



Adopted	Rejected
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COMMITTEE REPORT

YES:	12
NO:	0

MR. SPEAKER:

*Your Committee on Insurance, to which was referred House Bill 1098, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill **be amended** as follows:*

- 1 Page 1, delete lines 12 through 17.
- 2 Page 2, delete lines 1 through 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:
"Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "work based learning program"
- 3 **refers to:**
- 4 (1) an apprenticeship program (as defined in IC 20-43-8-0.3);
- 5 (2) a modern youth apprenticeship (as defined in
6 IC 20-51.4-2-9.5);
- 7 (3) a pre-apprenticeship program that meets the elements of
8 a quality pre-apprenticeship program established by the
9 United States Department of Labor; and
- 10 (4) a work based learning course (as defined in
11 IC 20-43-8-0.7).
- 12 **Sec. 3. (a) If an intermediary connects a student with an**

1 employer to obtain work experience as part of a work based
2 learning program, the intermediary and the employer shall enter
3 into a written agreement that sets forth the duties and
4 responsibilities of the intermediary and the employer when
5 participating in the work based learning program.

6 (b) An agreement under subsection (a) must specify the
7 allocation, to either the intermediary or the employer, of the
8 responsibility to obtain employer liability insurance and worker's
9 compensation insurance.

10 Sec. 4. An intermediary that connects a student with an
11 employer to obtain work experience as part of a work based
12 learning program may assume responsibility for ensuring
13 compliance with:

- 14 (1) any requirements for participation in the work based
15 learning program; and
- 16 (2) all applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

17 Sec. 5. Unless otherwise expressly agreed to by an intermediary
18 and an employer in an agreement under section 3 of this chapter,
19 an employer that employs a student in a work based learning
20 program retains the exclusive rights to direct, supervise, train, and
21 control the work of the student with respect to the business
22 activities of the employer.

23 SECTION 3. IC 22-3-2-2.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
24 2026]. Sec. 2.5. (a) As used in this section, "school to work student"
25 refers to a student participating in on-the-job training under the federal
26 School to Work Opportunities Act (20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.).

27 (b) Except as provided in IC 22-3-7-2.5, a school to work student is
28 entitled to the following compensation and benefits under this article:

- 29 (1) Medical benefits under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6.
- 30 (2) Permanent partial impairment compensation under
31 IC 22-3-3-10. Permanent partial impairment compensation for a
32 school to work student shall be paid in a lump sum upon
33 agreement or final award.
- 34 (3) In the case that death results from the injury:
 - 35 (A) death benefits in a lump sum amount of one hundred
36 seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000), payable upon
37 agreement or final award to any dependents of the student
38 under IC 22-3-3-18 through IC 22-3-3-20; or, if the student has

no dependents, to the student's parents; and
(B) burial compensation under IC 22-3-3-21

(c) For the sole purpose of modifying an award under IC 22-3-3-27, a school to work student's average weekly wage is presumed to be equal to the federal minimum wage.

(d) A school to work student is not entitled to the following compensation under this article:

(+) Temporary total disability compensation under IC 22-3-3-8.

(2) Temporary partial disability compensation under IC 22-3-3-9.

(c) Except for remedies available under IC 5-2-6.1, recovery under subsection (b) is the exclusive right and remedy for:

(+) a school to work student; and

(2) the personal representatives, dependents, or next of kin, at common law or otherwise, of a school to work student;

on account of personal injury or death by accident arising out of and in the course of school to work employment.

17 SECTION 4. IC 22-3-2-2.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
18 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
19 1, 2026]: Sec. 2.6. **(a) As used in this section, "work based learning**
20 **program" refers to:**

(1) an apprenticeship program (as defined in IC 20-43-8-0.3);

(2) a modern youth apprenticeship (as defined in IC 20-51.4-2-9.5);

(3) a pre-apprenticeship program that meets the elements of a quality pre-apprenticeship program established by the United States Department of Labor; and

(4) a work based learning course (as defined in IC 20-43-8-0.7).

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a student who performs services for an employer as part of a work based learning program:

(1) is entitled to compensation and benefits under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6; and

(2) may not recover any additional benefit otherwise payable as a result of being less than seventeen (17) years of age under the definition of a minor in IC 22-3-6-1.

(c) The following apply if a student is unpaid for the services performed for an employer as part of a work based learning

1 program:

2 **(1) The student is not entitled to the following compensation:**

3 **(A) Temporary total disability compensation under**
4 **IC 22-3-3-8.**

5 **(B) Temporary partial disability compensation under**
6 **IC 22-3-3-9.**

7 **(2) In the case that death results from the injury, death**
8 **benefits in a lump sum amount of one hundred seventy-five**
9 **thousand dollars (\$175,000) shall be paid upon agreement or**
10 **final award to any dependents of the student under**
11 **IC 22-3-3-18 through IC 22-3-3-20, or, if the student has no**
12 **dependents, to the student's parents.**

13 **(d) Except for remedies available under IC 5-2-6.1, recovery**
14 **under this section is the exclusive right and remedy for:**

15 **(1) a student who performs services for an employer as part**
16 **of a work based learning program; and**

17 **(2) the personal representatives, dependents, or next of kin, at**
18 **common law or otherwise, of a student who performs services**
19 **for an employer as part of a work based learning program;**
20 **on account of personal injury or death by accident arising out of**
21 **and in the course of employment as part of the work based learning**
22 **program.**

23 SECTION 5. IC 22-3-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2022,
24 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 1. In IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6, unless the
26 context otherwise requires:

27 (a) "Employer" includes the state and any political subdivision, any
28 municipal corporation within the state, any individual or the legal
29 representative of a deceased individual, firm, association, limited
30 liability company, limited liability partnership, or corporation or the
31 receiver or trustee of the same, using the services of another for pay. A
32 corporation, limited liability company, or limited liability partnership
33 that controls the activities of another corporation, limited liability
34 company, or limited liability partnership, or a corporation and a limited
35 liability company or a corporation and a limited liability partnership
36 that are commonly owned entities, or the controlled corporation,
37 limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or commonly
38 owned entities, and a parent corporation and its subsidiaries shall each

1 be considered joint employers of the corporation's, the controlled
2 corporation's, the limited liability company's, the limited liability
3 partnership's, the commonly owned entities', the parent's, or the
4 subsidiaries' employees for purposes of IC 22-3-2-6 and IC 22-3-3-31.
5 Both a lessor and a lessee of employees shall each be considered joint
6 employers of the employees provided by the lessor to the lessee for
7 purposes of IC 22-3-2-6 and IC 22-3-3-31. If the employer is insured,
8 the term includes the employer's insurer so far as applicable. However,
9 the inclusion of an employer's insurer within this definition does not
10 allow an employer's insurer to avoid payment for services rendered to
11 an employee with the approval of the employer. The term also includes
12 an employer that ~~provides on-the-job training under the federal School~~
13 ~~to Work Opportunities Act (20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.) to the extent set~~
14 ~~forth in IC 22-3-2-2.5. employs a student as part of a work based~~
15 ~~learning program to the extent set forth in IC 22-3-2-2.6.~~ The term
16 does not include a nonprofit corporation that is recognized as tax
17 exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
18 defined in IC 6-3-1-11(a)) to the extent the corporation enters into an
19 independent contractor agreement with a person for the performance
20 of youth coaching services on a part-time basis.

21 (b) "Employee" means every person, including a minor, in the
22 service of another, under any contract of hire or apprenticeship, written
23 or implied, except one whose employment is both casual and not in the
24 usual course of the trade, business, occupation, or profession of the
25 employer.

26 (1) An executive officer elected or appointed and empowered in
27 accordance with the charter and bylaws of a corporation, other
28 than a municipal corporation or governmental subdivision or a
29 charitable, religious, educational, or other nonprofit corporation,
30 is an employee of the corporation under IC 22-3-2 through
31 IC 22-3-6. An officer of a corporation who is an employee of the
32 corporation under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 may elect not to
33 be an employee of the corporation under IC 22-3-2 through
34 IC 22-3-6. An officer of a corporation who is also an owner of any
35 interest in the corporation may elect not to be an employee of the
36 corporation under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6. If an officer
37 makes this election, the officer must serve written notice of the
38 election on the corporation's insurance carrier and the board. An

1 officer of a corporation may not be considered to be excluded as
2 an employee under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 until the notice
3 is received by the insurance carrier and the board.

4 (2) An executive officer of a municipal corporation or other
5 governmental subdivision or of a charitable, religious,
6 educational, or other nonprofit corporation may, notwithstanding
7 any other provision of IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6, be brought
8 within the coverage of its insurance contract by the corporation by
9 specifically including the executive officer in the contract of
10 insurance. The election to bring the executive officer within the
11 coverage shall continue for the period the contract of insurance is
12 in effect, and during this period, the executive officers thus
13 brought within the coverage of the insurance contract are
14 employees of the corporation under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6.
15 (3) Any reference to an employee who has been injured, when the
16 employee is dead, also includes the employee's legal
17 representatives, dependents, and other persons to whom
18 compensation may be payable.

19 (4) An owner of a sole proprietorship may elect to include the
20 owner as an employee under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 if the
21 owner is actually engaged in the proprietorship business. If the
22 owner makes this election, the owner must serve upon the owner's
23 insurance carrier and upon the board written notice of the
24 election. No owner of a sole proprietorship may be considered an
25 employee under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 until the notice has
26 been received. If the owner of a sole proprietorship:

27 (A) is an independent contractor in the construction trades and
28 does not make the election provided under this subdivision,
29 the owner must obtain a certificate of exemption under
30 IC 22-3-2-14.5; or

31 (B) is an independent contractor and does not make the
32 election provided under this subdivision, the owner may obtain
33 a certificate of exemption under IC 22-3-2-14.5.

34 (5) A partner in a partnership may elect to include the partner as
35 an employee under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 if the partner is
36 actually engaged in the partnership business. If a partner makes
37 this election, the partner must serve upon the partner's insurance
38 carrier and upon the board written notice of the election. No

1 partner may be considered an employee under IC 22-3-2 through
2 IC 22-3-6 until the notice has been received. If a partner in a
3 partnership:

4 (A) is an independent contractor in the construction trades and
5 does not make the election provided under this subdivision,
6 the partner must obtain a certificate of exemption under
7 IC 22-3-2-14.5; or

8 (B) is an independent contractor and does not make the
9 election provided under this subdivision, the partner may
10 obtain a certificate of exemption under IC 22-3-2-14.5.

11 (6) Real estate professionals are not employees under IC 22-3-2
12 through IC 22-3-6 if:

13 (A) they are licensed real estate agents;

14 (B) substantially all their remuneration is directly related to
15 sales volume and not the number of hours worked; and

16 (C) they have written agreements with real estate brokers
17 stating that they are not to be treated as employees for tax
18 purposes.

19 (7) A person is an independent contractor and not an employee
20 under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 if the person is an independent
21 contractor under the guidelines of the United States Internal
22 Revenue Service.

23 (8) An owner-operator that provides a motor vehicle and the
24 services of a driver under a written contract that is subject to
25 IC 8-2.1-24-23, 45 IAC 16-1-13, or 49 CFR 376 to a motor carrier
26 is not an employee of the motor carrier for purposes of IC 22-3-2
27 through IC 22-3-6. The owner-operator may elect to be covered
28 and have the owner-operator's drivers covered under a worker's
29 compensation insurance policy or authorized self-insurance that
30 insures the motor carrier if the owner-operator pays the premiums
31 as requested by the motor carrier. An election by an
32 owner-operator under this subdivision does not terminate the
33 independent contractor status of the owner-operator for any
34 purpose other than the purpose of this subdivision.

35 (9) A member or manager in a limited liability company may elect
36 to include the member or manager as an employee under
37 IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 if the member or manager is actually
38 engaged in the limited liability company business. If a member or

1 manager makes this election, the member or manager must serve
2 upon the member's or manager's insurance carrier and upon the
3 board written notice of the election. A member or manager may
4 not be considered an employee under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6
5 until the notice has been received.

6 ~~(10) An unpaid participant under the federal School to Work
7 Opportunities Act (20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.) is an employee to the
8 extent set forth in IC 22-3-2-2.5.~~

9 **(10) A student who performs services for an employer as part
10 of a work based learning program, either paid or unpaid, is an
11 employee to the extent set forth in IC 22-3-2-2.6.**

12 (11) A person who enters into an independent contractor
13 agreement with a nonprofit corporation that is recognized as tax
14 exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
15 defined in IC 6-3-1-11(a)) to perform youth coaching services on
16 a part-time basis is not an employee for purposes of IC 22-3-2
17 through IC 22-3-6.

18 (12) An individual who is not an employee of the state or a
19 political subdivision is considered to be a temporary employee of
20 the state for purposes of IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 while
21 serving as a member of a mobile support unit on duty for training,
22 an exercise, or a response, as set forth in IC 10-14-3-19(c)(2)(B).

23 (13) A driver providing drive away operations is an independent
24 contractor and not an employee when:

25 (A) the vehicle being driven is the commodity being delivered;
26 and

27 (B) the driver has entered into an agreement with the party
28 arranging for the transportation that specifies the driver is an
29 independent contractor and not an employee.

30 (c) "Minor" means an individual who has not reached seventeen
31 years of age.

32 (1) Unless otherwise provided in this subsection, a minor
33 employee shall be considered as being of full age for all purposes
34 of IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6.

35 (2) If the employee is a minor who, at the time of the accident, is
36 employed, required, suffered, or permitted to work in violation of
37 IC 22-2-18-40 (before its expiration on June 30, 2021) and
38 IC 22-2-18.1-23, the amount of compensation and death benefits,

1 as provided in IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6, shall be double the
2 amount which would otherwise be recoverable. The insurance
3 carrier shall be liable on its policy for one-half (1/2) of the
4 compensation or benefits that may be payable on account of the
5 injury or death of the minor, and the employer shall be liable for
6 the other one-half (1/2) of the compensation or benefits. If the
7 employee is a minor who is not less than sixteen (16) years of age
8 and who has not reached seventeen (17) years of age and who at
9 the time of the accident is employed, suffered, or permitted to
10 work at any occupation which is not prohibited by law, this
11 subdivision does not apply.

12 (3) A minor employee who, at the time of the accident, is a
13 student performing services for an employer as part of an
14 approved program under IC 20-37-2-7 **or a work based learning**
15 **program (as defined in IC 22-3-2.2-2.6)** shall be considered a
16 full-time employee for the purpose of computing compensation
17 for permanent impairment under IC 22-3-3-10. The average
18 weekly wages for such a student shall be calculated as provided
19 in subsection (d)(4).

20 (4) The rights and remedies granted in this subsection to a minor
21 under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 on account of personal injury
22 or death by accident shall exclude all rights and remedies of the
23 minor, the minor's parents, or the minor's personal
24 representatives, dependents, or next of kin at common law,
25 statutory or otherwise, on account of the injury or death. This
26 subsection does not apply to minors who have reached seventeen
27 (17) years of age.

28 (d) "Average weekly wages" means the earnings of the injured
29 employee in the employment in which the employee was working at the
30 time of the injury during the period of fifty-two (52) weeks
31 immediately preceding the date of injury, divided by fifty-two (52),
32 except as follows:

33 (1) If the injured employee lost seven (7) or more calendar days
34 during this period, although not in the same week, then the
35 earnings for the remainder of the fifty-two (52) weeks shall be
36 divided by the number of weeks and parts thereof remaining after
37 the time lost has been deducted.

38 (2) Where the employment prior to the injury extended over a

1 period of less than fifty-two (52) weeks, the method of dividing
2 the earnings during that period by the number of weeks and parts
3 thereof during which the employee earned wages shall be
4 followed, if results just and fair to both parties will be obtained.
5 Where by reason of the shortness of the time during which the
6 employee has been in the employment of the employee's employer
7 or of the casual nature or terms of the employment it is
8 impracticable to compute the average weekly wages, as defined
9 in this subsection, regard shall be had to the average weekly
10 amount which during the fifty-two (52) weeks previous to the
11 injury was being earned by a person in the same grade employed
12 at the same work by the same employer or, if there is no person so
13 employed, by a person in the same grade employed in the same
14 class of employment in the same district.

15 (3) Wherever allowances of any character made to an employee
16 in lieu of wages are a specified part of the wage contract, they
17 shall be deemed a part of the employee's earnings.

18 (4) In computing the average weekly wages to be used in
19 calculating an award for permanent impairment under
20 IC 22-3-3-10 for a student employee in an approved training
21 program under IC 20-37-2-7 **or a work based learning program**
22 **(as defined in IC 22-3-2.2-2.6)**, the following formula shall be
23 used. Calculate the product of:

24 (A) the student employee's hourly wage rate; multiplied by
25 (B) forty (40) hours.

26 The result obtained is the amount of the average weekly wages for
27 the student employee.

28 (e) "Injury" and "personal injury" mean only injury by accident
29 arising out of and in the course of the employment and do not include
30 a disease in any form except as it results from the injury.

31 (f) "Billing review service" refers to a person or an entity that
32 reviews a medical service provider's bills or statements for the purpose
33 of determining pecuniary liability. The term includes an employer's
34 worker's compensation insurance carrier if the insurance carrier
35 performs such a review.

36 (g) "Billing review standard" means the data used by a billing
37 review service to determine pecuniary liability.

38 (h) "Community" means a geographic service area based on ZIP

1 code districts defined by the United States Postal Service according to
2 the following groupings:

3 (1) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
4 three (3) digits 463 and 464.

5 (2) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
6 three (3) digits 465 and 466.

7 (3) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
8 three (3) digits 467 and 468.

9 (4) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
10 three (3) digits 469 and 479.

11 (5) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
12 three (3) digits 460, 461 (except 46107), and 473.

13 (6) The geographic service area served by the 46107 ZIP code and
14 ZIP codes with the first three (3) digits 462.

15 (7) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
16 three (3) digits 470, 471, 472, 474, and 478.

17 (8) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
18 three (3) digits 475, 476, and 477.

19 (i) "Medical service provider" refers to a person or an entity that
20 provides services or products to an employee under IC 22-3-2 through
21 IC 22-3-6. Except as otherwise provided in IC 22-3-2 through
22 IC 22-3-6, the term includes a medical service facility.

23 (j) "Medical service facility" means any of the following that
24 provides a service or product under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 and
25 uses the CMS 1450 (UB-04) form or the CMS 1500 (HCFA-1500)
26 form for Medicare reimbursement:

27 (1) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center (as defined in
28 IC 16-18-2-14).

29 (2) A hospital (as defined in IC 16-18-2-179).

30 (3) A hospital based health facility (as defined in
31 IC 16-18-2-180).

32 (4) A medical center (as defined in IC 16-18-2-223.4).

33 (k) "Pecuniary liability" means the responsibility of an employer or
34 the employer's insurance carrier for the payment of the charges for each
35 specific service or product for human medical treatment provided
36 under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6, as follows:

37 (1) This subdivision applies before July 1, 2014, to all medical
38 service providers, and after June 30, 2014, to a medical service

1 provider that is not a medical service facility. Payment of the
2 charges in a defined community, equal to or less than the charges
3 made by medical service providers at the eightieth percentile in
4 the same community for like services or products.

5 (2) Payment of the charges in a reasonable amount, which is
6 established by payment of one (1) of the following:

7 (A) The amount negotiated at any time between the medical
8 service facility and any of the following, if an amount has been
9 negotiated:

10 (i) The employer.

11 (ii) The employer's insurance carrier.

12 (iii) A billing review service on behalf of a person described
13 in item (i) or (ii).

14 (iv) A direct provider network that has contracted with a
15 person described in item (i) or (ii).

16 (B) Two hundred percent (200%) of the amount that would be
17 paid to the medical service facility on the same date for the
18 same service or product under the medical service facility's
19 Medicare reimbursement rate, if, after conducting the
20 negotiations described in clause (A), an agreement has not
21 been reached.

22 (l) "Service or product" or "services and products" refers to medical,
23 hospital, surgical, or nursing service, treatment, and supplies provided
24 under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6.

25 SECTION 1. IC 22-3-7-2.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
26 2026]. See: 2.5. (a) As used in this section, "school to work student"
27 refers to a student participating in on-the-job training under the federal
28 School to Work Opportunities Act (20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.).

29 (b) A school to work student is entitled to the following
30 compensation and benefits under this chapter:

31 (1) Medical benefits.

32 (2) Permanent partial impairment compensation under section 16
33 of this chapter. Permanent partial impairment compensation for
34 a school to work student shall be paid in a lump sum upon
35 agreement or final award.

36 (3) In the case that death results from the injury:

37 (A) death benefits in a lump sum amount of one hundred
38 seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000), payable upon

1 agreement or final award to any dependents of the student
2 under sections 11 through 14 of this chapter; or, if the student
3 has no dependents, to the student's parents; and
4 (B) burial compensation under section 15 of this chapter.

5 (c) For the sole purpose of modifying an award under section 27 of
6 this chapter, a school to work student's average weekly wage is
7 presumed to be equal to the federal minimum wage.

8 (d) A school to work student is not entitled to the following
9 compensation under this chapter:

10 (1) Temporary total disability compensation under section 16 of
11 this chapter;

12 (2) Temporary partial disability compensation under section 19 of
13 this chapter;

14 (e) Except for remedies available under IC 5-2-6.1, recovery under
15 subsection (b) is the exclusive right and remedy for:

16 (1) a school to work student; and

17 (2) the personal representatives, dependents, or next of kin, at
18 common law or otherwise, of a school to work student,
19 on account of disablement or death by occupational disease arising out
20 of and in the course of school to work employment.

21 SECTION 6. IC 22-3-7-2.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
22 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
23 1, 2026]: Sec. 2.6. (a) As used in this section, "work based learning
24 program" refers to:

25 (1) an apprenticeship program (as defined in IC 20-43-8-0.3);

26 (2) a modern youth apprenticeship (as defined in
27 IC 20-51.4-2-9.5);

28 (3) a pre-apprenticeship program that meets the elements of
29 a quality pre-apprenticeship program established by the
30 United States Department of Labor; and

31 (4) a work based learning course (as defined in
32 IC 20-43-8-0.7).

33 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a student who performs
34 services for an employer as part of a work based learning
35 program:

36 (1) is entitled to compensation and benefits under this
37 chapter; and

38 (2) may not recover any additional benefit otherwise payable

1 **as a result of being less than seventeen (17) years of age under**
2 **the definition of a minor in section 9 of this chapter.**

3 **(c) The following apply if a student is unpaid for the services**
4 **performed for an employer as part of a work based learning**
5 **program:**

6 **(1) The student is not entitled to the following compensation:**

7 **(A) Temporary total disability compensation under section**
8 **16 of this chapter.**

9 **(B) Temporary partial disability compensation under**
10 **section 16 of this chapter.**

11 **(2) In the case that death results from the injury, death**
12 **benefits in a lump sum amount of one hundred seventy-five**
13 **thousand dollars (\$175,000) shall be paid upon agreement or**
14 **final award to any dependents of the student under sections 11**
15 **through 14 of this chapter, or, if the student has no**
16 **dependents, to the student's parents.**

17 **(d) Except for remedies available under IC 5-2-6.1, recovery**
18 **under this section is the exclusive right and remedy for:**

19 **(1) a student who performs services for an employer as part**
20 **of a work based learning program; and**

21 **(2) the personal representatives, dependents, or next of kin, at**
22 **common law or otherwise, of a student who performs services**
23 **for an employer as part of a work based learning program;**
24 **on account of disablement or death by occupational disease arising**
25 **out of and in the course of employment as part of the work based**
26 **learning program.**

27 SECTION 7. IC 22-3-7-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2022,
28 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29 JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 9. (a) As used in this chapter, "employer" includes
30 the state and any political subdivision, any municipal corporation
31 within the state, any individual or the legal representative of a deceased
32 individual, firm, association, limited liability company, limited liability
33 partnership, or corporation or the receiver or trustee of the same, using
34 the services of another for pay. A corporation, limited liability
35 company, or limited liability partnership that controls the activities of
36 another corporation, limited liability company, or limited liability
37 partnership, or a corporation and a limited liability company or a
38 corporation and a limited liability partnership that are commonly

1 owned entities, or the controlled corporation, limited liability company,
2 limited liability partnership, or commonly owned entities, and a parent
3 corporation and its subsidiaries shall each be considered joint
4 employers of the corporation's, the controlled corporation's, the limited
5 liability company's, the limited liability partnership's, the commonly
6 owned entities', the parent's, or the subsidiaries' employees for purposes
7 of sections 6 and 33 of this chapter. Both a lessor and a lessee of
8 employees shall each be considered joint employers of the employees
9 provided by the lessor to the lessee for purposes of sections 6 and 33
10 of this chapter. The term also includes an employer that ~~provides~~
11 ~~on-the-job training under the federal School to Work Opportunities Act~~
12 ~~(20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.) to the extent set forth under section 2.5 of this~~
13 ~~chapter employs a student as part of a work based learning~~
14 ~~program to the extent set forth in section 2.6 of this chapter.~~ If the
15 employer is insured, the term includes the employer's insurer so far as
16 applicable. However, the inclusion of an employer's insurer within this
17 definition does not allow an employer's insurer to avoid payment for
18 services rendered to an employee with the approval of the employer.
19 The term does not include a nonprofit corporation that is recognized as
20 tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
21 defined in IC 6-3-1-11(a)) to the extent the corporation enters into an
22 independent contractor agreement with a person for the performance
23 of youth coaching services on a part-time basis.

24 (b) As used in this chapter, "employee" means every person,
25 including a minor, in the service of another, under any contract of hire
26 or apprenticeship written or implied, except one whose employment is
27 both casual and not in the usual course of the trade, business,
28 occupation, or profession of the employer. For purposes of this chapter
29 the following apply:

30 (1) Any reference to an employee who has suffered disablement,
31 when the employee is dead, also includes the employee's legal
32 representative, dependents, and other persons to whom
33 compensation may be payable.

34 (2) An owner of a sole proprietorship may elect to include the
35 owner as an employee under this chapter if the owner is actually
36 engaged in the proprietorship business. If the owner makes this
37 election, the owner must serve upon the owner's insurance carrier
38 and upon the board written notice of the election. No owner of a

1 sole proprietorship may be considered an employee under this
2 chapter unless the notice has been received. If the owner of a sole
3 proprietorship:

4 (A) is an independent contractor in the construction trades and
5 does not make the election provided under this subdivision,
6 the owner must obtain a certificate of exemption under section
7 34.5 of this chapter; or

8 (B) is an independent contractor and does not make the
9 election provided under this subdivision, the owner may obtain
10 a certificate of exemption under section 34.5 of this chapter.

11 (3) A partner in a partnership may elect to include the partner as
12 an employee under this chapter if the partner is actually engaged
13 in the partnership business. If a partner makes this election, the
14 partner must serve upon the partner's insurance carrier and upon
15 the board written notice of the election. No partner may be
16 considered an employee under this chapter until the notice has
17 been received. If a partner in a partnership:

18 (A) is an independent contractor in the construction trades and
19 does not make the election provided under this subdivision,
20 the partner must obtain a certificate of exemption under
21 section 34.5 of this chapter; or

22 (B) is an independent contractor and does not make the
23 election provided under this subdivision, the partner may
24 obtain a certificate of exemption under section 34.5 of this
25 chapter.

26 (4) Real estate professionals are not employees under this chapter
27 if:

28 (A) they are licensed real estate agents;

29 (B) substantially all their remuneration is directly related to
30 sales volume and not the number of hours worked; and

31 (C) they have written agreements with real estate brokers
32 stating that they are not to be treated as employees for tax
33 purposes.

34 (5) A person is an independent contractor in the construction
35 trades and not an employee under this chapter if the person is an
36 independent contractor under the guidelines of the United States
37 Internal Revenue Service.

38 (6) An owner-operator that provides a motor vehicle and the

1 services of a driver under a written contract that is subject to
2 IC 8-2.1-24-23, 45 IAC 16-1-13, or 49 CFR 376, to a motor
3 carrier is not an employee of the motor carrier for purposes of this
4 chapter. The owner-operator may elect to be covered and have the
5 owner-operator's drivers covered under a worker's compensation
6 insurance policy or authorized self-insurance that insures the
7 motor carrier if the owner-operator pays the premiums as
8 requested by the motor carrier. An election by an owner-operator
9 under this subdivision does not terminate the independent
10 contractor status of the owner-operator for any purpose other than
11 the purpose of this subdivision.

12 (7) ~~An unpaid participant under the federal School to Work~~
13 ~~Opportunities Act (20 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.) is an employee to the~~
14 ~~extent set forth under section 2.5 of this chapter.~~

15 (7) **A student who performs services for an employer as part**
16 **of a work based learning program, either paid or unpaid, is an**
17 **employee to the extent set forth in section 2.6 of this chapter.**

18 (8) A person who enters into an independent contractor agreement
19 with a nonprofit corporation that is recognized as tax exempt
20 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (as defined
21 in IC 6-3-1-11(a)) to perform youth coaching services on a
22 part-time basis is not an employee for purposes of this chapter.

23 (9) An officer of a corporation who is an employee of the
24 corporation under this chapter may elect not to be an employee of
25 the corporation under this chapter. An officer of a corporation
26 who is also an owner of any interest in the corporation may elect
27 not to be an employee of the corporation under this chapter. If an
28 officer makes this election, the officer must serve written notice
29 of the election on the corporation's insurance carrier and the
30 board. An officer of a corporation may not be considered to be
31 excluded as an employee under this chapter until the notice is
32 received by the insurance carrier and the board.

33 (10) An individual who is not an employee of the state or a
34 political subdivision is considered to be a temporary employee of
35 the state for purposes of this chapter while serving as a member
36 of a mobile support unit on duty for training, an exercise, or a
37 response, as set forth in IC 10-14-3-19(c)(2)(B).

38 (c) As used in this chapter, "minor" means an individual who has

1 not reached seventeen (17) years of age. A minor employee shall be
2 considered as being of full age for all purposes of this chapter.
3 However, if the employee is a minor who, at the time of the last
4 exposure, is employed, required, suffered, or permitted to work in
5 violation of the employment of minors laws of this state, the amount of
6 compensation and death benefits, as provided in this chapter, shall be
7 double the amount which would otherwise be recoverable. The
8 insurance carrier shall be liable on its policy for one-half (1/2) of the
9 compensation or benefits that may be payable on account of the
10 disability or death of the minor, and the employer shall be wholly liable
11 for the other one-half (1/2) of the compensation or benefits. If the
12 employee is a minor who is not less than sixteen (16) years of age and
13 who has not reached seventeen (17) years of age, and who at the time
14 of the last exposure is employed, suffered, or permitted to work at any
15 occupation which is not prohibited by law, the provisions of this
16 subsection prescribing double the amount otherwise recoverable do not
17 apply. The rights and remedies granted to a minor under this chapter on
18 account of disease shall exclude all rights and remedies of the minor,
19 the minor's parents, the minor's personal representatives, dependents,
20 or next of kin at common law, statutory or otherwise, on account of any
21 disease.

22 (d) This chapter does not apply to casual laborers as defined in
23 subsection (b), nor to farm or agricultural employees, nor to household
24 employees, nor to railroad employees engaged in train service as
25 engineers, firemen, conductors, brakemen, flagmen, baggagemen, or
26 foremen in charge of yard engines and helpers assigned thereto, nor to
27 their employers with respect to these employees. Also, this chapter
28 does not apply to employees or their employers with respect to
29 employments in which the laws of the United States provide for
30 compensation or liability for injury to the health, disability, or death by
31 reason of diseases suffered by these employees.

32 (e) As used in this chapter, "disablement" means the event of
33 becoming disabled from earning full wages at the work in which the
34 employee was engaged when last exposed to the hazards of the
35 occupational disease by the employer from whom the employee claims
36 compensation or equal wages in other suitable employment, and
37 "disability" means the state of being so incapacitated.

38 (f) For the purposes of this chapter, no compensation shall be

1 payable for or on account of any occupational diseases unless
2 disablement, as defined in subsection (e), occurs within two (2) years
3 after the last day of the last exposure to the hazards of the disease
4 except for the following:

5 (1) In all cases of occupational diseases caused by the inhalation
6 of silica dust or coal dust, no compensation shall be payable
7 unless disablement, as defined in subsection (e), occurs within
8 three (3) years after the last day of the last exposure to the hazards
9 of the disease.

10 (2) In all cases of occupational disease caused by the exposure to
11 radiation, no compensation shall be payable unless disablement,
12 as defined in subsection (e), occurs within two (2) years from the
13 date on which the employee had knowledge of the nature of the
14 employee's occupational disease or, by exercise of reasonable
15 diligence, should have known of the existence of such disease and
16 its causal relationship to the employee's employment.

17 (3) In all cases of occupational diseases caused by the inhalation
18 of asbestos dust, no compensation shall be payable unless
19 disablement, as defined in subsection (e), occurs within three (3)
20 years after the last day of the last exposure to the hazards of the
21 disease if the last day of the last exposure was before July 1, 1985.

22 (4) In all cases of occupational disease caused by the inhalation
23 of asbestos dust in which the last date of the last exposure occurs
24 on or after July 1, 1985, and before July 1, 1988, no compensation
25 shall be payable unless disablement, as defined in subsection (e),
26 occurs within twenty (20) years after the last day of the last
27 exposure.

28 (5) In all cases of occupational disease caused by the inhalation
29 of asbestos dust in which the last date of the last exposure occurs
30 on or after July 1, 1988, no compensation shall be payable unless
31 disablement (as defined in subsection (e)) occurs within
32 thirty-five (35) years after the last day of the last exposure.

33 (g) For the purposes of this chapter, no compensation shall be
34 payable for or on account of death resulting from any occupational
35 disease unless death occurs within two (2) years after the date of
36 disablement. However, this subsection does not bar compensation for
37 death:

38 (1) where death occurs during the pendency of a claim filed by an

1 employee within two (2) years after the date of disablement and
2 which claim has not resulted in a decision or has resulted in a
3 decision which is in process of review or appeal; or
4 (2) where, by agreement filed or decision rendered, a
5 compensable period of disability has been fixed and death occurs
6 within two (2) years after the end of such fixed period, but in no
7 event later than three hundred (300) weeks after the date of
8 disablement.

9 (h) As used in this chapter, "billing review service" refers to a
10 person or an entity that reviews a medical service provider's bills or
11 statements for the purpose of determining pecuniary liability. The term
12 includes an employer's worker's compensation insurance carrier if the
13 insurance carrier performs such a review.

14 (i) As used in this chapter, "billing review standard" means the data
15 used by a billing review service to determine pecuniary liability.

16 (j) As used in this chapter, "community" means a geographic service
17 area based on ZIP code districts defined by the United States Postal
18 Service according to the following groupings:

19 (1) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
20 three (3) digits 463 and 464.

21 (2) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
22 three (3) digits 465 and 466.

23 (3) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
24 three (3) digits 467 and 468.

25 (4) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
26 three (3) digits 469 and 479.

27 (5) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
28 three (3) digits 460, 461 (except 46107), and 473.

29 (6) The geographic service area served by the 46107 ZIP code and
30 ZIP codes with the first three (3) digits 462.

31 (7) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
32 three (3) digits 470, 471, 472, 474, and 478.

33 (8) The geographic service area served by ZIP codes with the first
34 three (3) digits 475, 476, and 477.

35 (k) As used in this chapter, "medical service provider" refers to a
36 person or an entity that provides services or products to an employee
37 under this chapter. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the
38 term includes a medical service facility.

5 (1) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center (as defined in
6 IC 16-18-2-14).

7 (2) A hospital (as defined in IC 16-18-2-179).

(3) A hospital based health facility (as defined in IC 16-18-2-180).

10 (4) A medical center (as defined in IC 16-18-2-223.4).

11 (m) As used in this chapter, "pecuniary liability" means the
12 responsibility of an employer or the employer's insurance carrier for the
13 payment of the charges for each specific service or product for human
14 medical treatment provided under this chapter as follows:

15 (1) This subdivision applies before July 1, 2014, to all medical
16 service providers, and after June 30, 2014, to a medical service
17 provider that is not a medical service facility. Payment of the
18 charges in a defined community, equal to or less than the charges
19 made by medical service providers at the eightieth percentile in
20 the same community for like services or products.

21 (2) Payment of the charges in a reasonable amount, which is
22 established by payment of one (1) of the following:

23 (A) The amount negotiated at any time between the medical
24 service facility and any of the following, if an amount has been
25 negotiated:

26 (i) The employer.

27 (ii) The employer's insurance carrier.

28 (iii) A billing review service on behalf of a person described
29 in item (i) or (ii).

30 (iv) A direct provider network that has contracted with a
31 person described in item (i) or (ii).

32 (B) Two hundred percent (200%) of the amount that would be
33 paid to the medical service facility on the same date for the
34 same service or product under the medical service facility's
35 Medicare reimbursement rate, if, after conducting the
36 negotiations described in clause (A), an agreement has not
37 been reached.

38 (n) "Service or product" or "services and products" refers to

1 medical, hospital, surgical, or nursing service, treatment, and supplies
2 provided under this chapter.".

3 Page 2, delete lines 27 through 42, begin a new paragraph and
4 insert:

5 **"Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "participant" refers to any of
6 the following:**

- 7 **(1) An employer that employs a student in a work based
8 learning program.**
- 9 **(2) A student who is enrolled in a work based learning
10 program.**
- 11 **(3) An intermediary (as defined in IC 21-18-1-3.5).**
- 12 **(4) A school corporation (as defined in IC 20-18-2-16(a)).**
- 13 **(5) A charter school (as defined in IC 20-24-1-4).**

14 **Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "work based learning program"**
15 **refers to:**

- 16 **(1) an apprenticeship program (as defined in IC 20-43-8-0.3);**
- 17 **(2) a modern youth apprenticeship (as defined in
18 IC 20-51.4-2-9.5);**
- 19 **(3) a pre-apprenticeship program that meets the elements of
20 a quality pre-apprenticeship program established by the
21 United States Department of Labor; and**
- 22 **(4) a work based learning course (as defined in
23 IC 20-43-8-0.7).**

24 **Sec. 6. Any:**

- 25 **(1) underwriting decision made by an insurer that issues a
26 policy of employer's liability insurance or worker's
27 compensation insurance to provide coverage for a
28 participant; or**
- 29 **(2) rating factor applied to a participant for a policy described
30 in subdivision (1);**

31 **must be based on objective risk based criteria that are applied
32 uniformly and without regard to the age of the student to be
33 covered under the policy.**

34 SECTION 9. IC 36-8-12-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2019,
35 SECTION 139, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2026]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter:

37 **"Emergency medical services personnel" means individuals certified
38 by the emergency medical services commission established by**

1 IC 16-31-2-1 who:

2 (1) as a result of a written application, have been elected or
3 appointed to membership in a volunteer fire department; and
4 (2) have executed a pledge to faithfully perform, with or without
5 nominal compensation, the work related duties assigned and
6 orders given to the individuals by the chief of the volunteer fire
7 department or an officer of the volunteer fire department,
8 including orders or duties involving education and training.

9 "Employee" means a person in the service of another person under
10 a written or implied contract of hire or apprenticeship.

11 "Employer" means:

12 (1) a political subdivision;
13 (2) an individual or the legal representative of a deceased
14 individual;
15 (3) a firm;
16 (4) an association;
17 (5) a limited liability company; **or**
18 (6) an employer that provides on-the-job training under the
19 federal School to Work Opportunities Act (20 U.S.C. 6101 et
20 seq.) to the extent set forth in IC 22-3-2-2.5(a); **or**
21 (7) (6) a corporation or its receiver or trustee;

22 that uses the services of another person for pay.

23 "Essential employee" means an employee:

24 (1) who the employer has determined to be essential to the
25 operation of the employer's daily enterprise; and
26 (2) without whom the employer is likely to suffer economic injury
27 as a result of the absence of the essential employee.

28 "Nominal compensation" means annual compensation of not more
29 than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).

30 "Public servant" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-31.5-2-261.

31 "Responsible party" has the meaning set forth in IC 13-11-2-191(d).

32 "Volunteer fire department" means a department or association
33 organized for the purpose of answering fire alarms, extinguishing fires,
34 and providing other emergency services, the majority of members of
35 which receive no compensation or nominal compensation for their
36 services.

37 "Volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter:

38 (1) who, as a result of a written application, has been elected or

1 appointed to membership in a volunteer fire department;
2 (2) who has executed a pledge to faithfully perform, with or
3 without nominal compensation, the work related duties assigned
4 and orders given to the firefighter by the chief of the volunteer
5 fire department or an officer of the volunteer fire department,
6 including orders or duties involving education and training as
7 prescribed by the volunteer fire department or the state; and
8 (3) whose name has been entered on a roster of volunteer
9 firefighters that is kept by the volunteer fire department and that
10 has been approved by the proper officers of the unit.

11 "Volunteer member" means a member of a volunteer emergency
12 medical services association connected with a unit as set forth in
13 IC 16-31-5-1(6).".

14 Delete page 3.

15 Rerumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1098 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Representative Carbaugh