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## SENATE BILL No. 3

Proposed Changes to February 24, 2023 printing by AM000308

## DIGEST OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Adjusted gross income. Provides that the Indiana adjusted gross income add back of forgiven federal student loan debt that is excluded under the Internal Revenue Code applies only to the 2021 taxable year and does not apply to forgiven federal student loan debt forgiven in subsequent taxable years.

A BILL FOR AN ACT [to amend the Indiana Code ]concerning taxation and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. [IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2023, 2 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this 3 4 article, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following: 5 (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as 6 7 follows: 8 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this 9 article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. (2) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to 10 any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to 11 Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or 12 measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of 13 the United States. 14 (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a 15 joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse 16 17 one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:

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1	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of	
2	the Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017);	
3	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f)	
4	of the Internal Revenue Code; and	
5	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made	
6	by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in	
7	which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross	
8	income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.	
9	(5) Subtract each of the following:	
10	(A) One thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of	
11	the exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the	
12	Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004).	
13	(B) One thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each	
14	exemption allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal	
15	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017) for an	
16	<u>individual:</u>	
17	(i) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a	
18	full-time student who is less than twenty-four (24)	
19	years of age;	
20	(ii) for whom the taxpayer is the legal guardian; and	
21	(iii) for whom the taxpayer does not claim an	
22	exemption under clause (A).	
23	(C) Five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount	
24	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue	
25	Code if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer,	
26	or the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a	
27	joint return, is less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). In	
28	the case of a married individual filing a separate return, the	
29	qualifying income amount in this clause is equal to twenty	
30	thousand dollars (\$20,000).	
31	(D) Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for each exemption	
32	allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code	
33	(as effective January 1, 2017) for an individual who is:	
34	(i) an adopted child of the taxpayer; and	
35	(ii) less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a full-time	
36	student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of age.	
37	This amount is in addition to any amount subtracted under	
38	clause (A) or (B).	
39	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under	
40	subdivision (4).	
41	(6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	
42	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a	
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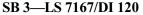
1	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction	
2	from adjusted gross income.	
3	(7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	
4	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were	
5	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement	
6	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible	
7	under subdivision (1).	
8	(8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social	
9	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a	
10	taxpayer's federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal	
11	Revenue Code.	
12	(9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer	
13	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire	
14	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant	
15	to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) shall be reduced to an amount	
16	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income	
17	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.	
18	(10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance	
19	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,	
20	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's	
21	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and	
23	local income taxes.	
24	(11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of	
25	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the	
26	individual's federal adjusted gross income.	
27	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums	
28	paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long	
28 29 30	term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer	
30	or the taxpayer's spouse if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse	
31	file a joint income tax return or the taxpayer is otherwise entitled	
32	to a deduction under this subdivision for the taxpayer's spouse,	
33	or both.	
34	(13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:	
35	(A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), or one	
36	thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) in the case of a	
37	married individual filing a separate return; or	
38	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the	
39	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's	
40	principal place of residence.	
41	(14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11	
42	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's	



1	federal adjusted gross income.	
2	(15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
3	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
4	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
5	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
6	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
7	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply	
8	bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed	
9	in service.	
10	(16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under	
11	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net	
12	operating losses).	
13	(17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
14	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property	
15	(as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in	
16	service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year	
17	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have	
18	been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes	
19	not been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
20	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
21	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:	
22	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent	
23	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code	
24	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and	
25	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,	
26	the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal	
27	Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:	
28	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for	
29	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of	
30	the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,	
31	2017;	
32	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of	
33	gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal	
34	Revenue Code; and	
35	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions	
36	under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with	
37	regard to the acquired property in the year that the	
38	property was placed into service.	
39	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property	
40	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted	
41	gross income realized on the property that would have been	
42	deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on	D



1	January 1, 2017.	
2	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's	
3	qualified military income that was not excluded from the	
4	taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under	
5	Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
6	(19) Subtract income that is:	
7	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain	
8	income derived from patents); and	
9	(B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross	
10	income under the Internal Revenue Code.	
11	(20) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross	
12	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from	
13	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the	
14	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,	
15	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section	
16	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract the amount	
17	necessary from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that	
18	added an amount to adjusted gross income in a previous year to	
19	offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of	
20	the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness	
21	discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December	
22	31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt	
23	instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue	
24	Code.	
25	(21) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under	
26	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received	
27	on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political	
28	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after	
29	December 31, 2011.	
30	(22) Subtract an amount as described in Section 1341(a)(2) of	
31	the Internal Revenue Code to the extent, if any, that the amount	
32 33	was previously included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income	
	for a prior taxable year.  (23) For taxable years had principle of the December 25, 2016, add	
34 35	(23) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add	
36	an amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under	
37	Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
38	(24) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current	
39	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation	
40	imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
41	Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable	
42	year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal	
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1	Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this	
2	subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued	
3	only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been	
4	allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the	
5	limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code	
6	did not exist.	
7	(25) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from	
8	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the	
9	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December	
10	22, 2017.	
11	(26) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and	
12	before January 1, 2021, add an amount of the deduction claimed	
13	under Section 62(a)(22) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
14	(27) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, for	
15	payments made by an employer under an education assistance	
16	program after March 27, 2020:	
17	(A) add the amount of payments by an employer that are	
18	excluded from the taxpayer's federal gross income under	
19	Section 127(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code; and	
20	(B) deduct the interest allowable under Section 221 of the	
21 22 23 24 25 26	Internal Revenue Code, if the disallowance under Section	
22	221(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not apply to the	
23	payments described in clause (A). For purposes of applying	
24	Section 221(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to the amount	
25	allowable under this clause, the amount under clause (A)	
26	shall not be added to adjusted gross income.	
27	(28) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:	
28	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section	
29	274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus	
30	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under	
31	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section	
32	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect	
33	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.	
34	(29) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and	
35	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess	
36	business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(1)(3) of	
37	the Internal Revenue Code. In addition:	
38	(A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this	
39	subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions	
40	(15) and (17) for property placed in service during the	
41	taxable year, the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable	
42	year modifications for that property as occurring in the	



1 taxal	ble year the property is placed in service and a portion	
	he modifications as occurring in the immediately	
3 follo	owing taxable year.	
	The portion of the modifications under subdivisions	
$\overline{5}$ $\overline{(15)}$	and (17) for property placed in service during the	
6 taxal	ble year treated as occurring in the taxable year in	
	ch the property is placed in service equals:	
	(i) the modification for the property otherwise	
	determined under this section; minus	
	(ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this	
	subdivision;	
	not less than zero (0).	
	The portion of the modifications under subdivisions	
	and (17) for property placed in service during the	
<u> </u>	ble year treated as occurring in the taxable year	W
	nediately following the taxable year in which the	
	perty is placed in service equals the modification for the	
	perty otherwise determined under this section minus the	
	unt in clause (B).	
	Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years	
	er clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the	
	lification under subdivision (15), then to the	
	ification under subdivision (17).	
	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020,	
	ore January 1, 2022, add an amount equal to the	
	excluded from federal gross income under Section	
	of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this	
28 subdivision		
	if an amount excluded under Section 108(f)(5) of the	
	rnal Revenue Code would be excludible under Section	
	(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, the exclusion	
	er Section 108(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code	
33 shall	I take precedence; and	
34 (B) i	f an amount would have been excludible under Section	
35 108(	(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on	
	pary 1, 2020, the amount is not required to be added	-
37 back	under this subdivision.	
$\overline{38}$ (31) For t	taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an	
	equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law	
	136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the	
	payer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division	



EE of Public Law 116-260); and	
(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
(32) Subtract the amount of an annual grant amount distributed	
to a taxpayer's Indiana education scholarship account under	
IC 20-51.4-4-2 that is used for a qualified expense (as defined in	
IC 20-51.4-2-9) or to an Indiana enrichment scholarship account	
under IC 20-52 that is used for qualified expenses (as defined in	
IC 20-52-2-6), to the extent the distribution used for the qualified	
expense is included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross	
income under the Internal Revenue Code.	
(33) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and	
before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the amount of	
unemployment compensation excluded from federal gross	
income under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
(34) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,	
subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under	
Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
(35) Subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is entitled to	
deduct under IC 6-3-2.	
(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as	
defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as	
follows:	
(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this	
article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed	
or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue	
Code (concerning charitable contributions).	
(3) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to	
any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to	
Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or	
measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of	
the United States.	
(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).	
(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
that would have been computed had an election not been made	
under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply	
bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed	
solus depresention to the property in the year that it was placed	
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1	in service.	
2	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
3	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating	
4	losses).	
5	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
6	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property	
7	(as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in	
8	service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year	
9	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have	
10	been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes	
11	not been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
12	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
13	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:	
14	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent	
15	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code	
16	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and	
17	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,	
18	the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal	
19	Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:	
20	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for	
	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of	
21 22 23 24 25 26	the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,	
23	<u>2017;</u>	
24	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of	
25	gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal	
	Revenue Code; and	
27	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions	
28	under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with	
29 30	regard to the acquired property in the year that the	
30	property was placed into service.	
31	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property	
32	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted	
33	gross income realized on the property that would have been	
34	deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on	
35	<u>January 1, 2017.</u>	
36	(8) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20:	
37	(A) the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in	
38	IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the	
39	corporation's taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of	
40	the Internal Revenue Code) for federal income tax	
41	purposes; and	
42	(B) any directly related interest expenses (as defined in	
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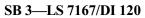
1	IC 6-3-2-20) that reduced the corporation's adjusted gross	
2	income (determined without regard to this subdivision). For	
3	purposes of this clause, any directly related interest expense	
4	that constitutes business interest within the meaning of	
5	Section 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be	
6	considered to have reduced the taxpayer's federal taxable	
7	income only in the first taxable year in which the deduction	
8	otherwise would have been allowable under Section 163 of	
9	the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section	
10	163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.	
11	(9) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as	
12	defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to	
13	shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined	
14	in section 34.5 of this chapter).	
15	(10) Subtract income that is:	
16	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain	
17	income derived from patents); and	
18	(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the	
19	Internal Revenue Code.	
20	(11) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross	
21	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from	
222 223 224 225 226 227 228	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the	
23	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,	
24	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section	
25	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted	
26	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted	
27	gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset	
28	the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the	
29	deferral of income arising from business indebtedness	
30	discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December	
31	31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt	
32	instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue	
33	Code.	
34	(12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under	
35	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received	
36	on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political	
37	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after	
38	December 31, 2011.	
39	(13) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016:	
40	(A) for a corporation other than a real estate investment	
41	trust, add:	
42	(i) an amount equal to the amount reported by the	



1	taxpayer on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1;	
2	or	
3	(ii) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section	
4	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the	
5	taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal	
6	income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c)	
7	of the Internal Revenue Code; and	
8	(B) for a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal	
9	to the deduction for deferred foreign income that was	
10	claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section	
11	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent	
12	that the taxpayer included income pursuant to Section 965	
13	of the Internal Revenue Code in its taxable income for	
14	federal income tax purposes or is required to add back	
15	dividends paid under subdivision (9).	
16	(14) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by	
17	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of	
18	the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible	
19	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the	
20	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the	
	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the	
22	Internal Revenue Code.	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(15) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current	
24	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation	
25	imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
26	Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable	
27	year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal	
28	Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this	
29	subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued	
30	only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been	
31	allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the	
32	limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code	
33	did not exist.	
34	(16) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from	
35	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the	
36	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December	
37	22, 2017.	
38	(17) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:	
39	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section	
40	274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus	
41	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under	
12	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section	
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1	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect	
2	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.	
3	(18) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an	
4	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:	
5	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law	
6	116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the	
7	Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division	
8	EE of Public Law 116-260); and	
9	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
10	(19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,	
11	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under	
12	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
13	(20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:	
14	(A) required to add or subtract; or	
15	(B) entitled to deduct;	
16	under IC 6-3-2.	
17	(c) The following apply to taxable years beginning after December	
18	31, 2018, for purposes of the add back of any deduction allowed on the	
19	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes, as provided in	
20	subsection (a)(2) if the taxpayer is an individual or subsection (b)(3) if	
21	the taxpayer is a corporation:	
22	(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and	
23	before January 1, 2020, a taxpayer is required to add back under	
24	this section eighty-seven and five-tenths percent (87.5%) of any	
22 23 24 25 26 27	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for	
26	wagering taxes.	
27	(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and	
28	before January 1, 2021, a taxpayer is required to add back under	
29	this section seventy-five percent (75%) of any deduction allowed	
30	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.	
31	(3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and	
32	before January 1, 2022, a taxpayer is required to add back under	
33	this section sixty-two and five-tenths percent (62.5%) of any	
34	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for	
35	wagering taxes.	
36	(4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and	
37	before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer is required to add back under	
38	this section fifty percent (50%) of any deduction allowed on the	
39	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.	
40	(5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and	
41	before January 1, 2024, a taxpayer is required to add back under	
12	this section thirty-seven and five-tenths percent (37.5%) of any	
	SB 3—LS 7167/DI 120	

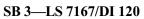




	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for	
	wagering taxes.	
	(6) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, and	
	before January 1, 2025, a taxpayer is required to add back under	
	this section twenty-five percent (25%) of any deduction allowed	
	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.	
	(7) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024, and	
	before January 1, 2026, a taxpayer is required to add back under	
	this section twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of any	
	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for	
	wagering taxes.	
	(8) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a	
	taxpayer is not required to add back under this section any	
	amount of a deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income	
	tax return for wagering taxes.	
	(d) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section	
	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana	
	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined	
1	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:	
Ī	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this	
	article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning	
	charitable contributions).	
	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable	
	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue	
	Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the	
	state level by any state.	
	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).	
	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply	
	bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed	
	in service.	
	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating	
	losses).	
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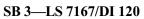


1	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
2	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property	
3	(as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in	
4	service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year	
5	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have	
6	been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes	
7	not been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
8	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
9	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:	
10	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent	
11	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code	
12	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and	
13	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,	
14	the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal	
15	Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:	
16	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for	
17	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of	
18	the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,	
19	2017;	
20	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of	
21	gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal	
22	Revenue Code; and	
23	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions	
24	under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with	
25	regard to the acquired property in the year that the	
26	property was placed into service.	
27	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property	
28	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted	
29	gross income realized on the property that would have been	
30	deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on	
31	<u>January 1, 2017.</u>	
32	(8) Subtract income that is:	
33	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain	
34	income derived from patents); and	
35	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income	
36	under the Internal Revenue Code.	
37	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross	
38	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from	
39	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the	
40	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,	
41	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section	
42	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted	D



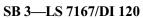


1	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted	
2	gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset	
3	the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the	
4	deferral of income arising from business indebtedness	
5	discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December	
6	31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt	
7	instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue	
8	Code.	
9	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income	
10	under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active	
11	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,	
12	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.	
13	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under	
14	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received	
15	on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political	
16	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after	
17	December 31, 2011.	
18	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:	
19	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer	
20	on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or	
	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the	
23	taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal	
24	income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c) of	
25	the Internal Revenue Code.	
26	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by	
27	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of	
28	the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible	
29	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the	
30	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the	
31	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the	
32	Internal Revenue Code.	
33	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current	
34	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation	
35	imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
36	Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable	
37	year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal	
38	Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this	
39	subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued	
40	only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been	
41	allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the	
42	<u>limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code</u>	





1	did not exist.	
2	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from	
3	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the	
4	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December	
5	<u>22, 2017.</u>	
6	(16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:	
7	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section	
8	274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus	
9	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under	
10	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section	
11	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect	
12	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.	
13	(17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an	
14	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:	
15	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law	IW
16	116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the	
17	Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division	
18	EE of Public Law 116-260); and	
19	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
20	(18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,	
21	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under	
22 23 24 25 26 27	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
23	(19) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:	
24	(A) required to add or subtract; or	
25	(B) entitled to deduct;	
26	<u>under IC 6-3-2.</u>	
	(e) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section	
28	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the	
29	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal	
30	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:	
31	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this	
32	article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
33	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
34	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning	
35	charitable contributions).	
36	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable	
37	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue	
38	Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the	
39	state level by any state.	
40	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
41	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
42	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).	





1	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
2	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
3	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
4	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
5	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
6	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply	
7	bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed	
8	in service.	
9	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
10	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating	
11	losses).	
12	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
13	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property	
14	(as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in	
15	service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year	
16	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have	
17	been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes	
18	not been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
19	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
20	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:	
	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code	
23	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and	
24	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,	
25	the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal	
26	Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:	
27	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for	
28	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of	
29	the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,	
30	<u>2017;</u>	
31	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of	
32	gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal	
33	Revenue Code; and	
34	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions	
35	under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with	
36	regard to the acquired property in the year that the	
37	property was placed into service.	
38	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property	
39	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted	
40	gross income realized on the property that would have been	
41	deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on	
42	January 1, 2017.	D



9	(8) Subtract income that is:	
	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain	
	income derived from patents); and	
	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income	
	under the Internal Revenue Code.	
	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross	
	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from	
	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the	
	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,	
	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section	
	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted	
	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted	
	gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset	
	the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the	
	deferral of income arising from business indebtedness	
	discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December	
	31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt	
	instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue	
	Code.	
	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income	
	under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active	
	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,	
	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.	
	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under	
	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received	
	on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political	
	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after December 31, 2011.	
	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:	
-	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer	_
	on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or	
	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section	
	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the	
	taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal	
	income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c) of	
	the Internal Revenue Code.	
	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by	
	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of	
	the Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible	
	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the	
	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the	
	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the	



	Internal Revenue Code.	
	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current	
	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation	
	imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
	Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable	
	year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal	
	Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this	
	subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued	
	only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been	
	allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the	
	limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code	
	did not exist.	
	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from	
	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the	
	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December	
	22, 2017.	
	(16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:	
	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section	
	274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus	
	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under	
	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section	
	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect	
	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.	
	(17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an	
	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:	
	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law	
	116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the	
	Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division	
	EE of Public Law 116-260); and	
	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.	_
	(18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,	
	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under	
	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
	(19) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:	
	(A) required to add or subtract; or	
	(B) entitled to deduct;	
	under IC 6-3-2.	
(		
_	f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined	
	usts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)	
adjus	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from toyotion under this	
	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this	
	article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	





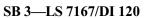
1	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11	
2	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal	
3	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September	
4	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a	
5	victim of the September 11 terrorist attack.	
6	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
7	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
8	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
9	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
10	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
11	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply	
12	bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed	
13	in service.	
14	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
15	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating	
16	losses).	
17	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
18	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property	
19	(as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in	
20	service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year	
21	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes	
23	not been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
24	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
25	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:	
26	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent	
27	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code	
28	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and	
29	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,	
30	the deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal	
31	Revenue Code on property acquired in an exchange if:	
32	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for	
33	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of	
34	the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1,	
35	<u>2017;</u>	
36	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of	
37	gain or loss under Section 1031 of the Internal	
38	Revenue Code; and	
39	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions	
40	under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with	
41	regard to the acquired property in the year that the	
42	property was placed into service.	



1	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property	
2	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted	
3	gross income realized on the property that would have been	
4	deferred under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on	
5	January 1, 2017.	
6	(6) Subtract income that is:	
7	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain	
8	income derived from patents); and	
9	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the	
10	Internal Revenue Code.	
11	(7) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross	
12	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from	
13	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the	
14	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,	
15	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section	
16	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted	
17	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted	
18	gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset	
19	the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the	
20	deferral of income arising from business indebtedness	
21	discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December	
22	31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt	
23	instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue	
24	Code.	
25	(8) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under	
26	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received	
27	on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political	
28	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after	
29	December 31, 2011.	
30	(9) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an	
31	amount equal to:	
32	(A) the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965	
33	Transition Tax Statement, line 1;	
34	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section	
35	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the	
36	taxpayer's taxable income for purposes of the federal	
37	income tax, the amount deducted under Section 965(c) of	
38	the Internal Revenue Code; and	
39	(C) with regard to any amounts of income under Section	
40	965 of the Internal Revenue Code distributed by the	
41	taxpayer, the deduction under Section 965(c) of the Internal	
42	Revenue Code attributable to such distributed amounts and	
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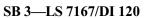


1	not reported to the beneficiary.	
2	For purposes of this article, the amount required to be added	
3	back under clause (B) is not considered to be distributed or	
4	distributable to a beneficiary of the estate or trust for purposes of	
5	Sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
6	(10) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current	
7	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation	
8	imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
9	Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable	
10	year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal	
11	Revenue Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this	
12	subdivision, an interest expense is considered paid or accrued	
13	only in the first taxable year the deduction would have been	
14	allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the	
15	limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code	IW
16	did not exist.	
17	(11) Add an amount equal to the deduction for qualified business	
18	income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year	
19	under Section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code.	
20	(12) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from	
21	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the	
22	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December	
23	<u>22, 2017.</u>	
24	(13) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:	
25	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section	
26	274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code; minus	
27	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under	
28	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section	
29	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect	
30	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.	
31	(14) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and	
32	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess	
33	business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(1)(3) of	
34	the Internal Revenue Code. In addition:	
35	(A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this	
36	subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions	
37	(3) and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable	
38	year, the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable year	
39	modifications for that property as occurring in the taxable	
40	year the property is placed in service and a portion of the	
41	modifications as occurring in the immediately following	
42	taxable year.	D





1	(B) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)	
2	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable	
3	year treated as occurring in the taxable year in which the	
4	property is placed in service equals:	
5	(i) the modification for the property otherwise	
6	determined under this section; minus	
7	(ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this	
8	subdivision;	
9	but not less than zero (0).	
10	(C) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)	
11	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable	
12	year treated as occurring in the taxable year immediately	
13	following the taxable year in which the property is placed in	
14	service equals the modification for the property otherwise	
15	determined under this section minus the amount in clause	
16	(B).	
17	(D) Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years	
18	under clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the	
19	modification under subdivision (3), then to the modification	
20	under subdivision (5).	
21	(15) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an	
22	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:	
23	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law	
24	116-136), as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the	
25	Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division	
26	EE of Public Law 116-260); and	
27	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
28	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,	
29	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under	
30	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
31	(17) Except as provided in subsection (c), for taxable years	
32	beginning after December 31, 2022, add an amount equal to any	
33	deduction or deductions allowed or allowable in determining	
34	taxable income under Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue	
35	Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the	
36	state level by any state of the United States.	
37	(18) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:	
38	(A) required to add or subtract; or	
39	(B) entitled to deduct;	
40	<u>under IC 6-3-2.</u>	
41	(g) For purposes of IC 6-3-2.1, IC 6-3-4-12, IC 6-3-4-13, and	
42	IC 6-3-4-15 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,	D





"adjusted gross income" of a pass through entity means the aggregate	
of items of ordinary income and loss in the case of a partnership or a	
corporation described in IC 6-3-2-2.8(2), or aggregate distributable net	
income of a trust or estate as defined in Section 643 of the Internal	
Revenue Code, whichever is applicable, for the taxable year modified	
as follows:	
(1) Add the separately stated items of income and gains, or the	
equivalent items that must be considered separately by a	
beneficiary, as determined for federal purposes, attributed to the	
partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries of the pass through	
entity, determined without regard to whether the owner is	
permitted to exclude all or part of the income or gain or deduct	
any amount against the income or gain.	
(2) Subtract the separately stated items of deductions or losses	
or items that must be considered separately by beneficiaries, as	
determined for federal purposes, attributed to partners,	
shareholders, or beneficiaries of the pass through entity and that	
are deductible by an individual in determining adjusted gross	
income as defined under Section 62 of the Internal Revenue	
Code:	
(A) limited as if the partners, shareholders, and	
beneficiaries deducted the maximum allowable loss or	
deduction allowable for the taxable year prior to any amount	
deductible from the pass through entity; but	
(B) not considering any disallowance of deductions	
resulting from federal basis limitations for the partner,	
shareholder, or beneficiary.	
(3) Add or subtract any modifications to adjusted gross income	
that would be required both for individuals under subsection (a)	
and corporations under subsection (b) to the extent otherwise	
provided in those subsections, including amounts that are	
allowable for which such modifications are necessary to account	
for separately stated items in subdivision (1) or (2).	
(h) Subsections (a)(35), (b)(20), (d)(19), (e)(19), or and (f)(18)	
may not be construed to require an add back or allow a deduction or	
exemption more than once for a particular add back, deduction, or	
exemption.	
(i) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, if:	
(1) a taxpayer is a shareholder, either directly or indirectly, in a	
corporation that is an E&P deficit foreign corporation as defined	
in Section 965(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the	
earnings and profit deficit, or a portion of the earnings and profit	



1	deficit, of the E&P deficit foreign corporation is permitted to	
2	reduce the federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable	
3	income of the taxpayer, the deficit, or the portion of the deficit,	
4	shall also reduce the amount taxable under this section to the	
5	extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code, however, in	
6	no case shall this permit a reduction in the amount taxable under	
7	Section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of this	
8	section to be less than zero (0); and	
9	(2) the Internal Revenue Service issues guidance that such an	
10	income or deduction is not reported directly on a federal tax	
11	return or is to be reported in a manner different than specified in	
12	this section, this section shall be construed as if federal adjusted	
13	gross income or federal taxable income included the income or	
14	deduction.	
15	(j) If a partner is required to include an item of income, a	
16	deduction, or another tax attribute in the partner's adjusted gross	
17	income tax return pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5, such item shall be considered	
18	to be includible in the partner's federal adjusted gross income or federal	
19	taxable income, regardless of whether such item is actually required to	
20	be reported by the partner for federal income tax purposes. For	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	purposes of this subsection:	
22	(1) items for which a valid election is made under IC 6-3-4.5-6,	
23	IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9 shall not be required to be included	
24	in the partner's adjusted gross income or taxable income; and	
25	(2) items for which the partnership did not make an election	
26	under IC 6-3-4.5-6, IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9, but for which	
	the partnership is required to remit tax pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5-18,	
28	shall be included in the partner's adjusted gross income or	
29	taxable income.	
30	SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in	
31	this SECTION, "task force" refers to the state and local tax review	
32	task force established by subsection (b).	
33	(b) The state and local tax review task force is established.	
34	(c) The task force consists of the following members:	
35	(1) The chairperson of the senate tax and fiscal policy	
36	committee.	
37	(2) The ranking minority member of the senate tax and fiscal	
38	policy committee.	
39	(3) The chairperson of the senate appropriations committee.	
40	(4) The ranking minority member of the senate	
41	appropriations committee.	
42	(5) The chairperson of the house ways and means committee.	



1	(6) One (1) member of the house ways and means committee	
2	who is a member of the majority party of the house,	
3	appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.	
4	(7) The ranking minority member of the house ways and	
5	means committee.	
6	(8) One (1) member of the house ways and means committee	
7	who is a member of the minority party of the house,	
8	appointed by the minority leader of the house of	
9	representatives.	
10	(9) The director of the office of management and budget.	
11	(10) The director of the budget agency.	
12	(11) The public finance director of the Indiana finance	
13	authority.	
14	(12) One (1) member who is an economist employed at a state	
15	educational institution (as defined in IC 21-7-13-32),	
16	appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate.	
17	(d) If a vacancy occurs, the appointing authority that	
18	appointed the member whose position is vacant shall appoint an	
19	individual to fill the vacancy.	
20	(e) The chairperson of the legislative council shall select the	
21	chairperson of the task force before July 1, 2023. The individual	
22	selected to serve as the chairperson of the task force under this	
23	subsection shall serve as the task force's chairperson for the	
24	duration of the task force.	
25	(f) The following apply to the mileage, per diem, and travel	
26	expenses for members of the task force:	
27	(1) Each member of the task force who is a state employee is	
28	entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided	
29	under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in	
30	connection with the member's duties as provided in the state	
31	policies and procedures established by the Indiana	
32	department of administration and approved by the budget	
33	agency.	
34	(2) Each member of the task force who is a member of the	
35	general assembly or who is not a state employee is entitled to	
36	receive the same per diem, mileage, and travel allowances	
37	paid to individuals who serve as legislative and lay members,	
38	respectively, of interim study committees established by the	
39 40	legislative council.	
40 4.1	(g) The task force shall review the following:  (1) Paying down the unfunded liability of the pre 1006	
41 42	(1) Paying down the unfunded liability of the pre-1996	
42	account within the Indiana state teachers' retirement fund.	



1	(2) State appropriation backed debt obligations and methods	
2	to reduce those debt obligations.	
3	(3) Methods that can be used to eliminate the individual state	
4	income tax, including potential replacement revenue sources.	
5	(4) Application of the sales tax, corporate tax, and property	
6	tax, including the elimination of property taxes on all	
7	homestead properties.	
8	(5) Government efficiency at the state and local level.	
9	(6) The state's financial position and reserve fund balances.	
10	(h) The legislative services agency shall provide staff support	
11	to the task force.	
12	(i) The meetings of the task force must be held in public as	
13	provided under IC 5-14-1.5. However, the task force is permitted	
14	to meet in executive session as determined necessary by the	
15	chairperson of the task force.	
16	(j) The task force shall meet at least four (4) times in calendar	
17	year 2023, and at least four (4) times in calendar year 2024 at the	
18	call of the chairperson.	
19	(k) The task force may, by vote, create subcommittees and	
20	must specify membership of the subcommittee at the time of	
21	creation. The members of a subcommittee are not required to be	
22	members of the task force. The meetings of a subcommittee must	
23	be held in public as provided under IC 5-14-1.5. A subcommittee	
24	may take public testimony and may make recommendations to the	
25	task force on topics assigned to the subcommittee.	
26	(I) On or before December 1, 2024, the task force shall prepare	
27	and submit a report to the legislative council, in an electronic	
28	format under IC 5-14-6, that sets forth the topics reviewed by the	
29	task force and the task force's findings and recommendations.	
30	(m) This SECTION expires June 30, 2025.	_
31	SECTION $\Leftrightarrow$ [3]. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023] (a) There is	
32	appropriated to the legislative council created by IC 2-5-1.1-1 from	
33	the state general fund two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) for	
34	the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025, for	
35	the use of the state and local tax review task force, as added by this	
36	act. The amount appropriated by this SECTION is allocated as	
37	follows:	
38	(1) One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for the state	
39	fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2024.	
40	(2) One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for the state	
41	fiscal year beginning July 1, 2024, and ending June 30, 2025.	
42	Amounts appropriated by this SECTION must be used to pay the	



- state and local tax review task force's expenses.
- 2 (b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2025.
- 3 SECTION → [4]. An emergency is declared for this act.

a r k u

