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HOUSE BILL No. 1462

Proposed Changes to February 23, 2023 printing by AM146209

DIGEST OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Mental illness. Requires an emergency department to provide an overall analysis and evaluation of the emergency department's ability to implement specified protocol concerning patients with a substance use disorder or patients with both a substance use disorder and a mental illness. Specifies that certain medically necessary treatment is reimbursable by managed care organizations. Expires the section concerning a substance use disorder plan on January 1, 2028.

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 12-23-20-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2021,
- 2 SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
- 3 JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to a health care
- 4 provider providing services in any of the following:
- 5 (1) An adult or juvenile correctional facility operated by the state
- 6 or a local unit.
- 7 (2) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21-2.
- 8 (3) A facility that is certified by the division.
- 9 (4) An opioid treatment program that has been certified or
- 10 licensed by the division under IC 12-23-18.
- 11 (5) A state institution.
- 12 (6) A health facility licensed under IC 16-28.
- 13 (7) The Indiana Veterans' Home.
- 14 (b) A physician who is providing office based opioid treatment or
- 15 who is acting in a supervisory capacity to other health care providers
- 16 that are providing office based opioid treatment must:
- 17 (1) have ~~both~~:
- 18 (A) a waiver from the federal Substance Abuse and Mental

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- 1 Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and meet the
2 qualifying standards required to treat opioid addicted
3 patients in an office based setting; and
4 ~~(B)~~ a valid federal Drug Enforcement Administration
5 registration number and identification number; ~~that~~
6 ~~specifically authorizes treatment in an office based setting;~~
7 and
8 (2) abide by all:
9 (A) federal; and
10 (B) state;
11 laws and regulations concerning the prescribing of medications.
12 (c) A health care provider that prescribes for a patient in an office
13 based opioid treatment setting shall do and document the following:
14 (1) Determine the patient's age.
15 (2) Perform an initial assessment and a physical examination as
16 appropriate for the patient's condition and the health care
17 provider's scope of practice and obtain a medical history of the
18 patient before treatment begins.
19 (3) Obtain substance use history and any substance use disorder
20 diagnosis of the patient.
21 (4) Perform a mental health assessment.
22 (5) Obtain informed consent for treatment and establish a
23 treatment agreement with the patient that meets the requirements
24 set forth in subsection (d).
25 (6) If determined appropriate, prescribe office based opioid
26 treatment for the patient and require office visits of the patient in
27 person throughout treatment.
28 (7) Evaluate the patient's progress and compliance with the
29 treatment agreement and document the patient's progress with
30 the treatment plan.
31 (8) Perform toxicology screening for the following in accordance
32 with rules adopted under IC 25-22.5-2-7(a)(14) in order to assess
33 medication adherence and to screen for other substances:
34 (A) Stimulants.
35 (B) Alcohol.
36 (C) Opioids, including:
37 (i) oxycodone;
38 (ii) methadone; and
39 (iii) buprenorphine.
40 (D) Tetrahydrocannabinol.
41 (E) Benzodiazepines.
42 (F) Cocaine.
43 (9) Review INSPECT (as defined in IC 25-26-24-7) concerning
44 controlled substance information for the patient before induction
45 and at least four (4) times per year during treatment.
46 (10) If the patient is a female and has child bearing potential:
47 (A) perform a pregnancy test at the onset of treatment;
48 (B) counsel the patient about the risks of treatment to a
49 fetus, including fetal opioid dependency and neonatal

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- 1 abstinence syndrome; and
2 (C) provide for or refer the patient to prenatal care, if the
3 pregnancy test performed under clause (A) is positive.
4 (11) Prescribe an overdose intervention drug and education on
5 how to fill the prescription when buprenorphine is initiated on
6 the patient.
7 (12) Provide for an ongoing component of psychosocial
8 supportive therapy, with direction from the health care provider
9 on the amount of the therapy.
10 (d) The treatment agreement required in subsection (c)(5) must
11 include at least the following:
12 (1) The goals of the treatment.
13 (2) The patient's consent to drug monitoring testing.
14 (3) The prescriber's prescribing policies that include at least the
15 following:
16 (A) A requirement that the patient take the medication as
17 prescribed.
18 (B) A prohibition on sharing or selling the medication.
19 (C) A requirement that the patient inform the prescriber
20 about any:
21 (i) other controlled substances or other medication
22 prescribed or taken by the patient; and
23 (ii) alcohol consumed by the patient.
24 (4) The patient's consent to allow the prescriber to conduct
25 random pill counts for prescriptions.
26 (5) Reasons that the office based opioid treatment of the patient
27 may be changed or discontinued by the prescriber.
28 The provider shall maintain a copy of the informed consent for
29 treatment in the patient's medical record.
30 (e) During the examinations required by subsection (c)(6), the
31 prescriber shall do the following:
32 (1) Evaluate and document patient progress and compliance with
33 the patient's treatment plan.
34 (2) Document in the patient's medical record whether the patient
35 is meeting treatment goals.
36 (3) Discuss with the patient the benefits and risks, if relevant, of
37 ongoing buprenorphine treatment.
38 (f) If a toxicology screening described in subsection (c)(8) shows
39 an absence of a prescribed drug, the provider must discuss and
40 implement a plan with the patient to optimize medication adherence
41 and schedule an earlier follow up appointment with the patient. The
42 provider shall document the discussion in the patient's medical record.
43 (g) If a toxicology screening described in subsection (c)(8) shows
44 a presence of an illegal or nonprescribed drug, the provider shall assess
45 the risk of the patient to be successfully treated and document the
46 results in the patient's medical record.
47 (h) The provider may perform a subsequent confirmation
48 toxicology screening of the patient if the provider considers it
49 medically necessary or to clarify an inconsistent or unexpected

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1 toxicology screening result.

2 SECTION 2. IC 16-21-2-1 ~~<8>~~[9] IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
3 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1 ~~<8>~~[9]. (a) This section applies
5 to an emergency department that is owned or operated by hospital
6 licensed under IC 16-21.

7 (b) As used in this section, "substance use disorder" includes:

- 8 (1) opioid use disorder;
9 (2) alcohol use disorder; and
10 (3) any other substance use disorder determined by the state
11 department.

12 (c) Before December 31 of each year, an emergency
13 department must submit a substance use disorder treatment plan
14 with the state department for the subsequent year to initiate
15 interventions with patients who have a substance use related
16 emergency department visit. The plan must include ~~<the following:~~

17 ~~(1) An incorporation of the screening;~~ [an overall analysis
18 and evaluation of the emergency department's ability to
19 implement the following:

20 (1) Screening, providing a brief intervention, and
21 ~~<referral>~~[referring] to [a] treatment screening tool.

22 (2) ~~<An analysis of the emergency department's ability to~~
23 ~~and a plan to:~~

24 ~~(A) begin initiation of~~ [Initiating] medication [when
25 deemed necessary] before discharge ~~<,>~~ and ~~<~~

26 ~~(B) coordinate~~ [coordinating] outpatient medication
27 referrals upon discharge.

28 (3) ~~<A procedure to initiate>~~ [Initiating] or
29 ~~<connect>~~ [connecting] substance use patients to medication
30 assisted treatment for addiction disorders [when deemed
31 necessary], including:

32 (A) treatment for opioid use disorder and alcohol use
33 disorder; and

34 (B) providing immediate access to:

- 35 (i) naloxone;
36 (ii) an opioid antagonist that can reverse opioid
37 overdoses; and
38 (iii) all federal Food and Drug Administration
39 approved medications for the treatment of opioid
40 use disorder and alcohol use disorder.

41 (4) ~~<A detailed protocol to connect>~~ [Connecting] patients
42 with substance use disorders to treatment, prevention,
43 recovery, peer support services, and harm reduction services
44 upon discharge from the emergency department.

45 (5) ~~<A detailed protocol to refer>~~ [Connecting patients who
46 have both a substance use disorder and a mental illness (as
47 defined in IC 12-7-2-130) with counseling and medication, if
48 deemed appropriate, including any federal Food and Drug
49 Administration approved medications for the treatment of a

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1 mental illness.

2 **(6) Referring** pregnant patients with substance use disorders
3 to the Indiana Pregnancy Promise Program or the 9-8-8
4 suicide and crisis lifeline.

5 ~~(6) [7] <The emergency department's plan to~~
6 ~~implement>~~ **[Implementing]** a continuing education and
7 training program to emergency department personnel on:

8 (A) substance use disorder; and

9 (B) best practices for emergency medical care delivery
10 for patients who are most at risk of dying after
11 emergency room discharge.

12 (d) The services provided to a patient under a substance use
13 disorder treatment plan provided to the state department under
14 this section are considered to be medically necessary.

15 (e) This subsection applies after December 31, 2023. The office
16 of the secretary of family and social services shall require managed
17 care organizations to consider services provided to an individual
18 under a mental illness and a person-centered care plan, and a
19 substance use disorder treatment plan that is provided to the state
20 department as medically necessary and reimbursable in both an
21 inpatient facility of a hospital and an emergency department,
22 including services to preserve the health and safety of the
23 individual and protect other people and property.

24 **(f) This section expires January 1, 2028.**

25 SECTION 3. IC 16-50-1-12 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
26 1, 2023]. Sec. 12: This article expires June 30, 2027.

27 SECTION 4. IC 25-26-24-19, AS ADDED BY P.L.51-2019,
28 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29 JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 19. (a) Information received by the INSPECT
30 program under section 17 of this chapter is confidential.

31 (b) The board shall carry out a program to protect the
32 confidentiality of the information described in subsection (a). The
33 board may disclose the information to another person only under
34 subsection (c), (d), or (g).

35 (c) The board may disclose confidential information described in
36 subsection (a) to any person who is authorized to engage in receiving,
37 processing, or storing the information.

38 (d) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the board may
39 release confidential information described in subsection (a) to the
40 following persons:

41 (1) A member of the board or another governing body that
42 licenses practitioners and is engaged in an investigation, an
43 adjudication, or a prosecution of a violation under any state or
44 federal law that involves ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or a
45 controlled substance.

46 (2) An investigator for the consumer protection division of the
47 office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the
48 attorney general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator
49 from the office of the attorney general, who is engaged in:

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- 1 (A) an investigation;
 2 (B) an adjudication; or
 3 (C) a prosecution;
 4 of a violation under any state or federal law that involves
 5 ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or a controlled substance.
 6 (3) A law enforcement officer who is an employee of:
 7 (A) a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency; or
 8 (B) an entity that regulates ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or
 9 controlled substances or enforces ephedrine,
 10 pseudoephedrine, or controlled substances rules or laws in
 11 another state;
 12 that is certified to receive ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or
 13 controlled substance prescription drug information from the
 14 INSPECT program.
 15 (4) A practitioner or practitioner's agent certified to receive
 16 information from the INSPECT program.
 17 (5) An ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or controlled substance
 18 monitoring program in another state with which Indiana has
 19 established an interoperability agreement.
 20 (6) The state toxicologist.
 21 (7) A certified representative of the Medicaid retrospective and
 22 prospective drug utilization review program.
 23 (8) A substance abuse assistance program for a licensed health
 24 care provider who:
 25 (A) has prescriptive authority under this title; and
 26 (B) is participating in the assistance program.
 27 (9) An individual who holds a valid temporary medical permit
 28 issued under IC 25-22.5-5-4 or a noneducational commission for
 29 foreign medical graduates certified graduate permit issued under
 30 IC 25-22.5-5-4.6.
 31 (10) A county coroner conducting a medical investigation of the
 32 cause of death.
 33 (11) The management performance hub established by
 34 IC 4-3-26-8.
 35 (12) The state epidemiologist under the [\[state\]](#) [Indiana](#)
 36 department of health.
 37 (e) Information provided to a person under:
 38 (1) subsection (d)(3) is limited to information:
 39 (A) concerning an individual or proceeding involving the
 40 unlawful diversion or misuse of a schedule II, III, IV, or V
 41 controlled substance; and
 42 (B) that will assist in an investigation or proceeding;
 43 (2) subsection (d)(4) may be released only for the purpose of:
 44 (A) providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment; or
 45 (B) evaluating the need for providing medical or
 46 pharmaceutical treatment to a patient; and
 47 (3) subsection (d)(11) must be released to the extent disclosure
 48 of the information is not prohibited by applicable federal law.
 49 (f) Before the board releases confidential information under

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1 subsection (d), the applicant must be approved by the INSPECT
2 program in a manner prescribed by the board.

3 (g) The board may release to:

4 (1) a member of the board or another governing body that
5 licenses practitioners;

6 (2) an investigator for the consumer protection division of the
7 office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the
8 attorney general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator
9 from the office of the attorney general; or

10 (3) a law enforcement officer who is:

11 (A) authorized by the state police department to receive
12 ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or controlled substance
13 prescription drug information; and

14 (B) approved by the board to receive the type of information
15 released;

16 confidential information generated from computer records that
17 identifies practitioners who are prescribing or dispensing large
18 quantities of a controlled substance.

19 (h) The information described in subsection (g) may not be
20 released until it has been reviewed by:

21 (1) a member of the board who is licensed in the same profession
22 as the prescribing or dispensing practitioner identified by the
23 data; or

24 (2) the board's designee;

25 and until that member or the designee has certified that further
26 investigation is warranted. However, failure to comply with this
27 subsection does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is otherwise
28 admissible in a proceeding described in subsection (i).

29 (i) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
30 confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (g) may disclose
31 the information to a law enforcement officer or an attorney for the
32 office of the attorney general for use as evidence in the following:

33 (1) A proceeding under IC 16-42-20.

34 (2) A proceeding under any state or federal law.

35 (3) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile court.

36 (j) The board may compile statistical reports from the information
37 described in subsection (a). The reports must not include information
38 that identifies any practitioner, ultimate user, or other person
39 administering ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or a controlled substance.
40 Statistical reports compiled under this subsection are public records.

41 (k) Except as provided in ~~[subsection]~~ subsections (q) and (r),
42 and in addition to any requirements provided in IC 25-22.5-13, the
43 following practitioners shall obtain information about a patient from
44 the data base either directly or through the patient's integrated health
45 record before prescribing an opioid or benzodiazepine to the patient:

46 (1) A practitioner who has had the information from the data
47 base integrated into the patient's electronic health records.

48 (2) A practitioner who provides services to the patient in:

49 (A) the emergency department of a hospital licensed under

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- 1 IC 16-21; or
2 (B) a pain management clinic.
3 (3) Beginning January 1, 2020, a practitioner who provides
4 services to the patient in a hospital licensed under IC 16-21.
5 (4) Beginning January 1, 2021, all practitioners.

6 However, a practitioner is not required to obtain information about a
7 patient who is subject to a pain management contract from the data
8 base more than once every ninety (90) days.

9 (l) A practitioner who checks the INSPECT program either
10 directly through the data base or through the patient's integrated health
11 record for the available data on a patient is immune from civil liability
12 for an injury, death, or loss to a person solely due to a practitioner:

- 13 (1) seeking information from the INSPECT program; and
14 (2) in good faith using the information for the treatment of the
15 patient.

16 The civil immunity described in this subsection does not extend to a
17 practitioner if the practitioner receives information directly from the
18 INSPECT program or through the patient's integrated health record and
19 then negligently misuses this information. This subsection does not
20 apply to an act or omission that is a result of gross negligence or
21 intentional misconduct.

22 (m) The board may review the records of the INSPECT program.
23 If the board determines that a violation of the law may have occurred,
24 the board shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency or the
25 relevant government body responsible for the licensure, regulation, or
26 discipline of practitioners authorized by law to prescribe controlled
27 substances.

28 (n) A practitioner who in good faith discloses information based
29 on a report from the INSPECT program either directly through the data
30 base or through the patient's integrated health record to a law
31 enforcement agency is immune from criminal or civil liability. A
32 practitioner that discloses information to a law enforcement agency
33 under this subsection is presumed to have acted in good faith.

34 (o) A practitioner's agent may act as a delegate and check
35 INSPECT program reports on behalf of the practitioner.

36 (p) A patient may access a report from the INSPECT program that
37 has been included in the patient's medical file by a practitioner.

38 (q) A practitioner is not required under subsection (k) to obtain
39 information about a patient from the data base or through the patient's
40 integrated health record before prescribing an opioid or benzodiazepine
41 if any of the following apply:

- 42 (1) The practitioner has obtained a waiver from the board
43 because the practitioner does not have access to the Internet at
44 the practitioner's place of business.
45 (2) The patient is:
46 (A) recovering; or
47 (B) in the process of completing a prescription that was
48 prescribed by another practitioner;
49 while still being treated as an inpatient or in observation status.

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1 (3) The data base described in section 18 of this chapter is
2 suspended or is not operational if the practitioner documents in
3 writing or electronically the date and time in the patient's
4 medical record that the practitioner, dispenser, or delegate
5 attempted to use the data base.

6 **(r) A practitioner is not required under subsection (k) to**
7 **obtain information about a patient from the data base or through**
8 **the patient's integrated health record before prescribing an opioid**
9 **or benzodiazepine if the patient is enrolled in a hospice program**
10 **(as defined in IC 16-25-1.1-4).**

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