PRINTING CODE. Deletions appear in this style type. Insertions appear in [this style type]. Typeface changes are shown in this style type or in []this[] []style[] []type[].

SENATE BILL No. 246

Proposed Changes to February 8, 2023 printing by AM024612

DIGEST OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Fund transfer. Removes the provision that would increase the threshold balance at which money from the counter-cyclical revenue and economic stabilization fund may be transferred to the petroleum storage tank excess liability trust fund.

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-10-18-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2014, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. If the amount of money in the underground petroleum storage tank excess liability trust fund established by IC 13-23-7-1 reaches fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000), >zero (0)">(0), ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be transferred to the underground petroleum storage tank excess liability trust fund from the fund if the:

- (1) underground petroleum storage tank financial assurance board, established by IC 13-23-11-1, recommends that the appropriation should be made; and
- (2) budget committee approves the appropriation.

SECTION 2. IC 5-1.2-12-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2019, SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) The Indiana brownfields fund is established to provide money for grants, loans, and other financial assistance to or for the benefit of political subdivisions under this chapter. The authority shall administer, hold, and manage the Indiana brownfields fund.

(b) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

M

a









19 20 21

1

2

3

4 5

6 7

8

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

1	(c) Expenses of administering the Indiana brownfields fund shall	
2	be paid from money in the Indiana brownfields fund.	
3	(d) The Indiana brownfields fund consists of the following:	
4	(1) Appropriations made by the general assembly.	
5	(2) Grants and gifts intended for deposit in the Indiana	
6	brownfields fund.	
7	(3) Repayments of loans and other financial assistance from the	
8	Indiana brownfields fund, including premiums, interest, and	
9	penalties.	
10	(4) Proceeds from the sale of loans and other financial assistance	
11	under section 8 of this chapter.	
12	(5) Interest, premiums, gains, or other earnings on the Indiana	
13	brownfields fund.	
14	(6) Money transferred from the hazardous substances response	
15	trust fund under IC 13-25-4-1(a)(9).	
16	(7) Fees collected under section 6 of this chapter.	
17	(8) Money transferred from the underground petroleum storage	
18	tank excess liability trust fund under IC 13-23-7 for the purpose	
19	of environmental assessment and remediation on a property	
20	containing at least one (1) underground storage tank or	
21	aboveground storage tank.	
22	(9) Money transferred from the petroleum trust fund under	
23	IC 13-23-12-4(1) for the purpose of corrective actions that	
24	involve releases of regulated substances from underground	
25	storage tanks or aboveground storage tanks and are ineligible	
26	to receive funds from the underground petroleum storage tank	
27	excess liability trust fund under IC 13-23-7.	
28	(e) The authority shall invest the money in the Indiana brownfields	
29	fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the Indiana	
30	brownfields fund in accordance with an investment policy adopted by	
31	the authority. Interest, premiums, gains, or other earnings from the	
32	investments shall be credited to and deposited in the Indiana	
33	brownfields fund.	
34	(f) As an alternative to subsection (e), the authority may invest or	
35	cause to be invested all or a part of the Indiana brownfields fund in a	
36	fiduciary account or accounts with a trustee that is a financial	
37	institution. Notwithstanding any other law, any investment may be	
38	made by the trustee in accordance with one (1) or more trust	
39	agreements or indentures. A trust agreement or indenture may allow	
40	disbursements by the trustee to the authority, a participant, or any other	
41	person as provided in the trust agreement or indenture.	
42	SECTION 3. IC 13-11-2-0.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
43	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
44	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 0.3. "Aboveground petroleum	
45	storage tank", for purposes of IC 13-23, means an aboveground	
46	storage tank that is used to contain petroleum.	
47	SECTION 4. IC 13-11-2-0.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
48	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 0.4. (a) "Aboveground storage

1	tank" (or AST), for purposes of this chapter and IC 13-23, means	
2	one (1) tank or combination of tanks:	
3	(1) that is used to contain an accumulation of regulated	
4	substances;	
5	(2) the volume of which, including the volume of the	
6	aboveground connected pipes described in subsection (b), is	
7	not more than ten percent (10%) below the surface of the	
8	ground;	
9	(3) with a capacity of over one thousand five hundred (1,500)	
.0	gallons but not more than twenty thousand (20,000) gallons;	
1	and	
2	(4) that is used at:	
.3	(A) a bulk plant or facility regulated under the Pipeline	
4	Safety Act (49 U.S.C. 60101 et seq.) for the bulk storage	
5	and distribution of motor fuel to retailers; or	
.6	(B) an airport, including both primary and nonprimary	
7	airports as defined in 49 U.S.C. 47102.	
.8	(b) If a:	
9	(1) single tank; or	
20	(2) combination of tanks;	
21	constitutes an aboveground storage tank under subsection (a), any	
22	pipes that are connected to the single tank or combination of tanks	
23	are considered part of the aboveground storage tank.	
24	(c) The term defined in subsection (a) includes a single tank:	
25	(1) that meets the definition set forth in subsection (a); and	
26	(2) in which there are separate compartments.	
27	(d) The term does not include any of the following:	
28	(1) A farm or residential tank with a capacity of not more	
29	than one thousand one hundred (1,100) gallons that is used	
30	for storing motor fuel for noncommercial purposes.	_
31	(2) A tank used for storing heating oil for consumptive use on	
32	the premises on which the tank is stored.	
33	(3) A septic tank.	
34	(4) A surface impoundment, pit, pond, or lagoon.	
35	(5) A storm water or wastewater collection system.	
86	(6) A flow-through process tank.	
37	(7) A liquid trap or associated gathering lines directly related	
88	to oil or gas production and gathering operations.	
39	(8) Any other tank exempted by a rule adopted by the board	
10	in accordance with regulations adopted by the Administrator	
1	of the United States Environmental Protection Agency.	
12	(9) A pipe connected to a tank described in subdivisions (1)	
13	through (8).	
14	SECTION 5. IC 13-11-2-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-1996,	
15	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	_
16	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) "Administrator", except as provided in	
17	subsection (b), refers to the administrator of the United States	
8	Environmental Protection Agency.	
19	(b) "Administrator", for purposes of IC 13-23 and the	

administration of the ELTF, means the commissioner of the 1 2 department of environmental management. 3 SECTION 6. IC 13-11-2-15.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 4 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 15.3. "AST", as used in this 5 chapter and IC 13-23, refers to an aboveground storage tank (as 6 7 defined in section 0.4 of this chapter). 8 SECTION 7. IC 13-11-2-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2013, 9 SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 10 JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 17. (a) "Board", except as provided in subsections (b) through (d), refers to the environmental rules board established by 11 IC 13-13-8-3. 12 13 (b) "Board", for purposes of IC 13-21, refers to the board of 14 directors of a solid waste management district. (c) "Board", for purposes of IC 13-23-11, refers to the 15 underground petroleum storage tank financial assurance board 16 established by IC 13-23-11-1. 17 18 (d) "Board", for purposes of IC 13-26, refers to the board of trustees of a regional water, sewage, or solid waste district. 19 SECTION 8. IC 13-11-2-50 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 20 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 50. (a) 21 "Decommissioning", for purposes of IC 13-23, means the removal or 22 closure of an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank. 23 (b) "Decommissioning", for purposes of IC 13-29-1, means the 24 measures taken at the end of a facility's operating life to assure the 25 26 continued protection of the public from any residual radioactivity or 27 other potential hazards present at a facility. 28 SECTION 9. IC 13-11-2-62.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2016, 29 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 62.5. "Eligible party", as used in IC 13-23, means 30 31 any of the following: 32 (1) An owner, as defined in IC 13-11-2-150. (2) An operator, as defined in IC 13-11-2-148(d) and 33 IC 13-11-2-148(e). 34 35 (3) A former owner or operator of a UST or AST. 36 (4) A transferee of property upon which a UST or AST is 37 (5) A transferee of property upon which a UST or AST was 38 located but from which the UST or AST has been removed. 39 SECTION 10. IC 13-11-2-62.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2016, 40 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 41 42 JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 62.7. "Eligible release", as used in IC 13-23, means a release of petroleum that meets all of the following criteria: 43 (1) The release is from a UST or AST that was registered with 44 45 the department before the date of the ELTF claim on which the claimant confirmed the existence of the release or (if earlier) 46 47 first suspected the existence of the release. 48 (2) The release is reported to the department in accordance with 49 applicable regulations and statutes not later than thirty (30)

1	days after the date on which the claimant discovered the release.	
2	confirmed the existence of the release or (if earlier) first	
3	suspected the existence of the release.	
4	(3) An initial site characterization of the facility on which the	
5	release occurred is submitted to the department as required by	
6	rules adopted by the environmental rules board.	
7	(4) The release from the UST or AST is from the tank or	
8	dispensing components of the UST or AST, not including the	
9	nozzle or hose connecting the nozzle to the pump.	
.0	SECTION 11. IC 13-11-2-63.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2016,	
.1	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
.2	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 63.5. "ELTF", as used in this chapter and	
.3	IC 13-23, refers to the underground petroleum storage tank excess	
4	liability trust fund established by IC 13-23-7-1.	
.5	SECTION 12. IC 13-11-2-73, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2016,	
.6	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
7	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 73. "Excess liability trust fund", for purposes of	
8	IC 13-23, refers to the underground petroleum storage tank excess	
9	liability trust fund (or ELTF) established by IC 13-23-7-1.	
20	SECTION 13. IC 13-11-2-75 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
21 22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 75. "Exposure assessment", for purposes of IC 13-23, means an assessment to	
23	determine the extent of exposure, or potential for exposure, of	
.5 24	individuals to any regulated substance from a release from an	
2 4 25	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank based on	
.5 26	factors such as the following:	
27	(1) The nature and extent of contamination and the existence of	
28	or potential for pathways of human exposure, including ground	
29	or surface water contamination, air emissions, and food chain	
30	contamination.	-
31	(2) The size of the community within the likely pathway of	
32	exposure.	
33	(3) The comparison of expected human exposure levels to the	
34	short term and long term health effects associated with identified	
35	contaminants and any available recommended exposure or	
86	tolerance limits for those contaminants.	
37	SECTION 14. IC 13-11-2-77, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007,	
88	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
39	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 77. (a) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-15-1-3,	
10	means a structure or an area of land used for the disposal, treatment,	
1	storage, recovery, processing, or transferring of solid waste, hazardous	
12	waste, or atomic radiation. The term includes the following:	
13	(1) A hazardous waste facility.	
14	(2) An incinerator.	
15	(3) A solid waste landfill.	
16	(4) A transfer station.	
17	(b) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-17-7, means a single structure,	
18	piece of equipment, installation, or operation that:	
19	(1) emits; or	

1	(2) has the potential to emit;	
2	a regulated air pollutant.	
3	(c) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-18-5, means a building, a	
4	structure, equipment, or other stationary item that is located on:	
5	(1) a single site; or	
6	(2) contiguous or adjacent sites that are owned by, operated by,	
7	or under common control of the same person.	
8	(d) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-21, means a facility, a plant,	
9	a works, a system, a building, a structure, an improvement, machinery,	
10	equipment, a fixture, or other real or personal property of any nature	
11	that is to be used, occupied, or employed for the collection, storage,	
12	separation, processing, recovery, treatment, marketing, transfer, or	
13	disposal of solid waste.	
14	(e) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-23, means a parcel of land	
15	or site, together with the structures, equipment, and improvements	
16	on or appurtenant to the land or site, which is used or is being	
17	developed for the storage or distribution of petroleum.	
18	(e) (f) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-25-2, means all buildings,	
19	equipment, structures, and other stationary items that are:	
20	(1) located on a single site or on contiguous or adjacent sites;	
21	and	
22	(2) owned or operated by:	
23	(A) the same person; or	
24	(B) any person that controls, is controlled by, or is under	
25	common control with the same person.	
26	For purposes of IC 13-25-2-6, the term includes motor vehicles, rolling	
27	stock, and aircraft.	
28	(f) (g) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-25-4, has the meaning set	
29	forth in 42 U.S.C. 9601(9).	
30	(g) (h) "Facility", for purposes of IC 13-29-1, means a parcel of	
31	land or site, together with the structures, equipment, and improvements	
32	on or appurtenant to the land or site, which is used or is being	
33	developed for the treatment, storage, or disposal of low-level	
34	radioactive waste.	
35	SECTION 15. IC 13-11-2-81 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 81. (a) "Fiduciary", for	
37	purposes of IC 13-23-13:	
38	(1) means a person acting for the benefit of another party as a	
39	bona fide:	
40	(A) trustee;	
41	(B) executor;	
42	(C) administrator;	
43	(D) custodian;	
44	(E) guardian of estates or guardian ad litem;	
45	(F) receiver;	
46	(G) conservator;	
47	(H) committee of estates of incapacitated persons;	
48	(I) personal representative;	
49	(J) trustee (including a successor to a trustee) under an	

1	indenture agreement, trust agreement, lease, or similar	
2	financing agreement for debt securities, certificates of	
3	interest or certificates of participation in debt securities, or	
4	other forms of indebtedness as to which the trustee is not, in	
5	the capacity of trustee, the lender; or	
6	(K) representative in a capacity that is similar to the	
7	capacities referred to in clauses (A) through (J); and	
8	(2) does not include:	
9	(A) a person that is acting as a fiduciary with respect to a	
10	trust or other fiduciary estate that was organized for the	
11	primary purpose of, or is engaged in, actively carrying on a	
12	trade or business for profit, unless the trust or other	
13	fiduciary estate was created as part of, or to facilitate, at	
14	least one (1) estate plan or because of the incapacity of a	
15	natural person; or	
16	(B) a person that acquires ownership or control of an	
17	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank	
18	with the objective purpose of avoiding liability of the	
19	person or another person.	
20	(b) "Fiduciary", for purposes of IC 13-24-1:	
21	(1) means a person acting for the benefit of another party as a	
22	bona fide:	
23	(A) trustee;	
24	(B) executor;	
25	(C) administrator;	
26	(D) custodian;	
27	(E) guardian of estates or guardian ad litem;	
28	(F) receiver;	
29	(G) conservator;	
30	(H) committee of estates of incapacitated persons;	
31	(I) personal representative;	
32	(J) trustee (including a successor to a trustee) under an	
33	indenture agreement, trust agreement, lease, or similar	
34	financing agreement for debt securities, certificates of	
35	interest or certificates of participation in debt securities, or	
36	other forms of indebtedness as to which the trustee is not, in	
37	the capacity of trustee, the lender; or	
38	(K) representative in a capacity that is similar to the	
39	capacities referred to in clauses (A) through (J); and	
40	(2) does not include:	
41	(A) a person that is acting as a fiduciary with respect to a	
42	trust or other fiduciary estate that was organized for the	
43	primary purpose of, or is engaged in, actively carrying on a	
44 45	trade or business for profit, unless the trust or other	
45 46	fiduciary estate was created as part of, or to facilitate, at	
46	least one (1) estate plan or because of the incapacity of a	
47 49	natural person; or	
48	(B) a person that acquires ownership or control of a	
49	petroleum facility with the purpose of avoiding liability of	

1	the person or of another person.	
2	(c) "Fiduciary", for purposes of IC 13-25-4:	
3	(1) means a person acting for the benefit of another party as a	
4	bona fide:	
5	(A) trustee;	
6	(B) executor;	
7	(C) administrator;	
8	(D) custodian;	
9	(E) guardian of estates or guardian ad litem;	
10	(F) receiver;	
11	(G) conservator;	
12	(H) committee of estates of incapacitated persons;	
13	(I) personal representative;	
14	(J) trustee (including a successor to a trustee) under an	
15	indenture agreement, trust agreement, lease, or similar	
16	financing agreement for debt securities, certificates of	
17	interest or certificates of participation in debt securities, or	
18	other forms of indebtedness as to which the trustee is not, in	
19	the capacity of trustee, the lender; or	
20	(K) representative in a capacity that is similar to the	
21	capacities referred to in clauses (A) through (J); and	
22	(2) does not include:	
23	(A) a person that is acting as a fiduciary with respect to a	
24	trust or other fiduciary estate that was organized for the	
25	primary purpose of, or is engaged in, actively carrying on a	
26	trade or business for profit, unless the trust or other	
27	fiduciary estate was created as part of, or to facilitate, at	
28	least one (1) estate plan or because of the incapacity of a	
29	natural person; or	
30	(B) a person that acquires ownership or control of a vessel	
31	or facility with the objective purpose of avoiding liability of	
32	the person or of another person.	
33	SECTION 16. IC 13-11-2-81.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 81.5. (a) "Fiduciary	
35	capacity", for purposes of IC 13-23-13, means the capacity of a person	
36	in holding title to an underground storage tank or aboveground	
37	storage tank pursuant to the exercise of the responsibilities of the	
38	person as a fiduciary.	
39	(b) "Fiduciary capacity", for purposes of IC 13-24-1, means the	
40	capacity of a person in holding title to a petroleum facility pursuant to	
41	the exercise of the responsibilities of the person as a fiduciary.	
42	(c) "Fiduciary capacity", for purposes of IC 13-25-4, means the	
43	capacity of a person in holding title to a vessel or facility pursuant to	
44	the exercise of the responsibilities of the person as a fiduciary.	
45	SECTION 17. IC 13-11-2-84 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
46	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 84. "Financial	
47	assurance board", for purposes of IC 13-23, refers to the underground	
48	petroleum storage tank financial assurance board established by	

IC 13-23-11-1.

SECTION 18. IC 13-11-2-85.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.159-2011,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
, <u> </u>	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
, 11	
•	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
aboveground storage tank, or petroleum facility was security	
for an extension of credit previously contracted:	
(A) purchase at sale under a judgment or decree, power of	
sale, or nonjudicial foreclosure;	
(B) a deed in lieu of foreclosure or a similar conveyance	
from a trustee; or	
(C) repossession.	
(2) Conveyance under an extension of credit previously	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
*	
,	
	_
•	_
e	
management district bond fund.	
(k) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-21-13-2, refers to a district solid	
waste management fund.	
(1) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-23-6, refers to the underground	
petroleum storage tank trust fund.	
(m) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-23-7 and IC 13-23-8, refers to	
	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 85.6. "Foreclosure", for purposes of sections 148(e)(2), 150(e), and 151(e) of this chapter, means the acquisition of a vessel or facility for purposes of IC 13-25-4-8(c), an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank for purposes of IC 13-23-13, or a petroleum facility for purposes of IC 13-24-1 through any of the following: (1) If the vessel or facility, underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank, or petroleum facility was security for an extension of credit previously contracted: (A) purchase at sale under a judgment or decree, power of sale, or nonjudicial foreclosure; (B) a deed in lieu of foreclosure or a similar conveyance from a trustee; or (C) repossession. (2) Conveyance under an extension of credit previously contracted, including the termination of a lease agreement. (3) Any other formal or informal manner by which the person acquires, for subsequent disposition, title to or possession of a vessel or facility, underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank, or petroleum facility in order to protect the security interest of the person. SECTION 19. IC 13-11-2-87, AS AMENDED BY P.L.100-2021, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 87. (a) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-14-12, refers to the environmental management special fund. (b) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-15-10, refers to the waste facility operator trust fund. (c) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-17-6, refers to the asbestos trust fund. (d) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-17-8, refers to the Security fund, for purposes of IC 13-17-8, refers to the asbestos trust fund. (e) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-17-8, refers to the waste tire management permit program trust fund. (f) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-20-22, refers to the state solid waste management fund. (i) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-20-22, refers to the waste tire management fund. (i) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-21-7, refers to the underground petrol

1 2	the <u>landerground</u> petroleum storage tank excess liability trust fund (or ELTF).	
3	(n) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-25-4, refers to the hazardous	
4	substances response trust fund.	
5	(o) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-25-5, refers to the voluntary	
6	remediation fund.	
7	(p) "Fund", for purposes of IC 13-28-2, refers to the voluntary	
8	compliance fund.	
9	SECTION 20. IC 13-11-2-119, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2014,	
10	SECTION 51, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
11	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 119. (a) "Lender", for purposes of IC 13-23-13,	
12	means any of the following:	
13	(1) An insured depository institution (as defined in Section 3 of	
14	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)).	
15	(2) An insured credit union (as defined in Section 101 of the	
16	Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)).	
17	(3) A bank or association chartered under the Farm Credit Act of	
18	1971 (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.).	
19	(4) A leasing or trust company that is an affiliate of an insured	
20	depository institution.	
21	(5) A person (including a successor or assignee of the person)	
22	that:	
23	(A) makes a bona fide extension of credit to; or	
24	(B) takes or acquires a security interest from;	
25	a nonaffiliated person.	
26	(6) The Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal	
27	Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal Agricultural	
28	Mortgage Corporation, or an entity that buys or sells loans or	
29	interests in loans in a bona fide manner.	
30	(7) A person that:	
31	(A) insures or guarantees against a default in the repayment	
32	of an extension of credit; or	
33	(B) acts as a surety with respect to an extension of credit;	
34	to a nonaffiliated person.	
35	(8) A person that provides title insurance and that acquires an	
36	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank as a	
37	result of assignment or conveyance in the course of underwriting	
38	claims and claims settlement.	
39	(b) "Lender", for purposes of IC 13-24-1, means any of the	
40	following:	
41 42	(1) An insured depository institution (as defined in Section 3 of	
42 42	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)).	
43 4.4	(2) An insured credit union (as defined in Section 101 of the	
14 15	Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)).	
45 46	(3) A bank or association chartered under the Farm Credit Act of	
46 47	1971 (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.).	
47 10	(4) A leasing or trust company that is an affiliate of an insured	
48 40	depository institution.	
49	(5) A person (including a successor or assignee of the person)	

1	that:	
2	(A) makes a bona fide extension of credit to; or	
3	(B) takes or acquires a security interest from;	
4	a nonaffiliated person.	
5	(6) The Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal	
6	Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal Agricultural	
7	Mortgage Corporation, or an entity that buys or sells loans or	
8	interests in loans in a bona fide manner.	
9	(7) A person that:	
10	(A) insures or guarantees against a default in the repayment	
11	of an extension of credit; or	
12	(B) acts as a surety with respect to an extension of credit;	
13	to a nonaffiliated person.	
14	(8) A person that provides title insurance and that acquires a	
15	petroleum facility as a result of assignment or conveyance in the	
16	course of underwriting claims and claims settlement.	
17	(c) "Lender", for purposes of IC 13-25-4, means any of the	
18	following:	
19	(1) An insured depository institution (as defined in Section 3 of	
20	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)).	
21	(2) An insured credit union (as defined in Section 101 of the	
22	Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752)).	
23	(3) A bank or association chartered under the Farm Credit Act of	
24	1971 (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.).	
25	(4) A leasing or trust company that is an affiliate of an insured	
26	depository institution.	
27	(5) A person (including a successor or assignee of the person)	
28	that:	
29	(A) makes a bona fide extension of credit to; or	
30	(B) takes or acquires a security interest from;	
31	a nonaffiliated person.	
32	(6) The Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal	
33	Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal Agricultural	
34	Mortgage Corporation, or an entity that buys or sells loans or	
35	interests in loans in a bona fide manner.	
36	(7) A person that:	
37	(A) insures or guarantees against a default in the repayment	
38	of an extension of credit; or	
39	(B) acts as a surety with respect to an extension of credit;	
40	to a nonaffiliated person.	
41	(8) A person that provides title insurance and that acquires a	
42	vessel or facility as a result of assignment or conveyance in the	
43	course of underwriting claims and claims settlement.	
14	SECTION 21. IC 13-11-2-148, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,	
45	SECTION 100, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	_
46	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 148. (a) "Operator", for purposes of	
47	IC 13-18-10, means the person in direct or responsible charge or	
48	control of one (1) or more confined feeding operations.	
1 9	(b) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-18-11 and environmental	

1	management laws, means the person in direct or responsible charge and	
2	supervising the operation of:	
3	(1) a water treatment plant;	
4	(2) a wastewater treatment plant; or	
5 6	(3) a water distribution system.(c) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-20-6, means a corporation,	
7	a limited liability company, a partnership, a business association, a	
8	unit, or an individual who is a sole proprietor that is one (1) of the	
9	following:	
10	(1) A broker.	
11	(2) A person who manages the activities of a transfer station that	
12	receives municipal waste.	
13	(3) A transporter.	
14	(d) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-23, except as provided in	
15	subsections (e), (g), and (h), means a person:	
16	(1) in control of; or	
17	(2) having responsibility for;	
18	the daily operation of an underground storage tank or aboveground	
19	storage tank.	
20	(e) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-23-13, does not include the	
21	following:	
22	(1) A person who:	
23	(A) does not participate in the management of an	
24	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank;	
25	(B) is otherwise not engaged in the:	
26	(i) production;	
27	(ii) refining; and	
28	(iii) marketing;	
29	of regulated substances; and	
30	(C) holds evidence of ownership, primarily to protect the	
31	owner's security interest in the tank.	
32 33	(2) A person that is a lender that did not participate in	
34	management of an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank before foreclosure, notwithstanding that the	
35	person:	
36	(A) forecloses on the vessel or facility; and	
37	(B) after foreclosure, sells, re-leases (in the case of a lease	
38	finance transaction), or liquidates the underground storage	
39	tank or aboveground storage tank, maintains business	
40	activities, winds up operations, undertakes a response action	
41	under Section 107(d)(1) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C.	
42	9607(d)(1)) or under the direction of an on-scene	
43	coordinator appointed under the National Contingency Plan	
14	with respect to the underground storage tank or	
45	aboveground storage tank, or takes any other measure to	_
46	preserve, protect, or prepare the underground storage tank	
47	or aboveground storage tank prior to sale or disposition;	
48	if the person seeks to sell, re-lease (in the case of a lease finance	

transaction), or otherwise divest the person of the underground

1 2	storage tank or aboveground storage tank at the earliest practicable, commercially reasonable time, on commercially	
3	reasonable terms, taking into account market conditions and	
4	legal and regulatory requirements.	
5	(3) A person who:	
6	(A) does not own or lease, directly or indirectly, the facility	
7	or business at which the underground storage tank or	
8	aboveground storage tank is located;	
9	(B) does not participate in the management of the facility or	
10	business described in clause (A); and	
11	(C) is engaged only in:	
12	(i) filling;	
13	(ii) gauging; or	
14	(iii) filling and gauging;	
15	the product level in the course of delivering fuel to an	
16	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank.	
17	(4) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or unit	
18	of federal or state government that:	
19	(A) acquires ownership or control of an underground	
20	storage tank or aboveground storage tank on a brownfield	
21	because of:	
22	(i) bankruptcy;	
23	(ii) foreclosure;	
24	(iii) tax delinquency, including an acquisition under	
25	IC 6-1.1-24 or IC 6-1.1-25;	=0
26	(iv) abandonment;	
27	(v) the exercise of eminent domain, including any	
28	purchase of property once an offer to purchase has	
29	been tendered under IC 32-24-1-5;	
30	(vi) receivership;	
31	(vii) transfer from another political subdivision or unit	
32	of federal or state government;	
33	(viii) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as	
34	defined in IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment	
35	activities, specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2,	
36	IC 36-7-14-22.5, IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2,	
37	and IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;	
38	(ix) other circumstances in which the political	
39	subdivision or unit of federal or state government	
40	involuntarily acquired an interest in the property	
41	because of the political subdivision's or unit's function	
42	as sovereign; or	
43	(x) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a	
44	brownfield; and	
45	(B) is engaged only in activities in conjunction with:	
46	(i) investigation or remediation of hazardous	
47	substances, petroleum, and other pollutants associated	
48	with a brownfield, including complying with land use	
49	restrictions and institutional controls; or	

1	(ii) monitoring or closure of an underground storage	
2	tank or aboveground storage tank;	
3	unless existing contamination on the brownfield is	
4	exacerbated due to gross negligence or intentional	
5	misconduct by the political subdivision or unit of federal or	
6	state government.	
7	(f) For purposes of subsection (e)(4)(B), reckless, willful, or	
8	wanton misconduct constitutes gross negligence.	
9	(g) "Operator" does not include a person that after June 30, 2009,	
10	meets, for purposes of the determination under IC 13-23-13 of liability	
11	for a release from an underground storage tank or aboveground	
12	storage tank, the exemption criteria under Section 107(q) of CERCLA	
13	(42 U.S.C. 9607(q)) that apply for purposes of the determination of	
14	liability for a release of a hazardous substance.	
15	(h) "Operator" does not include a person that meets, for purposes	
16	of the determination under IC 13-23-13 of liability for a release from	
17	an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank, the	
18	exemption criteria under Section 107(r) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C.	
19	9607(r)) that apply for purposes of the determination of liability for a	
20	release of a hazardous substance, except that the person acquires	
21	ownership of the facility after June 30, 2009.	
22	SECTION 22. IC 13-11-2-150, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2011,	
23	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
24	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 150. (a) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23	
25	(except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g)) means:	
26	(1) for an underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
27 28	tank that:	_
28 29	(A) was:	
29 30	(i) in use on November 8, 1984; or(ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984;	_
31	for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances,	
32	a person who owns the underground storage tank or	
33	aboveground storage tank or the real property that is the	
34	underground storage tank of the real property that is the	
35	tank site, or both; or	
36	(B) was:	
37	(i) in use before November 8, 1984; but	
38	(ii) no longer in use on November 8, 1984;	
39	a person who owned the tank immediately before the	
40	discontinuation of the tank's use; or	
41	(2) a person who conveyed ownership or control of the	
42	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank to a	
43	political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or unit of	
14	federal or state government because of:	
45	(A) bankruptcy;	_
46	(B) foreclosure;	
47	(C) tax delinquency, including a conveyance under	
48	IC 6-1.1-24 or IC 6-1.1-25;	
1 9	(D) abandonment;	

1	(E) the exercise of eminent domain, including any purchase	
2	of property once an offer to purchase has been tendered	
3	under IC 32-24-1-5;	
4	(F) receivership;	
5	(G) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined in	
6	IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities,	
7	specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5,	
8	IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and	
9	IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;	
10	(H) other circumstances in which a political subdivision or	
11	unit of federal or state government involuntarily acquired	
12	ownership or control because of the political subdivision's	
13	or unit's function as sovereign; or	
14	(I) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a	
15	brownfield;	
16	if the person was a person described in subdivision (1)	
17	immediately before the person conveyed ownership or control of	
18	the underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank.	
19	(b) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23-13, does not include a	
20	person who:	
21	(1) does not participate in the management of an underground	
22	storage tank or aboveground storage tank;	
23	(2) is otherwise not engaged in the:	
24	(A) production;	
25	(B) refining; and	
26	(C) marketing;	
27	of regulated substances; and	_
28	(3) holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect the owner's	
29	security interest in the tank.	
30	(c) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23, does not include a person	
31	that is a lender that did not participate in management of an	
32 33	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank before	
	foreclosure, notwithstanding that the person:	
34 35	(1) forecloses on the underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank ; and	
36	(2) after foreclosure, sells, re-leases (in the case of a lease	
37	finance transaction), or liquidates the underground storage tank	
38	or aboveground storage tank, maintains business activities,	
39	winds up operations, undertakes a response action under Section	
40	107(d)(1) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9607(d)(1)) or under the	
41	direction of an on-scene coordinator appointed under the	
42	National Contingency Plan with respect to the underground	
43	storage tank or aboveground storage tank , or takes any other	
44	measure to preserve, protect, or prepare the underground storage	
45	tank or aboveground storage tank prior to sale or disposition;	_
46	if the person seeks to sell, re-lease (in the case of a lease finance	
47	transaction), or otherwise divest the person of the underground storage	
48	tank or aboveground storage tank at the earliest practicable,	
49	commercially reasonable time, on commercially reasonable terms,	
17	commercially reasonable time, on commercially reasonable terms,	

1 taking into account market conditions and legal and regulatory 2 requirements. 3 (d) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23, does not include a political 4 subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or unit of federal or state government that acquired ownership or control of an underground 5 storage tank or aboveground storage tank because of: 6 7 (1) bankruptcy; 8 (2) foreclosure; 9 (3) tax delinquency, including an acquisition under IC 6-1.1-24 10 or IC 6-1.1-25: (4) abandonment; 11 (5) the exercise of eminent domain, including any purchase of 12 property once an offer to purchase has been tendered under 13 IC 32-24-1-5; 14 (6) receivership; 15 16 (7) transfer from another political subdivision or unit of federal or state government; 17 (8) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined in 18 IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities, specifically 19 under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5, IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, 20 IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and IC 36-7-15.1-15.5; 21 22 (9) other circumstances in which the political subdivision or unit 23 of federal or state government involuntarily acquired ownership 24 or control because of the political subdivision's or unit's function 25 as sovereign; or 26 (10) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a 27 brownfield: 28 unless the political subdivision or unit of federal or state government 29 causes or contributes to the release or threatened release of a regulated 30 substance, in which case the political subdivision or unit of federal or 31 state government is subject to IC 13-23 in the same manner and to the 32 same extent as a nongovernmental entity under IC 13-23. 33 (e) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23, does not include a nonprofit corporation that acquired ownership or control of an 34 underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank to assist and 35 36 support a political subdivision's revitalization and reuse of a brownfield for noncommercial purposes, including conservation, preservation, and 37 38 recreation, unless the nonprofit corporation causes or contributes to the release or threatened release of a regulated substance, in which case the 39 nonprofit corporation is subject to IC 13-23 in the same manner and to 40 the same extent as any other nongovernmental entity under IC 13-23. 41 (f) "Owner" does not include a person that after June 30, 2009, 42 meets, for purposes of the determination under IC 13-23-13 of liability 43 44 for a release from an underground storage tank or aboveground 45 storage tank, the exemption criteria under Section 107(q) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9607(q)) that apply for purposes of the determination of 46 47 liability for a release of a hazardous substance.

(g) "Owner" does not include a person that meets, for purposes of

the determination under IC 13-23-13 of liability for a release from an

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22 23

2425

26

27

28

29 30

31

32

33

343536

37

38

39

40 41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48 49 underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank, the exemption criteria under Section 107(r) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9607(r)) that apply for purposes of the determination of liability for a release of a hazardous substance, except that the person acquires ownership of the facility after June 30, 2009. SECTION 23. IC 13-11-2-151.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 151.2. (a) "Participate in management", for purposes of IC 13-23-13, means actually participating in the management or operational affairs of an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank. (b) The term does not include the following: (1) Merely having the capacity to influence, or the unexercised right to control, underground or aboveground storage operations. (2) Performing an act or failing to perform an act before the time at which a security interest is created in an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank. (3) Holding a security interest or abandoning a security interest. (4) Including in the terms of an extension of credit, or in a contract or security agreement relating to the extension, a covenant, a warranty, or another term or condition that relates to environmental compliance. (5) Monitoring or enforcing the terms and conditions of the extension of credit or security interest. (6) Monitoring or undertaking at least one (1) inspection of an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank. (7) Requiring a response action or other lawful means of addressing the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance in connection with the underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank prior to, during, or on the expiration of the term of the extension of credit. (8) Providing financial advice or other advice or counseling in an effort to mitigate, prevent, or cure default or decrease in the value of an underground storage tank or aboveground storage (9) Restructuring, renegotiating, or otherwise agreeing to alter the terms and conditions of the extension of credit or security interest, exercising forbearance. (10) Exercising other remedies that may be available under applicable law for the breach of a term or condition of the extension of credit or security agreement. (11) Conducting a response action under Section 107(d) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9607(d)) or under the direction of an on-scene coordinator appointed under the National Contingency Plan, unless the person conducting the response action assumes or manifests responsibility: (A) for the overall management of the underground storage

tank or aboveground storage tank, encompassing day to

day decision making with respect to environmental

1	compliance; or	
2	(B) over all or substantially all of the operational functions	
3	(as distinguished from financial or administrative functions)	
4	of the underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
5	tank other than the function of environmental compliance.	
6	(c) As used in this section, "extension of credit" includes a lease	
7	finance transaction:	
8	(1) in which the lessor does not initially select the leased	
9	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank and	
10	does not during the lease term control the daily operations or	
11	maintenance of the underground storage tank or aboveground	
12	storage tank; or	
13	(2) that conforms with regulations issued by:	
14	(A) the appropriate federal banking agency or the	
15	appropriate state bank supervisor (as those terms are	
16	defined in Section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act,	
17	12 U.S.C. 1813); or	
18	(B) the National Credit Union Administration Board.	
19	SECTION 24. IC 13-11-2-161 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 161. (a) "Petroleum	
21	facility", for purposes of IC 13-24-1, means any of the following:	
22	(1) A building.	
23	(2) A structure.	
24	(3) An installation.	
25	(4) A piece of equipment.	
26	(5) A pipe, including a pipe that runs into a sewer or publicly	
27	owned treatment facility.	
28	(6) A well.	
29	(7) A pit.	
30	(8) A pond.	
31	(9) A lagoon.	
32	(10) An impoundment.	
33	(11) A ditch.	
34	(12) A landfill.	
35	(13) A storage container.	
36	(14) A motor vehicle.	
37	(15) Rolling stock.	
38	(16) Aircraft.	
39	(17) A site or an area on which petroleum has been:	
40	(A) deposited;	
41 42	(B) stored;	
43	(C) disposed of; (D) placed; or	
43 44	(E) located.	
45	(b) The term does not include the following:	
45	(1) A consumer product in consumer use.	
40 47	(1) A consumer product in consumer use. (2) An underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank.	
48	SECTION 25. IC 13-11-2-163 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
4 8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 163. "Petroleum trust	
コノ	1 OLLO W5 [LITLETIVE JOLI 1, 2023]. Sec. 103. Tenolediii ilust	

1	fund", for purposes of IC 13-23, refers to the underground petroleum	
2	storage tank trust fund established by IC 13-23-6-1.	
3	SECTION 26. IC 13-11-2-172, AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2018,	
4	SECTION 115, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 172. "Program", for purposes of	
6	IC 13-23, refers to an underground storage tank and aboveground	
7	storage tank release:	
8	(1) detection;	
9	(2) prevention; and	
10	(3) correction;	
11	program created in accordance with the requirements of IC 13-23 or	
12	IC 13-7-20 (before its repeal).	
13	SECTION 27. IC 13-11-2-184 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 184. (a) "Release", for	
15	purposes of IC 13-23, means any:	
16	(1) spilling;	
17	(2) leaking;	
18	(3) emitting;	
19	(4) discharging;	
20	(5) escaping;	
21	(6) leaching; or	
22	(7) disposing;	
23	from an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank into	
24	ground water, surface water, subsurface soils, or surface soils.	
25	(b) "Release", for purposes of IC 13-24-1, means:	
26	(1) a spill;	
27	(2) a leak;	
28	(3) an emission;	
29	(4) a discharge;	
30	(5) an escape;	
31	(6) a leaching; or	
32	(7) a disposing;	
33	of petroleum into ground water, surface water, subsurface soils, or	
34	surface soils. The term does not include the release of petroleum into	
35	land used by a scrap metal processor (as defined in IC 9-13-2-162) or	
36	farmer, unless the commissioner determines that the release of the	
37	petroleum is adverse to human health.	
38	(c) "Release", for purposes of IC 13-25-2, means any:	
39	(1) spilling;	
40	(2) leaking;	
41	(3) pumping;	
42	(4) pouring;	
43	(5) emitting;	
44	(6) emptying;	
45	(7) discharging;	_
46	(8) injecting;	
47	(9) escaping;	
48	(10) leaching;	
49	(11) dumping; or	

1	(12) disposing;	
2	into the environment of any hazardous chemical, extremely hazardous	
3	substance, or toxic chemical. The term includes the abandonment or	
4	discarding of barrels, containers, and other closed receptacles.	
5	(d) "Release", for purposes of IC 13-25-4, means any:	
6	(1) spilling;	
7	(2) leaking;	
8	(3) pumping;	
9	(4) pouring;	
10	(5) emitting;	
11	(6) emptying;	
12	(7) discharging;	
13	(8) injecting;	
14	(9) escaping;	
15	(10) leaching;	
16	(11) dumping; or	
17	(12) disposing;	
18	into the environment. The term includes the abandonment or discarding	
19	of barrels, containers, or other closed receptacles containing any	
20	hazardous substance.	
21	(e) "Release", for purposes of IC 13-25-5, means any:	
22	(1) spilling;	
23	(1) spining, (2) leaking;	
24	(3) pumping;	
25	(4) pouring;	
25 26	· / 1	
	(5) emitting;	
27	(6) emptying;	
28	(7) discharging;	
29	(8) injecting;	
30	(9) escaping;	
31	(10) leaching;	
32	(11) dumping; or	
33	(12) disposing;	
34	into the environment. The term includes the abandonment or discarding	
35	of barrels, containers, or other closed receptacles containing any	
36	hazardous substance or petroleum.	
37	SECTION 28. IC 13-11-2-194, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2009,	
38	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
39	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 194. (a) "Retailer", for purposes of IC 13-20-14,	
40	means a person engaged in the business of selling new tires at retail in	
41	Indiana.	
42	(b) "Retailer", for purposes of IC 13-20-16, means a person	
43	engaged in the business of selling lead acid batteries at retail in	
44	Indiana.	
45	(c) "Retailer", for purposes of section 195.7 of this chapter and	
46	IC 13-20.5, means a person that sells, rents, or leases, through sales	
47	outlets, catalogs, or the Internet, a video display device to a covered	
48	entity and not for resale in any form.	
49	(d) "Retailer", for purposes of section 0.4 of this chapter and	

1	IC 13-23, means a person who purchases motor fuel for sale to the	
2	general public for ultimate consumption.	
3	SECTION 29. IC 13-11-2-241, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2016,	
4	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 241. (a) "Underground storage tank" (or UST), for	
6	purposes of this chapter and IC 13-23, means one (1) tank or a	
7	combination of tanks:	
8	(1) that is used to contain an accumulation of regulated	
9	substances; and	
10	(2) the volume of which, including the volume of the	
11	underground connected pipes described in subsection (b), is at	
12	least ten percent (10%) beneath the surface of the ground.	
13	(b) If:	
14	(1) a single tank; or	
15	(2) a combination of tanks;	
16	constitutes an underground storage tank under subsection (a), any	
17	underground pipes that are connected to the single tank or combination	
18	of tanks are also part of the underground storage tank.	
19	(c) The term defined in subsection (a) includes a single tank:	
20	(1) that meets the definition set forth in subsection (a); and	
21	(2) in which there are separate compartments.	
22	(d) The term does not include any of the following:	
23	(1) A farm or residential tank with a capacity of not more than	
24	one thousand one hundred (1,100) gallons that is used for storing	
25	motor fuel for noncommercial purposes.	
26	(2) A tank used for storing heating oil for consumptive use on	
27	the premises on which the tank is stored.	
28	(3) A septic tank.	
29	(4) A pipeline facility, including gathering lines, that:	
30	(A) is regulated under the Pipeline Safety Act the Natural	_
31	Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968 (49 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.);	
32	(B) is regulated under the Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety	
33	Act of 1979 (49 U.S.C. 60101 et seq.); or	
34	(C) (B) is an intrastate pipeline facility regulated under state	
35	laws comparable to the laws identified in clauses clause	
36	(A).[-]through (B).	
37	(5) A surface impoundment, pit, pond, or lagoon.	
38	(6) A stormwater storm water or wastewater collection system.	
39	(7) A flow-through process tank.	
40	(8) A liquid trap or associated gathering lines directly related to	
41	oil or gas production and gathering operations.	
42	(9) A storage tank situated in an underground area such as:	
43	(A) a basement;	
44	(B) a cellar;	
45	(C) a mineworking;	_
46	(D) a drift;	
47	(E) a shaft; or	
48	(F) a shart, of (F) a tunnel;	
49	if the storage tank is situated upon or above the surface of the	
17	if the storage tains is strated upon or above the surface of the	

1	floor.	
2	(10) Any other tank exempted by a rule adopted by the board in	
3	accordance with regulations adopted by the Administrator of the	
4	United States Environmental Protection Agency.	
5	(11) A pipe connected to a tank described in subdivisions (1)	
6	through (10).	
7	SECTION 30. IC 13-14-9-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2012,	
8	SECTION 89, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
9	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in sections 8 and 14 of	
10	this chapter, this chapter applies to the following:	
11	(1) The board.	
12	(2) The underground petroleum storage tank financial assurance	
13	board established by IC 13-23-11-1.	
14	(b) In addition to the requirements of IC 4-22-2 and IC 13-14-8, a	
15	board may not adopt a rule except in accordance with this chapter.	
16 17	SECTION 31. IC 13-23-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. A unit of local	
18 19	government may not enact or enforce an ordinance that requires:	
	(1) a permit;	
20 21	(2) a license;	
22	(3) an approval;	
23	(4) an inspection; or(5) the payment of a fee or tax;	
23 24	for the installation, use, retrofitting, closure, or removal of an	
2 4 25	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank unless the	
25 26	department has approved the ordinance or a proposed ordinance in	
20 27	writing.	
28	SECTION 32. IC 13-23-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	_
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) The state fire	
30	marshal department shall, under rules adopted by the fire prevention	_
31	and building safety commission board under IC 4-22-2 and	
32	IC 13-14-9, establish a certification program for persons who	
33	supervise, manage, or direct underground storage tank or	
34	aboveground storage tank:	
35	(1) installation or retrofitting;	
36	(2) testing;	
37	(3) cathodic protection procedures; or	
38	(4) decommissioning.	
39	(b) A person may be certified by the state fire marshal	
40	department if the person submits evidence to the state fire marshal	
41	department that the person has successfully completed:	
42	(1) the International Fire Code Institute examination; or	
43	(2) another appropriate examination approved by the state fire	
14	marshal.	
45	(c) The state fire marshal department may create a supplemental	_
46	educational library concerning proper installation and closure of	
1 7	underground storage tanks or aboveground storage tanks, which	
18	includes the American Petroleum Institute's series. "An Education and	

Certification Program for Underground Storage Tank Professionals"

1 2	and "API 653 Aboveground Storage Tank Inspector Certification Program".	
3	SECTION 33. IC 13-23-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) A person	
5	described under section 1 of this chapter may not:	
6	(1) install or retrofit;	
7	(2) test;	
8	(3) provide cathodic protection for; or	
9	(4) decommission;	
10	an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank unless the	
11	person has been certified by the state fire marshal. department.	
12	(b) The state fire marshal department may temporarily deny or	
13	revoke the certification of a person made under subsection (a) if the	
14	person has negligently violated a standard established by the board or	
15	the fire prevention and building safety commission concerning the:	
16	(1) installation or retrofitting;	
17	(2) testing;	
18	(3) cathodic protection; or	
19	(4) decommissioning;	
20	of an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank.	
21	(c) If a person:	
22	(1) has been denied certification; or	
23	(2) had the person's certification revoked under subsection (b) or	
24	IC 13-7-20-13.3(b) (before its repeal);	
25	the state fire marshal department may certify the person only if the	
26	person files a performance bond with the state fire marshal	
27	department in an amount established by the fire prevention and	
28	building safety commission. board.	
29	(d) If a person who is certified or attempts to become certified	
30	under subsection (c) intentionally or negligently violates a standard	-
31	established by the board or the fire prevention and building safety	
32	commission concerning the installation or retrofitting of, testing of,	
33	provision of cathodic protection for, or decommissioning of an	
34	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank, the state fire	
35	marshal department may:	
36	(1) permanently deny the certification of the person; or	
37	(2) permanently revoke the certification of the person.	
38	SECTION 34. IC 13-23-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) A certificate	
40	issued under section 1 of this chapter expires two (2) years from the	
41	date a person successfully completes the examination to qualify to	
42	obtain the certificate.	
43	(b) The fire prevention and building safety commission board may	
14	adopt rules establishing renewal procedures for certificates that expire	
45	under subsection (a).	
46	SECTION 35. IC 13-23-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2016,	
4 7	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
48	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to section 2 of this chapter, and	
4 9	except as provided in subsection (b), an underground storage tank,	

1	whether of single or double wall construction, may not be installed	
2	before the effective date of the rules adopted under IC 13-23-1-2 for the	
3	purpose of storing regulated substances unless:	
4	(1) the tank will prevent releases due to corrosion or structural	
5	failure for the operational life of the tank;	
6	(2) the tank is:	
7	(A) cathodically protected against corrosion;	
8	(B) constructed of noncorrosive material;	
9	(C) steel clad with a noncorrosive material; or	
.0	(D) designed to prevent the release or threatened release of	
.1	any stored substance;	
.2	(3) the material used in the construction or lining of the tank is	
.3	compatible with the substance to be stored; and	
4	(4) after July 1, 2007, all newly installed or replaced piping	
.5	connected to the tank meets the secondary containment	
.6	requirements adopted by the board.	
7	(b) An underground storage tank system that contains alcohol	
.8	blended fuels composed of greater than fifteen percent (15%) alcohol	
9	lis a petroleum UST system (as defined in 329 IAC 9-1-36 as in effect	
20	January 1, 2007) and may be installed during the period referred to in	
21	subsection (a) if the system is otherwise in compliance with rules	
22	adopted by the board concerning technical and safety requirements	
23 24	relating to the physical characteristics of underground petroleum storage tanks and ancillary equipment, including dispensing equipment,	
25	used in the storing or dispensing of alcohol blended fuels for purposes	
.5 26	of all other provisions of this article.	
27	(c) Owners and operators of underground storage tank systems that	
28	store, carry, or dispense alcohol blended fuels composed of greater than	_
29	fifteen percent (15%) alcohol that comply with subsection (b) are	
30	considered to meet the standards of:	_
31	(1) compatibility under subsection (a)(3); and	
32	(2) compliance for purposes of all other provisions of this article.	
33	SECTION 36. IC 13-23-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. The underground	
35	petroleum storage tank trust fund is established to provide a source of	
86	money for the uses set forth in IC 13-23-13-6.	
37	SECTION 37. IC 13-23-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.38-2012,	
88	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
39	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. The sources of money for the fund are as	
10	follows:	
1	(1) Grants made by the United States Environmental Protection	
12	Agency to the state under cooperative agreements under Section	
13	9003(h)(7) of the federal Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C.	
14	6991b(h)(7)).	
15	(2) Costs recovered by the state under IC 13-23-13-8 in	
16	connection with any corrective action undertaken under	
17	IC 13-23-13-2 with respect to a release of petroleum.	
lΩ	(3) Costs recovered by the state in connection with the	

enforcement of this article with respect to any release of

1	petroleum.	
2	(4) Appropriations made by the general assembly, gifts, and	
3	donations intended for deposit in the fund.	
4	(5) Penalties imposed under IC 13-23-14.	
5	(6) Revenue from the underground petroleum storage tank	
6	registration fee deposited in the fund under IC 13-23-12-4.	
7	IC 13-23-12-4(1).	
8	SECTION 38. IC 13-23-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2016,	
9	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
10	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) The underground petroleum storage tank	
11	excess liability trust fund (or ELTF) is established for the following	
12	purposes:	
13	(1) Assisting owners and operators of underground petroleum	
14	storage tanks to establish evidence of financial responsibility as	
15	required under IC 13-23-4.	
16	(2) Providing a source of money to satisfy liabilities for	
17	corrective action for underground petroleum storage tanks	
18	and aboveground storage tanks.	
19	(3) Providing a source of money for the indemnification of third	
20	parties under IC 13-23-9-3.	
21	(4) Providing a source of money to pay for the expenses of the	
22	department incurred in:	
23	(A) paying and administering claims against the ELTF for	
24	those job activities and expenses that consist exclusively of	
25	administering the ELTF;	
26	(B) inspecting underground storage tanks and	
27	aboveground storage tanks; and	_
28 29	(C) establishing and implementing an online underground storage tank and aboveground storage tank operator	
29 30	training program that complies with the requirements of the	_
31	federal Energy Policy Act of 2005; and	
32	(D) project management and oversight of eligible	
33	releases.	
34	(5) Providing a source of money to pay for the expenses of the	
35	department incurred under section 7(b) of this chapter.	
36	(b) The expenses described in subsection (a)(4) that are paid from	
37	the ELTF in a state fiscal year may not exceed eleven percent (11%) of	
38	the fund income in the immediately preceding state fiscal year.	
39	(c) The ELTF is designated as a trust fund.	
40	SECTION 39. IC 13-23-9-1.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.200-2017,	
41	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
42	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1.3. (a) The total amount otherwise available from	
43	the ELTF in connection with an eligible release discovered on or after	
44	July 1, 2016, shall be reduced by:	
45	(1) a deductible amount of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000);	
46	and	
47	(2) if any annual registration fees that were due in 2014 or a later	
48	year are not paid in full before the submittal of the initial site	
49	characterization as required by the rules adopted by the	

1	environmental rules board, an additional amount under	
2	subsection (b).	
3	(b) The additional amount referred to in subsection (a)(2) is the	
4	sum of:	
5	(1) all annual registration fees due under IC 13-23-12-1 for	
6	USTs and ASTs, as applicable, located at the facility from	
7	which the release occurred that:	
8	(A) were due in 2014 or a later year; and	
9	(B) have not been paid; plus	
.0	(2) an additional amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for	
1	each annual registration fee imposed by IC 13-23-12-1 on a UST	
.2	and AST, as applicable, located at the facility from which the	
	release occurred that:	
.4	(A) was due in 2014 or a later year; and	
.5	(B) was not paid in the year the fee was originally due.	
6	SECTION 40. IC 13-23-9-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.200-2017,	
7	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
.8	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1.5. (a) The administrator may pay ELTF claims	
9	only for costs that:	
20	(1) are reasonable and cost effective; and	
21	(2) result from or reimburse the claimant for the following:(A) Work performed for site characterization.	
22 23	(B) Development and implementation of a corrective action	
23 24	plan that:	
25	(i) is approved by the commissioner under rules	
26	adopted by the environmental rules board; and	
27	(ii) has not been suspended.	
28	(C) Work performed as part of an emergency response	
29	necessary to abate an immediate threat of harm to human	
80	health, property, or the environment.	_
31	(D) Third party indemnification claims submitted in	
32	accordance with section 3 of this chapter.	
33	(E) Reasonable attorney's fees incurred in defense of third	
34	party claims.	
35	(F) Releases that occurred on or after April 1, 1988.	
86	(G) Compensation paid by the claimant to technicians for	
37	services performed in preparation of the claimant's ELTF	
88	claim.	
39	(H) Work performed to decommission or replace an	
10	underground petroleum storage tank as provided under	
1	section 1.7 of this chapter.	
12	(b) The administrator may also pay ELTF claims for costs not	
13	described in subsection (a) if allowed under rules adopted by the	
14	petroleum storage tank financial assurance board.	
15	SECTION 41. IC 13-23-9-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
16	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1.7. (a) The administrator may	
18	pay an ELTF claim for fifty percent (50%) of the costs of	
19	decommissioning or replacing an underground petroleum storage	

1	tank, provided that:	
2	(1) the applicant is the owner of the tank;	
3	(2) such decommissioning or replacement is necessary, in the	
4	judgment of the administrator, to protect human health and	
5	the environment considering the age, obsolescence, and level	
6	of deterioration of the tank; and	
7	(3) the costs are:	
8	(A) reasonable and cost effective; and	
9	(B) result from or reimburse the claimant for work	
10	performed decommissioning the tank or replacing the	
11	tank with a new tank.	
12	(b) The expenses described in subsection (a) that are paid from	
13	the ELTF in a state fiscal year may not exceed:	
14	(1) ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) each year for claims	
15	submitted by applicants owning not more than twelve (12)	
16	underground petroleum storage tanks;	
17	(2) seven million five hundred thousand dollars (\$7,500,000)	
18	each year for claims submitted by applicants owning more	
19	than twelve (12) but not more than one hundred (100)	
20	underground petroleum storage tanks; and	
21	(3) two million five hundred dollars (\$2,500,000) each year	
22	for claims submitted by applicants owning more than one	
23	hundred (100) underground petroleum storage tanks.	
24	SECTION 42. IC 13-23-11-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. The underground	
26	petroleum storage tank financial assurance board is created.	
27	SECTION 43. IC 13-23-11-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.200-2017,	
28	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
29	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) The board consists of the following nine (9)	
30	members:	
31	(1) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee.	
32	(2) One (1) member nominated by the treasurer of state in	
33	consultation with the commissioner of the department of state	
34	revenue.	
35	(3) One (1) member representing the independent petroleum	
36	wholesale distributor-marketer industry. In making this	
37	appointment, the governor may consider the recommendation of	
38	the Indiana petroleum marketers and convenience store	
39	association.	
40	(4) One (1) member representing the petroleum refiner-supplier	
41	industry. In making this appointment, the governor may consider	
42	the recommendation of the Indiana petroleum council.	
43	(5) One (1) member of the financial lending community who has	
44	experience with loan guaranty programs.	
45	(6) One (1) member representing the convenience store operator	
46	industry or independent petroleum retail distributor-marketer	
47	industry. In making this appointment, the governor may consider	
48	the recommendation of the Indiana petroleum marketers and	
49	convenience store association.	

1	(7) One (1) member representing environmental interests.	
2	(8) One (1) member representing an environmental consulting	
3	firm that performs work involving underground storage tank or	
4	aboveground storage tank corrective actions.	
5	(9) One (1) member representing the property and casualty	
6	insurance industry.	
7	(b) The governor shall appoint the members specified in	
8	subsection (a)(2) through (a)(9) for terms of two (2) years.	
9	SECTION 44. IC 13-23-11-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2016,	
10	SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
11	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. (a) The board shall do the following:	
12	(1) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and IC 13-14-9 necessary to do	
13	the following:	
14	(A) Carry out the duties of the board under this article.	
15	(B) Establish standards and procedures under which:	
16	(i) eligible parties may submit ELTF claims; and	
17	(ii) the administrator of the ELTF may pay ELTF	
18	claims.	
19	(C) Establish standards for determining the reasonableness	
20	and cost effectiveness of corrective action for purposes of	
21	reimbursement from the ELTF under IC 13-23-9-1.5(a)(1).	
22	(D) Establish standards for priorities in the payment of	
23	ELTF claims, including a priority for claims associated with	
24	releases from USTs and ASTs that pose an immediate and	
25	significant threat to the environment.	
25 26	(E) Provide reimbursement from the petroleum storage	
20 27	tank excess liability trust fund for fifty percent (50%) of	
28	costs of decommissioning or replacing underground	
29	petroleum storage tanks that meet the criteria under	
30	IC 13-23-9-1.7.	_
31	(F) Establish procedures to reopen ELTF eligibility and	
32	funding for a release previously granted "no further	
33	action" (NFA) status by the department should either	
34	the department or the owner of the underground	
35	petroleum storage tank or aboveground petroleum	
36		
37	storage tank subsequently decide to permanently	
38	decommission the use of the site as a petroleum facility	
39	and undertake the investigation and remediation of any	
	residual contamination arising from the site's former	
40 4.1	use as a petroleum facility. Before reopening ELTF	
41 42	eligibility and funding, the administrator may require	
+2 43	that the applicant provide information regarding the	
	planned future use of the site.	
14 15	(2) Take testimony and receive a written report at every meeting	
45 46	of the board from the commissioner or the commissioner's	
46 47	designee regarding the financial condition and operation of the	
47 40	ELTF, including:	
48 40	(A) a detailed breakdown of contractual and administrative	
19	expenses the department is claiming from the ELTF under	

1	IC 13-23-7-1(a)(4); and	
2	(B) a claims statistics report consisting of:	
3	(i) the status and amounts of claims submitted to the	
4	ELTF; and	
5	(ii) ELTF claims payments made.	
6	Testimony shall be taken and a written report shall be received	
7	under this subdivision at every meeting of the board. However,	
8	the testimony and written report are not required more than one	
9	(1) time during any thirty (30) day period.	
.0	(3) Consult with the department on administration of the ELTF	
.1	in developing uniform policies and procedures for revenue	
2	collection and claims administration of the ELTF.	
3	(b) The department shall consult with the board on administration	
4	of the ELTF. The consultation must include evaluation of alternative	
.5	means of administering the ELTF in a cost effective and efficient	
.6	manner.	
7	(c) At each meeting of the board, the department shall provide the	
8	board with a written report on the financial condition and operation of	
9	the ELTF.	
20	SECTION 45. IC 13-23-12-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.96-2016,	
21	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
22	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) Each year, if an underground storage tank	
23	or aboveground storage tank has not been closed before January 1 of	
24	the year under:	
25	(1) rules adopted under IC 13-23-1-2; or	
26	(2) a requirement imposed by the commissioner before the	
27	adoption of rules under IC 13-23-1-2;	
28	the owner of the underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
29	tank shall pay to the department an annual registration fee.	
80	(b) The annual registration fee required by this section is as	
31	follows:	
32	(1) Ninety dollars (\$90) for each underground petroleum storage	
33	tank or aboveground petroleum storage tank.	
34	(2) Two hundred forty-five dollars (\$245) for each underground	
35	storage tank containing regulated substances other than	
86	petroleum.	
37	(c) If an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank	
88	consists of a single tank in which there are separate compartments, a	
39	separate fee shall be paid under subsection (b) for each compartment	
10	within the single tank.	
1	(d) If an underground storage tank consists of a combination of	
12	tanks, a separate fee shall be paid under subsection (b) for each	
13	compartment within each tank in the combination of tanks.	
14	(e) The following apply to tanks that contain separate	
15	compartments and that were in use before July 1, 2014:	
l6	(1) For the period preceding July 1, 2014, the payment of a	
17	single annual fee of ninety dollars (\$90) for a tank containing	
18	senarate compartments shall be deemed to satisfy the	

requirements of subsection (b).

1	(2) The department shall not be required to pay any refunds to a	
2	tank owner that paid a separate fee under subsection (b) for each	
3	compartment within a tank before July 1, 2014.	
4	SECTION 46. IC 13-23-12-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.220-2014,	
5	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
6	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. The department shall collect the fees paid under	
7	this chapter and deposit the fees as follows:	
8	(1) Fees paid in connection with underground petroleum storage	
9	tanks or aboveground petroleum storage tanks under section	
10	1(b)(1) of this chapter shall be deposited in the petroleum trust	
11	fund.	
12	(2) Fees paid under section 1(b)(2) of this chapter in	
13	connection with underground storage tanks used to contain	
14	regulated substances other than petroleum shall be deposited in	
15	the hazardous substances response trust fund established by	
16	IC 13-25-4-1.	
17	SECTION 47. IC 13-23-13-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to	
19	subsections (b)(1) and (d), the commissioner may, under rules adopted	
20	under IC 13-23-1-2:	
21	(1) issue an order under IC 13-14-2-7 or IC 4-21.5-4; or	
22	(2) proceed under IC 13-14-2-6;	
23	to require the owner or operator of an underground storage tank or	
24	aboveground storage tank to undertake corrective action with respect	
25	to any release of a regulated substance.	
26	(b) Except as provided in subsection (d), the commissioner	
27	may not, with respect to a release of petroleum from an	
28	underground storage tank:	
29	(1) take action under subsection (a); or	
30	(2) if a quantity of the released petroleum remains or may	
31	remain underground at the site of the underground storage	
32	tank:	
33	(A) request that the owner or operator of the	
34	underground storage tank execute a restrictive covenant	
35	(as defined in IC 13-11-2-193.5) applying to the site of	
36	the underground storage tank;	
37	(B) make a determination of no further action being	
38	required at the site of the underground storage tank; or	
39	(C) approve closure, or its equivalent, of the site of the	
40	underground storage tank;	
41	unless the commissioner has received and reviewed the initial site	
42 42	characterization of the site of the release.	
43	(c) An initial site characterization must include:	
14 15	(1) site-specific geologic information obtained from a	
45 46	minimum of three (3) continuously sampled soil borings; and	
46 17	(2) hydrogeologic information, including depth to ground	
47 48	water and ground water flow directions and gradients,	
+0	obtained from a minimum of three (3) monitoring wells	

screened across the water table.

If an initial site characterization does not define the nature and 1 2 extent of the contaminant plume, additional investigation shall be 3 performed. 4 (d) The commissioner may take action under subsection (a) without having received and reviewed the initial site 5 characterization if the commissioner reasonably believes that the 6 7 release from the underground storage tank creates a threat to human health or the environment sufficient to necessitate action 8 under subsection (a) before the initial site characterization is 9 10 submitted to the department. 11 (b) (e) If the commissioner: 12 (1) requires corrective action under subsection (a); and 13 (2) determines that the corrective action will be done properly and promptly by the owner or operator of the underground 14 15 storage tank or aboveground storage tank from which the release occurs; 16 17 the commissioner may enter into an agreed order with the owner or operator to implement necessary corrective action. 18 19 SECTION 48. IC 13-23-13-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. The commissioner, 20 under rules adopted under IC 13-23-1-2, may undertake corrective 21 action with respect to any release of a regulated substance into the 22 environment from an underground storage tank or aboveground 23 storage tank if: 24 25 (1) that action is necessary, in the judgment of the commissioner, 26 to protect human health and the environment; and (2) at least one (1) of the following conditions exists: 27 (A) A person cannot be found not later than ninety (90) 28 days after a suspected or confirmed release is identified (or 29 30 a shorter time necessary to protect human health and the 31 environment) who is: 32 (i) an owner or operator of the underground storage 33 tank or aboveground storage tank; (ii) subject to the rules concerning corrective action; 34 35 and (iii) capable of properly carrying out corrective action 36 with respect to the release. 37 (B) An existing situation requires prompt action by the 38 commissioner under this section to protect human health 39 40 and the environment. (C) The cost of corrective action at the site of an 41 underground storage tank exceeds the amount of financial 42 responsibility required under IC 13-23-1-2(c)(6), 43 IC 13-23-4-4, and IC 13-23-4-5 and, considering the class 44 or category of underground storage tank from which the 45 release occurred, expenditures by the state are necessary to 46 47 ensure an effective corrective action. (D) The owner or operator of the underground storage tank 48 or aboveground storage tank has failed or refused to 49

1 comply with an order of the commissioner or a judgment of 2 a court of competent jurisdiction under section 1 of this 3 chapter to take corrective action with respect to the release. 4 SECTION 49. IC 13-23-13-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. In: 5 (1) issuing orders requiring corrective action under section 1 of 6 7 this chapter; or 8 (2) undertaking corrective action under section 2 of this chapter; 9 the commissioner shall give priority to releases of regulated substances from underground storage tanks or aboveground storage tanks that 10 pose the greatest threat to human health and the environment. 11 SECTION 50. IC 13-23-13-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. In issuing orders 13 requiring corrective action under section 1 of this chapter or 14 undertaking corrective action under section 2 of this chapter the 15 commissioner may: 16 (1) require only a limited form of corrective action; and 17 (2) implement streamlined administrative procedures; 18 with respect to a release of a regulated substance from an underground 19 storage tank or aboveground storage tank that, in the judgment of the 20 21 commissioner, poses little or no immediate threat to human health or 22 to the environment. 23 SECTION 51. IC 13-23-13-5.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 24 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5.5. (a) 25 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a person who is not an owner or operator of an underground storage tank or an 26 27 aboveground storage tank is liable to the state only for corrective 28 action to address a surface spill or overfill of a regulated substance 29 from the underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank that is intentionally caused by the person during the delivery of the 30 regulated substance into the underground storage tank or aboveground 31 32 storage tank. 33 (b) A person who is liable for corrective action under subsection (a) is subject to a claim for contribution to corrective action costs 34 arising solely from the surface spill or overfill by a person described in 35 section 8(b)(1) or 8(b)(2) of this chapter. Except as otherwise provided 36 in subsections (c) and (d), an action for contribution under 37 this section may be brought in the same manner and is subject to the 38 same provisions as an action brought under section 8(b) of this chapter. 39 (c) Before a person brings a contribution action under this section, 40 the person must provide written notice of intent to bring the action by 41 42 certified mail to: 43 (1) the department; and (2) each person allegedly responsible for the surface spill or 44 45 overfill that occurred during the delivery of a regulated substance into the underground storage tank or aboveground 46 47 storage tank. 48 (d) A person that provides notice under subsection (c) may not

49

bring a contribution action if:

1	(1) the department commences an administrative proceeding or	
2	a civil action concerning the alleged surface spill or overfill not	
3	later than ninety (90) days after receiving notice under	
4	subsection (c)(1); or (2) the program who precises the protice and an subsection (c)(2)	
5 6	(2) the person who receives the notice under subsection (c)(2)	
7	agrees in writing, within ninety (90) days after receipt of the notice, to remediate the surface spill or overfill in accordance	
8	with the state's rules governing spills and overfills.	
9	SECTION 52. IC 13-23-13-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.220-2014,	
.0	SECTION 32. IC 13-23-13-0, AS AMENDED BY 1.E.220-2014, SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
1	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the	
2	commissioner, under rules adopted under IC 13-23-1-2, may use money	
3	in the petroleum trust fund to pay the following costs and expenses	
4	associated with underground petroleum storage tanks or aboveground	
5	petroleum storage tanks:	
.6	(1) Costs incurred for corrective action conducted under	
7	cooperative agreements entered into between the state and the	
.8	Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection	
9	Agency under Section 9003(h)(7) of the federal Solid Waste	
20	Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6991b(h)(7)), in accordance with the	
21	provisions of the cooperative agreements.	
	(2) Expenses incurred by the state for the following:	
22 23	(A) Corrective actions that are ordered or undertaken under	
24	this chapter.	
25	(B) Enforcement of this article.	
26	(3) Expenses incurred by the state under section 8 of this chapter	
27	in recovering the costs of corrective actions undertaken under	
28	section 2 of this chapter.	
29	(4) Administrative expenses and personnel expenses incurred by	
30	the state in carrying out this article.	
31	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), fifty percent (50%) of the fees	
32	deposited in the petroleum trust fund under IC 13-23-12-4(1) shall be	
33	used by the commissioner to pay for corrective actions:	
34	(1) that are taken under this chapter that and involve releases	
35	of regulated substances from underground storage tanks or	
86	aboveground storage tanks; and	
37	(2) that are not eligible to receive funds from the underground	
88 89	petroleum storage tank excess liability trust fund under IC 13-23-7.	
10	Not more than eleven percent (11%) of the funds expended under this	
1	subsection may be used to pay for administrative and personnel	
12	expenses incurred in carrying out this subsection.	
13	SECTION 53. IC 13-23-13-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 8. (a) Except where an	
15	owner or operator can prove that a release from an underground storage	
16	tank or aboveground storage tank was caused solely by:	
17	(1) an act of God;	
18	(2) an act of war;	
19	(3) negligence on the part of the state or the United States	

government; or

(4) any combination of the causes set forth in subdivisions (1) through (3);

the owner or operator of an underground storage tank **or aboveground storage tank** is liable to the state for the actual costs of any corrective action taken under section 2 of this chapter or IC 13-7-20-19(b) (before its repeal) involving the underground storage tank **or aboveground storage tank** and is responsible for undertaking any corrective action, including undertaking an exposure assessment, ordered under this chapter, IC 13-23-14-1, IC 13-7-20-19 (before its repeal), or IC 13-7-20-26 (before its repeal), or required by this title or a rule adopted under this title.

(b) A person who:

(1) pays to the state the costs described under subsection (a); or (2) undertakes corrective action resulting from a release from an underground storage tank **or aboveground storage tank**, regardless of whether the corrective action is undertaken voluntarily or under an order issued under this chapter, IC 13-23-14-1, IC 13-7-20-19 (before its repeal), or IC 13-7-20-26 (before its repeal);

is entitled to receive a contribution from a person who owned or operated the underground storage tank **or aboveground storage tank** at the time the release occurred. A person who brings a successful action to receive a contribution from an owner or operator is also entitled to receive reasonable attorney's fees and court costs from the owner or operator. An action brought under this subsection may be brought in a circuit or superior court. In resolving a contribution claim, a court may allocate the cost of a corrective action among the parties to the action using equitable factors that the court determines are appropriate.

- (c) Money recovered by the state under this section in connection with any corrective action undertaken with respect to a release of petroleum shall be deposited in the petroleum trust fund.
- (d) Money recovered by the state under this section in connection with any corrective action undertaken with respect to a release of a regulated substance other than petroleum shall be deposited in the hazardous substances response trust fund.
- (e) The state may recover corrective action costs under this section in an action commenced under IC 13-14-2-6, IC 13-14-2-7, IC 13-7-5-7 (before its repeal), or IC 13-7-5-8 (before its repeal). An action to recover corrective action costs under this section may be combined, as appropriate, with an action to enforce an order issued under section 1 of this chapter or IC 13-7-20-19(a) (before its repeal) to require corrective action not already undertaken by the commissioner.

SECTION 54. IC 13-23-13-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10. (a) An indemnification agreement, a hold harmless agreement, or other similar agreement or conveyance is not effective to transfer the liability imposed under section 8 of this chapter from:

M

a

r

K

p

1	(1) the owner or operator of an:	
2	(A) underground storage tank; or	
3	(B) aboveground storage tank; or	
4	(2) any person who may be liable for a release or threat of	
5	release under this article;	
6	to any other person.	
7	(b) This section does not bar an agreement to:	
8	(1) insure;	
9	(2) hold harmless; or	
10	(3) indemnify;	
11	a party to an agreement for any liability under this article.	
12	SECTION 55. IC 13-23-13-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 12. (a) For the purpose	
14	of enabling the commissioner to take or to assess the need for	
15	corrective action under this chapter or to enforce this article, an owner	
16	or operator of an underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
17	tank, upon the request of an officer, an employee, or a designated	
18	representative of the department, shall do the following:	
19	(1) Furnish information relating to the:	
20	(A) underground storage tank; or	
21	(B) aboveground storage tank; or	
22	(C) associated equipment or contents.	
	(2) Conduct monitoring or testing of the underground storage	
23 24 25	tank or aboveground storage tank, including associated	
25	equipment or contents.	
26	(3) Conduct monitoring or testing of soils, air, surface water, or	
27	ground water surrounding the underground storage tank or	
28	aboveground storage tank if:	
29	(A) tank testing, using methods that are applicable to but	
30	not in excess of federal standards, confirms a release of	
31	regulated substance; or	
32	(B) other evidence exists that gives cause for reasonable	
33	suspicion that a release has occurred.	
34	(4) Permit, at all reasonable times, the officer, employee, or	
35	designated representative to have access to and to copy all	
36	records relating to the underground storage tank or	
37	aboveground storage tank.	
38	(5) Permit the officer, employee, or designated representative to	
39	have access for corrective action.	
40	(b) For the purposes set forth in subsection (a), an officer, an	
41	employee, or a designated representative of the department may enter	
42	at reasonable times any establishment or other place where an	
43	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank is located or	
14	where a regulated substance may be present due to a release from an	
45	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank to do the	_
46	following:	
47	(1) Inspect and obtain samples from any person of any regulated	
48	substances contained in the underground storage tank or	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

aboveground storage tank.

1	(2) Conduct monitoring or testing of:	
2	(A) the underground storage tank;	
3	(B) the aboveground storage tank;	
4	(B) (C) associated equipment or contents; or	
5	(C) (D) surrounding:	
6	(i) soils;	
7	(ii) air;	
8	(iii) surface water; or	
9	(iv) ground water.	
10	(3) Take corrective action under section 2 of this chapter.	
11	(c) Every action authorized by this section shall be commenced	
12	and completed with reasonable promptness.	
13	SECTION 56. IC 13-23-13-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2011,	
14	SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
15	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. For purposes of IC 13-11-2-148(e),	
16	IC 13-11-2-150(b), and IC 13-11-2-150(c), a person that is a lender and	
17	that holds evidence of ownership primarily to protect a security interest	
18	in an underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank shall be	
19	considered to participate in management (as defined in	
20	IC 13-11-2-151.2) of the underground storage tank or aboveground	
21	storage tank only if, while the borrower is still in possession of the	
22	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank encumbered	
23	by the security interest, the person:	
24	(1) exercises decision making control over the environmental	
25	compliance related to the underground storage tank or	
26	aboveground storage tank such that the person has undertaken	
27	responsibility for the hazardous substance handling or disposal	
28	practices related to the underground storage tank or	
29	aboveground storage tank; or	
30	(2) exercises control at a level comparable to that of a manager	
31	of the underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank	
32	such that the person has assumed or manifested responsibility:	
33	(A) for the overall management of the underground storage	
34	tank or aboveground storage tank encompassing day to	
35	day decision making with respect to environmental	
36	compliance; or	
37	(B) over all or substantially all of the operational functions	
38	(as distinguished from financial or administrative functions)	
39	of the underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
40	tank other than the function of environmental compliance.	
41	SECTION 57. IC 13-23-13-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 15. (a) The liability of	
43	a fiduciary under this title for the release or threatened release of a	
14	hazardous substance at, from, or in connection with an underground	
45	storage tank or aboveground storage tank held in a fiduciary capacity	
46	shall not exceed the assets held in the fiduciary capacity.	
1 7	(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to the extent that a person is	
48	liable under this title independently of the person's ownership of an	
19	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank as a fiduciary	

1	or actions taken in a fiduciary capacity.	
2	(c) Subsections (a) and (d) do not limit the liability pertaining to	
3	a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance if negligence	
4	of a fiduciary causes or contributes to the release or threatened release.	
5	(d) A fiduciary is not liable in its personal capacity under this title	
6	for any of the following:	
7	(1) Undertaking or directing another person to undertake a	
8	response action under 42 U.S.C. 9607(d)(1) or under the	
9	direction of an on-scene coordinator designated under the	
10	National Contingency Plan.	
11	(2) Undertaking or directing another person to undertake other	
12	lawful means of addressing a hazardous substance in connection	
13	with the underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
14	tank.	
15	(3) Terminating the fiduciary relationship.	
16	(4) Including in the terms of the fiduciary agreement a covenant,	
17	warranty, or other term or condition that relates to compliance	
18	with an environmental law, or monitoring, modifying, or	
19	enforcing the term or condition.	
20	(5) Monitoring or undertaking at least one (1) inspection of the	
21	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank.	
22	(6) Providing financial advice or other advice or counseling to	
23	other parties to the fiduciary relationship, including the settlor or	
24	beneficiary.	
25	(7) Restructuring, renegotiating, or otherwise altering the terms	
26	and conditions of the fiduciary relationship.	
27	(8) Administering, as a fiduciary, an underground storage tank	
28	or aboveground storage tank that was contaminated before the	
29	fiduciary relationship began.	
30	(9) Declining to take any of the actions referred to in	
31	subdivisions (2) through (8).	
32	(e) This section does not apply to a person if the person:	
33	(1) acts in a capacity other than:	
34	(A) a fiduciary capacity; or	
35	(B) a beneficiary capacity;	
36	and, in that capacity, directly or indirectly benefits from a trust	
37	or fiduciary relationship; or	
38	(2) is a beneficiary and a fiduciary with respect to the same	
39	fiduciary estate and, as a fiduciary, receives benefits that exceed	
40	customary or reasonable compensation and incidental benefits	
41	permitted under other applicable law.	
42	(f) This section does not preclude a claim against the assets of the	
43	estate or trust administered by:	
44	(1) the fiduciary; or	
45	(2) a nonemployee agent or independent contractor retained by	
46	a fiduciary.	
47	(g) This section does not:	
48	(1) affect the rights, immunities, or other defenses that are	
49	available under:	

1	(A) this title; or	
2 3	(B) other law that is applicable to a person subject to this	
3 4	chapter; or (2) create:	
5	(A) any liability for a person; or	
6	(B) a private right of action against a fiduciary or any other	
7	person.	
8	SECTION 58. IC 13-23-13-16, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2007,	
9	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
10	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 16. (a) A political subdivision or unit of federal	
11	or state government that acquired ownership or control of an	
12	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank on a	
13	brownfield by any of the means listed in IC 13-11-2-150(c) and	
14	IC 13-11-2-151(b) may undertake any activity in conjunction with:	
15	(1) investigation or remediation of hazardous substances,	
16	petroleum, and other pollutants associated with a brownfield,	
17	including complying with land use restrictions and institutional	
18	controls; or	
19	(2) monitoring or closure of an:	
20	(A) underground storage tank; or	
21	(B) aboveground storage tank;	
22	without being considered as contributing to the existing release or	
23	threatened release of a regulated substance on, in, or at the brownfield	
24	unless existing contamination on the brownfield is exacerbated due to	
25	gross negligence or intentional misconduct by the political subdivision	
26	or unit of federal or state government.	
27 28	(b) For purposes of subsection (a), reckless, willful, or wanton misconduct constitutes gross negligence.	
29	SECTION 59. IC 13-23-14-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. A person who	_
31	violates a rule adopted under IC 13-23-1-2 by:	
32	(1) knowingly failing to give a required notification; or	
33	(2) submitting false information;	
34	is subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars	
35	(\$10,000) for each underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
36	tank for which a required notification is not given or for which false	
37	information is submitted.	
38	SECTION 60. IC 13-23-14-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as	
40	provided in subsection (b), a person who violates:	
41	(1) a requirement or standard set forth in this article; or	
42	(2) a rule adopted under IC 13-23-1-2 other than a violation	
43	described in section 2 of this chapter;	
44	is subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars	
45	(\$10,000) per underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank	
46	for each day of violation.	
47	(b) A person is not subject to the civil penalty described in	
48	subsection (a) if:	

(1) the violation arose from an underground storage tank ${\bf or}$

1	aboveground storage tank that is on a brownfield;	
2	(2) the person was not the owner or operator of the underground	
3	storage tank or aboveground storage tank when the violation	
4	first occurred;	
5	(3) the person does not dispense a regulated substance into or	
6	from the underground storage tank or aboveground storage	
7	tank:	
8	(A) for any purpose other than temporary or permanent	
9	closure; or	
10	(B) in violation of any federal, state, or local regulations;	
11	and	
12	(4) the underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank	
13	is brought into compliance with this article not later than one (1)	
14	year after the person acquired ownership of the property.	
15	SECTION 61. IC 13-23-14-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.38-2012,	
16	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
17	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who fails to comply with an order	
18	issued by the commissioner under this article or IC 13-7-20 (before its	
19	repeal) after the order becomes effective is subject to a civil penalty of	
20	not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each day of	
21	continued noncompliance.	
22	(b) It is a defense to a violation of this section due to	
23	noncompliance with an order issued under IC 13-23-1-4 that the person	
24	has not been notified that an underground storage tank or	
25	aboveground storage tank that is the subject of the order is ineligible	
26	for delivery, deposit, or acceptance of a regulated substance as	
27	determined by the commissioner.	
28	SECTION 62. IC 13-23-16-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2007,	
29	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
30	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. If the department receives a report concerning:	
31	(1) the discovery of released regulated substances at an	
32	underground storage tank or aboveground storage tank site or	
33	in the surrounding area under 329 IAC 9-4-1(1); or	
34	(2) a spill or overfill under 329 IAC 9-4-4(a);	
35	the department shall, not more than seven (7) days after receiving the	
36	report, provide notice of the release, spill, or overfill to the county	
37	health officer of each county in which the release, spill, or overfill	
38	occurred.	
39	SECTION 63. IC 13-27-8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2012,	
40	SECTION 155, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
41	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. (a) The following boards may	
42	adopt rules to implement this chapter to the extent consistent with	
43	federal law:	
44	(1) The board.	
45	(2) The underground petroleum storage tank financial assurance	
46	board established by IC 13-23-11-1.	
47	(b) The rules adopted under subsection (a) may establish the	
48	following:	
49	(1) Eligibility requirements for participation in environmental	

1	performance based programs.	
2	(2) Compliance methods and schedules that:	
3	(A) differ from compliance methods and schedules that	
4	apply to nonparticipants in environmental performance	
5	based programs under rules adopted by the boards;	
6	(B) apply only to participants in environmental performance	
7	based programs; and	
8	(C) include any of the following:	
9	(i) Changes to monitoring and reporting requirements	
10	and schedules.	
11	(ii) Streamlined submission requirements for permit	
12	renewals.	
13	(iii) Prioritized applications.	
14	(iv) Authorization to make without prior governmental	
15	approval certain operational changes that do not result	
16	in additional environmental impact.	
17	(3) Recognition incentives to encourage participation in	
18	environmental performance based programs.	
19	(4) Other incentives consistent with the policies of this title and	
20	federal law to encourage participation in environmental	
21	performance based programs.	
22	(5) Requirements for participants in environmental performance	
23	based programs to implement any of the following:	
24	(A) Continuous improvement environmental systems.	
25	(B) Pollution prevention and waste minimization programs	
26	developed under IC 13-27-7.	
27	SECTION 64. IC 13-30-3-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2012,	
28	SECTION 159, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. An order of the commissioner	
30	under this chapter may do any of the following:	
31	(1) Include a direction to cease and desist from violations of the	
32	following:	
33	(A) Environmental management laws.	
34	(B) Air pollution control laws.	
35	(C) Water pollution control laws.	
36	(D) A rule adopted by the board.	
37	(E) A rule adopted by the underground petroleum storage	
38	tank financial assurance board created established by	
39	IC 13-23-11-1.	
40	(2) Impose monetary penalties in accordance with the following:	
41	(A) Environmental management laws.	
42	(B) Air pollution control laws.	
43	(C) Water pollution control laws.	
44	(3) Mandate corrective action, including corrective action to be	
45	taken beyond the boundaries of the area owned or controlled by	
46	the person to whom the order is directed, to alleviate the	
47	violation.	
48	(4) Revoke a permit or condition or modify the terms of a permit.	
49	SECTION 65. IC 13-30-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2012,	

1	SECTION 160, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to IC 13-14-6 and	
3	except as provided in IC 13-23-14-2 and IC 13-23-14-3, a person who	
4	violates:	
5	(1) any provision of:	
6	(A) environmental management laws;	
7	(B) air pollution control laws;	
8	(C) water pollution control laws;	
9	(D) IC 13-18-14-1;	
10	(E) a rule or standard adopted by the board; or	
11	(F) a rule or standard adopted by the underground	
12	petroleum storage tank financial assurance board created	
13	established by IC 13-23-11-1; or	
14	(2) any determination, permit, or order made or issued by the	
15	commissioner under:	IW
16	(A) environmental management laws or IC 13-7 (before its	
17	repeal);	
18	(B) air pollution control laws or IC 13-1-1 (before its	
19	repeal); or	
20	(C) water pollution control laws or IC 13-1-3 (before its	
21	repeal);	
22	is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars	
23	(\$25,000) per day of any violation.	
24 25	(b) The department may:(1) recover the civil penalty described in subsection (a) in a civil	
25 26	action commenced in any court with jurisdiction; and	
20 27	(2) request in the action that the person be enjoined from	
28	continuing the violation.	
29	SECTION 66. IC 13-30-7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2012,	
30	SECTION 161, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	_
31	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. The following shall adopt rules	
32	under IC 4-22-2 and IC 13-14-9 to administer this chapter:	
33	(1) The board.	
34	(2) The underground petroleum storage tank financial assurance	
35	board created established by IC 13-23-11-1.	
36	SECTION 67. IC 16-44-2-18.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,	
37	SECTION 307, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
38	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 18.5. (a) As used in this section,	
39	"special fuel" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-6-2.5-22, except that	
40	the term does not include kerosene.	
41	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), fees for the inspection of	
42	special fuel shall be at the rate of fifty cents (\$0.50) per barrel (fifty	
43	(50) gallons) on all special fuel sold or used in producing or generating	
44	power for propelling motor vehicles in Indiana less deductions	
45	provided in this section.	
46	(c) A fee for the inspection of special fuel may not be charged with	
47	respect to special fuel that is exempt from the special fuel tax under	
48	IC 6-6-2.5-30.	

(d) The fee imposed by this chapter on special fuel sold or used in

1	producing or generating power for propelling motor vehicles in Indiana	
2	shall be collected and remitted to the state at the same time, by the	
3	same person, and in accordance with the same requirements for	
4	collection and remittance of the special fuels tax under IC 6-6-2.5-35.	
5	(e) Fees collected under this section shall be deposited by the	
6	department in the underground petroleum storage tank excess liability	
7	trust fund established by IC 13-23-7-1.	
8	(f) A person who receives a refund of special fuel tax under	
9	IC 6-6-2.5 is also entitled to a refund of fees paid under this section if:	
10	(1) the fees were paid with respect to special fuel that was used	
11	for an exempt purpose described in IC 6-6-2.5-30; and	
12	(2) the person submits to the department of state revenue a claim	
13	for a refund, in the form prescribed by the department of state	
14	revenue, that includes the following information:	
15	(A) Any evidence requested by the department of state	
16	revenue concerning the person's:	
17	(i) payment of the fee imposed by this section; and	
18	(ii) receipt of a refund of special fuel taxes from the	
19	department of state revenue under IC 6-6-2.5.	
20	(B) Any other information reasonably requested by the	
21	department of state revenue.	
22	The department of state revenue may make any investigation it	
23	considers necessary before refunding fees to a person.	
24	SECTION 68. IC 16-44-2-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 19. All money collected	
26	for inspections under this chapter shall be deposited in the underground	
27	petroleum storage tank excess liability trust fund established by	
28	IC 13-23-7-1.	
29	SECTION 69. IC 22-12-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.249-2019,	
30	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
31	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) The commission consists of eleven (11)	
32	members, nine (9) of whom shall be appointed by the governor.	
33	(b) The term of a commission member is four (4) years.	
34	(c) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's designee	
35	shall serve as a member of the commission, and the commissioner of	
36	labor or the commissioner's designee shall serve as a member of the	
37	commission.	
38	(d) Each appointed member of the commission must have a	
39	recognized interest, knowledge, and experience in the field of fire	
40	prevention, fire protection, building safety, or other related matters.	
41	The governor shall consider appointing individuals to the commission	
42	with experience in the following:	
43	(1) A paid fire department.	
44	(2) A volunteer fire department.	
45	(3) The field of fire insurance.	
46	(4) The fire service industry.	
47	(5) The manufactured housing industry.	
48	(6) The field of fire protection engineering.	
49	(7) As a professionally licensed engineer.	

1	(8) Building contracting.	
2	(9) The field of building one (1) and two (2) family dwellings.	
3	(10) As a professionally licensed architect.	
4	(11) The design or construction of heating, ventilating, air	
5	conditioning, or plumbing systems.	
6	(12) The design or construction of regulated lifting devices.	
7	(13) City, town, or county building inspection.	
8	(14) Regulated amusement devices.	
9	(15) Accessibility requirements and personal experience with a	
10	disability.	
11	(16) Underground and aboveground motor fuel storage tanks and	
12	dispensing systems.	
13	(17) (16) The masonry trades.	
14	(18) (17) Energy conservation codes and standards, including the	
15	manner in which energy conservation codes and standards apply	
16	to:	
17	(A) residential;	
18	(B) single and multiple family dwelling; or	
19	(C) commercial;	
20	building codes.	
21	(19) (18) The boiler and pressure vessel industry.	
22	(e) Not more than five (5) of the appointed members of the	
23	commission may be affiliated with the same political party.	
24	SECTION 70. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023] (a) As used in this	
25	SECTION, "board" refers to the environmental rules board	
	established by IC 13-13-8-3.	
26 27	(b) As used in this SECTION, "department" means the	
28	department of environmental management established by	_
29	IC 13-13-1-1.	
30	(c) On July 1, 2023, all powers, duties, agreements, and	_
31	liabilities of the:	
32	(1) state fire marshal to regulate the certification of	
33	underground storage tank workers under IC 13-23-3, before	
34	its amendment by this act, are transferred to the	
35	department; and	
36	(2) fire prevention and building safety commission to	
37	regulate the certification of underground storage tank	
38	workers under IC 13-23-3, before its amendment by this act,	
39	are transferred to the board.	
40		
41	(d) On July 1, 2023, all records, property, and funds used by	
42	the: (1) state five marshal to regulate the contification of	
42	(1) state fire marshal to regulate the certification of underground storage tank workers under IC 13-23-3, before	
43 44	its amendment by this act, are transferred to the	
	•	
45 46	department; and	
46	(2) fire prevention and building safety commission to	
47 48	regulate the certification of underground storage tank	
48 49	workers under IC 13-23-3, before its amendment by this act, are transferred to the board.	
47	are transferred to the board.	

1	(e) After June 30, 2023, any amounts owed to the:	
2	(1) state fire marshal in connection with regulation of the	
3	certification of underground storage tank workers before	
4	July 1, 2023, are considered to be owed to the department as	
5	the successor agency; and	
6	(2) fire prevention and building safety commission in	
7	connection with the regulation of certification of	
8	underground storage tank workers before July 1, 2023, are	
9	considered to be owed to the board as the successor agency.	
10	(f) The rules adopted by the fire prevention and building safety	
11	commission before July 1, 2023, under 675 IAC 12-12, concerning	
12	the underground storage tank certification program are	
13	considered, after June 30, 2023, rules of the board.	
14	(g) This SECTION expires July 1, 2024.	
15	SECTION 71. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023] (a) The	
16	administrator may reimburse the following costs from the fund:	
17	(1) Investigation and remediation of petroleum	
18	contamination from an eligible above ground petroleum	
19	storage tank;	
20	(2) Fifty percent (50%) of decommissioning or replacing of	
21	an underground petroleum storage tank, if the administrator	
22	determines that removal is necessary to protect human	
23	health and the environment, considering the condition of the	
24	tank, including the age, level of deterioration, and	
25	obsolescence of the tank; and	
26	(3) Costs for investigation and remediation of a site for which	
27	a "no further action (NFA)" has been granted if the owner	
28	decides to permanently decommission the site as a petroleum	
29	facility and undertake the investigation and remediation of	
30	the remaining contamination for the site's former use as a	
31	petroleum facility. The administrator shall allow for the	
32	restoration of ELTF eligibility in such a case and may	
33	require information regarding the planned future use for the	
34	site.	
35	(b) This SECTION expires upon the effective date of the rules	
36	adopted by the petroleum storage tank financial assurance board	
37	under IC 13-23-11-7.	