HOUSE BILL No. 1144

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 36-7-42.5.

Synopsis: Tourism improvement districts. Provides that a person may circulate a petition to create a tourism improvement district (district) within the territory of a county, city, or town (local unit). Specifies the contents of the tourism improvement district plan that must be filed with a petition to establish a district. Provides that the legislative body of the local unit may require in the district plan that the boundaries of the district be drawn to: (1) exclude businesses; or (2) prevent overlap of the district with another area or district in which a special assessment is imposed. Provides that owners of businesses located within a district may be charged a special assessment to fund improvements and other district activities. Provides that, after a hearing on a petition to establish a district, a local unit's legislative body may adopt the ordinance establishing the district only if it determines that the petition has been signed by: (1) at least 50% of the owners of businesses within the proposed district; or (2) the owners of businesses within the proposed district that constitute more than 50% of the revenue to be collected from the special assessments. Specifies the contents of the ordinance establishing a district and the length of time for which a district may exist. Allows a district to issue bonds and specifies the term of any bonds issued. Provides that a district may be renewed. Sets forth an annual 30 day period in which the owners of the businesses in the district may request disestablishment of the district under specified conditions. Requires the local unit to contract with a private nonprofit district management association to administer and implement the district's activities and improvements.

Effective: July 1, 2026.

Karickhoff

January 5, 2026, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



Second Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2026)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2025 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1144

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning economic development.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 36-7-42.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2026]:
4	Chapter 42.5. Tourism Improvement Districts
5	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to all units except townships.
6	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "activities" means any programs
7	or services that promote business activity or tourism activity and
8	are provided to confer specific benefits upon the businesses that
9	are located in the tourism improvement district.
10	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "district" means a tourism
11	improvement district established by an ordinance adopted under
12	section 13 of this chapter.
13	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "district management
14	association" means a private nonprofit entity designated in the
15	district plan that enters into a contract with a unit to administer
16	and implement the district's activities and improvements.
17	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "district plan" means a proposal



1	for a district that contains the information described in section 9(c)
2	of this chapter.
3	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "improvements" means the
4	acquisition, construction, installation, or maintenance of any
5	tangible property in the district with an estimated useful life of five
6	(5) years or more.
7	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "legislative body" has the
8	meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-9.
9	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "owner" refers to any person
10	recognized by the unit as the owner of a business within the
11	district, without regard to whether the person is the owner of the
12	real property on which the business is located.
13	Sec. 9. (a) A person that intends to file a petition for the
14	establishment of a district under this section must first provide
15	written notice to the clerk (as defined in IC 36-1-2-4) in the case of
16	a municipality, or the county auditor in the case of a county, of the
17	person's intent before initiating the petition process.
18	(b) A petition for the establishment of a district may be filed
19	with the clerk of the municipality or the county auditor not later
20	than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date on which the
21	notice of intent for the petition is filed with the clerk of the
22	municipality or the county auditor under subsection (a). The
23	petition shall include the name and legal status of the filing party
24	and the district plan.
25	(c) The district plan shall include at least the following:
26	(1) The name of the proposed district.
27	(2) A map of the proposed district, including a description of
28	the boundaries of the district in a manner sufficient to identify
29	the businesses included.
30	(3) The proposed source or sources of financing, including:
31	(A) the proposed method and basis of levying the special
32	assessment in sufficient detail to allow each owner to
33	calculate the amount of the special assessment that may be
34	levied against the owner's business; and
35	(B) whether the district may issue bonds to finance
36	improvements.
37	(4) A list of the businesses to be assessed and a statement of
38	the manner in which the expenses of a district using a method
39	allowed under section 11 of this chapter will be imposed upon
40	a benefited business in proportion to the benefit received by
41	the business, including costs for operation and maintenance.

(5) For purposes of imposing the special assessment and



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1	determining the benefits of the district's activities and
2	improvements, a classification of the types of businesses
3	within the proposed district. The classification may include
4	the following variations in the assessment formula:
5	(A) Square footage of the business.
6	(B) Number of employees.
7	(C) Geography.
8	(D) Gross sales.
9	(E) Other similar factors that reasonably relate to the
0	benefit received.
l 1	(6) An estimate of the amount of revenue needed to
12	accomplish or pay for the district's proposed activities and
13	improvements.
14	(7) A statement identifying the district management
15	association, including the district management association's
16	board of directors and governance structure and any
17	proposed rules or regulations that may be applicable to the
18	district.
19	(8) A statement indicating where a complete copy of the
20	district plan, whether in hard copy or electronic form, may be
21	obtained or accessed.
22	(9) Any other item or matter required to be incorporated in
23	the district plan by the unit's legislative body. The legislative
24	body may require in the district plan that the boundaries of
25	the district be drawn to:
26	(A) exclude businesses; or
27	(B) prevent overlap of the district with another district or
28	area in which a special assessment is imposed.
29	Sec. 10. The territory of a tourism improvement district:
30	(1) in the case of a municipality, may include only territory
31	within the municipality; or
32	(2) in the case of a county, may include only territory of the
33	county that is not within any municipality in the county.
34	Sec. 11. (a) A special assessment on businesses located within the
35	district shall be levied on the basis of the estimated benefit to the
36	businesses within the district. The unit's legislative body may use
37	the classification of the types of businesses described in section
38	9(c)(5) of this chapter in determining the benefit to a business
39	provided by the district.
10	(b) The special assessment that may be levied on businesses

located within the district may take any form that confers benefits to the assessed business and may include any combination of the



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1	following methods:
2	(1) A percentage rate per transaction at a business within the
3	district.
4	(2) A fixed rate per transaction per day at a business within
5	the district.
6	(3) A percentage of gross sales at a business within the
7	district.
8	(c) The special assessment may be levied on different types of
9	businesses located within the district and is not required to be
10	levied on the same basis or at the same rate.
11	Sec. 12. (a) After receipt of a petition under section 9 of this
12	chapter, the clerk of the municipality or the county auditor shall,
13	in the manner provided by IC 5-3-1, publish notice of a hearing on
14	the proposed district. The clerk of the municipality or the county
15	auditor shall mail a copy of the notice to each owner within the
16	proposed district. The notice must include the boundaries of the
17	proposed district, a description of the proposed activities and
18	improvements, the proposed formula for determining the
19	percentage of the total benefit to be received by each business, the
20	method of determining the benefit received by each business, and
21	the hearing date. The date of the hearing may not be more than
22	sixty (60) days after the date on which the notice is mailed.
23	(b) At the public hearing under subsection (a), the legislative
24	body shall hear all owners in the proposed district (who appear
25	and request to be heard) upon the questions of:
26	(1) the sufficiency of the notice;
27	(2) whether the proposed activities and improvements are of
28	public utility and benefit;
29	(3) whether the formula or method to be used for the
30	assessment of special benefits is appropriate; and
31	(4) whether the district contains all, or more or less than all,
32	of the territory specially benefited by the activities and
33	improvements.
34	Sec. 13. (a) After conducting a hearing on the proposed district,
35	the legislative body may adopt an ordinance establishing the
36	district if it determines that:
37	(1) the petition meets the requirements of this section and
38	sections 9 through 11 of this chapter;
39	(2) the activities and improvements to be undertaken in the
40	district will provide special benefits to businesses in the
41	district and will be of public utility and benefit;

(3) the benefits provided by the activities and improvements



1	will be new benefits that do not replace benefits existing
2	before the establishment of the district; and
3	(4) the formula or method to be used for the assessment of
4	special benefits is appropriate.
5	(b) The legislative body may adopt the ordinance only if it
6	determines that the petition has been signed by:
7	(1) at least fifty percent (50%) of the owners of businesses
8	within the proposed district; or
9	(2) the owners of businesses within the proposed district that
10	constitute more than fifty percent (50%) of the revenue to be
11	collected from the special assessments.
12	(c) The ordinance shall:
13	(1) incorporate the information set forth in the district plan;
14	(2) specify the time and manner in which special assessments
15	levied under this chapter are to be collected and paid to the
16	unit's fiscal officer for deposit in the tourism improvement
17	fund established under section 14 of this chapter; and
18	(3) include any other content that the legislative body
19	determines is reasonable as it relates to the operation of the
20	district.
21	For purposes of subdivision (2), the collection of special
22	assessments under this chapter may occur at the same time and in
23	the same manner as for an innkeeper's tax under IC 6-9, including
24	the application of any enforcement mechanisms and interest and
25	penalty attributable to innkeeper's taxes under IC 6-9-29.
26	(d) The adoption of an ordinance establishing a district does not
27	affect and may not be construed to authorize any decrease in the
28	level of publicly funded tourism promotion services that existed
29	before the district's establishment.
30	Sec. 14. (a) The unit's fiscal officer shall establish a special fund,
31	known as the tourism improvement fund, and shall deposit in the
32	tourism improvement fund all special assessments received under
33	this chapter and any other amounts received by the fiscal officer.
34	(b) The unit's fiscal officer may transfer money in the tourism
35	improvement fund to the district management association to be
36	used only for the purposes specified in the ordinance establishing
37	the district. Any bonds issued under this chapter are payable solely
38	from special assessments deposited in the tourism improvement
39	fund and other revenues of the district.
40	(c) Any money earned from investment of money in the tourism
41	improvement fund becomes a part of the tourism improvement
42	fund.



- Sec. 15. (a) The unit shall contract with the district management association designated in the district plan to administer and implement the district's activities and improvements.
- (b) The district management association may be either an existing nonprofit corporation or a newly formed nonprofit corporation. If the district management association is a new nonprofit corporation created to manage the district, the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the district management association shall provide for voting representation of owners within the district. If the district management association is an existing nonprofit corporation, the existing nonprofit corporation may create a committee of district owners or owners' representatives.
- (c) The district management association may make recommendations to the unit's legislative body with respect to any matter involving or relating to the district.
- (d) The unit's legislative body, for any consideration that it considers appropriate, may license or grant to the district management association the right to undertake or permit commercial activities or other private uses of the streets or other parts of the district in which the unit has any real property interest.
- Sec. 16. (a) A district may issue bonds to provide improvements. The term of any bonds issued may not exceed ten (10) years. If a district is renewed under section 17 of this chapter, the term of any bonds issued may not exceed ten (10) years from the date of renewal.
- (b) Bonds issued under this chapter do not constitute an indebtedness of the unit within the meaning of a constitutional or statutory debt limitation.
- Sec. 17. (a) The initial term for a district shall be at least three (3) years and not more than ten (10) years.
- (b) A district may be renewed for one (1) additional period of not more than ten (10) years by following the procedures for the initial establishment of a district as set forth in sections 9 through 13 of this chapter.
- (c) If a district is renewed, any remaining revenues derived from the levy of a special assessment, or any revenues derived from the sale of assets acquired with the revenues, shall be transferred to the renewed district. The following apply to the transfer of any remaining revenues of a renewed district:
 - (1) If the renewed district includes a business not included in the prior district, the remaining revenues shall be spent to



1	benefit only the business in the prior district.
2	(2) If the renewed district does not include a business included
3	in the prior district, the remaining revenues attributable to
4	the parcel shall be refunded to the owners of the business by
5	applying the method the district used under section 11 of this
6	chapter to calculate the special assessment before the renewal.
7	(d) The boundaries, special assessments, improvements, or
8	activities of a renewed district are not required to be the same as
9	the original or prior district.
10	Sec. 18. An ordinance adopted under section 13 of this chapter
11	may be amended if notice of the proposed amendment is published
12	and mailed in the manner provided by section 12 of this chapter.
13	However, if an amendment proposes to:
14	(1) levy a new or increased special assessment;
15	(2) change the district's boundaries; or
16	(3) issue a new bond;
17	the unit's legislative body shall require compliance with the
18	procedures set forth in sections 9 through 13 of this chapter before
19	amending the ordinance.
20	Sec. 19. (a) During the operation of the district, there shall be a
21	thirty (30) day period, beginning one (1) year after the date of the
22	district's establishment and in each year thereafter, in which the
23	owners may request dissolution of the district in accordance with
24	this section.
25	(b) After a public hearing before the unit's legislative body, the
26	legislative body may dissolve a district by ordinance in either of the
27	following circumstances:
28	(1) If the legislative body finds there has been
29	misappropriation of funds, malfeasance, or a violation of law
30	in connection with the management of the district.
31	(2) At any time during the annual thirty (30) day period
32	described in subsection (a).
33	(c) Upon the written petitions of the owners or authorized
34	representatives of businesses in the district that pay fifty percent
35	(50%) or more of the special assessments levied, the unit's
36	legislative body shall pass a resolution of intention to dissolve the
37	district.
38	(d) The unit's legislative body shall first adopt a resolution of
39	intention to dissolve the district before the public hearing to
40	dissolve a district under this section. The resolution of intention

must include each of the following items: (1) The reason for the dissolution.



1	(2) The time and place of the public hearing.
2	(3) A proposal to dispose of any assets acquired with the
3	revenues of the special assessments levied within the district.
4	The notice of the hearing on the resolution of intent to dissolve the
5	district shall be published in the manner provided by IC 5-3-1 and
6	must also be given by mail to the owner of each business subject to
7	a special assessment in the district. The legislative body shall
8	conduct the public hearing on the resolution of intention to dissolve
9	the district not later than thirty (30) days after the date the notice
10	is mailed to the assessed owners.
11	(e) The public hearing to dissolve the district shall be held not
12	more than sixty (60) days after the date of the adoption of the
13	resolution of intention.
14	(f) A dissolution of a district under this section has the effect of
15	repealing the ordinance adopted under section 13 of this chapter
16	that established the district.
17	Sec. 20. (a) The district management association shall submit an
18	annual report to the legislative body and the fiscal body before
19	January 1 of each year, beginning in the year after the first year of
20	the district's establishment.
21	(b) The report shall contain the following information:
22	(1) The use of revenue collected from special assessments
23	levied under this chapter for that year.
24	(2) The activities and improvements to be provided for the
25	ensuing year and an estimate of the cost of providing the
26	activities and improvements for the ensuing year.
27	(3) The estimated amount of any surplus or deficit revenues
28	to be carried over from the prior year.
29	Sec. 21. (a) Upon the dissolution or expiration without renewal
30	of a district, any remaining revenues, after all outstanding debts
31	are paid, derived from the:
32	(1) levy of special assessments; or
33	(2) sale of assets acquired with the revenues of the district or
34	from bond reserve funds or construction funds;
35	shall be refunded to the owners located within the district on or
36	before the date of the district's dissolution or expiration without
37	renewal.
38	(b) The amount of the refund provided under subsection (a) to
39	an owner shall be determined by applying the method the district
40	used under section 11 of this chapter to calculate the special

(1) in which the district was dissolved or allowed to expire



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assessment in the year:

without renewal; or
(2) before the district was dissolved or allowed to expire
without renewal if a special assessment had not been levied.
However, in lieu of providing a refund, the unit's legislative body
may instead elect to spend any remaining revenues on activities
and improvements specified in the ordinance that established the
district before its dissolution or expiration without renewal.
(c) Any liabilities incurred by the district are not an obligation
of the unit and are payable solely from the collection of special
assessments deposited in the special fund under section 14 of this
chapter and other revenues of the district.
Sec. 22. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,

special assessments levied to pay the principal and interest on any

bonds issued under this chapter may not be reduced or terminated if doing so would interfere with the timely retirement of the debt.

