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## HOUSE BILL No. 1454

Proposed Changes to introduced printing by AM145411

## DIGEST OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Marshall County local income tax. Provides that after the current tax rate for criminal justice facilities in Marshall County expires, the county fiscal body may adopt a special purpose local income tax rate in the amount of 0.25% for jail operations and maintenance that will expire ten years after its enactment.

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.111-2014, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4.2. (a) The county assessor of each county shall, before July 1, 2013, and before May 1 of every fourth year thereafter, prepare and submit to the department of local government finance a reassessment plan for the county. The following apply to a reassessment plan prepared and submitted under this section:

- (1) The reassessment plan is subject to approval by the department of local government finance. The department of local government finance shall complete its review and approval of the reassessment plan before:
  - (A) March 1, 2015; and
  - (B) January 1 of each subsequent year that follows a year in

2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134



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1	which the reassessment plan is submitted by the county.	
2	(2) The department of local government finance shall determine	
3	the classes of real property to be used for purposes of this	
4	section.	
5	(3) Except as provided in subsection (b), the reassessment plan	
6	must divide all parcels of real property in the county into four (4)	
7	different groups of parcels. Each group of parcels must contain	
8	approximately twenty-five percent (25%) of the parcels within	
9	each class of real property in the county.	
10	(4) Except as provided in subsection (b), all real property in each	
11	group of parcels shall be reassessed under the county's	
12	reassessment plan once during each four (4) year cycle.	
13	(5) The reassessment of a group of parcels in a particular class	
14	of real property shall begin on May 1 of a year.	
15	(6) The reassessment of parcels:	
16	(A) must include a physical inspection of each parcel of real	
17	property in the group of parcels that is being reassessed; and	
18	(B) shall be completed on or before January 1 of the year	
19	after the year in which the reassessment of the group of	
20	parcels begins.	
21	(7) For real property included in a group of parcels that is	
22	reassessed, the reassessment is the basis for taxes payable in the	
23	year following the year in which the reassessment is to be	
24	completed.	
25	(8) The reassessment plan must specify the dates by which the	
26	assessor must submit land values under section 13.6 of this	
27	chapter to the county property tax assessment board of appeals.	
28	(9) The department may not approve the reassessment plan	
29	until the assessor provides verification that the land values	
30	determination under section 13.6 of this chapter has been	-
31	completed.	
32	(9) (10) Subject to review and approval by the department of	
33	local government finance, the county assessor may modify the	
34	reassessment plan.	
35	(b) A county may submit a reassessment plan that provides for	
36	reassessing more than twenty-five percent (25%) of all parcels of real	
37	property in the county in a particular year. A plan may provide that all	
38	parcels are to be reassessed in one (1) year. However, a plan must	
39	cover a four (4) year period. All real property in each group of parcels	
40	shall be reassessed under the county's reassessment plan once during	
41	each reassessment cycle.	
42	(c) The reassessment of the first group of parcels under a county's	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



reassessment plan shall begin on July 1, 2014, and shall be completed

2	on or before January 1, 2015.	
3	(d) The department of local government finance may adopt rules	
4	to govern the reassessment of property under county reassessment	
5	plans.	
6	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-4-13.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012,	
7	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
8	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 13.6. (a) The county assessor shall determine the	
9	values of all classes of commercial, industrial, and residential land	
10	(including farm homesites) in the county using guidelines determined	
11	by the department of local government finance. The assessor	
12	determining the values of land shall submit the values and any	
13	<b>supporting document</b> to the county property tax assessment board of	
14	appeals and the department of local government finance by the	
15	dates specified in the county's reassessment plan under section 4.2 of	
16	this chapter.	
17	(b) If the county assessor fails to determine land values under	
18	subsection (a) before the deadlines in the county's reassessment plan	
19	under section 4.2 of this chapter, the county property tax assessment	
20	board of appeals shall determine the values. If the county property tax	
21	assessment board of appeals fails to determine the values before the	
22	land values become effective, the department of local government	
23	finance shall determine the values.	
24	(c) The county assessor shall notify all township assessors in the	
25	county (if any) of the values. Assessing officials shall use the values	
26	determined under this section.	
27	(d) A petition for the review of the land values determined by a	
28	county assessor under this section may be filed with the department of	
29	local government finance not later than forty-five (45) days after the	
30	county assessor makes the determination of the land values. The	
31	petition must be signed by at least the lesser of:	
32	(1) one hundred (100) property owners in the county; or	
33	(2) five percent (5%) of the property owners in the county.	
34	(e) Upon receipt of a petition for review under subsection (d), the	
35	department of local government finance:	
36	(1) shall review the land values determined by the county	
37	assessor; and	
38	(2) after a public hearing, shall:	
39	(A) approve;	
40	(B) modify; or	
41	(C) disapprove;	
42	the land values.	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-4-18.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2019,	
2	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
3	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 18.5. (a) A county assessor may not use the	
4	services of a professional appraiser for assessment or reassessment	
5	purposes without a written contract. The contract used must be either	
6	a standard contract developed by the department of local government	
7	finance or a contract that has been specifically approved by the	
8	department. The department shall ensure that the contract:	
9	(1) includes all of the provisions required under section 19.5(b)	
10	of this chapter; and	
11	(2) adequately provides for the creation and transmission of real	
12	property assessment data in the form required by the legislative	
13	services agency and the division of data analysis of the	
14	department.	
15	(b) No contract shall be made with any professional appraiser to	
16	act as technical advisor in the assessment of property, before the giving	
17	of notice and the receiving of bids from anyone desiring to furnish this	
18	service. Notice of the time and place for receiving bids for the contract	
19	shall be given by publication by one (1) insertion in two (2) newspapers	
20	of general circulation published in the county and representing each of	
21	the two (2) leading political parties in the county. If only one (1)	
22	newspaper is there published, notice in that one (1) newspaper is	
23	sufficient to comply with the requirements of this subsection. The	
24	contract shall be awarded to the lowest and best bidder who meets all	
25	requirements under law for entering a contract to serve as technical	
26	advisor in the assessment of property. However, any and all bids may	
27	be rejected, and new bids may be asked.	
28	(c) The county council of each county shall appropriate the funds	
29	needed to meet the obligations created by a professional appraisal	
30	services contract which is entered into under this chapter.	
31	(d) A county assessor who enters into a contract with a	
32	professional appraiser shall submit a contract to the department	
33	through the Indiana transparency Internet web site in the manner	
34	prescribed by the department. The county shall upload the contract not	
35	later than thirty (30) days after execution of the contract.	
36	(e) The department may review any contracts uploaded under	
37	subsection (d) to ensure compliance with section 19.5 of this chapter.	
38	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-8-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022,	
39	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
40	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 27. (a) On or before July 1 of each year, for years	
41	ending before January 1, 2017, and on or before June 15 for years	
42	beginning after December 31, 2016, the department of local	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	government finance shall certify to the county assessor and the county	
2	auditor of each county the distributable property assessed values which	
3	the department determines are distributable to the taxing districts of the	
4	county. In addition, if a public utility company has appealed the	
5	department of local government finance's assessment of the company's	
6	distributable property, the department shall notify the county auditor of	
7	the appeal.	
8	(b) The county assessor shall review the department of local	
9	government finance's certification under subsection (a) to determine if	
10	any of a public utility company's property which has a definite situs in	
11	the county has been omitted. The county auditor shall enter for taxation	
12	the assessed valuation of a public utility company's distributable	
13	property which the department distributes to a taxing district of the	
14	county.	
15	(c) The county assessor may exempt designated infrastructure	
16	development zone broadband assets. This includes the eligible	
17	broadband infrastructure assets located in a designated infrastructure	
18	development zone of a centrally assessed telephone company or cable	
19	company (as defined in section 2(15) of this chapter).	
20	(d) A centrally assessed telephone company or cable company (as	
21	defined in section 2(15) of this chapter) that makes eligible	
22	infrastructure investments in a designated infrastructure development	
23	zone established under the provisions of IC 6-1.1-12.5-5 in facilities	
24	and technologies used:	
25	(1) in the deployment and transmission of broadband service;	
26	(2) in advanced services that increase the availability of	
27	broadband service;	
28	(3) in advanced service; or	
29	(4) under any combination of subdivisions (1), (2), or (3);	
30	is exempt from property taxation as set forth under IC 6-1.1-12.5-5.	
31	(e) Upon conclusion of the certification process by the department	
32	of local government finance under this section, the centrally assessed	
33	telephone company or cable company (as defined in section 2(15) of	
34	this chapter) shall produce and submit, not later than July 1 of each	
35	assessment year, an annual report to the county assessor that includes	
36	sufficient information necessary for the county assessor or county	
37	auditor to identify the broadband infrastructure investments that are	
38	eligible to be exempt from property taxes.	
39	(f) The county auditor shall reduce the department of local	
40	government finance's certified values for each applicable state assessed	
41	personal property record that qualifies for the exemption prior to the	
42	certification of the county's net assessed values to the department. This	



1	shall include the certified values for the centrally assessed telephone	
2	company or cable company (as defined in section 2(15) of this chapter.	
3	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-12-37, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022,	
4	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 37. (a) The following definitions apply throughout	
6	this section:	
7	(1) "Dwelling" means any of the following:	
8	(A) Residential real property improvements that an	
9	individual uses as the individual's residence, including a	
10	house or garage.	
11	(B) A mobile home that is not assessed as real property that	
12	an individual uses as the individual's residence.	
13	(C) A manufactured home that is not assessed as real	
14	property that an individual uses as the individual's	
15	residence.	
16	(2) "Homestead" means an individual's principal place of	
17	residence:	
18	(A) that is located in Indiana;	
19	(B) that:	
20	(i) the individual owns;	
21	(ii) the individual is buying under a contract recorded	
22	in the county recorder's office, or evidenced by a	
23	memorandum of contract recorded in the county	
24	recorder's office under IC 36-2-11-20, that provides	
25	that the individual is to pay the property taxes on the	
26	residence, and that obligates the owner to convey title	
27	to the individual upon completion of all of the	
28	individual's contract obligations;	
29	(iii) the individual is entitled to occupy as a	
30	tenant-stockholder (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) of a	
31	cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26	
32	U.S.C. 216); or	
33	(iv) is a residence described in section 17.9 of this	
34	chapter that is owned by a trust if the individual is an	
35	individual described in section 17.9 of this chapter;	
36	and	
37	(C) that consists of a dwelling and the real estate, not	
38	exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately surrounds that	
39	dwelling.	
40	Except as provided in subsection (k), the term does not include	
41	property owned by a corporation, partnership, limited liability	
42	company, or other entity not described in this subdivision.	
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1	(b) Each year a homestead is eligible for a standard deduction	
2	from the assessed value of the homestead for an assessment date.	
3	Except as provided in subsection (p), the deduction provided by this	
4	section applies to property taxes first due and payable for an	
5	assessment date only if an individual has an interest in the homestead	
6	described in subsection (a)(2)(B) on:	
7	(1) the assessment date; or	
8	(2) any date in the same year after an assessment date that a	
9	statement is filed under subsection (e) or section 44 of this	
10	chapter, if the property consists of real property.	
11	If more than one (1) individual or entity qualifies property as a	
12	homestead under subsection (a)(2)(B) for an assessment date, only one	
13	(1) standard deduction from the assessed value of the homestead may	
14	be applied for the assessment date. Subject to subsection (c), the	
15	auditor of the county shall record and make the deduction for the	
16	individual or entity qualifying for the deduction.	
17	(c) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, the total	
18	amount of the deduction that a person may receive under this section	
19	for a particular year is the lesser of:	
20	(1) sixty percent (60%) of the assessed value of the real property,	
21	mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured	
22	home not assessed as real property; or	
23	(2) for assessment dates:	
24	(A) before January 1, 2023, forty-five thousand dollars	
25	(\$45,000); or	
26	(B) after December 31, 2022, forty-eight thousand dollars	
27	(\$48,000).	
28	(d) A person who has sold real property, a mobile home not	
29	assessed as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real	
30	property to another person under a contract that provides that the	
31	contract buyer is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile	
32	home, or manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided	
33	under this section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or	
34	manufactured home.	
35	(e) Except as provided in sections 17.8 and 44 of this chapter and	
36	subject to section 45 of this chapter, an individual who desires to claim	
37	the deduction provided by this section must file a certified statement on	
38	forms prescribed by the department of local government finance, with	
39	the auditor of the county in which the homestead is located. The	
40	statement must include:	
41	(1) the parcel number or key number of the property and the	
42	name of the city, town, or township in which the property is	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	located;		
2	(2) the r	name of any other location in which the applicant or the	
3	applicar	nt's spouse owns, is buying, or has a beneficial interest in	
4	resident	ial real property;	
5	(3) the r	names of:	
6	(A)	the applicant and the applicant's spouse (if any):	
7		(i) as the names appear in the records of the United	
8		States Social Security Administration for the purposes	
9		of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social	
0		Security number; or	
1		(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign	
2		their names on legal documents;	
3	if tl	he applicant is an individual; or	
4	(B)	each individual who qualifies property as a homestead	
5	unc	der subsection (a)(2)(B) and the individual's spouse (if	
6	any	<i>y</i> ):	
7		(i) as the names appear in the records of the United	
8		States Social Security Administration for the purposes	
9		of the issuance of a Social Security card and Social	
20		Security number; or	
21		(ii) that they use as their legal names when they sign	
		their names on legal documents;	
22 23	if th	he applicant is not an individual; and	
24	(4) eithe	er:	
25	(A)	the last five (5) digits of the applicant's Social Security	
26	nur	mber and the last five (5) digits of the Social Security	
27	nur	mber of the applicant's spouse (if any); or	
28	(B)	if the applicant or the applicant's spouse (if any) does	
29	not	have a Social Security number, any of the following for	
80	tha	t individual:	
31		(i) The last five (5) digits of the individual's driver's	
32		license number.	
33		(ii) The last five (5) digits of the individual's state	
34		identification card number.	
35		(iii) The last five (5) digits of a preparer tax	
86		identification number that is obtained by the individual	
37		through the Internal Revenue Service of the United	
88		States.	
39		(iv) If the individual does not have a driver's license, a	
10		state identification card, or an Internal Revenue	
1		Service preparer tax identification number, the last five	
12		(5) digits of a control number that is on a document	
	2023	IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	issued to the individual by the United States	
2	government.	
3	If a form or statement provided to the county auditor under this section,	
4	IC 6-1.1-22-8.1, or IC 6-1.1-22.5-12 includes the telephone number or	
5	part or all of the Social Security number of a party or other number	
6	described in subdivision (4)(B) of a party, the telephone number and	
7	the Social Security number or other number described in subdivision	
8	(4)(B) included are confidential. The statement may be filed in person	
9	or by mail. If the statement is mailed, the mailing must be postmarked	
10	on or before the last day for filing. The statement applies for that first	
11	year and any succeeding year for which the deduction is allowed. To	
12	obtain the deduction for a desired calendar year in which property taxes	
13	are first due and payable, the statement must be completed and dated	
14	in the immediately preceding calendar year and filed with the county	
15	auditor on or before January 5 of the calendar year in which the	
16	property taxes are first due and payable.	
17	(f) Except as provided in subsection (n), if a person who is	
18	receiving, or seeks to receive, the deduction provided by this section in	
19	the person's name:	
20	(1) changes the use of the individual's property so that part or all	
21	of the property no longer qualifies for the deduction under this	
22	section; or	
23	(2) is not eligible for a deduction under this section because the	
24	person is already receiving:	
25	(A) a deduction under this section in the person's name as	
26	an individual or a spouse; or	
27	(B) a deduction under the law of another state that is	
28	equivalent to the deduction provided by this section;	
29	the person must file a certified statement with the auditor of the county,	
30	notifying the auditor of the person's ineligibility, not more than sixty	
31	(60) days after the date of the change in eligibility. A person who fails	
32	to file the statement required by this subsection may, under	
33	IC 6-1.1-36-17, be liable for any additional taxes that would have been	
34	due on the property if the person had filed the statement as required by	
35	this subsection plus a civil penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the	
36	additional taxes due. The civil penalty imposed under this subsection	
37	is in addition to any interest and penalties for a delinquent payment that	
38	might otherwise be due. One percent (1%) of the total civil penalty	
39	collected under this subsection shall be transferred by the county to the	
40	department of local government finance for use by the department in	
41	establishing and maintaining the homestead property data base under	
42	subsection (i) and, to the extent there is money remaining, for any other	



purposes of the department. This amount becomes part of the property tax liability for purposes of this article.

- (g) The department of local government finance may adopt rules or guidelines concerning the application for a deduction under this
- (h) This subsection does not apply to property in the first year for which a deduction is claimed under this section if the sole reason that a deduction is claimed on other property is that the individual or married couple maintained a principal residence at the other property on the assessment date in the same year in which an application for a deduction is filed under this section or, if the application is for a homestead that is assessed as personal property, on the assessment date in the immediately preceding year and the individual or married couple is moving the individual's or married couple's principal residence to the property that is the subject of the application. Except as provided in subsection (n), the county auditor may not grant an individual or a married couple a deduction under this section if:
  - (1) the individual or married couple, for the same year, claims the deduction on two (2) or more different applications for the deduction; and
  - (2) the applications claim the deduction for different property.
- (i) The department of local government finance shall provide secure access to county auditors to a homestead property data base that includes access to the homestead owner's name and the numbers required from the homestead owner under subsection (e)(4) for the sole purpose of verifying whether an owner is wrongly claiming a deduction under this chapter or a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.4, IC 6-1.1-20.6, or IC 6-3.6-5 (after December 31, 2016). Each county auditor shall submit data on deductions applicable to the current tax year on or before March 15 of each year in a manner prescribed by the department of local government finance.
- (j) A county auditor may require an individual to provide evidence proving that the individual's residence is the individual's principal place of residence as claimed in the certified statement filed under subsection (e). The county auditor may limit the evidence that an individual is required to submit to a state income tax return, a valid driver's license, or a valid voter registration card showing that the residence for which the deduction is claimed is the individual's principal place of residence. The county auditor may not deny an application filed under section 44 of this chapter because the applicant does not have a valid driver's license or state identification card with the address of the homestead property. The department of local government finance

IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134



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1	shall work with county auditors to develop procedures to determine	
2	whether a property owner that is claiming a standard deduction or	
3	homestead credit is not eligible for the standard deduction or	
4	homestead credit because the property owner's principal place of	
5	residence is outside Indiana.	
6	(k) As used in this section, "homestead" includes property that	
7	satisfies each of the following requirements:	
8	(1) The property is located in Indiana and consists of a dwelling	
9	and the real estate, not exceeding one (1) acre, that immediately	
0	surrounds that dwelling.	
1	(2) The property is the principal place of residence of an	
2	individual.	
3	(3) The property is owned by an entity that is not described in	
4	subsection (a)(2)(B).	
5	(4) The individual residing on the property is a shareholder,	
6	partner, or member of the entity that owns the property.	
7	(5) The property was eligible for the standard deduction under	
8	this section on March 1, 2009.	
9	(1) If a county auditor terminates a deduction for property	
0.	described in subsection (k) with respect to property taxes that are:	
1	(1) imposed for an assessment date in 2009; and	
2	(2) first due and payable in 2010;	
.3	on the grounds that the property is not owned by an entity described in	
4	subsection (a)(2)(B), the county auditor shall reinstate the deduction if	
.5	the taxpayer provides proof that the property is eligible for the	
6	deduction in accordance with subsection (k) and that the individual	
.7	residing on the property is not claiming the deduction for any other	
8	property.	
9	(m) For assessment dates after 2009, the term "homestead"	
0	includes:	
1	(1) a deck or patio;	
2	(2) a gazebo; or	
3	(3) another residential yard structure, as defined in rules adopted	
4	by the department of local government finance (other than a	
5	swimming pool);	
6	that is assessed as real property and attached to the dwelling.	
7	(n) A county auditor shall grant an individual a deduction under	
8	this section regardless of whether the individual and the individual's	
9	spouse claim a deduction on two (2) different applications and each	
0	application claims a deduction for different property if the property	
·1	owned by the individual's spouse is located outside Indiana and the	
-2	individual files an affidavit with the county auditor containing the	



1	following information:	
2	(1) The names of the county and state in which the individual's	
3	spouse claims a deduction substantially similar to the deduction	
4	allowed by this section.	
5	(2) A statement made under penalty of perjury that the following	
6	are true:	
7	(A) That the individual and the individual's spouse maintain	
8	separate principal places of residence.	
9	(B) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse	
.0	has an ownership interest in the other's principal place of	
.1	residence.	
.2	(C) That neither the individual nor the individual's spouse	
.3	has, for that same year, claimed a standard or substantially	
4	similar deduction for any property other than the property	
.5	maintained as a principal place of residence by the	
.6	respective individuals.	
7	A county auditor may require an individual or an individual's spouse to	
.8	provide evidence of the accuracy of the information contained in an	
9	affidavit submitted under this subsection. The evidence required of the	
20	individual or the individual's spouse may include state income tax	
21	returns, excise tax payment information, property tax payment	
22	information, driver license information, and voter registration	
23	information.	
24	(o) If:	
25	(1) a property owner files a statement under subsection (e) to	
26	claim the deduction provided by this section for a particular	
27	property; and	_
28	(2) the county auditor receiving the filed statement determines	
29	that the property owner's property is not eligible for the	
30	deduction;	
31	the county auditor shall inform the property owner of the county	
32	auditor's determination in writing. If a property owner's property is not	
33	eligible for the deduction because the county auditor has determined	
34	that the property is not the property owner's principal place of	
35	residence, the property owner may appeal the county auditor's	
86	determination as provided in IC 6-1.1-15. The county auditor shall	
37	inform the property owner of the owner's right to appeal when the	
88	county auditor informs the property owner of the county auditor's	
39 10	determination under this subsection.	
ŀ0 □1	(p) An individual is entitled to the deduction under this section for	
l1 l2	a homestead for a particular assessment date if: (1) either:	
r∠	(1) citilet.	



1	(A) the individual's interest in the homestead as described	
2	in subsection (a)(2)(B) is conveyed to the individual after	
3	the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which	
4	the assessment date occurs; or	
5	(B) the individual contracts to purchase the homestead after	
6	the assessment date, but within the calendar year in which	
7	the assessment date occurs;	
8	(2) on the assessment date:	
9	(A) the property on which the homestead is currently	
.0	located was vacant land; or	
.1	(B) the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the	
.2	homestead was not completed; and	
.3	(3) either:	
4	(A) the individual files the certified statement required by	
.5	subsection (e); or	
.6	(B) a sales disclosure form that meets the requirements of	
7	section 44 of this chapter is submitted to the county assessor	
8	on or before December 31 of the calendar year for the	
9	individual's purchase of the homestead.	
20	An individual who satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1)	
21	through (3) is entitled to the deduction under this section for the	
22	homestead for the assessment date, even if on the assessment date the	
23	property on which the homestead is currently located was vacant land	
24	or the construction of the dwelling that constitutes the homestead was	
25	not completed. The county auditor shall apply the deduction for the	
26	assessment date and for the assessment date in any later year in which	
27	the homestead remains eligible for the deduction. A homestead that	
28	qualifies for the deduction under this section as provided in this	
29	subsection is considered a homestead for purposes of section 37.5 of	
80	this chapter and IC 6-1.1-20.6.	
31	(q) This subsection applies to an application for the deduction	
32	provided by this section that is filed for an assessment date occurring	
33	after December 31, 2013. Notwithstanding any other provision of this	
34	section, an individual buying a mobile home that is not assessed as real	
35	property or a manufactured home that is not assessed as real property	
86	under a contract providing that the individual is to pay the property	
37	taxes on the mobile home or manufactured home is not entitled to the	
88	deduction provided by this section unless the parties to the contract	
39	comply with IC 9-17-6-17.	
10	(r) This subsection:	
1	(1) applies to an application for the deduction provided by this	
12	section that is filed for an assessment date occurring after	
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1	December 31, 2013; and	
2	(2) does not apply to an individual described in subsection (q).	
3	The owner of a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or a	
4	manufactured home that is not assessed as real property must attach a	
5	copy of the owner's title to the mobile home or manufactured home to	
6	the application for the deduction provided by this section.	
7	(s) For assessment dates after 2013, the term "homestead" includes	
8	property that is owned by an individual who:	
9	(1) is serving on active duty in any branch of the armed forces of	
.0	the United States;	
1	(2) was ordered to transfer to a location outside Indiana; and	
2	(3) was otherwise eligible, without regard to this subsection, for	
3	the deduction under this section for the property for the	
4	assessment date immediately preceding the transfer date	
.5	specified in the order described in subdivision (2).	
6	For property to qualify under this subsection for the deduction provided	
7	by this section, the individual described in subdivisions (1) through (3)	
8	must submit to the county auditor a copy of the individual's transfer	
9	orders or other information sufficient to show that the individual was	
20	ordered to transfer to a location outside Indiana. The property continues	
21	to qualify for the deduction provided by this section until the individual	
22	ceases to be on active duty, the property is sold, or the individual's	
23	ownership interest is otherwise terminated, whichever occurs first.	
24	Notwithstanding subsection (a)(2), the property remains a homestead	
25	regardless of whether the property continues to be the individual's	
26	principal place of residence after the individual transfers to a location	
27	outside Indiana. The property continues to qualify as a homestead	
28	under this subsection if the property is leased while the individual is	
29	away from Indiana and is serving on active duty, if the individual has	
30	lived at the property at any time during the past ten (10) years.	
31	Otherwise, the property ceases to qualify as a homestead under this	
32	subsection if the property is leased while the individual is away from	
33	Indiana. Property that qualifies as a homestead under this subsection	
34	shall also be construed as a homestead for purposes of section 37.5 of	
35	this chapter.	
36	SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-12-44, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2009,	
37	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
88	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 44. (a) A sales disclosure form under IC 6-1.1-5.5:	
39	(1) that is submitted:	
10	(A) as a paper form; or	
1	(B) electronically;	
12	on or before December 31 of a calendar year to the county	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	assessor by or on behalf of the purchaser of a homestead (as	
2	defined in section 37 of this chapter) assessed as real property;	
3	(2) that is accurate and complete;	
4	(3) that is approved by the county assessor as eligible for filing	
5	with the county auditor; and	
6	(4) that is filed:	
7	(A) as a paper form; or	
8	(B) electronically;	
9	with the county auditor by or on behalf of the purchaser;	
.0	constitutes an application for the deductions provided by sections 26,	
1	29, 33, 34, and 37 of this chapter with respect to property taxes first	
2	due and payable in the calendar year that immediately succeeds the	
3	calendar year referred to in subdivision (1). The county auditor may	
4	not deny an application for the deductions provided by section 37	
.5	of this chapter because the applicant does not have a valid driver's	
.6	license or state identification card with the address of the	
7	homestead property.	
.8	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), if:	
9	(1) the county auditor receives in a calendar year a sales	
20	disclosure form that meets the requirements of subsection (a);	
21	and	
	(2) the homestead for which the sales disclosure form is	
22 23	submitted is otherwise eligible for a deduction referred to in	
24	subsection (a);	
25	the county auditor shall apply the deduction to the homestead for	
26	property taxes first due and payable in the calendar year for which the	
27	homestead qualifies under subsection (a) and in any later year in which	
28	the homestead remains eligible for the deduction.	
29	(c) Subsection (b) does not apply if the county auditor, after	
30	receiving a sales disclosure form from or on behalf of a purchaser	
31	under subsection (a)(4), determines that the homestead is ineligible for	
32	the deduction.	
33	SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-17-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022,	
34	SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
35	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) On or before August 1 of each year, the	
86	county auditor shall submit a certified statement of the assessed value	
37	for the ensuing year to the department of local government finance in	
88	the manner prescribed by the department.	
39	(b) The department of local government finance shall make the	
10	certified statement available on the department's computer gateway.	
1	(c) Subject to subsection (d), after the county auditor submits a	
12	certified statement under subsection (a) or an amended certified	
	2023 IN 1454—I S 7062/DI 134	



1 2	statement under this subsection with respect to a political subdivision and before the department of local government finance certifies its	
3	action with respect to the political subdivision under section 16(i) of	
4	this chapter, the county auditor may amend the information concerning	
5	assessed valuation included in the earlier certified statement. The	
6	county auditor shall submit a certified statement amended under this	
7	subsection to the department of local government finance not later than	
8	September 1 in the manner prescribed by the department.	
9	(d) Before the county auditor makes an amendment under	
10	subsection (c), the county auditor must provide an opportunity for	
11	public comment on the proposed amendment at a public hearing. The	
12	county auditor must give notice of the hearing under IC 5-3-1. If the	
13	county auditor makes the amendment as a result of information	
14	provided to the county auditor by an assessor, the county auditor shall	
15	give notice of the public hearing to the assessor.	IV
16	(e) Beginning in 2018, each county auditor shall submit to the	
17	department of local government finance parcel level data of certified	
18	net assessed values as required by the department. A county auditor	
19	shall submit the parcel level data in the manner and format required by	
20	the department and according to a schedule determined by the	
21	department.	
22	(f) When the county auditor submits the certified statement	
23	under subsection (a), the county auditor shall exclude the amount	
24	of assessed value for any property located in the county for which:	
25	(1) an appeal has been filed under IC 6-1.1-15; and	_
26	(2) there is no final disposition of the appeal as of the date the	
27	county auditor submits the certified statement under	
28	subsection (a).	
29	The county auditor may appeal to the department of local	
30	government finance to include the amount of assessed value under	-
31	appeal within a taxing district for that calendar year.	
32	SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-18-34 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
33	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
34	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 34. (a) This section applies only	
35	to a school corporation that has under its jurisdiction any territory	
36	located in Dearborn County.	
37	(b) Subject to subsection (c), the superintendent of a school	
38	corporation may, after approval by the governing body of the	
39	school corporation, and before September 1, 2023, submit a	
40	petition to the department of local government finance requesting	
41	an increase in the school corporation's maximum permissible ad	
42	valorem property tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1 for its operations	

2023



1	fund for property taxes firs	st due and payable in 2024.	
2	(c) Before the governing	ng body of the school corporation may	
3	approve a petition under su	bsection (b), the governing body of the	
4	school corporation must ho	ld a public hearing on the petition. The	
5	governing body of the scho	ol corporation shall give notice of the	
6	public hearing under IC 5-3	-1. At the public hearing, the governing	
7	body of the school corpora	tion shall make available to the public	
8	the following:		
9	(1) A fiscal plan desc	ribing the need for the increase to the	
.0	levy and the expendit	tures for which the revenue generated	
.1	from the increase to t	the levy will be used.	
2	(2) A statement that	at the proposed increase will be a	
.3	permanent increase	to the school corporation's maximum	
4	permissible ad valore	m property tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1	
.5	for its operations fun	d.	
6	(3) The estimated	effect of the proposed increase on	
7	taxpayers.		
8	(4) The anticipated pr	operty tax rates and levies for property	
9	taxes first due and pa	yable in 2024.	
20	After the governing body of	of the school corporation approves the	
21	petition, the school corpora	tion shall immediately notify the other	
22	civil taxing units and school	ol corporations in the county that are	
23	located in a taxing district	where the school corporation is also	
24	located.		
25	(d) If the superintende	ent of a school corporation submits a	
26	petition under subsection (l	o), the department of local government	
27	finance shall increase t	he school corporation's maximum	
28	permissible ad valorem pro	operty tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1 for	
29	the operations fund for pr	operty taxes first due and payable in	
30	2024 by the amount of the d	listribution that the school corporation	
31	received in 2023 under I	C 20-45-8 (before its expiration on	
32	January 1, 2024), as dete	ermined by the department of local	
33	government finance.		
34	(e) The school corporat	ion's maximum permissible ad valorem	
35	property tax levy for prope	rty taxes first due and payable in 2024,	
86	as adjusted under this secti	ion, shall be used in the determination	
37	of the school corporation	's maximum permissible ad valorem	
88	property tax levy under IC	6-1.1-18.5 for property taxes first due	
39	and payable in 2025 and th	ereafter.	
10	(f) This section expires	June 30, 2027.	
1	SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-2	28-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,	
12	SECTION 59, IS AMENDED	TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
	2023	IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	
	2023	IIN 1434—LS /002/DI 134	



JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. (a) This section applies only to a county that is not participating in a multiple county property tax assessment board of appeals.

- (b) Each county shall have a county property tax assessment board of appeals composed of individuals who are at least eighteen (18) years of age and knowledgeable in the valuation of property. At the election of the board of commissioners of the county, a county property tax assessment board of appeals may consist of three (3) or five (5) members appointed in accordance with this section.
- (c) This subsection applies to a county in which the board of commissioners elects to have a five (5) member county property tax assessment board of appeals. In addition to the county assessor, only one (1) other individual who is an officer or employee of a county or township may serve on the board of appeals in the county in which the individual is an officer or employee. Subject to subsections (h) and (i), the fiscal body of the county shall appoint two (2) individuals to the board. At least one (1) of the members appointed by the county fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The fiscal body may waive the requirement in this subsection that one (1) of the members appointed by the fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. Subject to subsections (h) and (i), the board of commissioners of the county shall appoint three (3) freehold members so that not more than three (3) of the five (5) members may be of the same political party and so that at least three (3) of the five (5) members are residents of the county. At least one (1) of the members appointed by the board of county commissioners must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The board of county commissioners may waive the requirement in this subsection that one (1) of the freehold members appointed by the board of county commissioners must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser.
- (d) This subsection applies to a county in which the board of commissioners elects to have a three (3) member county property tax assessment board of appeals. In addition to the county assessor, only one (1) other individual who is an officer or employee of a county or township may serve on the board of appeals in the county in which the individual is an officer or employee. Subject to subsections (h) and (i), the fiscal body of the county shall appoint one (1) individual to the board. The member appointed by the county fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The fiscal body may waive the requirement in this subsection that the member appointed by the fiscal body must be a certified level two or level three

2023

IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134



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assessor-appraiser. Subject to subsections (e) and (f), the board of commissioners of the county shall appoint two (2) freehold members so that not more than two (2) of the three (3) members may be of the same political party and so that at least two (2) of the three (3) members are residents of the county. At least one (1) of the members appointed by the board of county commissioners must be a certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser. The board of county commissioners may waive the requirement in this subsection that one
(1) of the freehold members appointed by the board of county
commissioners must be a certified level two or level three
assessor-appraiser.
(e) A person appointed to a property tax assessment board of
appeals may serve on the property tax assessment board of appeals of another county at the same time. The members of the board shall elect
a president. The employees of the county assessor shall provide
administrative support to the property tax assessment board of appeals.
The county assessor is a nonvoting member of the property tax

- administrative support to the property tax assessment board of appeals. The county assessor is a nonvoting member of the property tax assessment board of appeals. The county assessor shall serve as secretary of the board. The secretary shall keep full and accurate minutes of the proceedings of the board. A majority of the board that includes at least one (1) certified level two or level three assessor-appraiser constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business. Any question properly before the board may be decided by the agreement of a majority of the whole board.

  (f) The county assessor, county fiscal body, and board of county
- commissioners may agree to waive the requirement in subsection (c) or (d) that not more than three (3) of the five (5) or two (2) of the three (3) members of the county property tax assessment board of appeals may be of the same political party if it is necessary to waive the requirement due to the absence of certified level two or level three Indiana assessor-appraisers:
  - (1) who are willing to serve on the board; and
  - (2) whose political party membership status would satisfy the requirement in subsection (c) or (d).
- (g) If the board of county commissioners is not able to identify at least two (2) prospective freehold members of the county property tax assessment board of appeals who are:
  - (1) residents of the county;
  - $\ensuremath{\text{(2)}}\ certified\ level\ two\ or\ level\ three\ Indiana\ assessor-appraisers;}$  and
  - (3) willing to serve on the county property tax assessment board of appeals;

IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134











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1 2	it is not necessary that at least three (3) of the five (5) or two (2) of the three (3) members of the county property tax assessment board of	
3		
3 4	appeals be residents of the county.  (b) Execut as provided in subsection (i) the term of a member of	
5	(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), the term of a member of the county property tax assessment board of appeals appointed under	
6	this section:	
7	(1) is one (1) year; and	
8	(2) begins January 1.	
9	(i) If:	
10	(1) the term of a member of the county property tax assessment	
11	board of appeals appointed under this section expires;	
12	(2) the member is not reappointed; and	
13	(3) a successor is not appointed;	
14	the term of the member continues until a successor is appointed.	
15	(j) An:	
16	(1) employee of the township assessor or county assessor; or	
17	(2) appraiser, as defined in IC 6-1.1-31.7-1;	
18	may not serve as a voting member of a county property tax assessment	
19	board of appeals in a county where the employee or appraiser is	
20	employed.	
21	SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-30-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2007,	
22	SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
23	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 14. The department of local government finance:	
24	(1) shall see that the property taxes due this state are collected;	
25	(2) shall ensure that property taxes levied by political	
26	subdivisions are timely billed and mailed under the	
27	provisions of this article;	
28	(3) shall ensure that assessments of properties under this	
29	article are uniform and equal;	
30	(4) shall ensure that the restrictions on budgets and levies	
31	prescribed under this article are enforced;	
32	(2) (5) shall see ensure that the penalties prescribed under this	
33	article are enforced;	
34	(3) (6) shall investigate the property tax laws and systems of	
35	other states and countries;	
36	(4) (7) for assessment dates after December 31, 2008, shall	
37	conduct all ratio studies required for:	
38	(A) equalization under 50 IAC 14; and	
39	(B) annual adjustments under 50 IAC 21; and	
40	(5) (8) may recommend changes in this state's property tax laws	
41	to the general assembly.	
42	SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-31-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2016,	
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	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	
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1	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) The department of local government finance	
3	may:	
4	(1) adopt rules in the manner prescribed in IC 4-22-2; and	
5	(2) prescribe forms, including property tax forms, property tax	
6	returns, and notice forms.	
7	(b) The department of local government finance may, through the	
8	Indiana archives and records administration, amend at any time the	
9	forms that the department of local government finance prescribes under	
10	this <del>section.</del> article.	
11	(c) The department of local government finance may enforce the	
12	use of forms that the department of local government finance	
13	prescribes under this section. article.	
14	(d) The department of local government finance may enforce	
15	the manner of submission for forms that the department of local	
16	government finance prescribes under this article.	
17	(d) (e) Forms that were prescribed by the department of local	
18	government finance and approved by the Indiana archives and records	
19	administration before July 1, 2016, are legalized and validated.	
20	SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-33.5-1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
21	JULY 1, 2023]. Sec. 1. A division of the department of local	
22	government finance is established, to be known as the division of data	
23	analysis.	
24	SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-33.5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. The division of data	
26	analysis department of local government finance shall do the	
27	following:	
28	(1) Compile an electronic data base that includes the following:	
29	(A) The local government data base.	
30	(B) Information on sales of real and personal property,	
31	including nonconfidential information from sales disclosure	
32	forms filed under IC 6-1.1-5.5.	
33	(C) Personal property assessed values and data entries on	
34	personal property return forms.	
35	(D) Real property assessed values and data entries on real	
36	property assessment records.	
37	(E) Information on property tax exemptions, deductions,	
38	and credits.	
39	(F) Any other data relevant to the accurate determination of	
40	real property and personal property tax assessments.	
41	(2) Make available to each county and township software that	
42	permits the transfer of the data described in subdivision (1) to	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	the <u>division</u> department of local government finance in a	
2	uniform format through a secure connection over the Internet.	
3	(3) Analyze the data compiled under this section for the purpose	
4	of performing the functions under section 3 of this chapter.	
5	(4) Conduct continuing studies of personal and real property tax	
6	deductions, abatements, and exemptions used throughout	
7	Indiana. The division of data analysis department of local	
8	government finance shall, before May 1 of each even-numbered	
9	year, report on the studies at a meeting of the budget committee	
10	and submit a report on the studies to the legislative services	
11	agency for distribution to the members of the legislative council.	
12	The report must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.	
13	SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-33.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2016,	
14	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
15	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 3. The division of data analysis department of	
16	local government finance shall:	
17	(1) conduct continuing studies in the areas in which the	
18	department of local government finance operates;	
19	(2) make periodic field surveys and audits of:	
20	(A) tax rolls;	
21	(B) plat books;	
22	(C) building permits;	
23	(D) real estate transfers; and	
24	(E) other data that may be useful in checking property	
25	valuations or taxpayer returns;	
26	(3) assist with the department of local government finance's test	
27	checks of property valuations to serve as the basis for special	
28	reassessments under this article;	
29	(4) assist with the department of local government finance's	
30	review of each coefficient of dispersion study for each township	
31	and county;	
32	(5) assist with the department of local government finance's	
33	review of each sales assessment ratio study for each township	
34	and county; and	
35	(6) report annually to the executive director of the legislative	
36	services agency, in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6, the	
37	information obtained or determined under this section for use by	
38	the executive director and the general assembly, including:	
39	(A) all information obtained by the division of data analysis	
40	department of local government finance from units of	
41	local government; and	
42	(B) all information included in:	
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1	(i) the local government data base; and	
2	(ii) any other data compiled by the division of data	
3	analysis. department of local government finance.	
4	SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-33.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 4. To perform its	
6	duties, the division of data analysis department of local government	
7	finance may do the following:	
8	(1) Request access to any local or state official records.	
9	(2) Secure information from the federal government or from	
10	public or private agencies.	
11	(3) Inspect a person's books, records, or property.	
12	(4) Conduct a review of either all or a random sampling of	
13	personal or real property assessments.	
14	(5) Employ professional appraisal firms to assist in making test	
15	checks of property valuations.	
16	(6) Recommend changes in property tax administration.	
17	(7) Use any other device or technique to equalize tax burdens or	
18	to implement this chapter.	
19	SECTION 16. IC 6-1.1-33.5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 5. Information that has	
21	been provided to the legislative services agency or the division of data	
22	analysis department of local government finance by the federal	
23	government or by a public agency is subject to the provider's rules, if	
24	any, that concern the confidential nature of the information.	
25	SECTION 17. IC 6-1.1-33.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,	
26	SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
27	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 6. (a) With respect to any township or county for	
28	any year, the department of local government finance may initiate a	
29	review to determine whether to order a special reassessment under this	
30	chapter. The review may apply to real property or personal property, or	
31	both.	
32	(b) If the department of local government finance determines	
33	under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to the real	
34	property subject to reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 within a	
35	township or county, or a portion of the real property within a township	
36	or county, the division of data analysis of the department of local	
37	government finance shall determine for the real property under	
38	consideration and for the township or county the variance between:	
39	(1) the total assessed valuation of the real property within the	
40	township or county; and	
41	(2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the real	
42	property within the township or county were valued in the	
	2022 IN 1454 J.S. 7062/DI 124	



1	manner provided by law.	
2	(c) If the department of local government finance determines	
3	under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to the real	
4	property within a particular cycle under a county's reassessment plan	
5	prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 or a part of the real property within a	
6	cycle, the division of data analysis of the department of local	
7	government finance shall determine for the real property under	
8	consideration and for all groups of parcels within a particular cycle the	
9	variance between:	
10	(1) the total assessed valuation of the real property within all	
11	groups of parcels within a particular cycle; and	
12	(2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the real	
13	property within all groups of parcels within a particular cycle	
14	were valued in the manner provided by law.	
15	(d) If the department of local government finance determines	
16	under subsection (a) to initiate a review with respect to personal	
17	property within a township or county, or a part of the personal property	
18	within a township or county, the division of data analysis of the	
19	department of local government finance shall determine for the	
20	personal property under consideration and for the township or county	
21	the variance between:	
22	(1) the total assessed valuation of the personal property within	
23	the township or county; and	
24	(2) the total assessed valuation that would result if the personal	
25	property within the township or county were valued in the	
26	manner provided by law.	
27	(e) The determination of the department of local government	
28	finance under section 2 or 3 of this chapter must be based on a	
29	statistically valid assessment ratio study.	
30	(f) If a determination of the department of local government	
31	finance to order a special reassessment under this chapter is based on	
32	a coefficient of dispersion study, the department shall publish the	
33	coefficient of dispersion study for the township or county in accordance	
34	with IC 5-3-1-2(b).	
35	(g) If:	
36	(1) the variance determined under subsection (b), (c), or (d)	
37	exceeds twenty percent (20%); and	
38	(2) the department of local government finance determines after	
39	holding hearings on the matter that a special reassessment	
40	should be conducted;	
41	the department shall contract for a special reassessment to be	
42	conducted to correct the valuation of the property.	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	(h) If the variance determined under subsection (b), (c), or (d) is	
2	twenty percent (20%) or less, the department of local government	
3	finance shall determine whether to correct the valuation of the property	
4	under:	
5	(1) IC 6-1.1-4-9 and IC 6-1.1-4-10; or	
6	(2) IC 6-1.1-14.	
7	(i) The department of local government finance shall give notice	
8	to a taxpayer, by individual notice or by publication at the discretion of	
9	the department, of a hearing concerning the department's intent to	
10	cause the assessment of the taxpayer's property to be adjusted under	
11	this section. The time fixed for the hearing must be at least ten (10)	
12	days after the day the notice is mailed or published. The department	
13	may conduct a single hearing under this section with respect to	
14	multiple properties. The notice must state:	
15	(1) the time of the hearing;	
16	(2) the location of the hearing; and	
17	(3) that the purpose of the hearing is to hear taxpayers' comments	
18	and objections with respect to the department's intent to adjust	
19	the assessment of property under this chapter.	
20	(j) If the department of local government finance determines after	
21	the hearing that the assessment of property should be adjusted under	
22	this chapter, the department shall:	
23	(1) cause the assessment of the property to be adjusted;	
24	(2) mail a certified notice of its final determination to the county	
25	auditor of the county in which the property is located; and	=0
26	(3) notify the taxpayer as required under IC 6-1.1-14.	
27	(k) A reassessment or adjustment may be made under this section	
28	only if the notice of the final determination is given to the taxpayer	
29	within the same period prescribed in IC 6-1.1-9-3 or IC 6-1.1-9-4.	
30	(1) If the department of local government finance contracts for a	
31	special reassessment of property under this chapter, the department	
32	shall forward the bill for services of the reassessment contractor to the	
33	county auditor, and the county shall pay the bill from the county	
34	reassessment fund.	
35	SECTION 18. IC 6-1.1-33.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.199-2005,	
36	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
37	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 7. (a) Not later than May 1 of each calendar year,	
38	the division of data analysis department of local government	
39	finance[]shall:	
40	(1) prepare a report that includes:	
41	(A) each political subdivision's total amount of expenditures	
42	per person during the immediately preceding calendar year,	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	based on the political subdivision's population determined	
2	by the most recent federal decennial census; and	
3	(B) based on the information prepared for all political	
4	subdivisions under clause (A), the highest, lowest, median,	
5	and average amount of expenditures per person for each	
6	type of political subdivision throughout Indiana;	
7	(2) post the report on the web site maintained by the department	
8	of local government finance; and	
9	(3) file the report:	
.0	(A) with the governor; and	
1	(B) in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 with the general	
2	assembly.	
3	The report must be presented in a format that is understandable to the	
4	average individual and that permits easy comparison of the information	
.5	prepared for each political subdivision under subdivision (1)(A) to the	
.6	statewide information prepared for that type of political subdivision	
7	under subdivision (1)(B).	
.8	(b) The department of local government finance shall organize the	
9	report under subsection (a) to present together the information derived	
20	from each type of political subdivision.	
21	SECTION 19. IC 6-1.1-34-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018,	
22	SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
23	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 1. In the year after a reassessment cycle of real	
24	property under a county's reassessment plan prepared under	
25	IC 6-1.1-4-4.2 is completed the department of local government	
26	finance shall compute a new assessment ratio for each school	
27	corporation located in a county in which a supplemental county levy is	
28	imposed under IC 20-45-7 or IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration on	
29	January 1, 2024). In all other years, the department shall compute a	
80	new assessment ratio for such a school corporation if the department	
31	finds that there has been sufficient reassessment or adjustment of one	
32	(1) or more classes of property in the school district. When the	
33	department of local government finance computes a new assessment	
34	ratio for a school corporation, the department shall publish the new	
35	ratio.	
86	SECTION 20. IC 6-1.1-35-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. At least one (1)	
88	representative of the department of local government finance shall visit	
39	or virtually meet with each county in this state at least once each year.	
10	During the visit, the representative of the department shall:	
1	(1) gather information concerning complaints with and the	
12	operation of the property tax laws;	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	

1	(2) see that property tax officials are complying with this article;	
2	and	
3	(3) see that persons who violate this article are being punished.	
4	SECTION 21. IC 6-1.1-35-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2011,	
5	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
6	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 9. (a) All information that is related to earnings,	
7	income, profits, losses, or expenditures and that is:	
8	(1) given by a person to:	
9	(A) an assessing official;	
10	(B) an employee of an assessing official; or	
11	(C) an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with a	
12	board of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
13	IC 6-1.1-36-12; or	
14	(2) acquired by:	
15	(A) an assessing official;	
16	(B) an employee of an assessing official; or	
17	(C) an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with a	
18	board of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
19	IC 6-1.1-36-12;	
20	in the performance of the person's duties;	
21	is confidential. The assessed valuation of tangible property is a matter	
22	of public record and is thus not confidential. Confidential information	
23	may be disclosed only in a manner that is authorized under subsection	
24	(b), (c), (d), or (g).	
25	(b) Confidential information may be disclosed to:	
26	(1) an official or employee of:	
27	(A) this state or another state;	
28	(B) the United States; <del>or</del>	
29	(C) the county assessor;	
30	(D) the county auditor; or	
31	(C) (E) an agency or subdivision of this state, another state,	
32	or the United States;	
33	if the information is required in the performance of the official	
34	duties of the official or employee;	
35	(2) an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with a board	
36	of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
37	IC 6-1.1-36-12 if the information is required in the performance	
38	of the official duties of the officer or employee; or	
39	(3) a state educational institution in order to develop data	
40	required under IC 6-1.1-4-42.	
41	(c) The following state agencies, or their authorized	
42	representatives, shall have access to the confidential farm property	
	2023 IN 1454—I S 7062/DI 134	



1	records and schedules that are on file in the office of a county assessor:	
2	(1) The Indiana state board of animal health, in order to perform	
3	its duties concerning the discovery and eradication of farm	
4	animal diseases.	
5	(2) The department of agricultural statistics of Purdue	
6	University, in order to perform its duties concerning the	
7	compilation and dissemination of agricultural statistics.	
8	(3) Any other state agency that needs the information in order to	
9	perform its duties.	
10	(d) Confidential information may be disclosed during the course	
11	of a judicial proceeding in which the regularity of an assessment is	
12	questioned.	
13	(e) Confidential information that is disclosed to a person under	
14	subsection (b) or (c) retains its confidential status. Thus, that person	
15	may disclose the information only in a manner that is authorized under	
16	subsection (b), (c), or (d).	
17	(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:	
18	(1) a person who:	
19	(A) is an officer or employee of an entity that contracts with	
20	a board of county commissioners or a county assessor under	
21	IC 6-1.1-36-12; and	
22	(B) obtains confidential information under this section;	
23	may not disclose that confidential information to any other	
24	person; and	
25	(2) a person referred to in subdivision (1) must return all	
26	confidential information to the taxpayer not later than fourteen	
27	(14) days after the earlier of:	
28	(A) the completion of the examination of the taxpayer's	
29	personal property return under IC 6-1.1-36-12; or	
30	(B) the termination of the contract.	
31	(g) Confidential information concerning an oil or gas interest, as	
32	described in IC 6-1.1-4-12.4, may be disclosed by an assessing official	
33	if the interest has been listed on the delinquent property tax list	
34	pursuant to IC 6-1.1-24-1 and is not otherwise removed from the	
35	property tax sale under IC 6-1.1-24. A person who establishes that the	
36	person may bid on an oil or gas interest in the context of a property tax	
37	sale may request from an assessing official all information necessary	
38	to properly identify and determine the value of the gas or oil interest	
39	that is the subject of the property tax sale. The information that may be	
40	disclosed includes the following:	
41	(1) Lease information.	
42	(2) The type of property interest being sold.	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	(3) The applicable percentage interest and the allocation of the	
2	applicable percentage interest among the owners of the oil or gas	
3	interest (including the names and addresses of all owners).	
4	The official shall make information covered by this subsection	
5	available for inspection and copying in accordance with IC 5-14-3.	
6	Confidential information that is disclosed to a person under this	
7	subsection loses its confidential status. A person that is denied the right	
8	to inspect or copy information covered by this subsection may file a	
9	formal complaint with the public access counselor under the procedure	
10	prescribed by IC 5-14-5. However, a person is not required to file a	
11	complaint under IC 5-14-5 before filing an action under IC 5-14-3.	
12	SECTION 22. IC 6-1.1-35.2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.207-2016,	
13	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
14	JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. (a) In any year in which an assessing official	
15	takes office for the first time, the department of local government	
16	finance shall conduct training sessions determined under the rules	
17	adopted by the department under IC 4-22-2 for the new assessing	
18	officials. The sessions must be held at the locations described in	
19	subsection (b).	
20	(b) To ensure that all newly elected or appointed assessing	
21	officials have an opportunity to attend the training sessions required by	
22	this section, the department of local government finance shall conduct	
23	the training sessions <b>virtually or in person</b> at a minimum of four (4)	
24	separate regional locations. The department shall determine the	
25	locations of the training sessions, but:	
26	(1) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
27	northeastern part of Indiana;	
28	(2) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
29	northwestern part of Indiana;	
30	(3) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
31	southeastern part of Indiana; and	
32	(4) at least one (1) training session must be held in the	
33	southwestern part of Indiana.	
34	The four (4) regional training sessions may not be held in Indianapolis.	
35	However, the department of local government finance may, after the	
36	conclusion of the four (4) training sessions, provide additional training	
37	sessions at locations determined by the department.	
38	(c) Any new assessing official who attends:	
39	(1) a required session during the official's term of office; or	
40	(2) training between the date the person is elected to office and	
41	January 1 of the year the person takes office for the first time;	
42	is entitled to receive the per diem per session set by the department of	6



local gover	nment finance by rule adopted under IC 4-22-2 and a	
_	owance from the county in which the official resides.	
	n the case of a multiple county property tax assessment	
board of ap	peals under IC 6-1.1-28-0.1, the costs of the per diem and	
•	owance shall be apportioned among the participating	
counties in	the manner specified in the ordinance establishing the	
•	unty property tax assessment board of appeals.	
(d) A p	erson is entitled to a mileage allowance under this section	
only for tra	vel between the person's place of work and the training	
session near	rest to the person's place of work.	
[ SECTI	ON 23. IC 6-3.6-7-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.38-2021,	
	5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE]	
JULY 1, 20	023]: Sec. 14. (a) This section applies only to Marshall	_
County.		
	county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted gross	
income of lo	ocal taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed the lesser	
of the follow	<u>ving:</u>	
(1) T	wenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).	
(2) T	he rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in	
subse	ection (c).	
(c) Rev	venue raised from a tax under this section may be used only	
for the follo	owing purposes:	
(1) To	o finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or equip:	
(	A) jail facilities;	
(	B) juvenile court, detention, and probation facilities;	-
(	C) other criminal justice facilities; and	
_	D) related buildings and parking facilities;	
	ed in the county, including costs related to the demolition	
	isting buildings and the acquisition of land.	
	epay bonds issued or leases entered into for the purposes	
	ibed in subdivision (1).	
(d) The	e tax imposed under this section may be imposed only until	
	ne following dates:	
(1) T	the date on which the purposes described in subsection	
	are completed.	
	ne date on which the last of any bonds issued (including any	_
	ding bonds) or leases described in subsection (c)(2) are	
fully		
	f the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a	
	d into under subsection (c)(2) may not exceed twenty (20)	
years.	(20)	
	ney accumulated from the tax under this section after the	
37 2.20	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
2023	IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



tax imposed by this section is terminated shall be transferred to the	
county jail fund to be established under subsection (f).	
(f) The county auditor shall establish a county jail fund that shall	
only be used for maintenance of a jail facility, and shall not be used to	
issue new debt or enter into leases, notwithstanding any other sections	
of this chapter.	
(g) After the tax described under subsection (b) expires under	
the terms of subsection (d), the county fiscal body may adopt a	
special purpose local income tax rate in the amount of twenty-five	
hundredths percent (0.25%) for jail operations and maintenance	
that will expire ten (10) years after its enactment.	
] SECTION 2 → [4]. IC 20-26-11-13, AS AMENDED BY	
P.L.140-2018, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 13. (a) As used in this section, the	
following terms have the following meanings:	
(1) "Class of school" refers to a classification of each school or	
program in the transferee corporation by the grades or special	
programs taught at the school. Generally, these classifications	
are denominated as kindergarten, elementary school, middle	
school or junior high school, high school, and special schools or	
classes, such as schools or classes for special education, career	
and technical education, or career education.	
(2) "Special equipment" means equipment that during a school	
year:	
(A) is used only when a child with disabilities is attending	
school;	
(B) is not used to transport a child to or from a place where	
the child is attending school;	
(C) is necessary for the education of each child with	
disabilities that uses the equipment, as determined under the	
individualized education program for the child; and	
(D) is not used for or by any child who is not a child with	
disabilities.	
(3) "Student enrollment" means the following:	
(A) The total number of students in kindergarten through	
grade 12 who are enrolled in a transferee school corporation	
on a date determined by the state board.	
(B) The total number of students enrolled in a class of	
school in a transferee school corporation on a date	
determined by the state board.	
However, a kindergarten student shall be counted under clauses	
(A) and (B) as one-half (1/2) student. The state board may select	
( ), ( )	
2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	a different date for counts under this subdivision. However, the	
2	same date shall be used for all school corporations making a	
3	count for the same class of school.	
4	(b) Each transferee corporation is entitled to receive for each	
5	school year on account of each transferred student, except a student	
6	transferred under section 6 of this chapter, transfer tuition from the	
7	transferor corporation or the state as provided in this chapter. Transfer	
8	tuition equals the amount determined under STEP THREE of the	
9	following formula:	
10	STEP ONE: Allocate to each transfer student the capital	
11	expenditures for any special equipment used by the transfer	
12	student and a proportionate share of the operating costs incurred	
13	by the transferee school for the class of school where the transfer	
14	student is enrolled.	
15	STEP TWO: If the transferee school included the transfer	
16	student in the transferee school's current ADM, allocate to the	
17	transfer student a proportionate share of the following education	
18	fund revenues of the transferee school:	
19	(A) State tuition support distributions received during the	
20	calendar year in which the school year ends.	
21	(B) Property tax levies under:	
22	(i) IC 20-45-7; <del>and</del>	
23	(ii) IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration on January 1,	
24	2024); and	
25	(iii) IC 20-45-9.	
26	for the calendar year in which the school year ends.	
27	(C) The sum of the following excise tax revenue received	
28	for deposit in the calendar year in which the school year	
29	begins:	
30	(i) Financial institution excise tax revenue (IC☐6-5.5).	
31	(ii) Vehicle excise taxes (IC[]6-6-5).	
32	(iii) Commercial vehicle excise taxes (IC <u>[</u> ]6-6-5.5).	
33	(iv) Boat excise tax (IC <u></u> 6-6-11).	
34	(v) Aircraft license excise tax (IC 6-6-6.5).	
35	(D) Allocations to the transferee school under IC 6-3.6.	
36	STEP THREE: Determine the greater of:	
37	(A) zero $(0)$ ; or	
38	(B) the result of subtracting the STEP TWO amount from	
39	the STEP ONE amount.	
40	If a child is placed in an institution or facility in Indiana by or with the	
41	approval of the department of child services, the institution or facility	
42	shall charge the department of child services for the use of the space	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



2	used to provide educational services to the child based upon a prorated	
3	per student cost.	
4	(c) Operating costs shall be determined for each class of school	
5	where a transfer student is enrolled. The operating cost for each class	
6	of school is based on the total expenditures of the transferee	
7	corporation for the class of school from its education fund and	
8	operations fund expenditures as specified in the classified budget forms	
9	prescribed by the state board of accounts. This calculation excludes:	
10	(1) capital outlay;	
11	(2) debt service;	
12	(3) costs of transportation;	
13	(4) salaries of board members;	
14	(5) contracted service for legal expenses; and	
15	(6) any expenditure that is made from extracurricular account	
16	receipts;	
17	for the school year.	
18	(d) The capital cost of special equipment for a school year is equal	
19	to:	
20	(1) the cost of the special equipment; divided by	
21	(2) the product of:	
22	(A) the useful life of the special equipment, as determined	
23	under the rules adopted by the state board; multiplied by	
24	(B) the number of students using the special equipment	
25	during at least part of the school year.	
26	(e) When an item of expense or cost described in subsection (c)	
27	cannot be allocated to a class of school, it shall be prorated to all	
28	classes of schools on the basis of the student enrollment of each class	
29	in the transferee corporation compared with the total student	
30	enrollment in the school corporation.	
31	(f) Operating costs shall be allocated to a transfer student for each	
32	school year by dividing:	
33	(1) the transferee school corporation's operating costs for the	
34	class of school in which the transfer student is enrolled; by	
35	(2) the student enrollment of the class of school in which the	
36	transfer student is enrolled.	
37	When a transferred student is enrolled in a transferree corporation for	
38	less than the full school year of student attendance, the transfer tuition	
39	shall be calculated by the part of the school year for which the	
40 41	transferred student is enrolled. A school year of student attendance	
41 42	consists of the number of days school is in session for student	
<b>+</b> ∠	attendance. A student, regardless of the student's attendance, is enrolled	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	
	2023 IN 1434—L3 /UU2/DI 134	



1	in a transferee school unless the student is no longer entitled to be	
2	transferred because of a change of residence, the student has been	
3	excluded or expelled from school for the balance of the school year or	
4	for an indefinite period, or the student has been confirmed to have	
5	withdrawn from school. The transferor and the transferee corporation	
6	may enter into written agreements concerning the amount of transfer	
7	tuition due in any school year. If an agreement cannot be reached, the	
8	amount shall be determined by the state board, and costs may be	
9	established, when in dispute, by the state board of accounts.	
10	(g) A transferee school shall allocate revenues described in	
11	subsection (b) STEP TWO to a transfer student by dividing:	
12	(1) the total amount of revenues received during a period; by	
13	(2) the current ADM of the transferee school for the period in	
14	which the revenues are received.	
15	However, for state tuition support distributions or any other state	
16	distribution computed using less than the total current ADM of the	
17	transferee school, the transferee school shall allocate the revenues to	
18	the transfer student by dividing the revenues that the transferee school	
19	is eligible to receive during the period by the student count used to	
20	compute the state distribution.	
21	(h) Instead of the payments provided in subsection (b), the	
22	transferor corporation or state owing transfer tuition may enter into a	
23	long term contract with the transferee corporation governing the	
24	transfer of students. The contract may:	
25	(1) be entered into for a period of not more than five (5) years	
26	with an option to renew;	
27	(2) specify a maximum number of students to be transferred; and	
28	(3) fix a method for determining the amount of transfer tuition	
29	and the time of payment, which may be different from that	
30	provided in section 14 of this chapter.	
31	(i) A school corporation may negotiate transfer tuition agreements	
32	with a neighboring school corporation that can accommodate additional	
33	students. Agreements under this section may:	
34	(1) be for one (1) year or longer; and	
35	(2) fix a method for determining the amount of transfer tuition or	
36	time of payment that is different from the method, amount, or	
37	time of payment that is provided in this section or section 14 of	
38	this chapter.	
39	A school corporation may not transfer a student under this section	
40	without the prior approval of the child's parent.	
41	SECTION $2 \stackrel{4}{\checkmark} [5]$ . IC 20-45-8-29 IS ADDED TO THE	
42	INDIANA CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]. Sec. 29. This chapter expires January	
2	1, 2024.	
3	SECTION $2 \stackrel{\longleftarrow}{\longleftrightarrow} [6]$ . IC 20-45-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
4	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]:	
6	Chapter 9. Dearborn County School Corporations	
7	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to qualified school corporations for	
8	years beginning after December 31, 2023.	
9	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "qualified school corporation"	
0	means a school corporation that has under its jurisdiction any	
1	territory located in Dearborn County.	
2	Sec. 3. A qualified school corporation's property tax levy	
3	under this chapter for a calendar year is a property tax levy for the	
4	qualified school corporation's operations fund equal to the amount	
5	of the distribution that the qualified school corporation received in	
5	2023 under IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration on January 1, 2024).	
7	The property tax levy under this chapter is part of the maximum	
;	permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 20-46-8-1 for	
)	the qualified school corporation's operations fund.	
1	Sec. 4. Each calendar year, the governing body of a qualified	
	school corporation may impose the property tax rate on each one	
	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation of the qualified school	
	corporation that is necessary to generate the qualified school	
	corporation's property tax levy for the calendar year.	
	Sec. 5. Appropriations shall be made from the operations fund	
	by the qualified school corporations as other appropriations are	
	made either in the annual budget or by additional appropriations.	
	SECTION 2 (6) [7]. IC 20-46-1-10.1, AS AMENDED BY	
	P.L.174-2022, SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10.1. (a) This section	
	applies only to a referendum to allow a school corporation to extend a	
	referendum levy.	
	(b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum	
	must read as follows:	
	"Shall the school corporation continue to impose increased	
	property taxes paid to the school corporation by homeowners and	
	businesses for (insert number of years) years immediately	
	following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of	
	funding (insert short description of purposes)? The	
	property tax increase requested in this referendum was originally	
	approved by the voters in (insert the year in which the	
	referendum tax levy was approved) and originally increased if	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	<b>extended will increase</b> the average property tax paid to the	
2	school corporation per year on a residence within the school	
3	corporation by% (insert the original estimated average	
4	percentage of property tax increase on a residence within the	
5	school corporation) and originally increased if extended will	
6	increase the average property tax paid to the school corporation	
7	per year on a business property within the school corporation by	
8	% (insert the original estimated average percentage of	
9	property tax increase on a business within the school	
0	corporation).".	
.1	(c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may be	
2	extended if the public question under this section is approved may not	
.3	exceed eight (8) years.	
4	(d) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation	
.5	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county	
6	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	
7	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on	
8	a homestead to be paid to the school corporation that must be included	
9	in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:	
20	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a	
21	homestead located within the school corporation. for the first	
22	year in which the referendum levy was imposed.	
22 23	STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value	
24	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,	
25	subtract:	
26	(A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under	
27	IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE	
28	was eligible for the deduction; and	
29	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction	
80	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in	
31	STEP ONE was eligible for the deduction;	
32	from the result of STEP ONE.	
33	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred	
34	(100).	
35	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one	
86	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first	
37	current _ year in which the referendum levy was imposed on	
88	property located within the school corporation.	
89	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax	
10	liability of the average homestead located within the school	
1	corporation:	
12	(A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	STEP FOUR; and	
2	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county	
3	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive	
4	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).	
5	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's	
6	part of the result determined in STEP FIVE.	
7	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:	
8	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question	
9	is approved by the voters; by	
10	(B) the result of STEP THREE.	
11	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result	
12	of STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.	
13	(e) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation	
14	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county	
15	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	
16	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on	
17	a business property to be paid to the school corporation that must be	
18	included in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:	
19	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business	
20	property located within the school corporation. for the first year	
21	in which the referendum levy was imposed.	
22	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred	
23	(100).	
24	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one	
25	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first	
26	current [] year in which the referendum levy was imposed on	
27	property located within the school corporation.	
28	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax	
29	liability of the average business property located within the	
30	school corporation:	
31	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP	
32	THREE; and	
33	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county	
34	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive	
35	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable	
36	percentage was three percent (3%).	
37	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's	
38	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.	
39	STEP SIX: Multiply:	
40	(A) the result of STEP TWO; by	
41	(B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question	
42	is approved by the voters.	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of	
2	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage.	
3	(f) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average	
4	percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the	
5	school corporation determined under subsection (d), and the estimated	
6	average percentage of property tax increase on a business property to	
7	be paid to the school corporation determined under subsection (e), in	
8	a manner prescribed by the department of local government finance,	
9	and provide the certification to the governing body of the school	
10	corporation that proposes to impose property taxes.	
11	SECTION 2 <del>/&gt;</del> [8]. IC 20-46-8-11 IS ADDED TO THE	
12	INDIANA CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 11. (a) This section applies to a	
14	qualified school corporation that imposes a property tax levy under	
15	IC 20-45-9 for years beginning after December 31, 2023.	
16	(b) As used in this section, "qualified school corporation" has	
17	the meaning set forth in IC 20-45-9-2.	
18	(c) The property tax levy limits imposed by section 1 of this	
19	chapter do not apply to property taxes imposed by a qualified	
20	school corporation under IC 20-45-9.	
21	(d) For the purpose of computing the maximum permissible	
22	operations fund property tax levy imposed on a qualified school	
23	corporation by section 1 of this chapter, the qualified school	
24	corporation's maximum permissible operations fund levy for a	
25	particular year does not include that part of the levy described in	
26	subsection (c).	
27	SECTION 2 10 IC 20-46-9-10, AS AMENDED BY	
28	P.L.174-2022, SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 10. (a) This section	
30	applies only to a referendum to allow a school corporation to extend a	
31	referendum tax levy.	
32	(b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum	
33	must read as follows:	
34	"Shall the school corporation continue to impose increased	
35	property taxes paid to the school corporation by homeowners and	
36	businesses for (insert number of years) years immediately	
37	following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of	
38	funding (insert short description of purposes)? The	
39	property tax increase requested in this referendum was originally	
40	approved by the voters in (insert the year in which the	
41	referendum tax levy was approved) and originally increased if	
42	extended will increase the average property tax paid to the	
	2023 IN 1454—I S 7062/DI 134	



1	school corporation per year on a residence within the school	
2	corporation by% (insert the original estimated average	
3	percentage of property tax increase on a residence within the	
4	school corporation) and originally increased if extended will	
5	increase the average property tax paid to the school corporation	
6	per year on a business property within the school corporation by	
7	% (insert the original estimated average percentage of	
8	property tax increase on a business within the school	
9	corporation).".	
10	(c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may be	
11	extended if the public question under this section is approved may not	
12	exceed the number of years for which the expiring referendum tax levy	
13	was imposed.	
14	(d) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation	
15	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county	
16	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	
17	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on	
18	a homestead to be paid to the school corporation that must be included	
19	in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:	
20	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a	
21	homestead located within the school corporation. for the first	
22	year in which the referendum levy was imposed.	
23	STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value	
24	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,	
25	subtract:	
26	(A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under	
27	IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE	
28	was eligible for the deduction; and	
29	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction	
30	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in	
31	STEP ONE was eligible for the deduction;	
32	from the result of STEP ONE.	
33	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred	
34	(100).	
35	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one	
36	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first	
37	current year in which the referendum levy was imposed on	
38	property located within the school corporation.	
39	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax	
40	liability of the average homestead located within the school	
41	corporation:	_
42	(A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of	
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	



1	STEP FOUR; and			
2	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county			
3	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive			
4	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).			
5	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's			
6	part of the result determined in STEP FIVE.			
7	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:			
8	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question			
9	is approved by the voters; by			
10	(B) the result of STEP THREE.			
11	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result			
12	of STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.			
13	(e) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation			
14	that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county			
15	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall	IW		
16	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on			
17	a business property to be paid to the school corporation that must be			
18	included in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:			
19	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business			
20	property located within the school corporation. for the first year			
21	in which the referendum levy was imposed.			
22	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred			
23	(100).			
24	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one			
25	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the first			
26	<b>current</b> year in which the referendum levy was imposed on			
27	property located within the school corporation.			
28	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax			
29	liability of the average business property located within the			
30	school corporation:			
31	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP			
32	THREE; and			
33	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county			
34	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive			
35	property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable			
36	percentage was three percent (3%).			
37	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's			
38	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.			
39	STEP SIX: Multiply:			
40	(A) the result of STEP TWO; by			
41	(B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question			
42	is approved by the voters.			
	2022			
	2023 IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134			



1	STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of				
2	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage.				
3	(f) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average				
4	percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the				
5	school corporation determined under subsection (d), and the estimated				
6	average percentage of property tax increase on a business property to				
7	be paid to the school corporation determined under subsection (e), in				
8	a manner prescribed by the department of local government finance,				
9	and provide the certification to the governing body of the school				
10	corporation that proposes to impose property taxes.				
11	SECTION $\frac{29}{100}$ [30]. IC 36-8-19-17 IS ADDED TO THE				
12	INDIANA CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS				
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 17. (a) This section applies to a				
14	territory:				
15	(1) established under this chapter by adoption of an				
16	ordinance or resolution by the legislative body of a				
17	participating unit that is effective before July 1, 2022; or				
18	(2) established or expanded under this chapter by adoption				
19	of an ordinance or resolution by the legislative body of a				
20	participating unit that is effective after June 30, 2022.				
21	This section does not apply to a territory that was dissolved under				
22	section 15 of this chapter before June 30, 2023.				
23	(b) The provider unit shall submit to the department of local				
24	government finance the following:				
25	(1) The ordinance establishing a territory (in the case of a				
26	county or municipality).				
27	(2) The resolution establishing a territory (in the case of a				
28	township or fire protection district).				
29	(3) Documents outlining the contents of an agreement to				
30	establish or extend a territory, including an operating	-			
31	agreement.				
32	(4) Documents outlining the description of planned services				
33	for a territory that were prepared when a territory was				
34	established.				
35	(5) If the participating units agreed to change the provider				
36	unit under section 6.5 of this chapter, each:				
37	(A) ordinance (in the case of a county or municipality);				
38	and				
39	(B) resolution (in the case of a township or fire				
40	protection district);				
41	as applicable, that agrees to and specifies the new provider				
42	unit.				
	2022 IN 1454   LC 7062/IN 124				



1	` '	in the operations or structure of a	
2		nall submit a report to the department	
3	_	within thirty (30) days of the effective	
4	date of the change.		
5		omitted under subsections (b) and (c)	
6		ner prescribed by the department of	
7	local government finance.	. 11	
8		all maintain copies of the information	
9		(b) throughout the existence of the	
10	territory.	ECTIVE HHAV 1 20221 (-) As seen dis-	
11		ECTIVE JULY 1, 2023] (a) As used in	
12	, <u>.</u>	hool corporation" has the meaning set	
13	•	re its expiration on January 1, 2024).	
14	•	cal government finance shall decrease	
15		d valorem property tax levy of the	
16		born County for 2024 by an amount	
17		nty's property tax levy distributed to	
18	•	s in 2023 under IC 20-45-8 (before its	
19	expiration on January 1, 202		
20	• •	cal government finance shall decrease	
21	-	nd valorem property tax levy of the	
22		County for 2024 by an amount equal	
23		operty tax levy distributed to qualified	
24	-	nder IC 20-45-8 (before its expiration	
25	on January 1, 2024).	T 1 1 2025 I	
26	(d) This SECTION expi	res July 1, 2025.	
27	1		
	2023	IN 1454—LS 7062/DI 134	

