC 5-2-9-6 for entering, modifying,
 11 extending, or terminating a foreign protection order as those used for
 12 a protection order and a no contact order originating in Indiana.

13 (f) A facially valid foreign protection order shall be enforced by a
 14 law enforcement officer and a state court as if it were an order
 15 originating in Indiana. The order must be enforced if the foreign
 16 protection order contains relief that the state courts lack the power to
 17 provide in an order for protection issued in Indiana.

18 (g) An Indiana law enforcement officer:

- 19 (1) may not require notification, registration, or filing of a
 20 facially valid foreign order for protection as a prerequisite to
 21 enforcement of an order;
- 22 (2) if a foreign protection order is not presented, may consider
 23 other information to determine under a totality of the
 24 circumstances whether there is probable cause to believe that a
 25 valid foreign order for protection exists; and
- 26 (3) who determines that an otherwise valid foreign protection
 27 order cannot be enforced because a respondent has not been
 28 notified or served with the order, shall:

- 29 (A) inform the respondent of the order;
- 30 (B) serve the order on the respondent;
- 31 (C) ensure that the order and service of the order are entered
 32 into the state depository;
- 33 (D) allow the respondent a reasonable opportunity to
 34 comply with the order before enforcing the order; and
- 35 (E) ensure the safety of the protected person while giving
 36 the respondent the opportunity to comply with the order.

37 (h) After a foreign protective order is registered, the clerk shall
 38 enter the order in the Indiana protective order registry established by
 39 IC 5-2-9-5.5.

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