



January 22, 2026

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## HOUSE BILL No. 1193

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DIGEST OF HB 1193 (Updated January 22, 2026 10:07 am - DI 151)

**Citations Affected:** IC 22-9; IC 22-9.5.

**Synopsis:** Civil rights commission. Provides that the civil rights commission (commission) may not represent a private individual in a civil action filed in circuit or superior court. Amends the definition of "discriminatory practice". Requires the party that elects to have claims asserted in a finding of reasonable cause decided in a civil action to file the civil action. Provides that the commission may only represent the state in a civil action and repeals a provision allowing a court to award monetary damages in those cases. Conforms the circumstances under which the commission may be required to pay attorney's fees to the circumstances under which an agency may be required to pay fees under the administrative orders and proceedings act (AOPA).

**Effective:** July 1, 2026.

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**Jeter**

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January 5, 2026, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.  
January 22, 2026, amended, reported — Do Pass.

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**HB 1193—LS 6691/DI 106**





January 22, 2026

Second Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2026)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2025 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## HOUSE BILL No. 1193

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1        SECTION 1. IC 22-9-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2014,  
2 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. (a) It is the public policy of the state to provide  
4 all of its citizens equal opportunity for education, employment, access  
5 to public conveniences and accommodations, and acquisition through  
6 purchase or rental of real property, including but not limited to housing,  
7 and to eliminate segregation or separation based solely on race,  
8 religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, or ancestry, since such  
9 segregation is an impediment to equal opportunity. Equal education  
10 and employment opportunities and equal access to and use of public  
11 accommodations and equal opportunity for acquisition of real property  
12 are hereby declared to be civil rights.

13        (b) The practice of denying these rights to properly qualified  
14 persons by reason of the race, religion, color, sex, disability, national  
15 origin, or ancestry of such person is contrary to the principles of  
16 freedom and equality of opportunity and is a burden to the objectives  
17 of the public policy of this state and shall be considered as

**HB 1193—LS 6691/DI 106**



1 discriminatory practices. The promotion of equal opportunity without  
2 regard to race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, or  
3 ancestry through reasonable methods is the purpose of this chapter.

4 (c) It is also the public policy of this state to protect employers,  
5 labor organizations, employment agencies, property owners, real estate  
6 brokers, builders, and lending institutions from unfounded charges of  
7 discrimination.

8 (d) It is hereby declared to be contrary to the public policy of the  
9 state and an unlawful practice for any person, for profit, to induce or  
10 attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by  
11 representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the  
12 neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, religion,  
13 color, sex, disability, national origin, or ancestry.

14 (e) The general assembly recognizes that on February 16, 1972,  
15 there are institutions of learning in Indiana presently and traditionally  
16 following the practice of limiting admission of students to males or to  
17 females. It is further recognized that it would be unreasonable to  
18 impose upon these institutions the expense of remodeling facilities to  
19 accommodate students of both sexes, and that educational facilities of  
20 similar quality and type are available in coeducational institutions for  
21 those students desiring such facilities. It is further recognized that this  
22 chapter is susceptible of interpretation to prevent these institutions  
23 from continuing their traditional policies, a result not intended by the  
24 general assembly. Therefore, the amendment effected by Acts 1972,  
25 P.L.176, is desirable to permit the continuation of the policies  
26 described.

27 (f) It is against the public policy of the state and a discriminatory  
28 practice for an employer to discriminate against a prospective  
29 employee on the basis of status as a veteran by:

30 (1) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis  
31 that the applicant is a veteran of the armed forces of the United  
32 States; or

33 (2) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis  
34 that the applicant is a member of the Indiana National Guard or  
35 member of a reserve component.

36 (g) **It is against the public policy of the state for any person to**  
37 **violate another person's rights protected by the Constitution of the**  
38 **United States or the Constitution of the State of Indiana.**

39 (g) (h) This chapter shall be construed broadly to effectuate its  
40 purpose.

41 SECTION 2. IC 22-9-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2016,  
42 SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1        JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter:

2        (a) "Person" means one (1) or more individuals, partnerships,  
3        associations, organizations, limited liability companies, corporations,  
4        labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees,  
5        trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups of  
6        persons.

7        (b) "Commission" means the civil rights commission created under  
8        section 4 of this chapter.

9        (c) "Director" means the director of the civil rights commission.

10       (d) "Deputy director" means the deputy director of the civil rights  
11       commission.

12       (e) "Commission attorney" means the deputy attorney general, such  
13       assistants of the attorney general as may be assigned to the  
14       commission, or such other attorney as may be engaged by the  
15       commission.

16       (f) "Consent agreement" means a formal agreement entered into in  
17       lieu of adjudication.

18       (g) "Affirmative action" means those acts that the commission  
19       determines necessary to assure compliance with the Indiana civil rights  
20       law.

21       (h) "Employer" means the state or any political or civil subdivision  
22       thereof and any person employing six (6) or more persons within the  
23       state, except that the term "employer" does not include:

24       (1) any nonprofit corporation or association organized exclusively  
25       for fraternal or religious purposes;

26       (2) any school, educational, or charitable religious institution  
27       owned or conducted by or affiliated with a church or religious  
28       institution; or

29       (3) any exclusively social club, corporation, or association that is  
30       not organized for profit.

31       (i) "Employee" means any person employed by another for wages or  
32       salary. However, the term does not include any individual employed:

33       (1) by the individual's parents, spouse, or child; or

34       (2) in the domestic service of any person.

35       (j) "Labor organization" means any organization that exists for the  
36       purpose in whole or in part of collective bargaining or of dealing with  
37       employers concerning grievances, terms, or conditions of employment  
38       or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment.

39       (k) "Employment agency" means any person undertaking with or  
40       without compensation to procure, recruit, refer, or place employees.

41       (l) "Discriminatory practice" means:

42       (1) the exclusion of a person from equal opportunities because of



1 race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, ancestry, or  
2 status as a veteran;

6 (3) the promotion of racial segregation or separation in any  
7 manner, including but not limited to the inducing of or the  
8 attempting to induce for profit any person to sell or rent any  
9 dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective  
10 entry in the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular  
11 race, color, or national origin, or any disability, or any religious

11 race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, or ancestry;  
12 (4) a violation of IC 22-9-5 that occurs after July 25, 1992, and is  
13 committed by a covered entity (as defined in IC 22-9-5-4);  
14 (5) a violation of section 11.1 of the

14 (5) the performance of an abortion solely because of the race,  
15 color, sex, disability, national origin, or ancestry of the fetus; or  
16 (6) a violation of any of the following statutes protecting the right  
17 of a woman to an abortion:

17 of conscience regarding abortion:  
18 (A) IC 16-34-1-4

18 (A) IC 16-34-1-4.  
19 (B) IC 16-34-1-5.  
20 (C) IC 16-34-1-6; or

21 (7) a violation of a person's rights protected by:

## 22 (A) the Constitution of the United States;

29 Every discriminatory practice relating to the acquisition or sale of real  
30 estate, education, public accommodations, employment, or the  
31 extending of credit (as defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301.5) shall be  
32 considered unlawful unless it is specifically exempted by this chapter.

(m) "Public accommodation" means any establishment that caters or offers its services or facilities or goods to the general public.

35 (n) "Complainant" means:

(1) any individual charging on the individual's own behalf to have been personally aggrieved by a discriminatory practice; or

37 seen personally aggrieved by a discriminatory practice, or  
38 (2) the director or deputy director of the commission charging that  
39 a discriminatory practice was committed against a person (other  
40 than the director or deputy director) or a class of people, in order  
41 to vindicate the public policy of the state (as defined in section 2  
42 of this chapter).



(o) "Complaint" means any written grievance that is:

- (1) sufficiently complete and filed by a complainant with the commission; or
- (2) filed by a complainant as a civil action in the circuit or superior court having jurisdiction in the county in which the alleged discriminatory practice occurred.

The original of any complaint filed under subdivision (1) shall be signed and verified by the complainant.

(p) "Sufficiently complete" refers to a complaint that includes:

- (1) the full name and address of the complainant;
- (2) the name and address of the respondent against whom the complaint is made;
- (3) the alleged discriminatory practice and a statement of particulars thereof;
- (4) the date or dates and places of the alleged discriminatory practice and if the alleged discriminatory practice is of a continuing nature the dates between which continuing acts of discrimination are alleged to have occurred; and
- (5) a statement as to any other action, civil or criminal, instituted in any other form based upon the same grievance alleged in the complaint, together with a statement as to the status or disposition of the other action.

No complaint shall be valid unless filed within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the occurrence of the alleged discriminatory practice.

(q) "Sex" as it applies to segregation or separation in this chapter applies to all types of employment, education, public accommodations, and housing. However:

(1) it shall not be a discriminatory practice to maintain separate restrooms;

(2) it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment agency to classify or refer for employment any individual, for a labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer for employment any individual, or for an employer, labor organization, or joint labor management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit or employ any other individual in any program on the basis of sex in those certain instances where sex is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that

(3) it shall not be a discriminatory practice for a private or



1           religious educational institution to continue to maintain and  
2           enforce a policy of admitting students of one (1) sex only.

3           (r) "Disabled" or "disability" means the physical or mental condition  
4           of a person that constitutes a substantial disability. In reference to  
5           employment under this chapter, "disabled or disability" also means the  
6           physical or mental condition of a person that constitutes a substantial  
7           disability unrelated to the person's ability to engage in a particular  
8           occupation.

9           (s) "Veteran" means:

- 10           (1) a veteran of the armed forces of the United States;
- 11           (2) a member of the Indiana National Guard; or
- 12           (3) a member of a reserve component.

13           SECTION 3. IC 22-9-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2019,  
14           SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
15           JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall establish and  
16           maintain a permanent office in the city of Indianapolis.

17           (b) Except as it concerns judicial review, the commission may adopt  
18           rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

19           (c) The commission shall formulate policies to effectuate the  
20           purposes of this chapter and make recommendations to agencies and  
21           officers of the state or local subdivisions thereof to effectuate such  
22           policies. The several departments, commissions, divisions, authorities,  
23           boards, bureaus, agencies, and officers of the state or any political  
24           subdivision or agency thereof shall furnish the commission, upon its  
25           request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating  
26           to any matter before the commission.

27           (d) The commission shall receive and investigate complaints  
28           alleging discriminatory practices. The commission shall not hold  
29           hearings in the absence of a complaint. All investigations of complaints  
30           shall be conducted by staff members of the civil rights commission or  
31           their agents.

32           (e) The commission may create such advisory agencies and  
33           conciliation councils, local or statewide, as will aid in effectuating the  
34           purposes of this chapter. The commission may itself, or it may  
35           empower these agencies and councils to:

- 36           (1) study the problems of discrimination in the areas covered by  
37           section 2 of this chapter when based on race, religion, color, sex,  
38           handicap, national origin, or ancestry; and
- 39           (2) foster through community effort, or otherwise, good will  
40           among the groups and elements of the population of the state.

41           These agencies and councils may make recommendation to the  
42           commission for the development of policies and procedures in general.



1       Advisory agencies and conciliation councils created by the commission  
2       shall be composed of representative citizens serving without pay, but  
3       with reimbursement for reasonable and necessary actual expenses.

4       (f) The commission may issue such publications and such results of  
5       investigations and research as in its judgment will tend to promote  
6       good will and minimize or eliminate discrimination because of race,  
7       religion, color, sex, handicap, national origin, or ancestry.

8       (g) The commission shall prevent any person from discharging,  
9       expelling, or otherwise discriminating **or retaliating** against any other  
10      person because the person filed a complaint, testified in any hearing  
11      before this commission, or in any way assisted the commission in any  
12      matter under its investigation.

13      (h) The commission may hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel  
14      their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person  
15      under oath, and require the production for examination of any books  
16      and papers relating to any matter under investigation or in question  
17      before the commission. The commission may make rules as to the  
18      issuance of subpoenas by individual commissioners. Contumacy or  
19      refusal to obey a subpoena issued under this section shall constitute a  
20      contempt. All hearings shall be held within Indiana at a location  
21      determined by the commission. A citation of contempt may be issued  
22      upon application by the commission to the circuit or superior court in  
23      the county in which the hearing is held or in which the witness resides  
24      or transacts business.

25      (i) The commission may:

26       (1) before July 1, 2020, appoint administrative law judges other  
27       than commissioners; and  
28       (2) after June 30, 2020, request assignment of an administrative  
29       law judge (as defined in IC 4-21.5-1-2);

30      when an appointment is deemed necessary by a majority of the  
31      commission. The administrative law judges shall be members in good  
32      standing before the bar of Indiana and shall be appointed by the  
33      chairman of the commission. An administrative law judge appointed  
34      under this subsection **shall have has** the same powers and duties as a  
35      commissioner sitting as an administrative law judge. However, the  
36      administrative law judge may not issue subpoenas.

37      (j) The commission shall state its findings of fact after a hearing  
38      and, if the commission finds a person has engaged in an unlawful  
39      discriminatory practice, shall cause to be served on this person an order  
40      requiring the person to cease and desist from the unlawful  
41      discriminatory practice and requiring the person to take further  
42      affirmative action as will effectuate the purposes of this chapter,



1 including but not limited to the power:

2 (1) to restore the complainant's losses incurred as a result of  
3 discriminatory treatment, as the commission may deem necessary  
4 to assure justice; however, except in discriminatory practices  
5 involving veterans, this specific provision when applied to orders  
6 pertaining to employment shall include only wages, salary, or  
7 commissions;

8 (2) to require the posting of notice setting forth the public policy  
9 of Indiana concerning civil rights and the respondent's compliance  
10 with the policy in places of public accommodations;

11 (3) to require proof of compliance to be filed by the respondent at  
12 periodic intervals; and

13 (4) to require a person who has been found to be in violation of  
14 this chapter and who is licensed by a state agency authorized to  
15 grant a license to show cause to the licensing agency why the  
16 person's license should not be revoked or suspended.

17 When an employer has been found to have committed a discriminatory  
18 practice in employment by failing to employ an applicant on the basis  
19 that the applicant is a veteran, the order to restore the veteran's losses  
20 may include placing the veteran in the employment position with the  
21 employer for which the veteran applied.

22 (k) Judicial review of a cease and desist order or other affirmative  
23 action as referred to in this chapter may be obtained under IC 22-9-8.  
24 If no proceeding to obtain judicial review is instituted within thirty (30)  
25 days from receipt of notice by a person that an order has been made by  
26 the commission, the commission, if it determines that the person upon  
27 whom the cease and desist order has been served is not complying or  
28 is making no effort to comply, may obtain a decree of a court for the  
29 enforcement of the order in circuit or superior court upon showing that  
30 the person is subject to the commission's jurisdiction and resides or  
31 transacts business within the county in which the petition for  
32 enforcement is brought.

33 (l) If, upon all the evidence, the commission shall find that a person  
34 has not engaged in any unlawful practice or violation of this chapter,  
35 the commission shall state its findings of facts and shall issue and  
36 cause to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the  
37 complaint as to the person.

38 (m) The commission may furnish technical assistance requested by  
39 persons subject to this chapter to further compliance with this chapter  
40 or with an order issued under this chapter.

41 (n) The commission shall promote the creation of local civil rights  
42 agencies to cooperate with individuals, neighborhood associations, and



1 state, local, and other agencies, both public and private, including  
 2 agencies of the federal government and of other states.

3 (o) The commission may reduce the terms of conciliation agreed to  
 4 by the parties to writing (to be called a consent agreement) that the  
 5 parties and a majority of the commissioners shall sign. When signed,  
 6 the consent agreement shall have the same effect as a cease and desist  
 7 order issued under subsection (j). If the commission determines that a  
 8 party to the consent agreement is not complying with it, the  
 9 commission may obtain enforcement of the consent agreement in a  
 10 circuit or superior court upon showing that the party is not complying  
 11 with the consent agreement and the party is subject to the commission's  
 12 jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in  
 13 which the petition for enforcement is brought.

14 (p) In lieu of investigating a complaint and holding a hearing under  
 15 this section, the commission may issue an order based on findings and  
 16 determinations by the federal Department of Housing and Urban  
 17 Development or the federal Equal Employment Opportunity  
 18 Commission concerning a complaint that has been filed with one (1) of  
 19 these federal agencies and with the commission. The commission shall  
 20 adopt by rule standards under which the commission may issue such an  
 21 order.

22 (q) Upon notice that a complaint is the subject of an action in a  
 23 federal court, the commission shall immediately cease investigation of  
 24 the complaint and may not conduct hearings or issue findings of fact or  
 25 orders concerning that complaint.

26 SECTION 4. IC 22-9-1-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.100-2012,  
 27 SECTION 60, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 28 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 17. (a) If a timely election is made under section  
 29 16 of this chapter, the complainant may file a civil action in a circuit or  
 30 superior court having jurisdiction in the county in which a  
 31 discriminatory practice allegedly occurred.

32 (b) If the court finds that a discriminatory practice has occurred the  
 33 court may grant the relief allowed under IC 22-9-1-6(j). **section 6(j) of  
 34 this chapter.**

35 (c) A civil action filed under this section must be tried by the court  
 36 without benefit of a jury.

37 (d) **The commission may not represent the plaintiff in a civil  
 38 action filed under this section.**

39 SECTION 5. IC 22-9.5-6-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 40 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 6. (a) If the commission  
 41 concludes at any time following the filing of a complaint that prompt  
 42 judicial action is necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, the



1 commission may file a civil action for appropriate temporary or  
2 preliminary relief pending final disposition of the complaint in a circuit  
3 or superior court that is located in the county in which the alleged  
4 discriminatory housing practice occurred.

5 (b) A temporary restraining order or other order granting  
6 preliminary or temporary relief under this section is governed by the  
7 Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.

8 (c) The filing of a civil action under this section does not affect the  
9 initiation or continuation of administrative proceedings under section  
10 14 of this chapter.

11 (d) **The commission may not represent a private individual in an  
12 action filed under this section.**

13 SECTION 6. IC 22-9.5-6-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.11-2023,  
14 SECTION 77, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
15 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 13. (a) If a timely election is made under section  
16 12 of this chapter, the ~~commission~~ **complainant** shall, not later than  
17 thirty (30) days after the election is made, file a civil action ~~on behalf~~  
18 ~~of the aggrieved person~~ seeking relief under this section in a circuit or  
19 superior court that is located in the county in which the alleged  
20 discriminatory housing practice occurred.

21 (b) An aggrieved person may intervene in the action.

22 (c) If the court finds that a discriminatory housing practice has  
23 occurred or is about to occur, the court may grant as relief any relief  
24 that a court may grant in a civil action under IC 22-9.5-7.

25 (d) If monetary relief is sought for the benefit of an aggrieved  
26 person who does not intervene in the civil action, the court may not  
27 award the monetary relief if that aggrieved person has not complied  
28 with discovery orders entered by the court.

29 SECTION 7. IC 22-9.5-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
30 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. (a) An aggrieved  
31 person may file a civil action in the circuit or superior court located in  
32 the county in which the alleged discriminatory practice occurred not  
33 later than one (1) year after the occurrence of the termination of an  
34 alleged discriminatory housing practice or the breach of a conciliation  
35 agreement entered into under this article, whichever occurs last, to  
36 obtain appropriate relief with respect to the discriminatory housing  
37 practice or breach.

38 (b) The one (1) year period does not include any time during which  
39 an administrative hearing under this article is pending with respect to  
40 a complaint or finding of reasonable cause under this article based on  
41 the discriminatory housing practice. This subsection does not apply to  
42 actions arising from a breach of a conciliation agreement.



(c) An aggrieved person may file an action under this section whether or not a complaint has been filed under IC 22-9.5-6 and without regard to the status of any complaint filed under IC 22-9.5-6.

(d) If the commission has obtained a conciliation agreement with the consent of an aggrieved person, the aggrieved person may not file an action under this section with respect to the alleged discriminatory housing practice that forms the basis for the complaint except to enforce the terms of the agreement.

(e) An aggrieved person may not file an action under this section with respect to an alleged discriminatory housing practice that forms the basis of a finding of reasonable cause issued by the commission if the commission has begun a hearing on the record under this article with respect to the finding of reasonable cause.

**(f) The commission may not represent the aggrieved person in a civil action filed under this section.**

SECTION 8. IC 22-9.5-8.1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. **(a)** The commission may file a civil action for appropriate relief if the commission has reasonable cause to believe that:

(1) a person is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the full enjoyment of any right granted by this article; or

(2) a person has been denied any right granted by this article and that denial raises an issue of general public importance.

An action under this section may be filed in a circuit or superior court located in the county in which the alleged pattern, practice, or denial occurred.

**(b) The commission may only represent the state in a civil action filed under this section.**

SECTION 9. IC 22-9.5-8.1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. In an action filed under section 1 of this chapter, the court may do the following:

(1) Award preventive relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other order against the person responsible for a violation of this article as necessary to assure the full enjoyment of the rights granted by this article.

(2) Award other appropriate relief, including monetary damages, reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.

(3) To vindicate the public interest, assess a civil penalty against the respondent in an amount that does not exceed the following:

- (A) Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for a first violation.
- (B) One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for a second or

subsequent violation.



1 SECTION 10. IC 22-9.5-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. **(a)** A court in a civil  
3 action brought under this article or the commission in an administrative  
4 hearing under IC 22-9.5-6-14 may award reasonable attorney's fees to  
5 the prevailing party and assess court costs against the nonprevailing  
6 party.

7 **(b) IC 4-21.5-3-27.5(b) and IC 4-21.5-3-27.5(c) (attorney's fee  
8 awards in judicial review cases) do not apply to a civil action  
9 brought in a trial court.**



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1193, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 36, delete "and an".

Page 2, line 37, delete "unconstitutional practice".

Page 4, line 16, after "fetus;" strike "or".

Page 4, line 21, delete "IC 16-34-1-6." and insert "IC 16-34-1-6; **or**".

Page 4, between lines 21 and 22, begin a new line block indented and insert:

**"(7) a violation of a person's rights protected by:**

**(A) the Constitution of the United States;**

**(B) the Constitution of the State of Indiana; or**

**(C) federal law and guaranteed through the Fourteenth Amendment, including:**

**(i) Title VI of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964;**

**(ii) Title VII of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964; and**

**(iii) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972."**

Page 4, line 30, delete "practice or".

Page 4, line 31, delete "unconstitutional".

Page 4, line 33, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 4, line 42, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 5, line 8, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 5, line 11, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 5, line 12, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 5, line 14, delete "or unconstitutional practices".

Page 5, line 22, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 6, delete lines 10 through 11.

Page 6, line 27, delete "practices or unconstitutional".

Page 7, line 38, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 7, line 40, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 8, line 3, delete "or unconstitutional".

Page 9, delete lines 26 through 36.

Page 9, line 42, delete "practice or unconstitutional".

Page 10, line 2, delete "practice or".

Page 10, line 3, delete "unconstitutional".

Page 10, delete lines 9 through 42.

Page 11, delete lines 1 through 13.

Page 11, line 33, delete "party that made the election" and insert "**complainant**".



Page 12, delete lines 4 through 38.  
Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.  
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1193 as introduced.)

JETER

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

**HB 1193—LS 6691/DI 106**

