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HOUSE BILL No. 1454

Proposed Changes to introduced printing by AM145431

DIGEST OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Local income tax revenue. Provides that if a county adopting body makes any fiscal decision that has a financial impact to an underlying local taxing unit, the decision must be made, and notice must be given to the affected local taxing unit, by August I of a year. Provides that if a county adopting body passes an ordinance changing the allocation of local income tax revenue to a local taxing unit, the county adopting body must provide direct notice, in addition to the required public notice, to the affected local taxing unit within 15 days of the passage of the ordinance of the ordinance.

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.111-2014
SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4.2. (a) The county assessor of each county shall
before July 1, 2013, and before May 1 of every fourth year thereafter,
prepare and submit to the department of local government finance a
reassessment plan for the county. The following apply to a
reassessment plan prepared and submitted under this section:

- (1) The reassessment plan is subject to approval by the department of local government finance. The department of local government finance shall complete its review and approval of the reassessment plan before:
 - (A) March 1, 2015; and
 - (B) January 1 of each subsequent year that follows a year in which the reassessment plan is submitted by the county.
- (2) The department of local government finance shall determine the classes of real property to be used for purposes of this

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1	section.	
2	(3) Except as provided in subsection (b), the reassessment plan	
3	must divide all parcels of real property in the county into four (4)	
4	different groups of parcels. Each group of parcels must contain	
5	approximately twenty-five percent (25%) of the parcels within	
6	each class of real property in the county.	
7	(4) Except as provided in subsection (b), all real property in each	
8	group of parcels shall be reassessed under the county's	
9	reassessment plan once during each four (4) year cycle.	
.0	(5) The reassessment of a group of parcels in a particular class	
1	of real property shall begin on May 1 of a year.	
2	(6) The reassessment of parcels:	
3	(A) must include a physical inspection of each parcel of real	
.4	property in the group of parcels that is being reassessed; and	
5	(B) shall be completed on or before January 1 of the year	
.6	after the year in which the reassessment of the group of	
7	parcels begins.	
.8	(7) For real property included in a group of parcels that is	
9	reassessed, the reassessment is the basis for taxes payable in the	
20	year following the year in which the reassessment is to be	
21	completed.	
22	(8) The reassessment plan must specify the dates by which the	
23	assessor must submit land values under section 13.6 of this	
24	chapter to the county property tax assessment board of appeals.	
25	(9) The department may not approve the reassessment plan	
26	until the assessor provides verification that the land values	
27	determination under section 13.6 of this chapter has been	
28	completed.	
29	(9) (10) Subject to review and approval by the department of	
80	local government finance, the county assessor may modify the	-
31	reassessment plan.	
32	(b) A county may submit a reassessment plan that provides for	
33	reassessing more than twenty-five percent (25%) of all parcels of real	
34	property in the county in a particular year. A plan may provide that all	
35	parcels are to be reassessed in one (1) year. However, a plan must	
86	cover a four (4) year period. All real property in each group of parcels	
37	shall be reassessed under the county's reassessment plan once during	
88	each reassessment cycle.	
39	(c) The reassessment of the first group of parcels under a county's	
10	reassessment plan shall begin on July 1, 2014, and shall be completed	
1	on or before January 1, 2015.	
12	(d) The department of local government finance may adopt rules	
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1	to govern the reassessment of property under county reassessment	
2	plans.	
3	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-4-13.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012,	
4	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 13.6. (a) The county assessor shall determine the	
6	values of all classes of commercial, industrial, and residential land	
7	(including farm homesites) in the county using guidelines determined	
8	by the department of local government finance. The assessor	
9	determining the values of land shall submit the values and any	
10	supporting document to the county property tax assessment board of	
11	appeals and the department of local government finance by the	
12	dates specified in the county's reassessment plan under section 4.2 of	
13	this chapter.	
14	(b) If the county assessor fails to determine land values under	
15	subsection (a) before the deadlines in the county's reassessment plan	
16	under section 4.2 of this chapter, the county property tax assessment	
17	board of appeals shall determine the values. If the county property tax	
18	assessment board of appeals fails to determine the values before the	
19	land values become effective, the department of local government	
20	finance shall determine the values.	
21	(c) The county assessor shall notify all township assessors in the	
22	county (if any) of the values. Assessing officials shall use the values	
23	determined under this section.	
24	(d) A petition for the review of the land values determined by a	
25	county assessor under this section may be filed with the department of	
26	local government finance not later than forty-five (45) days after the	
27	county assessor makes the determination of the land values. The	
28	petition must be signed by at least the lesser of:	
29	(1) one hundred (100) property owners in the county; or	_
30	(2) five percent (5%) of the property owners in the county.	
31	(e) Upon receipt of a petition for review under subsection (d), the	
32	department of local government finance:	
33	(1) shall review the land values determined by the county	
34	assessor; and	
35	(2) after a public hearing, shall:	
36	(A) approve;	
37	(B) modify; or	
38	(C) disapprove;	
39	the land values.	
40	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-4-18.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2019,	
41	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
42	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 18.5. (a) A county assessor may not use the	
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1	services of a professional appraiser for assessment or reassessment	
2	purposes without a written contract. The contract used must be either	
3	a standard contract developed by the department of local government	
4	finance or a contract that has been specifically approved by the	
5	department. The department shall ensure that the contract:	
6	(1) includes all of the provisions required under section 19.5(b)	
7	of this chapter; and	
8	(2) adequately provides for the creation and transmission of real	
9	property assessment data in the form required by the legislative	
10	services agency and the division of data analysis of the	
11	department.	
12	(b) No contract shall be made with any professional appraiser to	
13	act as technical advisor in the assessment of property, before the giving	
14	of notice and the receiving of bids from anyone desiring to furnish this	
15	service. Notice of the time and place for receiving bids for the contract	
16	shall be given by publication by one (1) insertion in two (2) newspapers	
17	of general circulation published in the county and representing each of	
18	the two (2) leading political parties in the county. If only one (1)	
19	newspaper is there published, notice in that one (1) newspaper is	
20	sufficient to comply with the requirements of this subsection. The	
21	contract shall be awarded to the lowest and best bidder who meets all	
22	requirements under law for entering a contract to serve as technical	
23	advisor in the assessment of property. However, any and all bids may	
24	be rejected, and new bids may be asked.	
25	(c) The county council of each county shall appropriate the funds	
26	needed to meet the obligations created by a professional appraisal	
27	services contract which is entered into under this chapter.	
28	(d) A county assessor who enters into a contract with a	
29	professional appraiser shall submit a contract to the department	
30	through the Indiana transparency Internet web site in the manner	
31	prescribed by the department. The county shall upload the contract not	
32	later than thirty (30) days after execution of the contract.	
33	(e) The department may review any contracts uploaded under	
34	subsection (d) to ensure compliance with section 19.5 of this chapter.	
35	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-8-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022,	
36	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
37	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 27. (a) On or before July 1 of each year, for years	
38	ending before January 1, 2017, and on or before June 15 for years	
39	beginning after December 31, 2016, the department of local	
40	government finance shall certify to the county assessor and the county	
41	auditor of each county the distributable property assessed values which	

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the department determines are distributable to the taxing districts of the

1	county. In addition, if a public utility company has appealed the	
2	department of local government finance's assessment of the company's	
3	distributable property, the department shall notify the county auditor of	
4	the appeal.	
5	(b) The county assessor shall review the department of local	
6	government finance's certification under subsection (a) to determine if	
7	any of a public utility company's property which has a definite situs in	
8	the county has been omitted. The county auditor shall enter for taxation	
9	the assessed valuation of a public utility company's distributable	
10	property which the department distributes to a taxing district of the	
11	county.	
12	(c) The county assessor may exempt designated infrastructure	
13	development zone broadband assets. This includes the eligible	
14	broadband infrastructure assets located in a designated infrastructure	
15	development zone of a centrally assessed telephone company or cable	
16	company (as defined in section 2(15) of this chapter).	
17	(d) A centrally assessed telephone company or cable company (as	
18	defined in section 2(15) of this chapter) that makes eligible	
19	infrastructure investments in a designated infrastructure development	
20	zone established under the provisions of IC 6-1.1-12.5-5 in facilities	
21	and technologies used:	
22	(1) in the deployment and transmission of broadband service;	
23	(2) in advanced services that increase the availability of	
24	broadband service;	
25	(3) in advanced service; or	
26	(4) under any combination of subdivisions (1), (2), or (3);	
27	is exempt from property taxation as set forth under IC 6-1.1-12.5-5.	
28	(e) Upon conclusion of the certification process by the department	
29	of local government finance under this section, the centrally assessed	
30	telephone company or cable company (as defined in section 2(15) of	
31	this chapter) shall produce and submit, not later than July 1 of each	
32	assessment year, an annual report to the county assessor that includes	
33	sufficient information necessary for the county assessor or county	
34	auditor to identify the broadband infrastructure investments that are	
35	eligible to be exempt from property taxes.	
36	(f) The county auditor shall reduce the department of local	
37	government finance's certified values for each applicable state assessed	
38	personal property record that qualifies for the exemption prior to the	
39	certification of the county's net assessed values to the department. This	
40	shall include the certified values for the centrally assessed telephone	
41	company or cable company (as defined in section 2(15) of this chapter.	
42	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-12-37, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022,	
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1	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 37. (a) The following definitions apply throughout	
3	this section:	
4	(1) "Dwelling" means any of the following:	
5	(A) Residential real property improvements that an	
6	individual uses as the individual's residence, including a	
7	house or garage.	
8	(B) A mobile home that is not assessed as real property that	
9	an individual uses as the individual's residence.	
10	(C) A manufactured home that is not assessed as real	
11	property that an individual uses as the individual's	
12	residence.	
13	(2) "Homestead" means an individual's principal place of	
14	residence:	
15	(A) that is located in Indiana;	
16	(B) that:	
17	(i) the individual owns;	
18	(ii) the individual is buying under a contract recorded	
19	in the county recorder's office, or evidenced by a	
20	memorandum of contract recorded in the county	
21	recorder's office under IC 36-2-11-20, that provides	
22	that the individual is to pay the property taxes on the	
23	residence, and that obligates the owner to convey title	
24	to the individual upon completion of all of the	
25	individual's contract obligations;	
26	(iii) the individual is entitled to occupy as a	
27	tenant-stockholder (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) of a	
28	cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26	
29	U.S.C. 216); or	
30	(iv) is a residence described in section 17.9 of this	
31	chapter that is owned by a trust if the individual is an	
32	individual described in section 17.9 of this chapter;	
33	and	
34	(C) that consists of a dwelling and the real estate, not	
35	exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately surrounds that	
36	dwelling.	
37	Except as provided in subsection (k), the term does not include	
38	property owned by a corporation, partnership, limited liability	
39	company, or other entity not described in this subdivision.	
40	(b) Each year a homestead is eligible for a standard deduction	
41	from the assessed value of the homestead for an assessment date.	
42	Except as provided in subsection (p), the deduction provided by this	
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1	section applies to property taxes first due and payable for an	
2	assessment date only if an individual has an interest in the homestead	
3	described in subsection (a)(2)(B) on:	
4	(1) the assessment date; or	
5	(2) any date in the same year after an assessment date that a	
6	statement is filed under subsection (e) or section 44 of this	
7	chapter, if the property consists of real property.	
8	If more than one (1) individual or entity qualifies property as a	
9	homestead under subsection (a)(2)(B) for an assessment date, only one	
0	(1) standard deduction from the assessed value of the homestead may	
1	be applied for the assessment date. Subject to subsection (c), the	
2	auditor of the county shall record and make the deduction for the	
3	individual or entity qualifying for the deduction.	
4	(c) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, the total	
5	amount of the deduction that a person may receive under this section	
6	for a particular year is the lesser of:	
7	(1) sixty percent (60%) of the assessed value of the real property,	
8	mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured	
9	home not assessed as real property; or	
20	(2) for assessment dates:	
21	(A) before January 1, 2023, forty-five thousand dollars	
	(\$45,000); or	
22 23	(B) after December 31, 2022, forty-eight thousand dollars	
24	(\$48,000).	
25	(d) A person who has sold real property, a mobile home not	
26	assessed as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real	
27	property to another person under a contract that provides that the	
28	contract buyer is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile	
29	home, or manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided	
30	under this section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or	_
31	manufactured home.	
32	(e) Except as provided in sections 17.8 and 44 of this chapter and	
33	subject to section 45 of this chapter, an individual who desires to claim	
34	the deduction provided by this section must file a certified statement on	
35	forms prescribed by the department of local government finance, with	
36	the auditor of the county in which the homestead is located. The	
37	statement must include:	
88	(1) the parcel number or key number of the property and the	
39	name of the city, town, or township in which the property is	
10	located;	
11	(2) the name of any other location in which the applicant or the	
12	applicant's spouse owns, is buying, or has a beneficial interest in	
_	approximation of the state of t	
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1 2	residential real property; (3) the names of:	
3	(A) the applicant and the applicant's spouse (if any):	
4	(i) as the names appear in the records of the United	
5	States Social Security Administration for the purposes	
6	of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social	
7	Security number; or	
8	(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign	
9	their names on legal documents;	
10	if the applicant is an individual; or	
11	(B) each individual who qualifies property as a homestead	
12	under subsection (a)(2)(B) and the individual's spouse (if	
13		
14	any): (i) as the names appear in the records of the United	
15	States Social Security Administration for the purposes	
16	of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social	
17	Security number; or	
18	(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign	
10 19		
	their names on legal documents; if the applicant is not an individual; and	
20		
21	(4) either: (A) the last five (5) digits of the applicant's Social Security.	
22	(A) the last five (5) digits of the applicant's Social Security	
23	number and the last five (5) digits of the Social Security	
24 25	number of the applicant's spouse (if any); or	
	(B) if the applicant or the applicant's spouse (if any) does	
26	not have a Social Security number, any of the following for	
27	that individual:	
28	(i) The last five (5) digits of the individual's driver's	
29	license number.	
30	(ii) The last five (5) digits of the individual's state	
31	identification card number.	
32	(iii) The last five (5) digits of a preparer tax	
33	identification number that is obtained by the individual	
34	through the Internal Revenue Service of the United	
35	States.	
36	(iv) If the individual does not have a driver's license, a	
37	state identification card, or an Internal Revenue	
38	Service preparer tax identification number, the last five	
39	(5) digits of a control number that is on a document	
40	issued to the individual by the United States	
41	government.	
42	If a form or statement provided to the county auditor under this section,	
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- the person's name:
 - (1) changes the use of the individual's property so that part or all of the property no longer qualifies for the deduction under this section; or
 - (2) is not eligible for a deduction under this section because the person is already receiving:
 - (A) a deduction under this section in the person's name as an individual or a spouse; or
 - (B) a deduction under the law of another state that is equivalent to the deduction provided by this section;

the person must file a certified statement with the auditor of the county, notifying the auditor of the person's ineligibility, not more than sixty (60) days after the date of the change in eligibility. A person who fails to file the statement required by this subsection may, under IC 6-1.1-36-17, be liable for any additional taxes that would have been due on the property if the person had filed the statement as required by this subsection plus a civil penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the additional taxes due. The civil penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to any interest and penalties for a delinquent payment that might otherwise be due. One percent (1%) of the total civil penalty collected under this subsection shall be transferred by the county to the department of local government finance for use by the department in establishing and maintaining the homestead property data base under subsection (i) and, to the extent there is money remaining, for any other purposes of the department. This amount becomes part of the property tax liability for purposes of this article.

(g) The department of local government finance may adopt rules

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or guidelines concerning the application for a deduction under this section

- (h) This subsection does not apply to property in the first year for which a deduction is claimed under this section if the sole reason that a deduction is claimed on other property is that the individual or married couple maintained a principal residence at the other property on the assessment date in the same year in which an application for a deduction is filed under this section or, if the application is for a homestead that is assessed as personal property, on the assessment date in the immediately preceding year and the individual or married couple is moving the individual's or married couple's principal residence to the property that is the subject of the application. Except as provided in subsection (n), the county auditor may not grant an individual or a married couple a deduction under this section if:
 - (1) the individual or married couple, for the same year, claims the deduction on two (2) or more different applications for the deduction; and
 - (2) the applications claim the deduction for different property.
- (i) The department of local government finance shall provide secure access to county auditors to a homestead property data base that includes access to the homestead owner's name and the numbers required from the homestead owner under subsection (e)(4) for the sole purpose of verifying whether an owner is wrongly claiming a deduction under this chapter or a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.4, IC 6-1.1-20.6, or IC 6-3.6-5 (after December 31, 2016). Each county auditor shall submit data on deductions applicable to the current tax year on or before March 15 of each year in a manner prescribed by the department of local government finance.
- (j) A county auditor may require an individual to provide evidence proving that the individual's residence is the individual's principal place of residence as claimed in the certified statement filed under subsection (e). The county auditor may limit the evidence that an individual is required to submit to a state income tax return, a valid driver's license, or a valid voter registration card showing that the residence for which the deduction is claimed is the individual's principal place of residence. The county auditor may not deny an application filed under section 44 of this chapter because the applicant does not have a valid driver's license or state identification card with the address of the homestead property. The department of local government finance shall work with county auditors to develop procedures to determine whether a property owner that is claiming a standard deduction or homestead credit is not eligible for the standard deduction or

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1	homestead credit because the property owner's principal place of	
2	residence is outside Indiana.	
3	(k) As used in this section, "homestead" includes property that	
4	satisfies each of the following requirements:	
5	(1) The property is located in Indiana and consists of a dwelling	
6	and the real estate, not exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately	
7	surrounds that dwelling.	
8	(2) The property is the principal place of residence of an	
9	individual.	
10	(3) The property is owned by an entity that is not described in $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	
11	subsection (a)(2)(B).	
12	(4) The individual residing on the property is a shareholder,	
13	partner, or member of the entity that owns the property.	
14	(5) The property was eligible for the standard deduction under	
15	this section on March 1, 2009.	
16	(1) If a county auditor terminates a deduction for property	
17	described in subsection (k) with respect to property taxes that are:	
18	(1) imposed for an assessment date in 2009; and	
19	(2) first due and payable in 2010;	
20	on the grounds that the property is not owned by an entity described in	
21	subsection (a)(2)(B), the county auditor shall reinstate the deduction if	
22	the taxpayer provides proof that the property is eligible for the	
23	deduction in accordance with subsection (k) and that the individual	
24	residing on the property is not claiming the deduction for any other	
25	property.	
26	(m) For assessment dates after 2009, the term "homestead"	
27	includes:	
28	(1) a deck or patio;	
29	(2) a gazebo; or	_
30	(3) another residential yard structure, as defined in rules adopted	
31	by the department of local government finance (other than a	
32	swimming pool);	
33	that is assessed as real property and attached to the dwelling.	
34	(n) A county auditor shall grant an individual a deduction under	
35	this section regardless of whether the individual and the individual's	
36	spouse claim a deduction on two (2) different applications and each	
37	application claims a deduction for different property if the property	
38	owned by the individual's spouse is located outside Indiana and the	
39	individual files an affidavit with the county auditor containing the	
40	following information:	
41	(1) The names of the county and state in which the individual's	
42	spouse claims a deduction substantially similar to the deduction	
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1	allowed by this section.	
2	(2) A statement made under penalty of perjury that the following	
3	are true:	
4	(A) That the individual and the individual's spouse maintain	
5	separate principal places of residence.	
6	(B) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse	
7	has an ownership interest in the other's principal place of	
8	residence.	
9	(C) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse	
10	has, for that same year, claimed a standard or substantially	
11	similar deduction for any property other than the property	
12	maintained as a principal place of residence by the	
13	respective individuals.	
14	A county auditor may require an individual or an individual's spouse to	
15	provide evidence of the accuracy of the information contained in an	
16	affidavit submitted under this subsection. The evidence required of the	
17	individual or the individual's spouse may include state income tax	
18	returns, excise tax payment information, property tax payment	
19	information, driver license information, and voter registration	
20	information.	
21	(o) If:	
22	(1) a property owner files a statement under subsection (e) to	
23	claim the deduction provided by this section for a particular	
24	property; and	
25	(2) the county auditor receiving the filed statement determines	
26	that the property owner's property is not eligible for the	
27	deduction;	
28	the county auditor shall inform the property owner of the county	
29	auditor's determination in writing. If a property owner's property is not	
30	eligible for the deduction because the county auditor has determined	
31	that the property is not the property owner's principal place of	
32	residence, the property owner may appeal the county auditor's	
33	determination as provided in IC 6-1.1-15. The county auditor shall	
34	inform the property owner of the owner's right to appeal when the	
35	county auditor informs the property owner of the county auditor's	
36	determination under this subsection.	
37	(p) An individual is entitled to the deduction under this section for	
38	a homestead for a particular assessment date if:	
39	(1) either:	
40	(A) the individual's interest in the homestead as described	
41	in subsection (a)(2)(B) is conveyed to the individual after	
42	the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which	
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1	the assessment date occurs; or	
2	(B) the individual contracts to purchase the homestead after	
3	the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which	
4	the assessment date occurs;	
5	(2) on the assessment date:	
6	(A) the property on which the homestead is currently	
7	located was vacant land; or	
8	(B) the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the	
9	homestead was not completed; and	
0	(3) either:	
1	(A) the individual files the certified statement required by	
2	subsection (e); or	
3	(B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of	
4	section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor	
.5	on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the	
6	individual's purchase of the homestead.	
7	An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1)	
8	through (3) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the	
9	homestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the	
20	property on which the homestead is currently located was vacant land	
21	or the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was	
22	not completed. The county auditor shall apply the deduction for the	
23	assessment date and for the assessment date in any later year in which	
24	the homestead remains eligible for the deduction. A homestead that	
25	qualifies for the deduction under this section as provided in this	
26	subsection is considered a homestead for purposes of section 37.5 of	
27	this chapter and IC 6-1.1-20.6.	
28	(q) This subsection applies to an application for the deduction	
29	provided by this section that is filed for an assessment date occurring	
30	after December 31, 2013. Notwithstanding any other provision of this	
31	section, an individual buying a mobile home that is not assessed as real	
32	property or a manufactured home that is not assessed as real property	
33	under a contract providing that the individual is to pay the property	
34	taxes on the mobile home or manufactured home is not entitled to the	
35	deduction provided by this section unless the parties to the contract	
36	comply with IC 9-17-6-17.	
37	(r) This subsection:	
88	(1) applies to an application for the deduction provided by this	
39	section that is filed for an assessment date occurring after	
10	December 31, 2013; and	
1	(2) does not apply to an individual described in subsection (q).	
12	The owner of a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or a	D



1	manufactured home that is not assessed as real property must attach a	
2	copy of the owner's title to the mobile home or manufactured home to	
3	the application for the deduction provided by this section.	
4	(s) For assessment dates after 2013, the term "homestead" includes	
5	property that is owned by an individual who:	
6	(1) is serving on active duty in any branch of the armed forces of	
7	the United States;	
8	(2) was ordered to transfer to a location outside Indiana; and	
9	(3) was otherwise eligible, without regard to this subsection, for	
.0	the deduction under this section for the property for the	
1	assessment date immediately preceding the transfer date	
2	specified in the order described in subdivision (2).	
3	For property to qualify under this subsection for the deduction provided	
4	by this section, the individual described in subdivisions (1) through (3)	
.5	must submit to the county auditor a copy of the individual's transfer	
6	orders or other information sufficient to show that the individual was	
7	ordered to transfer to a location outside Indiana. The property continues	
.8	to qualify for the deduction provided by this section until the individual	
9	ceases to be on active duty, the property is sold, or the individual's	
20	ownership interest is otherwise terminated, whichever occurs first.	
21	Notwithstanding subsection (a)(2), the property remains a homestead	
22	regardless of whether the property continues to be the individual's	
23	principal place of residence after the individual transfers to a location	
24	outside Indiana. The property continues to qualify as a homestead	
25	under this subsection if the property is leased while the individual is	
26	away from Indiana and is serving on active duty, if the individual has	
27	lived at the property at any time during the past ten (10) years.	
28	Otherwise, the property ceases to qualify as a homestead under this	
29	subsection if the property is leased while the individual is away from	
30	Indiana. Property that qualifies as a homestead under this subsection	
31	shall also be construed as a homestead for purposes of section 37.5 of	
32	this chapter.	
33	SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-12-44, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2009,	
34	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
35	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 44. (a) A sales disclosure form under IC 6-1.1-5.5:	
86	(1) that is submitted:	
37	(A) as a paper form; or	
88	(B) electronically;	
39	on or before December 31 of a calendar year to the county	
10	assessor by or on behalf of the purchaser of a homestead (as	
1	defined in section 37 of this chapter) assessed as real property;	
12	(2) that is accurate and complete;	
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1	(3) that is approved by the county assessor as eligible for filing	
2	with the county auditor; and	
3	(4) that is filed:	
4	(A) as a paper form; or	
5	(B) electronically;	
6	with the county auditor by or on behalf of the purchaser;	
7	constitutes an application for the deductions provided by sections 26,	
8	29, 33, 34, and 37 of this chapter with respect to property taxes first	
9	due and payable in the calendar year that immediately succeeds the	
10	calendar year referred to in subdivision (1). The county auditor may	
11	not deny an application for the deductions provided by section 37	
12	of this chapter because the applicant does not have a valid driver's	
13	license or state identification card with the address of the	
14	homestead property.	
15	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), if:	IV
16	(1) the county auditor receives in a calendar year a sales	
17	disclosure form that meets the requirements of subsection (a);	
18	and	
19	(2) the homestead for which the sales disclosure form is	
20	submitted is otherwise eligible for a deduction referred to in	
21	subsection (a);	
22	the county auditor shall apply the deduction to the homestead for	
23	property taxes first due and payable in the calendar year for which the	
24	homestead qualifies under subsection (a) and in any later year in which	
25	the homestead remains eligible for the deduction.	
26	(c) Subsection (b) does not apply if the county auditor, after	
27	receiving a sales disclosure form from or on behalf of a purchaser	
28	under subsection (a)(4), determines that the homestead is ineligible for	
29	the deduction.	
30	SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-17-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022,	
31	SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
32	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) On or before August 1 of each year, the	
33	county auditor shall submit a certified statement of the assessed value	
34	for the ensuing year to the department of local government finance in	
35	the manner prescribed by the department.	
36	(b) The department of local government finance shall make the	
37	certified statement available on the department's computer gateway.	
38	(c) Subject to subsection (d), after the county auditor submits a	
39	certified statement under subsection (a) or an amended certified	
40	statement under this subsection with respect to a political subdivision	
41	and before the department of local government finance certifies its	
42	action with respect to the political subdivision under section 16(i) of	
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1	this chapter, the county auditor may amend the information concerning	
2	assessed valuation included in the earlier certified statement. The	
3	county auditor shall submit a certified statement amended under this	
4	subsection to the department of local government finance not later than	
5	September 1 in the manner prescribed by the department.	
6	(d) Before the county auditor makes an amendment under	
7	subsection (c), the county auditor must provide an opportunity for	
8	public comment on the proposed amendment at a public hearing. The	
9	county auditor must give notice of the hearing under IC 5-3-1. If the	
10	county auditor makes the amendment as a result of information	
11	provided to the county auditor by an assessor, the county auditor shall	
12	give notice of the public hearing to the assessor.	
13	(e) Beginning in 2018, each county auditor shall submit to the	
14	department of local government finance parcel level data of certified	
15	net assessed values as required by the department. A county auditor	
16	shall submit the parcel level data in the manner and format required by	
17	the department and according to a schedule determined by the	
18	department.	
19	(f) When the county auditor submits the certified statement	
20	under subsection (a), the county auditor shall exclude the amount	
21	of assessed value for any property located in the county for which:	
22	(1) an appeal has been filed under IC 6-1.1-15; and	
23	(2) there is no final disposition of the appeal as of the date the	
24	county auditor submits the certified statement under	
25	subsection (a).	
26	The county auditor may appeal to the department of local	
27	government finance to include the amount of assessed value under	
28	appeal within a taxing district for that calendar year.	
29	SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-18-34 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
30	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
31	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 34. (a) This section applies only	
32	to a school corporation that has under its jurisdiction any territory	
33	located in Dearborn County.	
34	(b) Subject to subsection (c), the superintendent of a school	
35	corporation may, after approval by the governing body of the	
36	school corporation, and before September 1, 2023, submit a	
37	petition to the department of local government finance requesting	
38	an increase in the school corporation's maximum permissible ad	
39	valorem property tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1 for its operations	
40	fund for property taxes first due and payable in 2024.	
41	(c) Before the governing body of the school corporation may	
42	approve a petition under subsection (b), the governing body of the	
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1	school corporation must hold a public hearing on the petition. The	
2	governing body of the school corporation shall give notice of the	
3	public hearing under IC 5-3-1. At the public hearing, the governing	
4	body of the school corporation shall make available to the public	
5	the following:	
6	(1) A fiscal plan describing the need for the increase to the	
7	levy and the expenditures for which the revenue generated	
8	from the increase to the levy will be used.	
9	(2) A statement that the proposed increase will be a	
10	permanent increase to the school corporation's maximum	
11	permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1	
12	for its operations fund.	
13	(3) The estimated effect of the proposed increase on	
14	taxpayers.	
15	(4) The anticipated property tax rates and levies for property	
16	taxes first due and payable in 2024.	
17	After the governing body of the school corporation approves the	
18	petition, the school corporation shall immediately notify the other	
19	civil taxing units and school corporations in the county that are	
20	located in a taxing district where the school corporation is also	
21	located.	
22	(d) If the superintendent of a school corporation submits a	
23	petition under subsection (b), the department of local government	
24	finance shall increase the school corporation's maximum	
25	permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1 for	=-
26	the operations fund for property taxes first due and payable in	
27	2024 by the amount of the distribution that the school corporation	
28	received in 2023 under IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration on	
29	January 1, 2024), as determined by the department of local	
30	government finance.	
31	(e) The school corporation's maximum permissible ad valorem	
32	property tax levy for property taxes first due and payable in 2024,	
33	as adjusted under this section, shall be used in the determination	
34	of the school corporation's maximum permissible ad valorem	
35	property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for property taxes first due	
36	and payable in 2025 and thereafter.	
37	(f) This section expires June 30, 2027.	
38	SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-28-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,	
39	SECTION 59, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
40	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) This section applies only to a county that is	
41	not participating in a multiple county property tax assessment board of	
42	appeals.	D



(b) Each county shall have a county property tax assessment board
of appeals composed of individuals who are at least eighteen (18) years
of age and knowledgeable in the valuation of property. At the election
of the board of commissioners of the county, a county property tax
assessment board of appeals may consist of three (3) or five (5)
members appointed in accordance with this section.

(c) This subsection applies to a county in which the board of commissioners elects to have a five (5) member county property tax assessment board of appeals. In addition to the county assessor, only one (1) other individual who is an officer or employee of a county or township may serve on the board of appeals in the county in which the individual is an officer or employee. Subject to subsections (h) and (i), the fiscal body of the county shall appoint two (2) individuals to the board. At least one (1) of the members appointed by the county fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The fiscal body may waive the requirement in this subsection that one (1) of the members appointed by the fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. Subject to subsections (h) and (i), the board of commissioners of the county shall appoint three (3) freehold members so that not more than three (3) of the five (5) members may be of the same political party and so that at least three (3) of the five (5) members are residents of the county. At least one (1) of the members appointed by the board of county commissioners must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The board of county commissioners may waive the requirement in this subsection that one (1) of the freehold members appointed by the board of county commissioners must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser.

(d) This subsection applies to a county in which the board of commissioners elects to have a three (3) member county property tax assessment board of appeals. In addition to the county assessor, only one (1) other individual who is an officer or employee of a county or township may serve on the board of appeals in the county in which the individual is an officer or employee. Subject to subsections (h) and (i), the fiscal body of the county shall appoint one (1) individual to the board. The member appointed by the county fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The fiscal body may waive the requirement in this subsection that the member appointed by the fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. Subject to subsections (e) and (f), the board of commissioners of the county shall appoint two (2) freehold members so that not more than two (2) of the three (3) members may be of the



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same political party and so that at least two (2) of the three (3)	
members are residents of the county. At least one (1) of the members	
appointed by the board of county commissioners must be a certified	
level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The board of county commissioners may waive the requirement in this subsection that one	
(1) of the freehold members appointed by the board of county	
commissioners must be a certified level two or level three	
assessor-appraiser.	
(e) A person appointed to a property tax assessment board of	
appeals may serve on the property tax assessment board of appeals of	
another county at the same time. The members of the board shall elect	
a president. The employees of the county assessor shall provide	
administrative support to the property tax assessment board of appeals.	
The county assessor is a nonvoting member of the property tax	
assessment board of appeals. The county assessor shall serve as	
secretary of the board. The secretary shall keep full and accurate	
minutes of the proceedings of the board. A majority of the board that	
includes at least one (1) certified level two or level three	
assessor-appraiser constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.	
Any question properly before the board may be decided by the	
agreement of a majority of the whole board.	
(f) The county assessor, county fiscal body, and board of county	
commissioners may agree to waive the requirement in subsection (c)	
or (d) that not more than three (3) of the five (5) or two (2) of the three	
(3) members of the county property tax assessment board of appeals	
may be of the same political party if it is necessary to waive the	
requirement due to the absence of certified level two or level three	_
Indiana assessor-appraisers: (1) who are willing to serve on the board; and	
(2) whose political party membership status would satisfy the	-
requirement in subsection (c) or (d).	
(g) If the board of county commissioners is not able to identify at	
least two (2) prospective freehold members of the county property tax	
assessment board of appeals who are:	
(1) residents of the county;	
(2) certified level two or level three Indiana assessor-appraisers;	
and	
(3) willing to serve on the county property tax assessment board	
of appeals;	
it is not necessary that at least three (3) of the five (5) or two (2) of the	
three (3) members of the county property tax assessment board of	

appeals be residents of the county.

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1	(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), the term of a member of	
2	the county property tax assessment board of appeals appointed under	
3	this section:	
4	(1) is one (1) year; and	
5	(2) begins January 1.	
6	(i) If:	
7	(1) the term of a member of the county property tax assessment	
8	board of appeals appointed under this section expires;	
9	(2) the member is not reappointed; and	
10	(3) a successor is not appointed;	
11	the term of the member continues until a successor is appointed.	
12	(j) An:	
13	(1) employee of the township assessor or county assessor; or	
14	(2) appraiser, as defined in IC 6-1.1-31.7-1;	
15	may not serve as a voting member of a county property tax assessment	
16	board of appeals in a county where the employee or appraiser is	
17	employed.	
18	SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-30-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2007,	
19	SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
20	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. The department of local government finance:	
21	(1) shall see that the property taxes due this state are collected;	
22	(2) shall ensure that property taxes levied by political	
23	subdivisions are timely billed and mailed under the	
24	provisions of this article;	
25	(3) shall ensure that assessments of properties under this	
26	article are uniform and equal;	
27	(4) shall ensure that the restrictions on budgets and levies	
28	prescribed under this article are enforced;	
29	(2) (5) shall see ensure that the penalties prescribed under this	
30	article are enforced;	
31	(3) (6) shall investigate the property tax laws and systems of	
32	other states and countries;	
33	(4) (7) for assessment dates after December 31, 2008, shall	
34	conduct all ratio studies required for:	
35	(A) equalization under 50 IAC 14; and	
36	(B) annual adjustments under 50 IAC 21; and	
37	(5) (8) may recommend changes in this state's property tax laws	
38	to the general assembly.	
39	SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-31-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2016,	
40	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
41	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) The department of local government finance	
42	may:	
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1	(1) adopt rules in the manner prescribed in IC 4-22-2; and	
2	(2) prescribe forms, including property tax forms, property tax	
3	returns, and notice forms.	
4	(b) The department of local government finance may, through the	
5	Indiana archives and records administration, amend at any time the	
6	forms that the department of local government finance prescribes under	
7	this section. article.	
8	(c) The department of local government finance may enforce the	
9	use of forms that the department of local government finance	
0	prescribes under this section. article.	
.1	(d) The department of local government finance may enforce	
2	the manner of submission for forms that the department of local	
.3	government finance prescribes under this article.	
4	(d) (e) Forms that were prescribed by the department of local	
.5	government finance and approved by the Indiana archives and records	
.6	administration before July 1, 2016, are legalized and validated.	
7	SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-33.5-1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
8	JULY 1, 2023]. See. 1. A division of the department of local	
9	government finance is established, to be known as the division of data	
20	analysis.	
21	SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-33.5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. The division of data	
23	analysis department of local government finance shall do the	
24	following:	
25	(1) Compile an electronic data base that includes the following:	
26	(A) The local government data base.	
27	(B) Information on sales of real and personal property,	
28	including nonconfidential information from sales disclosure	
29	forms filed under IC 6-1.1-5.5.	
30	(C) Personal property assessed values and data entries on	
31	personal property return forms.	
32	(D) Real property assessed values and data entries on real	
33	property assessment records.	
34	(E) Information on property tax exemptions, deductions,	
35	and credits.	
36	(F) Any other data relevant to the accurate determination of	
37	real property and personal property tax assessments.	
88	(2) Make available to each county and township software that	
39	permits the transfer of the data described in subdivision (1) to	
10	the division department of local government finance in a	
1	uniform format through a secure connection over the Internet.	
12	(3) Analyze the data compiled under this section for the purpose	
	* * *	
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1	of performing the functions under section 3 of this c	hapter.	
2	(4) Conduct continuing studies of personal and real p	roperty tax	
3	deductions, abatements, and exemptions used to	throughout	
4	Indiana. The division of data analysis departmen	nt of local	
5	government finance shall, before May 1 of each even-	-numbered	
6	year, report on the studies at a meeting of the budget	committee	
7	and submit a report on the studies to the legislative	ve services	
8	agency for distribution to the members of the legislati	ve council.	
9	The report must be in an electronic format under IC	5-14-6.	
10	SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-33.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L	.203-2016,	
11	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EF	FFECTIVE	
12	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. The division of data analysis depa	artment of	
13	local government finance shall:	_	
14	(1) conduct continuing studies in the areas in	which the	
15	department of local government finance operates;		I
16	(2) make periodic field surveys and audits of:		!
17	(A) tax rolls;		
18	(B) plat books;		
19	(C) building permits;		
20	(D) real estate transfers; and		١
21	(E) other data that may be useful in checking	g property	l
22	valuations or taxpayer returns;		
23	(3) assist with the department of local government fir	nance's test	
24	checks of property valuations to serve as the basis	for special	
25	reassessments under this article;		
26	(4) assist with the department of local governmen		
27	review of each coefficient of dispersion study for each	h township	
28	and county;		
29	(5) assist with the department of local governmen		
30	review of each sales assessment ratio study for each	n township	
31	and county; and		
32	(6) report annually to the executive director of the		k
33	services agency, in an electronic format under IC 5		
34	information obtained or determined under this section	•	
35	the executive director and the general assembly, incl	e e	
36	(A) all information obtained by the division of da		ĺ
37	department of local government finance fro	m units of	ı
38	local government; and		1
39	(B) all information included in:		
40	(i) the local government data base; and	0.1.	
41	(ii) any other data compiled by the divisi		
42	analysis. department of local governmen	t finance.	
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1	SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-33.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. To perform its	
3	duties, the division of data analysis department of local government	
4	finance may do the following:	
5	(1) Request access to any local or state official records.	
6	(2) Secure information from the federal government or from	
7	public or private agencies.	
8	(3) Inspect a person's books, records, or property.	
9	(4) Conduct a review of either all or a random sampling of	
10	personal or real property assessments.	
11	(5) Employ professional appraisal firms to assist in making test	
12	checks of property valuations.	
13	(6) Recommend changes in property tax administration.	
14	(7) Use any other device or technique to equalize tax burdens or	
15	to implement this chapter.	IW
16	SECTION 16. IC 6-1.1-33.5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. Information that has	
18	been provided to the legislative services agency or the division of data	
19	analysis department of local government finance by the federal	
20	government or by a public agency is subject to the provider's rules, if	
21	any, that concern the confidential nature of the information.	
22	SECTION 17. IC 6-1.1-33.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,	
23	SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
24	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 6. (a) With respect to any township or county for	
25	any year, the department of local government finance may initiate a	
26	review to determine whether to order a special reassessment under this	
27	chapter. The review may apply to real property or personal property, or	
28	both.	
29	(b) If the department of local government finance determines	
30	under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to the real	
31	property subject to reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 within a	
32	township or county, or a portion of the real property within a township	
33	or county, the division of data analysis of the department of local	
34	government finance shall determine for the real property under	
35	consideration and for the township or county the variance between:	
36	(1) the total assessed valuation of the real property within the	
37	township or county; and	
38	(2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the real	
39	property within the township or county were valued in the	
40	manner provided by law.	
41	(c) If the department of local government finance determines	
42	under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to the real	
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1	property within a particular cycle under a county's reassessment	olan
2	prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 or a part of the real property with	in a
3	cycle, the division of data analysis of the department of le	ocal
4	government finance shall determine for the real property un	nder
5	consideration and for all groups of parcels within a particular cycle	the
6	variance between:	
7	(1) the total assessed valuation of the real property within	ı all
8	groups of parcels within a particular cycle; and	
9	(2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the	real
10	property within all groups of parcels within a particular c	ycle
11	were valued in the manner provided by law.	
12	(d) If the department of local government finance determ	ines
13	under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to perso	onal
14	property within a township or county, or a part of the personal prop	erty
15	within a township or county, the division of data analysis of	the
16	department of local government finance shall determine for	
17	personal property under consideration and for the township or con-	ınty
18	the variance between:	·
19	(1) the total assessed valuation of the personal property wi	thin
20	the township or county; and	
21	(2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the person	onal
22	property within the township or county were valued in	
23	manner provided by law.	
24	(e) The determination of the department of local government	nent
25	finance under section 2 or 3 of this chapter must be based of	
26	statistically valid assessment ratio study.	
27	(f) If a determination of the department of local government	nent
28	finance to order a special reassessment under this chapter is based	
29	a coefficient of dispersion study, the department shall publish	
30	coefficient of dispersion study for the township or county in accorda	
31	with IC 5-3-1-2(b).	
32	(g) If:	
33	(1) the variance determined under subsection (b), (c), or	(d)
34	exceeds twenty percent (20%); and	
35	(2) the department of local government finance determines a	ıfter
36	holding hearings on the matter that a special reassessn	nent
37	should be conducted;	
38	the department shall contract for a special reassessment to	be
39	conducted to correct the valuation of the property.	
40	(h) If the variance determined under subsection (b), (c), or (d	d) is
41	twenty percent (20%) or less, the department of local government	
42	finance shall determine whether to correct the valuation of the prop	
	1 1	
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1	under:	
2	(1) IC 6-1.1-4-9 and IC 6-1.1-4-10; or	
3	(2) IC 6-1.1-14.	
4	(i) The department of local government finance shall give notice	
5	to a taxpayer, by individual notice or by publication at the discretion of	
6	the department, of a hearing concerning the department's intent to	
7	cause the assessment of the taxpayer's property to be adjusted under	
8	this section. The time fixed for the hearing must be at least ten (10)	
9	days after the day the notice is mailed or published. The department	
10	may conduct a single hearing under this section with respect to	
11	multiple properties. The notice must state:	
12	(1) the time of the hearing;	
13	(2) the location of the hearing; and	
14	(3) that the purpose of the hearing is to hear taxpayers' comments	
15	and objections with respect to the department's intent to adjust	
16	the assessment of property under this chapter.	
17	(j) If the department of local government finance determines after	
18	the hearing that the assessment of property should be adjusted under	
19	this chapter, the department shall:	
20	(1) cause the assessment of the property to be adjusted;	
21	(2) mail a certified notice of its final determination to the county	
22	auditor of the county in which the property is located; and	
23	(3) notify the taxpayer as required under IC 6-1.1-14.	
24	(k) A reassessment or adjustment may be made under this section	
25	only if the notice of the final determination is given to the taxpayer	
26	within the same period prescribed in IC 6-1.1-9-3 or IC 6-1.1-9-4.	
27	(1) If the department of local government finance contracts for a	
28	special reassessment of property under this chapter, the department	
29	shall forward the bill for services of the reassessment contractor to the	
30	county auditor, and the county shall pay the bill from the county	-
31	reassessment fund.	
32	SECTION 18. IC 6-1.1-33.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.199-2005,	
33	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
34	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. (a) Not later than May 1 of each calendar year,	
35	the division of data analysis department of local government	
36	finance[]shall:	
37	(1) prepare a report that includes:	
38	(A) each political subdivision's total amount of expenditures	
39	per person during the immediately preceding calendar year,	
40	based on the political subdivision's population determined	
41	by the most recent federal decennial census; and	
42	(B) based on the information prepared for all political	
	(2) outed on the information propared for an political	
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1	subdivisions under clause (A), the highest, lowest, median,	
2	and average amount of expenditures per person for each	
3	type of political subdivision throughout Indiana;	
4	(2) post the report on the web site maintained by the department	
5	of local government finance; and	
6	(3) file the report:	
7	(A) with the governor; and	
8	(B) in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 with the general	
9	assembly.	
10	The report must be presented in a format that is understandable to the	
11	average individual and that permits easy comparison of the information	
12	prepared for each political subdivision under subdivision (1)(A) to the	
13	statewide information prepared for that type of political subdivision	
14	under subdivision (1)(B).	
15	(b) The department of local government finance shall organize the	
16	report under subsection (a) to present together the information derived	
17	from each type of political subdivision.	
18	SECTION 19. IC 6-1.1-34-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,	
19	SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
20	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. In the year after a reassessment cycle of real	
21	property under a county's reassessment plan prepared under	
22	IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 is completed the department of local government	
23	finance shall compute a new assessment ratio for each school	
24	corporation located in a county in which a supplemental county levy is	
25	imposed under IC 20-45-7 or IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration on	
26	January 1, 2024). In all other years, the department shall compute a	
27	new assessment ratio for such a school corporation if the department	
28	finds that there has been sufficient reassessment or adjustment of one	
29	(1) or more classes of property in the school district. When the	
30	department of local government finance computes a new assessment	
31	ratio for a school corporation, the department shall publish the new	
32	ratio.	
33	SECTION 20. IC 6-1.1-35-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. At least one (1)	
35	representative of the department of local government finance shall visit	
36	or virtually meet with each county in this state at least once each year.	
37	During the visit, the representative of the department shall:	
38	(1) gather information concerning complaints with and the	
39	operation of the property tax laws;	
40	(2) see that property tax officials are complying with this article;	
41	and	
42	(3) see that persons who violate this article are being punished.	
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1	SECTION 21. IC 6-1.1-35-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2011,	
2	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
3	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 9. (a) All information that is related to earnings,	
4	income, profits, losses, or expenditures and that is:	
5	(1) given by a person to:	
6	(A) an assessing official;	
7	(B) an employee of an assessing official; or	
8	(C) an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with a	
9	board of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
0	IC 6-1.1-36-12; or	
1	(2) acquired by:	
2	(A) an assessing official;	
3	(B) an employee of an assessing official; or	
4	(C) an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with a	
.5	board of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
.6	IC 6-1.1-36-12;	
7	in the performance of the person's duties;	
8	is confidential. The assessed valuation of tangible property is a matter	
9	of public record and is thus not confidential. Confidential information	
20	may be disclosed only in a manner that is authorized under subsection	
21	(b), (c), (d), or (g).	
22	(b) Confidential information may be disclosed to:	
23	(1) an official or employee of:	
24	(A) this state or another state;	
25	(B) the United States; or	
26	(C) the county assessor;	
27	(D) the county auditor; or	
28	(C) (E) an agency or subdivision of this state, another state,	
29	or the United States;	
30	if the information is required in the performance of the official	
31	duties of the official or employee;	
32	(2) an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with a board	
33	of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
34	IC 6-1.1-36-12 if the information is required in the performance	
35	of the official duties of the officer or employee; or	
86	(3) a state educational institution in order to develop data	
37	required under IC 6-1.1-4-42.	
88	(c) The following state agencies, or their authorized	
39	representatives, shall have access to the confidential farm property	
10	records and schedules that are on file in the office of a county assessor:	
1	(1) The Indiana state board of animal health, in order to perform	
12	its duties concerning the discovery and eradication of farm	
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1	animal diseases.	
2	(2) The department of agricultural statistics of Purdue	
3	University, in order to perform its duties concerning the	
4	compilation and dissemination of agricultural statistics.	
5	(3) Any other state agency that needs the information in order to	
6	perform its duties.	
7	(d) Confidential information may be disclosed during the course	
8	of a judicial proceeding in which the regularity of an assessment is	
9	questioned.	
0	(e) Confidential information that is disclosed to a person under	
1	subsection (b) or (c) retains its confidential status. Thus, that person	
2	may disclose the information only in a manner that is authorized under	
3	subsection (b), (c), or (d).	
4	(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:	
.5	(1) a person who:	
6	(A) is an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with	
7	a board of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
8	IC 6-1.1-36-12; and	
9	(B) obtains confidential information under this section;	
20	may not disclose that confidential information to any other	
21	person; and	
	(2) a person referred to in subdivision (1) must return all	
22 23	confidential information to the taxpayer not later than fourteen	
24	(14) days after the earlier of:	
25	(A) the completion of the examination of the taxpayer's	
26	personal property return under IC 6-1.1-36-12; or	
27	(B) the termination of the contract.	
28	(g) Confidential information concerning an oil or gas interest, as	
29	described in IC 6-1.1-4-12.4, may be disclosed by an assessing official	
30	if the interest has been listed on the delinquent property tax list	
31	pursuant to IC 6-1.1-24-1 and is not otherwise removed from the	
32	property tax sale under IC 6-1.1-24. A person who establishes that the	
33	person may bid on an oil or gas interest in the context of a property tax	
34	sale may request from an assessing official all information necessary	
35	to properly identify and determine the value of the gas or oil interest	
86	that is the subject of the property tax sale. The information that may be	
37	disclosed includes the following:	
88	(1) Lease information.	
39	(2) The type of property interest being sold.	
10	(3) The applicable percentage interest and the allocation of the	
1	applicable percentage interest among the owners of the oil or gas	
12	interest (including the names and addresses of all owners).	
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1	The official shall make information covered by this subsection	
2	available for inspection and copying in accordance with IC 5-14-3.	
3	Confidential information that is disclosed to a person under this	
4	subsection loses its confidential status. A person that is denied the right	
5	to inspect or copy information covered by this subsection may file a	
6	formal complaint with the public access counselor under the procedure	
7	prescribed by IC 5-14-5. However, a person is not required to file a	
8	complaint under IC 5-14-5 before filing an action under IC 5-14-3.	
9	SECTION 22. IC 6-1.1-35.2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2016,	
10	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
11	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) In any year in which an assessing official	
12	takes office for the first time, the department of local government	
13	finance shall conduct training sessions determined under the rules	_
14	adopted by the department under IC 4-22-2 for the new assessing	
15	officials. The sessions must be held at the locations described in	
16	subsection (b).	
17	(b) To ensure that all newly elected or appointed assessing	
18	officials have an opportunity to attend the training sessions required by	
19	this section, the department of local government finance shall conduct	
20	the training sessions virtually or in person at a minimum of four (4)	
21	separate regional locations. The department shall determine the	
22	locations of the training sessions, but:	
23	(1) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
24	northeastern part of Indiana;	
25	(2) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
26	northwestern part of Indiana;	
27	(3) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
28	southeastern part of Indiana; and	
29	(4) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
30	southwestern part of Indiana.	
31	The four (4) regional training sessions may not be held in Indianapolis.	
32	However, the department of local government finance may, after the	
33	conclusion of the four (4) training sessions, provide additional training	
34	sessions at locations determined by the department.	
35	(c) Any new assessing official who attends:	
36	(1) a required session during the official's term of office; or	
37	(2) training between the date the person is elected to office and	
38	January 1 of the year the person takes office for the first time;	
39	is entitled to receive the per diem per session set by the department of	
40	local government finance by rule adopted under IC 4-22-2 and a	
41	mileage allowance from the county in which the official resides.	

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However, in the case of a multiple county property tax assessment

board of appeals under IC 6-1.1-28-0.1, the costs of the per diem and

mileage allowance	shall be apportioned among the participating	
counties in the ma	nner specified in the ordinance establishing the	
multiple county pro	perty tax assessment board of appeals.	
(d) A person is	entitled to a mileage allowance under this section	
only for travel bety	ween the person's place of work and the training	
session nearest to the	ne person's place of work.	
[SECTION 23.	IC 6-3.6-3-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.154-2020,	
SECTION 31, IS AN	MENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
JULY 1, 2023]: Sec	. 7. (a) This section applies to a county in which the	
county adopting bo	dy is a local income tax council.	
(b) Before a me	ember of the local income tax council may propose	
an ordinance under	section 8 of this chapter, or vote on a proposed	
ordinance (includin	g a proposed ordinance under section 8(e) of this	
chapter that is bein	g considered by the local income tax council as a	
	under section 9.5 of this chapter (before its	
	ember must hold a public hearing on the proposed	
	ride the public with notice of the time and place	
where the public he	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
·	e required by subsection (b) must be given in	
	C 5-3-1 and include the proposed ordinance or	
resolution to propos		
	n to the notice required by subsection (b), the	
	also provide a copy of the notice to all taxing units	
	st ten (10) days before the public hearing.	
	adopting body makes any fiscal decision that	
	npact to an underlying local taxing unit, the	
decision must be r	nade, and notice must be given to the affected	
local taxing unit, b	y August 1 of a year. If a county adopting body	
passes an ordinan	ce changing the allocation of local income tax	
revenue to a local	I taxing unit, the county adopting body must	
provide direct not	ice, in addition to the public notice described in	
subsection (b), to t	the affected local taxing unit within fifteen (15)	
days of the passag	e of the ordinance.	
SECTION 24.	IC 6-3.6-3-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.247-2017,	
SECTION 11, IS AN	MENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE]	-
JULY 1, 2023]: Sec	e. 7.5. (a) This section applies to a county in which	
the county adopting	body is the county council.	
	county council may vote on a proposed ordinance	
	e county council must hold a public hearing on the	
	e and provide the public with notice of the date,	
time, and place of the		
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(c) The notice required by subsection (b) must be given in	
accordance with IC 5-3-1 and include the proposed ordinance.	
(d) In addition to the notice required by subsection (b), the	
adopting body shall also provide a copy of the notice to all taxing units	
in the county at least ten (10) days before the public hearing.	
(e) If a county adopting body makes any fiscal decision that	
has a financial impact to an underlying local taxing unit, the	
decision must be made, and notice must be given to the affected	
local taxing unit, by August 1 of a year. If a county adopting body	
passes an ordinance changing the allocation of local income tax	
revenue to a local taxing unit, the county adopting body must	
provide direct notice, in addition to the public notice described in	
subsection (b), to the affected local taxing unit within fifteen (15)	
days of the passage of the ordinance.	
SECTION 2 (5) IC 20-26-11-13, AS AMENDED BY	
P.L.140-2018, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 13. (a) As used in this section, the	
following terms have the following meanings:	
(1) "Class of school" refers to a classification of each school or	
program in the transferee corporation by the grades or special	
programs taught at the school. Generally, these classifications	
are denominated as kindergarten, elementary school, middle	
school or junior high school, high school, and special schools or	
classes, such as schools or classes for special education, career	
and technical education, or career education.	
(2) "Special equipment" means equipment that during a school	
year:	
(A) is used only when a child with disabilities is attending	
school;	
(B) is not used to transport a child to or from a place where	
the child is attending school;	
(C) is necessary for the education of each child with	
disabilities that uses the equipment, as determined under the	
individualized education program for the child; and	
(D) is not used for or by any child who is not a child with	
disabilities.	
(3) "Student enrollment" means the following:	
(A) The total number of students in kindergarten through	
grade 12 who are enrolled in a transferee school corporation	
on a date determined by the state board.	
(B) The total number of students enrolled in a class of	
school in a transferee school corporation on a date	
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1	determined by the state board.	
2	However, a kindergarten student shall be counted under clauses	
3	(A) and (B) as one-half $(1/2)$ student. The state board may select	
4	a different date for counts under this subdivision. However, the	
5	same date shall be used for all school corporations making a	
6	count for the same class of school.	
7	(b) Each transferee corporation is entitled to receive for each	
8	school year on account of each transferred student, except a student	
9	transferred under section 6 of this chapter, transfer tuition from the	
10	transferor corporation or the state as provided in this chapter. Transfer	
11	tuition equals the amount determined under STEP THREE of the	
12	following formula:	
13	STEP ONE: Allocate to each transfer student the capital	
14	expenditures for any special equipment used by the transfer	
15	student and a proportionate share of the operating costs incurred	
16	by the transferee school for the class of school where the transfer	
17	student is enrolled.	
18	STEP TWO: If the transferee school included the transfer	
19	student in the transferee school's current ADM, allocate to the	
20	transfer student a proportionate share of the following education	
21	fund revenues of the transferee school:	
22	(A) State tuition support distributions received during the	
23	calendar year in which the school year ends.	
24 25	(B) Property tax levies under:	
25	(i) IC 20-45-7; and	
26	(ii) IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration on January 1,	
27	2024); and	
28	(iii) IC 20-45-9.	
29	for the calendar year in which the school year ends.	
30	(C) The sum of the following excise tax revenue received	
31	for deposit in the calendar year in which the school year	
32	begins:	
33	(i) Financial institution excise tax revenue (IC ☐ 6-5.5).	
34	(ii) Vehicle excise taxes (IC[]6-6-5).	
35	(iii) Commercial vehicle excise taxes (IC∐6-6-5.5).	
36	(iv) Boat excise tax (IC[]6-6-11).	
37	(v) Aircraft license excise tax (IC ☐ 6-6-6.5).	
38	(D) Allocations to the transferee school under IC 6-3.6.	
39	STEP THREE: Determine the greater of:	
40	(A) zero (0); or	
41	(B) the result of subtracting the STEP TWO amount from	
42	the STEP ONE amount.	
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1	If a child is placed in an institution or facility in Indiana by or with the	
2	approval of the department of child services, the institution or facility	
3	shall charge the department of child services for the use of the space	
4	within the institution or facility (commonly called capital costs) that is	
5	used to provide educational services to the child based upon a prorated	
6	per student cost.	
7	(c) Operating costs shall be determined for each class of school	
8	where a transfer student is enrolled. The operating cost for each class	
9	of school is based on the total expenditures of the transferee	
10	corporation for the class of school from its education fund and	
11	operations fund expenditures as specified in the classified budget forms	
12	prescribed by the state board of accounts. This calculation excludes:	
13	(1) capital outlay;	
14	(2) debt service;	
15	(3) costs of transportation;	
16	(4) salaries of board members;	
17	(5) contracted service for legal expenses; and	
18	(6) any expenditure that is made from extracurricular account	
19	receipts;	
20	for the school year.	
21	(d) The capital cost of special equipment for a school year is equal	
22	to:	
23	(1) the cost of the special equipment; divided by	
24	(2) the product of:	
25	(A) the useful life of the special equipment, as determined	
26	under the rules adopted by the state board; multiplied by	
27	(B) the number of students using the special equipment	
28	during at least part of the school year.	
29	(e) When an item of expense or cost described in subsection (c)	
30	cannot be allocated to a class of school, it shall be prorated to all	
31	classes of schools on the basis of the student enrollment of each class	
32	in the transferee corporation compared with the total student	
33	enrollment in the school corporation.	
34	(f) Operating costs shall be allocated to a transfer student for each	
35	school year by dividing:	
36	(1) the transferee school corporation's operating costs for the	
37	class of school in which the transfer student is enrolled; by	
38	(2) the student enrollment of the class of school in which the	
39	transfer student is enrolled.	
40	When a transferred student is enrolled in a transferee corporation for	
41	less than the full school year of student attendance, the transfer tuition	
42	shall be calculated by the part of the school year for which the	
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1	transferred student is enrolled. A school year of student attendance	
2	consists of the number of days school is in session for student	
3 4	attendance. A student, regardless of the student's attendance, is enrolled	
	in a transferee school unless the student is no longer entitled to be	
5	transferred because of a change of residence, the student has been	
6	excluded or expelled from school for the balance of the school year or	
7	for an indefinite period, or the student has been confirmed to have	
8	withdrawn from school. The transferor and the transferee corporation	
9	may enter into written agreements concerning the amount of transfer	
10	tuition due in any school year. If an agreement cannot be reached, the	
11	amount shall be determined by the state board, and costs may be	
12	established, when in dispute, by the state board of accounts.	
13	(g) A transferee school shall allocate revenues described in	
14	subsection (b) STEP TWO to a transfer student by dividing:	
15	(1) the total amount of revenues received during a period; by	
16	(2) the current ADM of the transferee school for the period in	
17	which the revenues are received.	
18	However, for state tuition support distributions or any other state	
19	distribution computed using less than the total current ADM of the	
20	transferee school, the transferee school shall allocate the revenues to	
21	the transfer student by dividing the revenues that the transferee school	
22	is eligible to receive during the period by the student count used to	
23	compute the state distribution.	
24	(h) Instead of the payments provided in subsection (b), the	
25	transferor corporation or state owing transfer tuition may enter into a	
26	long term contract with the transferee corporation governing the	
27	transfer of students. The contract may:	
28	(1) be entered into for a period of not more than five (5) years	
29	with an option to renew;	
30	(2) specify a maximum number of students to be transferred; and	
31	(3) fix a method for determining the amount of transfer tuition	
32	and the time of payment, which may be different from that	
33	provided in section 14 of this chapter.	
34	(i) A school corporation may negotiate transfer tuition agreements	
35	with a neighboring school corporation that can accommodate additional	
36	students. Agreements under this section may:	
37	(1) be for one (1) year or longer; and	
38	(2) fix a method for determining the amount of transfer tuition or	
39	time of payment that is different from the method, amount, or	
40	time of payment that is provided in this section or section 14 of	
41	this chapter.	
42	A school corporation may not transfer a student under this section	



1	without the prior approval of the clind's parent.	
2	SECTION $2 \leftarrow 1$ IC $20-45-8-29$ IS ADDED TO THE	
3	INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 29. This chapter expires January	
5	1, 2024.	
6	SECTION $2 \stackrel{\longleftarrow}{\leftarrow} [7]$. IC 20-45-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
7	CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]:	
9	Chapter 9. Dearborn County School Corporations	
10	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to qualified school corporations for	
11	years beginning after December 31, 2023.	
12	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "qualified school corporation"	
13	means a school corporation that has under its jurisdiction any	
14	territory located in Dearborn County.	
15	Sec. 3. A qualified school corporation's property tax levy	
16	under this chapter for a calendar year is a property tax levy for the	
17	qualified school corporation's operations fund equal to the amount	
18	of the distribution that the qualified school corporation received in	
19	2023 under IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration on January 1, 2024).	
20	The property tax levy under this chapter is part of the maximum	
21	permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1 for	
22	the qualified school corporation's operations fund.	
23	Sec. 4. Each calendar year, the governing body of a qualified	
24	school corporation may impose the property tax rate on each one	
25	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation of the qualified school	
26	corporation that is necessary to generate the qualified school	
27	corporation's property tax levy for the calendar year.	
28	Sec. 5. Appropriations shall be made from the operations fund	
29	by the qualified school corporations as other appropriations are	
30	made either in the annual budget or by additional appropriations.	
31	SECTION 2 6 [8]. IC 20-46-1-10.1, AS AMENDED BY	
32	P.L.174-2022, SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10.1. (a) This section	
34	applies only to a referendum to allow a school corporation to extend a	
35	referendum levy.	
36	(b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum	
37	must read as follows:	
38	"Shall the school corporation continue to impose increased	
39	property taxes paid to the school corporation by homeowners and	
40	businesses for (insert number of years) years immediately	
41	following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of	
12	funding (insert short description of purposes)? The	
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1	property tax increase requested in this referendum was originally	
2	approved by the voters in (insert the year in which the	
3	referendum tax levy was approved) and originally increased if	
4	extended will increase the average property tax paid to the	
5	school corporation per year on a residence within the school	
6	corporation by% (insert the original estimated average	
7	percentage of property tax increase on a residence within the	
8	school corporation) and originally increased if extended will	
9	increase the average property tax paid to the school corporation	
10	per year on a business property within the school corporation by	
11	% (insert the original estimated average percentage of	
12	property tax increase on a business within the school	
13	corporation).".	
14	(c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may be	
15	extended if the public question under this section is approved may not	
16	exceed eight (8) years.	
17	(d) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation	
18	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county	
19	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	
20	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on	
21	a homestead to be paid to the school corporation that must be included	
22	in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:	
23	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a	
24	homestead located within the school corporation. for the first	
25	year in which the referendum levy was imposed.	
26	STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value	
27	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,	
28	subtract:	
29	(A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under	
30	IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE	
31	was eligible for the deduction; and	
32	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction	
33	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in	
34	STEP ONE was eligible for the deduction;	
35	from the result of STEP ONE.	
36	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred	
37	(100).	
38	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one	
39	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first	
40	current year in which the referendum levy was imposed on	
41	property located within the school corporation.	
42	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax	
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1	liability of the average homestead located within the school	
2	corporation:	
3	(A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of	
4	STEP FOUR; and	
5	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county	
6	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive	
7	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).	
8 9	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's	
9 10	part of the result determined in STEP FIVE.	
	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:	
11 12	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question	
13	is approved by the voters; by (P) the result of STEP THREE	
13 14	(B) the result of STEP THREE. STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result	
15	of STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.	
16	(e) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation	
17	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county	
18	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	
19	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on	
20	a business property to be paid to the school corporation that must be	
21	included in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:	
22	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business	
23	property located within the school corporation. for the first year	
23 24	in which the referendum levy was imposed.	
2 5	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred	
26	(100).	
27	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one	
28	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first	
29	current [] year in which the referendum levy was imposed on	
30	property located within the school corporation.	-
31	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax	
32	liability of the average business property located within the	
33	school corporation:	
34	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP	
35	THREE; and	
36	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county	
37	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive	
38	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable	
39	percentage was three percent (3%).	
40	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's	
41	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.	
42	STEP SIX: Multiply:	
	• •	
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1	(A) the result of STEP TWO; by	
2	(B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question	
3	is approved by the voters.	
4	STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of	
5	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage.	
6	(f) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average	
7	percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the	
8	school corporation determined under subsection (d), and the estimated	
9	average percentage of property tax increase on a business property to	
10	be paid to the school corporation determined under subsection (e), in	
11	a manner prescribed by the department of local government finance,	
12	and provide the certification to the governing body of the school	
13	corporation that proposes to impose property taxes.	
14	SECTION $2 \stackrel{\frown}{\longrightarrow} [9]$. IC 20-46-8-11 IS ADDED TO THE	
15	INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) This section applies to a	
17	qualified school corporation that imposes a property tax levy under	
18	IC 20-45-9 for years beginning after December 31, 2023.	
19	(b) As used in this section, "qualified school corporation" has	
20	the meaning set forth in IC 20-45-9-2.	
21	(c) The property tax levy limits imposed by section 1 of this	
22	chapter do not apply to property taxes imposed by a qualified	
23	school corporation under IC 20-45-9.	
24	(d) For the purpose of computing the maximum permissible	
25	operations fund property tax levy imposed on a qualified school	
26	corporation by section 1 of this chapter, the qualified school	
27	corporation's maximum permissible operations fund levy for a	
28	particular year does not include that part of the levy described in	
29	subsection (c).	
30	SECTION $\stackrel{\textstyle \checkmark}{\cancel{28}}$ [30]. IC 20-46-9-10, AS AMENDED BY	
31	P.L.174-2022, SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10. (a) This section	
33	applies only to a referendum to allow a school corporation to extend a	
34	referendum tax levy.	
35	(b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum	
36	must read as follows:	
37	"Shall the school corporation continue to impose increased	
38	property taxes paid to the school corporation by homeowners and	
39	businesses for (insert number of years) years immediately	
40	following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of	
41	funding (insert short description of purposes)? The	
42	property tax increase requested in this referendum was originally	
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1	approved by the voters in (insert the year in which the	
2	referendum tax levy was approved) and originally increased if	
3	extended will increase the average property tax paid to the	
4	school corporation per year on a residence within the school	
5	corporation by % (insert the original estimated average	
6	percentage of property tax increase on a residence within the	
7	school corporation) and originally increased if extended will	
8	increase the average property tax paid to the school corporation	
9	per year on a business property within the school corporation by	
10	% (insert the original estimated average percentage of	
11	property tax increase on a business within the school	
12	corporation).".	
13	(c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may be	
14	extended if the public question under this section is approved may not	
15	exceed the number of years for which the expiring referendum tax levy	
16	was imposed.	
17	(d) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation	
18	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county	
19	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	
20	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on	
21	a homestead to be paid to the school corporation that must be included	
22	in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:	
23	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a	
24	homestead located within the school corporation. for the first	
24 25	year in which the referendum levy was imposed.	
26	STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value	
27	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,	
28	subtract:	
29	(A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under	
30	IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE	
31	was eligible for the deduction; and	
32	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction	
33	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in	
34	STEP ONE was eligible for the deduction;	
35	from the result of STEP ONE.	
36	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred	
37	(100).	
38	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one	
39	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first	
40	current year in which the referendum levy was imposed on	
41	property located within the school corporation.	
42	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax	
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1	liability of the average homestead located within the school	
2	corporation:	
3	(A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of	
4	STEP FOUR; and	
5	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county	
6	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive	
7	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).	
8	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's	
9	part of the result determined in STEP FIVE.	
10	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:	
11	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question	
12	is approved by the voters; by	
13	(B) the result of STEP THREE.	
14	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result	
15	of STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.	IV
16	(e) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation	
17	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county	
18	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	
19	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on	
20	a business property to be paid to the school corporation that must be	
21	included in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:	
22	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business	
23	property located within the school corporation. for the first year	
24	in which the referendum levy was imposed.	
25	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred	
26	(100).	
27	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one	
28	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first	
29	current _ year in which the referendum levy was imposed on	
30	property located within the school corporation.	
31	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax	
32	liability of the average business property located within the	
33	school corporation:	
34	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP	
35	THREE; and	
36	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county	
37	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive	
38	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable	
39	percentage was three percent (3%).	
40	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's	
41	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.	
42	STEP SIX: Multiply:	
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1	(A) the result of STEP TWO; by	
2	(B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question	
3	is approved by the voters.	
4	STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of	
5	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage.	
6	(f) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average	
7	percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the	
8	school corporation determined under subsection (d), and the estimated	
9	average percentage of property tax increase on a business property to	
10	be paid to the school corporation determined under subsection (e), in	
11	a manner prescribed by the department of local government finance,	
12	and provide the certification to the governing body of the school	
13	corporation that proposes to impose property taxes.	
14	SECTION $\stackrel{\frown}{\sim}$ [31]. IC 36-8-19-17 IS ADDED TO THE	
15	INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 17. (a) This section applies to a	
17	territory:	
18	(1) established under this chapter by adoption of an	
19	ordinance or resolution by the legislative body of a	
20	participating unit that is effective before July 1, 2022; or	
21	(2) established or expanded under this chapter by adoption	
22	of an ordinance or resolution by the legislative body of a	
23	participating unit that is effective after June 30, 2022.	
24	This section does not apply to a territory that was dissolved under	
25	section 15 of this chapter before June 30, 2023.	
26	(b) The provider unit shall submit to the department of local	
27	government finance the following:	
28	(1) The ordinance establishing a territory (in the case of a	
29	county or municipality).	
30	(2) The resolution establishing a territory (in the case of a	
31	township or fire protection district).	
32	(3) Documents outlining the contents of an agreement to	
33	establish or extend a territory, including an operating	
34	agreement.	
35	(4) Documents outlining the description of planned services	
36	for a territory that were prepared when a territory was	
37	established.	
38	(5) If the participating units agreed to change the provider	
39 40	unit under section 6.5 of this chapter, each:	
40 4.1	(A) ordinance (in the case of a county or municipality);	
41 42	and (P) resolution (in the case of a township or five	
42	(B) resolution (in the case of a township or fire	
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1	protection district);	
2	as applicable, that agrees to and specifies the new provider	
3	unit.	
4	(c) If there is a change in the operations or structure of a	
5	territory, the provider unit shall submit a report to the department	
6	of local government finance within thirty (30) days of the effective	
7	date of the change.	
8	(d) The information submitted under subsections (b) and (c)	
9	shall be submitted in a manner prescribed by the department of	
10	local government finance.	
11	(e) The provider unit shall maintain copies of the information	
12	identified under subsection (b) throughout the existence of the	
13	territory.	
14	SECTION 3 (2). [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023] (a) As used in	
15	this SECTION, "qualified school corporation" has the meaning set	
16	forth in IC 20-45-8-10 (before its expiration on January 1, 2024).	
17	(b) The department of local government finance shall decrease	
18	the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy of the	
19	county government of Dearborn County for 2024 by an amount	
20	equal to the part of the county's property tax levy distributed to	
21	qualified school corporations in 2023 under IC 20-45-8 (before its	
22	expiration on January 1, 2024).	
23	(c) The department of local government finance shall decrease	
24	the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy of the	
25	county government of Ripley County for 2024 by an amount equal	
26	to the part of the county's property tax levy distributed to qualified	
27	school corporations in 2023 under IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration	
28	on January 1, 2024).	
29	(d) This SECTION expires July 1, 2025.	
30	1	

