## **HOUSE BILL No. 1428**

AM142803 has been incorporated into introduced printing.

Synopsis: School board elections.

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## Introduced

First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.



## **HOUSE BILL No. 1428**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

defined in IC 20-18-2-5).
board" means the fiscal governing body of a school corporation (as
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 44. (a) "School
SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-44 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

(b) The term includes an elected school advisory board.

SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-45 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 45. (a) "School board office" refers to an elected position on the school board of a school corporation.

(b) The term includes an elected school advisory board office. SECTION 3. IC 3-8-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2. A person An individual who desires to be nominated at a primary election as a candidate of a political party subject to this chapter for a federal, state, legislative, or local, or school board office shall file a declaration of candidacy.



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1	SECTION 4. IC 5-6-2.5-1, AS ADDED B1 F.L.1/9-2011,	
2	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
3	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. Except as provided in IC 3-8-2.7, this	
4	chapter applies to a candidate for a school board office.	
5	SECTION 5. IC 3-8-2.5-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
6	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
7	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2.7. (a) This section applies	
8	only if IC 3-8-2.7-4 applies to the nomination and election of a	
9	school corporation's school board members.	
0	(b) In addition to the information required on a candidate's	
1	petition of nomination under section 2.5 of this chapter, a	
2	candidate's petition of nomination must state either of the	
3	following:	
4	(1) The candidate's political party affiliation.	
5	(2) That the candidate is an independent candidate if the	
6	candidate does not identify with a political party.	
7	(c) Unless the candidate's political party affiliation is	
8	challenged under section 7 of this chapter, the candidate's political	
9	party affiliation stated on the petition shall be indicated on the	
0.	general election ballot in the manner determined by the county	
1	election board.	
2	(d) If a candidate claims affiliation with a major political party	
3	under subsection (b), the candidate must have voted in the two (2)	
4	most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the party with	
.5	which the candidate claims affiliation. The petition of nomination	
6	form must provide a place for the candidate to affirm the	
7	candidate's primary election participation, if the candidate chooses	
8	affiliation with a major political party. If the candidate did not vote	
.9	in the two (2) most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the	
0	party with which the candidate claims affiliation, the county	
1	chairman of:	
2	(1) the political party with which the candidate claims	
3	affiliation; and	
4	(2) the county in which the candidate resides;	
5	must certify in writing that the candidate is a member of the	
6	political party for the candidate's claimed affiliation to be valid.	
7	The petition of nomination must inform candidates how political	
8	party affiliation is determined under this subsection. A certification	
9	required by a political party chairman under this subsection must	
0	be attached to the petition of nomination.	
1	SECTION 6. IC 3-8-2.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.194-2013,	
-2	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	



1	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7. (a) A person may not be selected as a	
2	candidate by petition of nomination without giving written consent and	
3	having it filed with the public official with whom certificates and	
4	petitions of nomination are required to be filed.	
5	(b) Each candidate nominated by petition of nomination for a	
6	school board office must satisfy all statutory eligibility requirements for	
7	the office for which the candidate is nominated, including the filing of	
8	statements of economic interest.	
9	(c) A statement questioning the validity of a petition of nomination	
0	or contesting the denial of certification under section 6 of this chapter	
1	must be filed with the county election board in accordance with	
2	IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the date of	
.3	the general election. A question regarding the validity of a petition of	
4	nomination or the denial of certification shall be referred to and	
.5	determined by the county election board not later than noon fifty-four	
.6	(54) days before the date of the general election.	
.7	(d) A statement concerning the validity of a declaration of intent	
.8	to be a write-in candidate for a school board office under section 4 of	
9	this chapter must be filed with the county election board in accordance	
20	with IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the	
21	date of the general election. A question regarding the validity of a	
22	declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for a school board office	
23	shall be referred to and determined by the county election board not	
24	later than noon fifty-four (54) days before the date of the general	
25	election.	
26	(e) If a candidate's petition states that the candidate is	
27	affiliated with a major political party, that statement may be	
28	challenged under this section. A challenge under this subsection	
29	succeeds only if the challenger shows both of the following:	
80	(1) The candidate did not vote in the two (2) most recent	
31	primary elections in Indiana held by the political party with	
32	which the candidate claims affiliation.	
33	(2) The county chairman of:	
34	(A) the political party with which the candidate claims	
35	affiliation; and	_
36	(B) the county in which the candidate resides;	
37	did not certify that the candidate is a member of the political	
88	party with which the candidate claims affiliation.	
39 10	If the candidate produces a copy of the certification of the county	
₩ 1	chairman of the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation at the time the candidate filed the petition, the claim of	
12 12	a challenger under this subsection is conclusively rebutted.	
F_	a chancinger under this subsection is conclusively reducted.	



1	(f) Unless a challenger shows under subsection (e) that a	
2	candidate is not affiliated with the major political party with which	
3	the candidate claims affiliation, the candidate's claimed political	
4	party affiliation shall be indicated on the ballot as required by	
5	section 2.7 of this chapter.	
6	(g) A candidate's claimed political party affiliation with a	
7	party other than a major political party is not subject to challenge	
8	under this section.	
9	SECTION 7. IC 3-8-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
10	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
11	JANUARY 1, 2024]:	
12	Chapter 2.7. Nomination and Election of School Board	
13	Candidates by Partisan Process	
14	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to the nomination and election of	
15	candidates for election to a school board if either of the following	
16	apply:	
17	(1) The school board adopts a resolution under section 2 of	
18	this chapter.	
19	(2) The voters of the school board's school corporation	
20	approve a public question under section 3 of this chapter.	
21	Sec. 2. (a) A school board may adopt a resolution to provide	
22	that the members of the school board are nominated and elected as	
23	described in either:	
24	(1) section 4 of this chapter; or	
25	(2) section 5 of this chapter.	
26	(b) A resolution adopted under this section must:	
27	(1) state the first year that members of the school board are	
28	to be elected as provided in this chapter; and	
29	(2) be adopted before January 1 of the year that the next	
30	election for school board members will be held.	
31	(c) If the school board adopts a resolution under this section,	
32	the school board shall certify adoption of the resolution to the	
33	circuit court clerk of the county in which the greatest percentage	
34	of population of the school corporation resides before January 1 of	
35	the year that the next election for school board members will be	
36	held.	-
37	Sec. 3. (a) If the lesser of:	
38	(1) five hundred (500) voters residing within the school	
39	corporation; or	
40	(2) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within	
41	the school corporation;	
42	sign a petition requesting that a public question be placed on the	



1	ballot at a general election as provided in this section, the county	
2	election board shall place the public question on the ballot as	
3	provided in this section.	
4	(b) A petition under this section must indicate whether the	
5	members of the school board should be elected as provided in	
6	section 4 or 5 of this chapter. A petition satisfies the requirement	
7	of this subsection if the petition states the form of the public	
8	question under:	
9	(1) subsection (d) for election of members of the school board	
10	as described in section 4 of this chapter; or	
11	(2) subsection (e) for election of members of the school board	
12	as described in section 5 of this chapter.	
13	(c) The following apply to the petition process under this	
14	section:	
15	(1) The following apply to an individual who circulates or	
16	signs a petition under this section:	
17	(A) The individual must be a registered voter who	
18	resides in the school corporation.	
19	(B) An individual who circulates a copy of the petition	
20	must be a signatory on one (1) copy of the petition.	
21	(C) After the individual who circulates a copy of the	
22	petition collects and files the signed petition copy, that	
23	individual must swear or affirm before a notary public	
24	that the individual witnessed each signature.	
25	(2) Each copy of a petition that is circulated and filed at the	
26	county voter registration office must be verified under oath	
27	at the county voter registration office by at least one (1)	
28	individual who has signed the copy.	
29	(3) Each copy of the petition must be filed with the county	
30	voter registration office not later than July 1 of the year that	
31	the public question requested in the petition is placed on the	
32	ballot.	
33	(4) The county voter registration office shall determine	
34	whether each individual who signed a copy of the petition is	
35	a registered voter who resides within the school corporation.	
36	However, after the county voter registration office has	
37	determined that at least five hundred twenty-five (525)	
38	individuals who signed the petition are registered voters	
39	within the school corporation, the county voter registration	
40	office is not required to verify whether the remaining	
41	individuals who signed the petition are registered voters.	
42	(5) The county voter registration office shall determine, not	



1	later than July 15, whether a sufficient number of voters who	
2	are residents of the school corporation have signed the	
3	petition under this section. If the name of an individual who	
4	signs a petition copy as a registered voter contains a minor	
5	variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth	
6	in the records of the county voter registration office, the	
7	signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption	
8	that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this	
9	section. In determining whether an individual is a registered	
.0	voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the	
.1	requirements and procedures used under this title to	
2	determine whether an individual is a registered voter for	
.3	purposes of voting in an election. However, an individual is	
4	not required to comply with the provisions concerning	
.5	providing proof of identification to be considered a	
.6	registered voter for purposes of this section.	
7	(6) If the county voter registration office determines that the	
8	petition is signed by a sufficient number of voters who reside	
9	in the school corporation, the county voter registration office	
20	shall certify the petition to the county election board not	
21	later than August 1 before the next general election.	
22	(d) If the county voter registration office certifies a petition	
23	requesting that the members of the school board be elected as	
24	described in section 4 of this chapter, the county election board	
25	shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next	
26	general election in the precincts within the school corporation:	
27	"Shall the names of the candidates for election to the	
28	(insert the name of the school	
29	corporation) school board be placed on the ballot to indicate	
80	whether each candidate is affiliated with a political party or	
31	is an independent candidate?".	
32	(e) If the county voter registration office certifies a petition	
33	requesting that the members of the school board be elected as	
34	described in section 5 of this chapter, the county election board	
35	shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next	
86	general election in the precincts within the school corporation:	
37	"Shall candidates for election to the	
88	(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be	
39	nominated in the same fashion as candidates for partisan	
10	offices and shall the general election ballot for election of	
1	members of the school board indicate the political party with	
12	which each candidate is affiliated, if any?".	



1	(f) The circuit court clerk shall certify the results of the vote on	
2	the public question under subsection (d) or (e) to the county	
3	election board.	
4	(g) If a majority of the voters voting on the public question	
5	vote "yes", the election of the school corporation's school board	
6	members shall be subject to either the procedures of section 4 or 5	
7	of this chapter, whichever was approved by the voters, beginning	
8	with the next election of the school corporation's school board	
9	members.	
10	Sec. 4. (a) This section applies if:	
11	(1) a resolution is adopted under section 2(a)(1) of this	
12	chapter; or	
13	(2) a public question described in section 3(d) of this chapter	
14	is approved under section 3 of this chapter.	
15	(b) Candidates for election to the governing body shall be:	
16	(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; and	
17	(2) elected at the general election and designated on the	
18	general election ballot as either being:	
19	(A) affiliated with a political party; or	
20	(B) an independent candidate.	
21	Sec. 5. (a) This section applies if:	
22	(1) a resolution is adopted under section 2(a)(2) of this	
23	chapter; or	
24	(2) a public question described in section 3(e) of this chapter	
25	is approved under section 3 of this chapter.	
26	(b) IC 3-8-2.5 does not apply to the nomination or election of	
27	members of the school corporation's school board.	
28	(c) Candidates for election to the school board shall be:	
29	(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever	
30	is applicable to each candidate; and	
31	(2) placed on the ballot so that the political affiliation of each	
32	candidate is indicated in the same manner as candidates for	
33 34	partisan local offices are indicated.	
35	SECTION 8. IC 3-8-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013,	
	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
36	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to a candidate for nomination to an elected office who:	
37 38	(1) is an independent candidate; or	
38 39	•	
59 40	(2) represents a political party not qualified to nominate	
<del>1</del> 0 41	candidates in a primary or by convention.  (b) This chapter:	
+1 42	(1) applies to a candidate for a school board office of a school	
t∠	(1) applies to a candidate for a school board office of a school	



1	corporation if IC 3-8-2.7 applies to the nomination and	
2	election of the candidates for the school corporation's school	
3	board offices; and	
4	(2) does not apply to a candidate for a school board office of a	
5	school corporation if IC 3-8-2.7 does not apply to the	
6	nomination of the candidates for the school corporation's	
7	school board offices.	
8	SECTION 9. IC 3-8-7-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2015,	
9	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
10	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 28. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b)	
11	and (c), if a nominee certified under this chapter, IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-6, or	
12	IC 3-10-1 desires to withdraw as the nominee, the nominee must file a	
13	notice of withdrawal in writing with the public official with whom the	
14	certificate of nomination was filed by noon of the following dates:	
15	(1) July 15 before a general or municipal election.	
16	(2) August 1 before a municipal election in a town subject to	
17	IC 3-8-5-10.	
18	(3) On the date specified for town convention nominees under	
19	IC 3-8-5-14.5.	
20	(4) On the date specified for declared write-in candidates under	
21	IC 3-8-2-2.7.	
22	(5) On the date specified for a school board candidate under	
23	IC 3-8-2.5-4, even if IC 3-8-2.7 applies to a school	
24	corporation's candidates for election to its school board. or	
25	(6) Forty-five (45) days before a special election.	
26	(b) A candidate who is disqualified from being a candidate under	
27	IC 3-8-1-5 must file a notice of withdrawal immediately upon	
28	becoming disqualified. IC 3-8-8-7 and the filing requirements of	
29	subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of withdrawal filed under this	
30	subsection.	
31	(c) A candidate who has moved from the election district the	
32	candidate sought to represent must file a notice of withdrawal	
33	immediately after changing the candidate's residence. IC 3-8-8-7 and	
34	the filing requirements of subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of	
35	withdrawal filed under this subsection.	
36	SECTION 10. IC 3-8-9-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,	
37	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
38	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. An individual required to file a statement	
39	under section 4 of this chapter shall file the statement as follows:	
40	(1) With the individual's:	
41	(A) declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-5;	



2 an office described in IC 3-8-2-5 in a county with a s	separate
	- 4! 1
board of registration under IC 3-7-12 after certification.	ation by
the board of registration;  (C) petition of nomination under <del>IC 3-8-2.5 or</del> IC 3	9 6 for
an office described in IC 3-8-2-5 in a county that d have a separate board of registration under IC 3-7-	
8 (D) petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6 for ar	
9 described in IC 3-8-2-5 after certification by the	
0 voter registration office;	
1 (E) certificate of nomination under IC 3-10-2	2-15 or
2 IC 3-10-6-12;	
3 (F) statement consenting to be a replacement ca	ndidate
4 under IC 3-8-6-17;	
5 (G) declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate	e under
6 IC 3-8-2-2.5; or	
7 (H) certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-	13-1 or
8 IC 3-13-2.	
9 (2) When the individual assumes a vacant elected offic	
20 IC 3-13-7, IC 3-13-8, IC 3-13-9, IC 3-13-10, <b>IC 3-13-10</b>	
IC 3-13-11. or IC 20-23-4-30. A statement filed und	
subdivision must be filed not later than noon sixty (60) da	nys after
the individual assumes the elected office.	
SECTION 11. IC 3-10-1-4 IS AMENDED TO REA	
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a	
primary election each political party subject to section 2 of this	-
shall nominate its candidates for the following offices to be vo	oted for
at the general election:	
(1) United States Senator. (2) Governor.	
(2) Governor. (3) United States Representative.	
(3) Officed States Representative. (4) Legislative offices.	
(4) Legislative offices.	
(6) School board offices, if the school board offices	res are
subject to IC 3-8-2.7-5.	ces are
(b) In addition, each political party subject to section 2	of this
chapter shall:	
(1) vote on candidates for nomination as President of the	United
States;	
(2) elect delegates from each county to the party	's state
convention; and	



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(3) elect a precinct committeeman for each precinct in the county
if precinct committeemen are to be elected under section 4.5 of
this chapter.
SECTION 12. IC 3-10-1-18, AS AMENDED BY THE
TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2023 GENERAL
ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b),
the names of all candidates for each office who have qualified under
IC 3-8 shall be arranged in alphabetical order by surnames under the
designation of the office.
(b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of
more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but and less than seven
hundred thousand (700,000). The names of all candidates for each
office who have qualified under IC 3-8, except for a school board office
subject to IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7-5, precinct committeeman or state
convention delegate, shall be arranged in random order by surnames
under the designation of the office. The random order shall be
determined using a lottery. The lottery held in accordance with this
subsection shall be conducted in public by the county election board. The lottery shall be held not later than fifteen (15) days following the
last day for a declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2-4. All candidates
whose names are to be arranged by way of the lottery shall be notified
at least five (5) days prior to the lottery of the time and place at which
the lottery is to be held. Each candidate may have one (1) designated
watcher, and each county political party may have one (1) designated
materior, and each country pontrious party may may one (1) designated

- watcher who shall be allowed to observe the lottery procedure. (c) For paper ballots, the left margin of the ballot for each political party must show the name of the uppermost candidate printed to the right of the number 1, the next candidate number 2, the next candidate number 3, and so on, consecutively to the end of the ballot as prescribed in section 19 of this chapter. If ordered by a county election board or a board of elections and registration under IC 3-11-15-13.1(b), a ballot number or other candidate designation uniquely associated with the candidate must be displayed on the electronic voting system and printed on the ballot cards.
- (d) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but and less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). If there is insufficient room on a row to list each candidate of a political party, a second or subsequent row may be utilized. However, a second or subsequent row may not be utilized unless the first row, and all preceding rows, have been filled.



IN 1428—LS 6232/DI 144

1 2 3	SECTION 13. IC 3-10-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for a primary election shall	
4	be printed in substantially the form described in this section for all the	
5	offices for which candidates have qualified under IC 3-8.	
6	(b) The following shall be printed as the heading for the ballot for	
7	a political party:	
8	"OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT	
9	Party (insert the name of the political party)".	
10	(c) The following shall be printed immediately below the heading	
11	required by subsection (b) or be posted in each voting booth as	
12	provided in IC 3-11-2-8(b):	
13	(1) For paper ballots, print: To vote for a person, make a voting	
14	mark $(X \text{ or } \checkmark)$ on or in the box before the person's name in the	
15	proper column.	
16	(2) For optical scan ballots, print: To vote for a person, darken	
17	or shade in the circle, oval, or square (or draw a line to connect	
18	the arrow) that precedes the person's name in the proper column.	
19	(3) For optical scan ballots that do not contain a candidate's	
20	name, print: To vote for a person, darken or shade in the oval	
21	that precedes the number assigned to the person's name in the	
22	proper column.	
23	(4) For electronic voting systems, print: To vote for a person,	
24	touch the screen (or press the button) in the location indicated.	
25	(d) Local public questions shall be placed on the primary election	
26	ballot after the heading and the voting instructions described in	
27	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and before	
28	the offices described in subsection (g).	
29	(e) The local public questions described in subsection (d) shall be	
30	placed as follows:	
31	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.	
32	(2) After the heading and the voting instructions described in	
33	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and	
34	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form	
35	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.	_
36	(3) As provided by either of the following if voting is by an	
37	electronic voting system:	
38	(A) On a separate screen for a public question.	
39	(B) After the heading and the voting instructions described	
40	in subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the	
41	ballot) and before the offices described in subsection (g), in	



1	the form specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5.	
2	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot	
3	in the following form:	
4	(The explanatory text for the public question,	
5	if required by law.)	
6	"Shall (insert public question)?"	
7	[] YES	
8	[] NO	
9	(g) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on	
10	the primary election ballot in the following order:	
11	(1) Federal and state offices:	
12	(A) President of the United States.	
13	(B) United States Senator.	
14	(C) Governor.	
15	(D) United States Representative.	
16	(2) Legislative offices:	
17	(A) State senator.	
18	(B) State representative.	
19	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:	
20	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise	
21	specified under IC 33, with each division separate if there	
22	is more than one (1) judge of the circuit court.	
23	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise	
24	specified under IC 33, with each division separate if there	
25	is more than one (1) judge of the superior court.	
26	(C) Judge of the probate court.	
27	(D) Prosecuting attorney.	
28	(E) Circuit court clerk.	
29	(4) County offices:	
30	(A) County auditor.	
31	(B) County recorder.	
32	(C) County treasurer.	
33	(D) County sheriff.	
34	(E) County coroner.	
35	(F) County surveyor.	
36	(G) County assessor.	
37	(H) County commissioner.	
38	(I) County council member.	
39	(5) Township offices:	
40	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in	
41	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).	



1	(B) Township trustee.	
2	(C) Township board member.	
3	(D) Judge of the small claims court.	
4	(E) Constable of the small claims court.	
5	(6) City offices:	
6	(A) Mayor.	
7	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.	
8	(C) Judge of the city court.	
9	(D) City-county council member or common council	
0	member.	
1	(7) Town offices:	
2	(A) Clerk-treasurer.	
.3	(B) Judge of the town court.	
4	(C) Town council member.	
.5	(8) School board offices, if the school board offices are	
6	subject to IC 3-8-2.7-5.	
7	(h) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be	
8	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the	
9	offices described in subsection (g):	
20	(1) Precinct committeeman.	
21	(2) State convention delegate.	
22	(i) The local offices to be elected at the primary election shall be	
23	placed on the primary election ballot after the offices described in	
24	subsection (h).	
25	(j) The offices described in subsection (i) shall be placed as	
26	follows:	
27	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.	
28	(2) After the offices described in subsection (h) in the form	
29	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.	
80	(3) Either:	
31	(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question;	
32	or	
33	(B) after the offices described in subsection (h) in the form	
34	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;	
35	if voting is by an electronic voting system.	
86	SECTION 14. IC 3-10-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,	
37	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
88	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. A special election shall be held in the	
39	following cases:	
10	(1) Whenever two (2) or more candidates for a federal, state,	
1	legislative, or circuit or school board office receive the highest	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



1	greatest and an equal number of votes for the office, except as	
2 3	provided in Article 5, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. <del>or in IC 20.</del>	
4	(2) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States	
5	Senator, as provided in IC 3-13-3-1.	
6	(3) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States	
7	Representative unless the vacancy occurs less than seventy-four	
8	(74) days before a general election.	
9	(4) Whenever a vacancy occurs in any local office the filling of	
10	which is not otherwise provided by law.	
11	(5) Whenever required by law for a public question.	
12	(6) Whenever ordered by a court under IC 3-12-8-17 or the state	
13	recount commission under IC 3-12-11-18.	
14	(7) Whenever required under IC 3-13-5 to fill a vacancy in a	
15	legislative office unless the vacancy occurs less than	
16	seventy-four (74) days before a general election.	
17	SECTION 15. IC 3-11-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,	
18	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
19	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 12. The following offices shall be placed on	
20	the general election ballot in the following order after the public	
21	questions described in section 10(a) of this chapter:	
22	(1) Federal and state offices:	
23	(A) President and Vice President of the United States.	
24	(B) United States Senator.	
25	(C) Governor and lieutenant governor.	
26	(D) Secretary of state.	
27	(E) Auditor of state.	
28	(F) Treasurer of state.	
29	(G) Attorney general.	
30	(H) United States Representative.	
31	(2) Legislative offices:	
32 33	(A) State senator.	
33 34	(B) State representative.	
3 <del>4</del> 35	<ul><li>(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:</li><li>(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise</li></ul>	
36	specified under IC 33, with each division separate if there	_
37	is more than one (1) judge of the circuit court.	
38	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise	
39	specified under IC 33, with each division separate if there	
40	is more than one (1) judge of the superior court.	
41	(C) Judge of the probate court.	
-	(-)	



1	(D) Prosecuting attorney.	
2	(E) Clerk of the circuit court.	
3	(4) County offices:	
4	(A) County auditor.	
5	(B) County recorder.	
6	(C) County treasurer.	
7	(D) County sheriff.	
8	(E) County coroner.	
9	(F) County surveyor.	
10	(G) County assessor.	
11	(H) County commissioner.	
12	(I) County council member.	
13	(5) Township offices:	
14	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in	
15	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).	
16	(B) Township trustee.	
17	(C) Township board member.	
18	(D) Judge of the small claims court.	
19	(E) Constable of the small claims court.	
20	(6) City offices:	
21	(A) Mayor.	
22	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.	
23	(C) Judge of the city court.	
24	(D) City-county council member or common council	
25	member.	
26	(7) Town offices:	
27	(A) Clerk-treasurer.	
28	(B) Judge of the town court.	
29	(C) Town council member.	
30	(8) School board offices.	
31	SECTION 16. IC 3-11-2-12.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,	
32	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
33	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more	
34	than one (1) candidate may be elected to an office.	
35	(b) The office shall be placed on the general election ballot after	
36	the offices described in section 12 of this chapter. and before the	
37	offices described in section 12.9 of this chapter.	
38	(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a county council, city	
39	common council, or town council that includes both an at-large	
40	member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking	
41	election as an at-large member shall be placed on the ballot before	

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1	candidates seeking to represent a district.	
2	(d) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as	
3	follows above the name of the first candidate: "To vote for any	
4	candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each	
5	candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as	
6	a vote for any candidate for this office.".	
7	SECTION 17. IC 3-11-2-12.9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
8	JANUARY 1, 2024]. Sec. 12.9. (a) School board offices to be elected	
9	at the general election shall be placed on the general election ballot	M
10	after the offices described in section 12.4 of this chapter with each	W
11	candidate for the office designated as "nonpartisan".	
12	(b) If the ballot contains a candidate for a school board office, the	
13	ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows:	
14	"To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or in the	
15	square to the left of the candidate's name.".	
16	(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a school board office	
17	that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a	
18	district, the candidates seeking election as an at-large member shall be	
19	placed on the ballot before candidates seeking to represent a district.	
20	SECTION 18. IC 3-11-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011,	
21	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
22	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 13. (a) The following offices shall be placed	
23	on the general election ballot in the following order after the offices	
24	described in section 12.9 12.4 of this chapter:	
25	(1) Retention of a justice of the supreme court.	
26	(2) Retention of a judge of the court of appeals.	
27	(3) Retention of the judge of the tax court.	
28	(b) Whenever more than one (1) justice of the supreme court is	
29	subject to retention, the name of each justice must appear on the ballot	
30	in alphabetical order. However, if the justice serving as chief justice is	
31	subject to retention, the chief justice's name must appear first.	
32	(c) Whenever more than one (1) judge of the court of appeals is	
33	subject to retention, the name of each judge must appear on the ballot	
34	in alphabetical order. However, if the judge serving as chief judge is	
35	subject to retention, the chief judge's name must appear first.	
36	(d) These offices shall be placed in a separate column on the	
37	ballot.	
38	SECTION 19. IC 3-11-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,	
39	SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
40	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),	
41	a ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:	



1 2	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all of the candidates of one (1) political party by a single voting mark	
3	on each ballot card;	
4	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or	
5	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board	
6	candidates nominated by petition;	
7	(3) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties	
8	and for independent candidates; or	
9	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting	
10	individual votes for candidates of another political party or	
11	independent candidate.	
12	(b) A ballot card voting system must require that a voter who	
13	wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district	
14	to which more than one person may be elected, on a:	
15	(1) county council;	
16	(2) city common council;	
17	(3) town council; <del>or</del>	
18	(4) township board; <b>or</b>	
19	(5) school board;	
20	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter	
21	wishes to cast a vote. The ballot card voting system may not count any	
22	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an	
23	office described by this subsection.	
24	(c) A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:	
25	(1) for all candidates for presidential electors and alternate	
26	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket	
27	by making a single voting mark; and	
28	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote.	
29	SECTION 20. IC 3-11-7.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,	
30	SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
31	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),	
32	an electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:	
33	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all the	
34	candidates of one (1) political party by touching the device of	
35	that party;	_
36	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or	
37	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board	
38 39	candidates nominated by petition; (3) a split ticket for the condidates of different political parties	
	(3) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties and for independent candidates; or	
40 41	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting	
†1	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting	



1	individual votes for candidates of another political party or	
2	independent candidates.	
3	(b) An electronic voting system must require that a voter who	
4	wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district	
5	to which more than one person may be elected, on a:	
6	(1) county council;	
7	(2) city common council;	
8	(3) town council; <del>or</del>	
9	(4) township board; <b>or</b>	
10	(5) school board;	
11	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter	
12	wishes to cast a vote. The electronic voting system may not count any	
13	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an	
14	office described by this subsection.	
15	(c) An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:	
16	(1) for as many candidates for an office as the voter may vote	
17	for, but no more;	
18	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote,	
19	but no other; and	
20	(3) for all the candidates for presidential electors and alternate	
21	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket	
22	by making a single voting mark.	
23	SECTION 21. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021,	
24	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
25	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether	
26	placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order	
27	of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.	
28	(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all	
29	candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public	
30	questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The	
31	county may:	
32	(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and	
33	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper	
34	version of a ballot is used within a precinct.	
35	(c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the	
36	same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under	
37	IC 3-10-1-17).	
38	(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate	
39	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by	
40	petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set	
41	forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device	



1	may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device.	
2	IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a	
3	name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more	
4	parties or petitioners.	
5	(e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot	
6	must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12,	
7	IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), <del>IC</del> 3-11-2-12.9(a),	
8	<del>IC 3-11-2-12.9(c),</del> IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c),	
9	IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). The offices and	
0	public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically	IV
1	or horizontally and on a number of separate pages.	
2	(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in	
3	bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	
4	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the	
5	first candidate:	
6	(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be	
7	elected to the office.	
8	(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to	
9	be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate	
0.	for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate	
1	you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a	
2	vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1)	_
.3	candidate is to be elected to the office.	
4	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by	
.5	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be	
6	grouped together in the following order:	
.7	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the	
8	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the	
9	last election is listed first.	
0	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the	
1	second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of	
2	state is listed second.	
3	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'	
4	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are	
5	listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).	
6	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of	
7	state in the last election or a nominee is an independent	
8	candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the	
9	party or candidate is listed after the parties described in	
0	subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).	
1	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate	



1	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the	
2	ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in	
3	which the party filed its petition of nomination under	
4	IC 3-8-6-12.	
5	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates	
6	listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.	
7	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the	
8	ballot.	
9	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established	
10	by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters	
11	and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the	
12	candidate's political party, or the word "Independent" if the:	
13	(1) candidate; or	
14	(2) ticket of candidates for:	
15	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or	
16	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;	
17	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name	
18	of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.	
19	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to	
20	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision	
21	must be grouped together:	
22	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;	
23	(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and	
24	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to	
25	surname.	
26	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	
27	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the	
28	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of	
29	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".	
30	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body	
31	of a school corporation must be grouped:	
32	(1) under the name of the office that the eandidates are seeking;	
33	and	
34	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.	
35	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	_
36	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the	
37	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of	
38	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".	
39	(k) (j) The following information must be placed at the top of the	
40	ballot before the first public question is listed:	
41	(1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.	



1	(2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d),	
2	and IC 3-11-2-10(e).	
3	(h) (k) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle,	
4	oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an	
5	independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as	
6	required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable	
7	arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a	
8	straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:	
9	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket	
10	(described in IC 3-11-2-6); and	
11	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or	
12	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket	
13	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).	
14	The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must	
15	be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by	
16	subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions	
17	described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the	
18	statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3	
19	must be placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight	
20	party ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a	
21	straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section and proceed to	
22	voting the ballot by office.".	
23	(m) (l) A public question must be in the form described in	
24	IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable	
25	arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as	
26	expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board	
27	may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public	
28	question other than the language authorized by a statute.	
29	(n) (m) The requirements in this section:	
30	(1) do not replace; and	
31	(2) are in addition to;	
32	any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots.	
33	(o) (n) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used	
34	when a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this	
35	title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion	
36	or mistakes by voters.	
37	(p) (o) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does	
38	not list:	
39	(1) the names of political parties or candidates; or	
40	(2) the text of public questions;	
41	on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance	



with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle

2	or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.	
3	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021,	
4	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall	
6	have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party	
7	offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an	
8	electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.	
9	(b) The county may:	
10	(1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label;	
11	and	
12	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper	
13	version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.	
14	(c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the	
15	same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under	
16	IC 3-10-1-17).	
17	(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate	
18	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by	
19	petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device	
20	set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the	
21	device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the	
22	device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not	
23	include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2)	
24	or more parties or petitioners.	
25	(e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on	
26	the general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12,	
27	IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), <del>IC</del> 3 <del>-11-2-12.9(a),</del>	
28	<del>IC</del> 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c),	
29	IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). Each office and	
30	public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public	
31	questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or	
32	horizontally.	
33	(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in	
34	bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	
35	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the	_
36	first candidate:	
37	(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be	
38	elected to the office.	
39	(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to	
40	be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate	
41	for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate	



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1	you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a	
2	vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1)	
3	candidate is to be elected to the office.	
4	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by	
5	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be	
6	grouped together in the following order:	
7	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the	
8	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the	
9	last election is listed first.	
.0	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the	
.1	second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of	
2	state is listed second.	
.3	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'	
4	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are	
.5	listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).	
.6	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of	
.7	state in the last election or a nominee is an independent	
.8	candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the	
9	party or candidate is listed after the parties described in	
20	subdivisions $(1)$ , $(2)$ , and $(3)$ .	
21	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate	
22 23	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the	
23	ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in	
24 25	which the party filed its petition of nomination under	
	IC 3-8-6-12.	
26	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates	
27	listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space	
28	for write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no	
29	declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures	
30	must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for	
31	federal offices.  (7) The name of a write in condidate may not be listed on the	
32 33	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the ballot.	
34	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established	
35	by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters	
36	and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the	_
37	candidate's political party, or the word "Independent", if the:	
88	(1) candidate; or	
9 19	(2) ticket of candidates for:	
10	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or	
11	(A) President and Vice President of the Office States, of (B) governor and lieutenant governor;	
	(D) 50 verifor and newtonant governor,	



1	is independent, must be praced infinedrately below of beside the name	
2	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.	
3	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to	
4	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision	
5	must be grouped together:	
6	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;	
7	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and	
8	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to	
9	surname.	
.0	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	
.1	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the	
2	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of	
.3	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".	
4	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body	
.5	of a school corporation must be grouped:	
.6	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;	
.7	<del>and</del>	
.8	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.	
9	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	
20	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the	
21	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of	
22	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".	
23	(k) (j) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be	
24	placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public	
25	question is listed.	
26	(1) (k) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d),	
27	and IC 3-11-2-10(e) may be:	
28	(1) placed on the ballot label; or	
29	(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the	
30	voter to easily read the instructions.	
31	(m) (l) Except as provided in section 14.5 of this chapter, the	
32	ballot label must include a touch sensitive point or button for voting a	
33	straight political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6)	
34	by one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be	
35	identified by:	
86	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and	
37	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or	
88	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket	
39	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).	
10	The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size	
1	and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for	



1	listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in	
2	IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement	
3	concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be	
4	placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight party	
5	ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a straight	
6	party ticket, press "NEXT" (or replace "NEXT" with the term used by	
7	that voting system to permit a voter to skip a ballot screen) to continue	
8	voting.".	
9	(n) (m) A public question must be in the form described in	
0	IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive	
1	point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly	
2	authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print	
3	a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question	
4	other than the language authorized by a statute.	
.5	(o) (n) The requirements in this section:	
6	(1) do not replace; and	
7	(2) are in addition to;	
.8	any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic	
9	voting systems.	
20	(p) (o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used	
21	when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by	
22	this title or contains another error or omission that might result in	
23	confusion or mistakes by voters.	
24	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-14-12 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
25	JANUARY 1, 2024]. Sec. 12. In school district elections, the county	
26	election board shall arrange the names of candidates in alphabetical	
27	order on an electronic voting system as required by section 3.5 of this	
28	<del>chapter.</del>	
29	SECTION 24. IC 3-12-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2016,	
30	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
31	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7. (a) This subsection applies whenever a	
32	voter:	
33	(1) votes a straight party ticket; and	
34	(2) votes only for one (1) or more individual candidates who are	
35	all of the same political party as the straight ticket vote.	
86	Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), the straight ticket vote shall	
37	be counted and the individual candidate votes may not be counted.	
88	(b) This subsection applies whenever:	
39	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of	
10	one (1) political party;	
1	(2) only one (1) person may be elected to an office; and	



1	(3) the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the	
2	office described in subdivision (2) who is:	
3	(A) a candidate of a political party other than the party for	
4	which the voter voted a straight ticket; or	
5	(B) an independent candidate or declared write-in candidate	
6	for the office.	
7	If the voter has voted for one (1) individual candidate for the office	
8	described in subdivision (2), the individual candidate vote for that	
9	office shall be counted, the straight party ticket vote for that office may	
10	not be counted, and the straight party ticket votes for other offices on	
11	the ballot shall be counted.	
12	(c) This subsection applies whenever:	
13	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of	
14	one (1) political party; and	
15	(2) the voter has voted for more individual candidates for the	
16	office than the number of persons to be elected to that office.	
17	The individual candidate votes for that office may not be counted, the	
18	straight party ticket vote for that office may not be counted, and the	
19	straight party ticket votes for other offices on the ballot shall be	
20	counted.	
21	(d) This subsection applies whenever:	
22	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of	_
23 24 25	one (1) political party;	
24	(2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and	
25	(3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office	
26	described in subdivision (2) who are:	
27	(A) independent candidates or declared write-in candidates;	
28	(B) candidates of a political party other than the political	
29	party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under	
30	subdivision (1); or	
31	(C) a combination of candidates described in clauses (A)	
32	and (B).	
33	The individual votes cast by the voter for the office for the independent	
34	candidates, declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of a	
35	political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a	_
36	straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total number of these	
37	individual votes is greater than the number of persons to be elected to	
38	the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office shall not be	
39	counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices on the voter's	
40	ballot shall be counted.	
41	(e) This subsection applies whenever:	



1	(1) a voter has voted a straight party ticket for the candidates of	
2	one (1) political party;	
3	(2) more than one (1) person may be elected to an office; and	
4	(3) the voter has voted for individual candidates for the office	
5	described in subdivision (2) who are:	
6	(A) independent candidates, declared write-in candidates,	
7	or candidates of a political party other than the political	
8	party for which the voter cast a straight party ticket under	
9	subdivision (1); and	
.0	(B) candidates of the same political party for which the	
.1	voter cast a straight party ticket under subdivision (1).	
.2	The individual votes cast by the voter for the office for the independent	
.3	candidates, the declared write-in candidates, and the candidates of a	
4	political party other than the political party for which the voter cast a	
.5	straight party ticket, and the candidates of the political party for which	
.6	the voter cast a straight party ticket shall be counted unless the total	
.7	number of these individual votes is greater than the number of persons	
.8	to be elected to the office. The straight party ticket votes for the office	
9	shall not be counted. The straight party ticket votes for other offices on	
20	the voter's ballot shall be counted.	
21	(f) If a voter votes a straight party ticket for more than one (1)	
22	political party, the whole ballot is void with regard to all candidates	
23	nominated by a political party, declared write-in candidates, or	
24	candidates designated as independent candidates on the ballot.	
25	However, the voter's vote for a school board candidate or on a public	
26	question shall be counted if otherwise valid under this chapter.	
27	(g) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number	
28	of votes cast by that voter for the candidates for an office are less than	
29	or equal to the number of openings for that office, the individual	
80	candidates votes shall be counted.	
31	(h) If a voter does not vote a straight party ticket and the number	
32	of votes cast by that voter for an office exceeds the number of openings	
33	for that office, none of the votes concerning that office may be counted.	
34	SECTION 25. IC 3-12-9-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005,	
35	SECTION 60, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
86	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. Whenever a circuit court clerk receives	
37	certification that a tie vote at an election for a local office or a school	
88	board office occurred, the clerk shall immediately send a written notice	
39	of the tie vote to <b>the following:</b>	
10	(1) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a local office, the	
<b>1</b> 1	fiscal body of the affected political subdivision. or	



1	(2) If the the vote occurred in an election for a circuit office in a	
2	circuit that includes more than one (1) county, to the fiscal body	
3	of each county of the circuit.	
4	(3) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a school board	
5	office, the school board of the affected school corporation.	
6	SECTION 26. IC 3-12-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2017,	
7	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
8	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply if a tie	
9	vote occurred in an election for a school board office.	
.0	(a) (b) The fiscal body of a political subdivision that receives	
.1	notice under section 3 of this chapter shall resolve the tie vote by	
2	electing a person to fill the office not later than December 31 following	
.3	the election at which the tie vote occurred. The fiscal body shall select	
4	one (1) of the candidates who was involved in the tie vote to fill the	
.5	office.	
.6	(b) (c) If a tie vote has occurred in an election for a circuit office	
.7	in a circuit that contains more than one (1) county, the fiscal bodies of	
.8	the counties shall meet in joint session at the county seat of the county	
.9	that contains the greatest percentage of population of the circuit to	
20	select one (1) of the candidates who was involved in the tie vote in	
21	order to fill the office in accordance with this section.	
22	(c) (d) If a tie vote has occurred for the election of more than one	_
23	(1) at-large seat on a legislative or fiscal body, the fiscal body shall	
24	select the number of individuals necessary to fill each of the at-large	
25	seats for which the tie vote occurred. However, a member of a fiscal	
26	body who runs for reelection and is involved in a tie vote may not cast	
27	a vote under this section.	
28	(d) (e) The executive of the political subdivision (other than a	
29	town or a school corporation) may cast the deciding vote to break a tie	
30	vote in a fiscal body acting under this section. The clerk-treasurer of	
31	the town may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote in a town fiscal	
32	body acting under this section. A tie vote in the fiscal body of a school	
33	corporation under this section shall be broken under IC 20-23.	
34	SECTION 27. IC 3-12-9-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. Whenever a tie	_
36	vote at an election for:	
37	(1) a state office; or	
88	(2) a local office; or	
89 10	(3) a school board office;	
ŀ0 ⊦1	occurs, the incumbent public official remains in office in accordance with Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana	
1	with Article 13, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana	



1	until a successor is elected under this chapter and quantied.	
2	SECTION 28. IC 3-13-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
3	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
4	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]:	
5	Chapter 10.5. School Corporation Governing Body; Resolving	
6	Tie Votes; Filling Vacancies	
7	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "governing body" refers to	
8	either of the following:	
9	(1) The governing body of a school corporation.	
0	(2) The school advisory body of a school corporation.	
1	Sec. 2. (a) This section applies if the governing body receives	
2	notice under IC 3-12-9-3 that a tie vote has occurred in the election	
3	of a member of the governing body.	
4	(b) If a tie vote occurs at an election for a member of the	
5	governing body and one (1) of the candidates involved in the tie	
6	vote is an incumbent member of the governing body, the incumbent	
7	member remains in office in accordance with Article 15, Section 3	
8	of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a successor is	
9	elected and qualified as provided in this section.	
0	(c) The members of the governing body shall resolve the tie	
1	vote by electing one (1) individual from among the candidates who	
2	was involved in the tie vote to fill the office.	
3	(d) If a tie vote has occurred for the election of more than one	
4	(1) at-large seat on the governing body, the governing body shall	
5	select the number of individuals necessary to fill each of the	
6	at-large seats for which the tie vote occurred from among the	
7	candidates who were involved in the tie vote.	
8	(e) If a member of the governing body is one (1) of the	
9	candidates involved in the tie vote, that member may not cast a	
0	vote under this section.	
1	(f) The governing body shall act under this section not later	
2	than December 31 following the election at which the tie vote	
3	occurred.	
4	Sec. 3. (a) A vacancy on the governing body in an office that	
5	was last held by an individual elected or selected as a candidate of	
6 7	a major political party of Indiana shall be filled by a caucus under	
	IC 3-13-11. For purposes of IC 3-13-11, an individual elected as	
8 9	provided under IC 3-8-2.7-4 who is designated as being affiliated	
.0	with a major political party is considered to have been elected or	
.1	selected as a candidate of that major political party.  (b) A vacancy on the governing body in an office that was last	
2	held by an individual elected as a candidate other than as a	
<b>4</b>	nois by an instrusial diction as a candidate other than as a	



1 2	candidate of a major political party of Indiana shall be filled as provided in IC 20-26-4.	
3	SECTION 29. IC 20-23-4-29.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011,	
4	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 29.1. (a) This section applies to each school	
6	corporation.	
7	(b) If a plan provides for election of members of the governing	
8	body, the members of the governing body shall be elected at a general	
9	election. Each candidate must file a petition of nomination in	
.0	accordance with IC 3-8-2.5 that is signed by the candidate and by ten	
1	(10) registered voters residing within the boundaries of the community	
2	school corporation. The filing must be made within the time specified	
3	by IC 3-8-2.5-4. The following apply to the election of members of	
4	the governing body:	
5	(1) The plan determines whether members are elected:	
6	(A) by all the voters of the school corporation;	
7	(B) by all the voters of the school corporation from	
8	residence districts; or	
9	(C) solely by the voters of each election district	
20	established under the plan.	
21	(2) IC 3 governs the nomination and election of members of	
22	the governing body. A candidate must be nominated as	
23	provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable	
24	to the particular candidate.	
25	(c) All nominations shall be listed for each office in the form	
26	prescribed by IC 3-11-2, but without party designation. Voting and	
27	tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same manner as voting	
28	and tabulation in general elections are conducted. The precinct election	
29	boards serving in each county shall conduct the election for members	
80	of the governing body. If a school corporation is located in more than	
31	one (1) county, each county election board shall print the ballots	
32	required for voters in that county to vote for candidates for members of	
33	the governing body.	
34	(d) If the plan provides that the members of the governing body	
35	shall be elected by all the voters of the community school corporation,	
86	candidates shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by	
37	IC 3-11-2, without party designation. The candidates who receive the	
88	most votes are elected.	
39	(e) If the plan provides that members of the governing body are to	
10	be elected from residence districts by all voters in the community	
11	school corporation, nominees for the governing body shall be placed on	
12	the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, by residence districts	



1	without party designation. The ballot must state the number of	
2	members to be voted on and the maximum number of members that	
3	may be elected from each residence district as provided in the plan. A	
4	ballot is not valid if more than the maximum number of members are	
5	voted on from a board member residence district. The candidates who	
6	receive the most votes are elected. However, if more than the	
7	maximum number that may be elected from a residence district are	
8	among those receiving the most votes, the candidates from the	
9	residence districts exceeding the maximum number who receive the	
10	fewest votes shall be eliminated in determining the candidates who are	
11	<del>elected.</del>	
12	(f) If the plan provides that members of the governing body are to	
13	be elected from electoral districts solely by the voters of each district,	
14	nominees residing in each electoral district shall be placed on the ballot	
15	in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, without party designation. The	
16	ballot must state the number of members to be voted on from the	
17	electoral district. The candidates residing in the electoral district who	
18	receive the most votes are elected.	
19	SECTION 30. IC 20-23-4-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021,	
20	SECTION 102, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
21	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 30. (a) This section applies to	
22	each school corporation.	
23	(b) If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates, the tie vote	
24	shall be resolved <del>under IC 3-12-9-4.</del> as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.	
25	(c) If after the first governing body takes office, fewer candidates	
26	have been elected to the school board than there were members to be	
27	elected, the governing body shall determine not later than noon	
28	December 31 following the election which incumbent member or	
29	members continue to hold office under Article 15, Section 3 of the	
30	Constitution of the State of Indiana until a successor is elected and	
31	qualified. However,	
32	(d) If there is a vacancy on the governing body, whether the	
33	vacating member was elected or appointed, the remaining members of	
34	the governing body, whether or not a majority of the governing body,	
35	shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by appointing a person from	
36	within the boundaries of the community school corporation to serve for	
37	the term or balance of the term. An individual appointed under this	
38	subsection must possess the qualifications provided for a regularly	
39	elected or appointed governing body member filling the office. If:	
40	(1) a tie vote occurs among the members of the governing body	
41	under this subsection or IC 3-12-9-4; or	



1	(2) the governing body falls to act within thirty (30) days after	
2	any vacancy occurs;	
3	the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of	
4	registered voters of the school corporation reside shall make the	
5	appointment. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in	
6	IC 3-13-10.5-3.	
7	(d) (e) A vacancy in the governing body occurs if a member ceases	
8	to be a resident of any the community school corporation. A vacancy	
9	does not occur when the member moves from a district of the school	
.0	corporation from which the member was elected or appointed if the	
.1	member continues to be a resident of the school corporation.	
2	(e) (f) At the first general election in which members of the	
3	governing body are elected:	
4	(1) a simple majority of the candidates elected as members of the	
.5	governing body who receive the greatest number of votes shall	
.6	be elected for four (4) year terms; and	
.7	(2) the balance of the candidates elected as members of the	
.8	governing body receiving the next greatest number of votes shall	
9	be elected for two (2) year terms.	
20	Thereafter, all school board members shall be elected for four (4) year	
21	terms.	
22	(f) (g) Elected governing body members take office and assume	
23	their duties on the date set in the school corporation's organization plan.	
24	The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the	
25	governing body to take office may not be more than fourteen (14)	
26	months after the date of the member's election. If the school	
27	corporation's organization plan does not set a date for an elected	
28	member of the governing body to take office, the member takes office	
29	January 1 immediately after the member's election.	
30	SECTION 31. IC 20-23-4-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2022,	
31	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
32	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 35. (a) The governing body of a school	
33	corporation may be organized under this section.	
34	(b) The governing body consists of seven (7) members, elected as	
35	follows:	
86	(1) Four (4) members elected from districts, with one (1)	
37	member serving from each election district. A member elected	
88	under this subdivision must be:	
39	(A) a resident of the election district from which the	
10	member is elected; and	
11	(B) voted upon by only the registered voters residing within	



1	the election district and voting at a governing body election.	
2	(2) Three (3) members, who are voted upon by all the registered	
3	voters residing within the school corporation and voting at a	
4	governing body election, elected under this subdivision. The	
5	governing body shall establish three (3) residential districts as	
6	follows:	
7	(A) One (1) residential district must be the township that	
8	has the greatest population within the school corporation.	
9	(B) Two (2) residential districts must divide the remaining	
10	area within the school corporation.	IV
11	Only one (1) member who resides within a particular residential	
12	district established under this subdivision may serve on the	
13	governing body at a time.	
14	(c) A member of the governing body who is:	
15	(1) elected from an election or a residential district; or	
16	(2) appointed to fill a vacancy from an election or a residential	
17	district;	
18	must reside within the boundaries of the district the member represents.	
19	(d) A vacancy on the governing body shall be filled by the	
20	governing body as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. A	
21	member chosen by the governing body to fill a vacancy holds office for	
22	the remainder of the unexpired term. as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.	_
23	(e) The members of the governing body serving at the time a plan	
24	is amended under this section shall establish the election and	
25	residential districts described in subsection (b).	
26	(f) The election districts described in subsection (b)(1):	
27	(1) shall be drawn on the basis of precinct lines;	
28	(2) may not cross precinct lines; and	
29	(3) as nearly as practicable, be of equal population, with the	
30	population of the largest exceeding the population of the	
31	smallest by not more than fifteen percent (15%).	
32	(g) The residential districts described in subsection (b)(2) may:	
33	(1) be drawn in any manner considered appropriate by the	
34	governing body; and	
35	(2) be drawn along township lines.	_
36	(h) The governing body shall certify the districts that are	
37	established under subsections (f) and (g), amended under subsection	
38	(e), or recertified under section 35.5 of this chapter to:	
39	(1) the state board; and	
40	(2) the circuit court clerk of each county in which the school	
41	corporation is located as provided in section 35.5 of this chapter.	



1	(i) The governing body shall designate:	
2	(1) three (3) of the districts established under this section to be	
3	elected at the first school board election that occurs after the	
4	effective date of the plan; and	
5	(2) the remaining four (4) districts to be elected at the second	
6	school board election that occurs after the effective date of the	
7	plan.	
8	(j) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the plan, but	
9	do not have to be specifically set forth in the plan. The plan must be	
0	construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the	
1	plan or an application of the plan violates this chapter, the invalidity	
2	does not affect the other provisions or applications of the plan that can	
3	be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The	
4	provisions of the plan are severable.	
5	(k) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section.	
6	SECTION 32. IC 20-23-4-44, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022,	
7	SECTION 120, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
8	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 44. (a) This section applies	
9	only to a school corporation with territory in a county having a	
0.	population of more than one hundred eighty-five thousand (185,000)	
1	and less than two hundred thousand (200,000).	
2	(b) This section applies If there is a	
.3	(1) tie vote in an election for a member of the governing body of	
4	a school corporation, <del>or</del>	
.5	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.	
6	the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.	
.7	(c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any	
8	of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the	
9	governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even	
0	if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing	
1	body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:	
2	(1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and	
3	<del>certified elected; or</del>	
4	(2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the	
5	vacancy. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in	
6	IC 3-13-10.5-3.	
7	(d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection	
8	<del>(c)(2):</del>	
9	(1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the	
0	governing body; and	
-1	(2) shall fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacating	



1	<del>member.</del>	
2	(e) If a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the	
3	governing body or the governing body fails to act within thirty (30)	
4	days after the election or the vacancy occurs, the fiscal body (as	
5	defined in IC 3-5-2-25) of the township in which the greatest	
6	percentage of population of the school district resides shall break the	
7	tie or make the appointment. A member of the fiscal body who was a	
8	candidate and is involved in a tie vote may not east a vote under this	_
9	subsection.	
0	(f) If the fiscal body of a township is required to act under this	
1	section and a vote in the fiscal body results in a tie, the deciding vote	
2	to break the tie vote shall be east by the executive.	
3	SECTION 33. IC 20-23-7-8.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,	
4	SECTION 79, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
.5	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8.1. (a) The registered voters of the	
.6	metropolitan school district shall elect the members of the metropolitan	
7	board of education at general elections held biennially, beginning with	
.8	the next general election that is held more than sixty (60) days after the	
9	creation of the metropolitan school district as provided in this chapter.	
20	(b) Each nominee for the board must file a petition of nomination	
21	signed by the nominee and by ten (10) registered voters residing in the	
22	same board member district as the nominee. The petition must be filed	
23	in accordance with IC 3-8-2.5 with the circuit court clerk of each	
24	county in which the metropolitan school district is located.	
25	(c) Nominees for the board shall be listed on the general election	
26	<del>ballot:</del>	
27	(1) in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2;	
28	(2) by board member districts; and	
29	(3) without party designation.	
80	The ballot must state the number of board members to be voted on and	
31	the maximum number of members that may be elected from each board	
32	member district as provided under section 5 of this chapter. A ballot	
33	that contains more votes than the maximum number allowed from a	
34	board member district is invalid.	
35	(d) The precinct election boards in each county serving at the	
86	general election shall conduct the election for school board members.	
37	(e) Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in	
88	accordance with IC 3, and the candidates who receive the most votes	
39	are elected to the board.	
10	(f) If there are more candidates from a particular board member	
1	district than may be elected from the board member district under	



1	section 5 of this chapter:	
2	(1) the number of candidates elected is the greatest number that	
3	may be elected from the board member district;	
4	(2) the candidates elected are those who, among the candidates	
5	from the board member district, receive the most votes; and	
6	(3) the other candidates from the board member district are	
7	<del>eliminated.</del>	
8	(b) IC 3 governs the nomination and election of candidates. A	
9	candidate must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or	
10	IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.	
11	(g) (c) If there is a tie vote among the candidates for the board, the	
12	judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of the	
13	registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall select	
14	one (1) of the eandidates who shall be declared and certified elected.	
15	the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.	
16	(h) (d) If, at any time after the first board member election, A	
17	vacancy on the board that occurs for any reason including an	
18	insufficient number of petitions for candidates being filed, and	
19	regardless of whether the vacating member was elected or appointed,	
20	the remaining members of the board, whether or not a majority of the	
21	board, shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by:	
22	(1) appointing a person from the board member district from	
23	which the person who vacated the board was elected; or	
24	(2) if the person was appointed, appointing a person from the	
25	board member district from which the last elected predecessor	
26	of the person was elected.	
27	If a majority of the remaining members of the board is unable to agree	
28	or the board fails to act within thirty (30) days after a vacancy occurs,	
29	the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of	
30	registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall make	
31	the appointment. shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.	
32	(i) At a general election held on the earlier of:	
33	(1) more than sixty (60) days after an elected board member	
34	vacates membership on the board; or	
35	(2) immediately before the end of the term for which the	
36	vacating member was elected;	
37	a successor to a board member appointed under subsection (h) shall be	
38	elected. Unless the successor takes office at the end of the term of the	
39	vacating member, the member shall serve only for the balance of the	
40	vacating member's term. In an election for a successor board member	
41	to fill a vacancy for a two (2) year balance of a term, candidates for	



37	
board membership need not file for or with reference to the vacancy. However, as required by IC 3-11-2, candidates for at-large seats must be distinguished on the ballot from candidates for district seats. If there is more than one (1) at-large seat on the ballot due to this vacancy, the elected candidate who receives the fewest votes at the election at which the successor is elected shall serve for a two (2) year term.	
(i) (e) At the first general election where members of the board are	
elected under this section, the elected candidates who constitute a	
simple majority of the elected candidates and who receive the most votes shall be elected for four (4) year terms, and the other elected candidates shall be elected for two (2) year terms.	
(k) (f) Board members shall be elected for four (4) year terms after	
the first election and shall take office on the date set in the school corporation's organization plan. The date set in the organization plan	
for an elected member of the governing body to take office may not be	
more than fourteen (14) months after the date of the member's election.	
If the school corporation's organization plan does not set a date for an	
elected member of the governing body to take office, the member takes	
office January 1 immediately following the member's election.	
SECTION 34. IC 20-23-10-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,	
SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8. (a) The board members of a merged	
school corporation shall be elected at the first general election	
following the merged school corporation's creation, and vacancies shall	
be filled in accordance with <del>IC 20-23-4-30.</del> <b>IC 3-13-10.5-3.</b>	
(b) Until the first election under subsection (a), the board of	
trustees of the merged school corporation consists of the members of	
the governing body of a school corporation in the county.	
(c) The first board of trustees shall select the name of the merged	
school corporation by a majority vote. The name may be changed by	
unanimous vote of the governing body of the merged school	
corporation.	
SECTION 35. IC 20-23-12-3, AS AMENDED BY	
P.L.213-2018(ss), SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. (a) The	

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emergency manager appointed by the distressed unit appeal board

under IC 6-1.1-20.3 shall act as the governing body of the school

corporation and has the powers set forth in IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5, including

the powers and duties of the governing body of the school corporation.

The school corporation shall also have an advisory board that consists

of seven (7) members elected as follows:

1	(1) On a nonpartisan basis.	
2	(2) in a general election in the county.	
3	The advisory board is created to provide nonbinding recommendations	
4	to the emergency manager.	
5	(b) Six (6) of the members shall be elected from the school	
6	districts drawn under section 4 of this chapter. Each member:	
7	(1) is elected from the school district in which the member	
8	resides; and	
9	(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the advisory	
10	board, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.	
11	(c) One (1) of the members elected:	
12	(1) is the at-large member of the advisory board;	
13	(2) may reside in any of the districts drawn under section 4 of	
14	this chapter; and	
15	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the advisory	
16	board, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.	
17	(d) A per diem may not be paid to a member.	
18	(e) The advisory board may hold a public meeting subject to the	
19	limits on the number of meetings set forth in IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.8(d). The	
20	advisory board is subject to IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law) for these	
21	meetings. The advisory board may hold additional meetings that are	
22	authorized as executive sessions under IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law)	_
23	as provided in IC 5-14-1.5-6.1. The advisory board is subject to the	
24	public notice requirements of IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law) for these	
25	additional meetings. The records of the advisory board are subject to	
26	IC 5-14-3 (access to public records).	
27	SECTION 36. IC 20-23-12-5, AS AMENDED BY	
28	P.L.213-2018(ss), SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. (a) The six (6)	
30	members who are elected for a position on the advisory board	
31	described under section 3(b) of this chapter are determined as follows:	
32	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition	
33	with the board of elections and registration not earlier than one	
34	hundred four (104) days and not later than noon seventy-four	
35	(74) days before the election at which the members are to be	
36	elected that includes the following information:	
37	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.	
38	(B) The district in which the prospective candidate resides.	
39	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered	
40	voters residing in the school corporation.	
41	(D) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for a	



1	<del>district position.</del>	
2	(E) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the	
3	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter. shall	
4	be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,	
5	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.	
6	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the district may vote for a	
7	candidate.	
8	(3) The candidate within each district who receives the greatest	
9	number of votes in the district is elected. IC 3 governs the	
0	nomination and election of members of the advisory board	
1	under this subsection.	
2	(b) The at-large member elected under section 3(c) of this chapter	
3	is determined as follows:	
4	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition	
5	with the clerk of the circuit court at least seventy-four (74) days	
6	before the election at which the at-large member is to be elected.	
7	The petition must include the following information:	
8	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.	
9	(B) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered	
0.	voters residing within the school corporation.	
1	(C) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for	
2	the at-large position on the advisory board.	
3	(D) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the	
4	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter. shall	
5	be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,	
6	whichever is applicable to the candidate.	
7	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may	
8	vote for a candidate.	
9	(3) The candidate who:	
0	(A) runs for the at-large position on the advisory board; and	
1	(B) receives the greatest number of votes in the school	
2	<del>corporation;</del>	
3	is elected to the at-large position. IC 3 governs the nomination	
4	and election of the member of the advisory board under this	
5	subsection.	
6	SECTION 37. IC 20-23-13-2.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011,	
7	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
8	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2.1. (a) As used in this section, "county	
9	election board" includes a board of elections and registration	
0	established under IC 3-6-5.2.	
1	(b) (a) The voters of the school corporation shall elect the	
2	members of the governing body at a general election for a term of four	



I	(4) years. The members shall be elected from the city at large without	
2	reference to district.	
3	(c) (b) Each candidate for election to the governing body must file	
4	a petition of nomination with the county election board in each county	
5	in which a school corporation subject to this chapter is located. The	
6	petition of nomination must comply with IC 3-8-2.5 and the following	
7	requirements:	
8	(1) The petition must be signed by at least two hundred (200)	
9	legal voters of the school corporation.	
10	(2) Each petition may nominate only one (1) candidate.	IV
11	(3) The number of petitions signed by a legal voter may not	
12	exceed the number of school trustees to be elected. shall be	
13	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever	
14	is applicable to the particular candidate.	
15	(d) (c) After all the petitions described in subsection (c) are filed	
16	with the county election board, the board shall publish the names of	
17	those nominated in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and shall certify the	
18	nominations in the manner required by law. IC 3 governs the election	
19	to the extent that it is not inconsistent with this chapter.	
20	(e) The county election board shall prepare the ballot for the	
21	general election at which members of the governing body are to be	
22	elected so that the names of the candidates nominated appear on the	
23	<del>ballot:</del>	
24	(1) in alphabetical order;	
25	(2) without party designation; and	
26	(3) in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2.	
27	(f) The county election board shall not publish or place on the	
28	ballot the name of a candidate who is not eligible under this chapter for	
29	membership on the governing body.	
30	(g) (d) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are	
31	members of the governing body to be elected.	
32	SECTION 38. IC 20-23-14-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013,	
33	SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
34	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school	
35	corporation consists of five (5) members. elected on a nonpartisan	
36	<del>basis.</del>	
37	(b) Three (3) of the members are elected from the school districts	
38	referred to in section 4.5 of this chapter by eligible voters residing in	
39	the school districts. Each member:	
40	(1) is elected from the school district in which the member	
41	resides; and	



1	(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the	
2	governing body, represents the interests of the entire school	
3	corporation.	
4	(c) Two (2) of the members:	
5	(1) are elected by eligible voters residing in the school	
6	corporation;	
7	(2) are at-large members of the governing body; and	
8	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the	
9	governing body, represent the interests of the entire school	
0	corporation.	
1	SECTION 39. IC 20-23-14-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,	
2	SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
3	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. To be eligible to be a	
4	candidate for the governing body under this chapter, the following	
.5	apply:	
6	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a petition of nomination	
7	with the board of elections and registration not earlier than one	
8	hundred four (104) days and not later than noon seventy-four	
9	(74) days before the general election at which the members are	
20	to be elected. The petition of nomination must include the	
21	<del>following:</del>	
22	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.	
23	(B) Whether the prospective candidate is a district	
24	candidate or an at-large candidate.	
25	(C) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the	
26	qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.	
27	(D) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered	
28	voters residing in the school corporation. for election shall	
29	be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,	
30	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.	
31	(2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must:	
32	(A) reside in the district; and	
33	(B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years	
34	immediately preceding the election.	
35	(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must:	
86	(A) reside in the school corporation; and	
37	(B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the	
88	three (3) years immediately preceding the election.	
39	(4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the	
10	candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must:	
<b>!</b> 1	(A) be a registered voter:	



1	(B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3)	
2	years immediately preceding the election; and	
3	(C) be a high school graduate or have received a:	
4	(i) high school equivalency certificate; or	
5	(ii) state general educational development (GED)	
6	diploma under IC 20-20-6 (before its repeal) or	
7	IC 22-4.1-18.	
8	(5) A <del>prospective</del> candidate may not:	
9	(A) hold any other elective or appointive office; or	
.0	(B) have a pecuniary interest in any contract with the school	
1	corporation or its governing body;	
2	as prohibited by law. SECTION 40. IC 20-23-15-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,	
.4	SECTION 40. IC 20-23-13-0, AS ADDED BY F.L.1-2003, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
.5	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 6. (a) The governing body of the school	
.6	corporation consists of seven (7) members who shall be elected	
7	(1) on a nonpartisan basis; and	
8	(2) in the general election held in the county.	
9	(b) Five (5) of the members shall be elected from the school	
20	districts in which the members reside as established under section 7 of	
21	this chapter.	
22	(c) Two (2) of the members shall be elected at large.	
23	(d) Each candidate for election shall be nominated as provided	
24	in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the	
25	particular candidate.	
26	SECTION 41. IC 20-23-17-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,	
27	SECTION 86, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
28	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school	
29	corporation consists of five (5) members chosen as follows:	
80	(1) Three (3) members shall be elected by the voters of the	
31	school corporation at a general election to be held in the county	
32	and every four (4) years thereafter.	
33	(2) One (1) member shall be appointed by the city executive.	
34	(3) One (1) member shall be appointed by the city legislative	
35	body.	
36	(b) The members elected under subsection (a)(1) shall be elected	
37	as follows:	
88	(1) On a nonpartisan basis.	
39	(2) (1) In a general election held in the county.	
10	(3) (2) By the registered voters of the entire school corporation.	
1	(c) The following apply to an election of members of the	



1	governing body of the school corporation under subsection (a)(1):	
2	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the	
3	circuit court clerk not earlier than one hundred four (104) days	
4	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the election at	
5	which members are to be elected. The petition of nomination	
6	must include the following information:	
7	(A) The name of the eandidate.	
8	(B) A certification that the candidate meets the	
9	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter. for	
10	election shall be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or	
11	IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular	
12	candidate.	
13	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may	
14	vote for a candidate seeking election.	
15	SECTION 42. IC 20-23-17.2-3.1, AS AMENDED BY	
16	P.L.193-2021, SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3.1. (a) The	
18	governing body of the school corporation consists of five (5) members,	
19	elected as provided in this chapter.	
20	(b) Three (3) members shall be elected as follows:	
21	(1) From districts established as provided in section 4.1 of this	
22	chapter.	_
23	(2) On a nonpartisan basis.	
24	(3) (2) At the general election held in the county in 2022 and	
25	every four (4) years thereafter.	
26	(c) Two (2) members shall be elected as follows:	
27	(1) At large by all the voters of the school corporation.	
28	(2) On a nonpartisan basis.	
29	(3) (2) At the general election held in the county in 2024 and	
30	every four (4) years thereafter.	
31	(d) The term of office of a member of the governing body:	
32	(1) is four (4) years; and	
33	(2) begins January 1 after the election of members of the	
34	governing body.	
35	(e) Upon assuming office and in conducting the business of the	_
36	governing body, a member shall represent the interests of the entire	
37	school corporation.	
38	SECTION 43. IC 20-23-17.2-5, AS AMENDED BY	
39 40	P.L.222-2015, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
40	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. (a) The following apply to	
41	an election of members of the governing body of the school corporation	



1	under section 3.1(b) of this chapter:	
2	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the	
3	circuit court clerk not earlier than one hundred four (104) days	
4	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the general	
5	election at which members are to be elected. The petition of	
6	nomination must include the following information:	
7	(A) The name of the candidate.	
8	(B) The candidate's residence address and the district in	
9	which the eandidate resides.	
0	(C) The signatures of at least twenty (20) registered voters	
1	residing within the school corporation district the candidate	
2	seeks to represent.	
3	(D) A certification that the candidate meets the	
4	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.	
5	(E) The school corporation district that the candidate seeks	
6	to represent. for election shall be nominated as provided	
7	in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to	
8	the particular candidate.	
9	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation district	
0	as provided in section 4.1 of this chapter may vote for a	
1	candidate to represent that school corporation district.	
2	(3) One (1) candidate shall be elected for each school	
3	corporation district provided by section 4.1 of this chapter. The	
4	candidate elected for a school corporation district must reside	
.5	within the boundaries of the school corporation district. The	
6	candidate elected as the member for a particular school	
7	corporation district is the candidate who, among all the	
8	candidates who reside within that school corporation district,	
9	receives the greatest number of votes from voters residing in that	
0	school corporation district.	
1	(b) The following apply to an election of the members of the	
2	governing body of the school corporation under section 3.1(c) of this	
3	chapter:	
4	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the	
5	circuit court clerk not earlier than one hundred four (104) days	_
6	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the general	
7	election at which members are to be elected. The petition of	
8	nomination must include the following information:	
9	(A) The name of the candidate.	
0	(B) The candidate's residence address.	
-1	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered	



1	voters residing within the school corporation.	
2	(D) A certification that the candidate meets the	
3	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.	
4	(E) The fact that the candidate seeks to be elected from the	
5	school corporation at large. for election shall be	
6	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,	
7	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.	
8	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may	
9	vote for a candidate.	
10	(3) Two (2) candidates shall be elected at large. The two (2)	
11	candidates who receive the greatest number of votes among all	
12	candidates running for an at-large seat are elected as members of	
13	the governing body.	
14	SECTION 44. IC 20-25-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2022,	
15	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
16	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) The board consists of seven (7)	
17	members. A member:	
18	(1) must be elected on a nonpartisan basis in general elections	
19	held in the county as specified in this section; and	
20	(2) serves a four (4) year term.	
21	(b) Five (5) members shall be elected from the school board	
22	districts in which the members reside, and two (2) members must be	
23	elected at large.	
24	(c) If a candidate runs for one (1) of the district positions on the	
25	board, only eligible voters residing in the candidate's district may vote	
26	for that candidate. If a person is a candidate for one (1) of the at-large	
27	positions, eligible voters from all the districts may vote for that	
28	candidate.	
29	(d) If a candidate files to run for a position on the board, the	
30	candidate must specify whether the candidate is running for a district	
31	or an at-large position. Each candidate for election shall be	
32	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is	
33	applicable to the particular candidate.	
34	(e) A candidate who runs for a district or an at-large position wins	
35	if the candidate receives the greatest number of votes of all the	_
36	candidates for the position. IC3 governs the nomination and election	
37	of the members of the board under this section.	
38	(f) Districts shall be established within the school city by the board	
39	of school commissioners. The districts must be drawn on the basis of	
40	precinct lines, and as nearly as practicable, of equal population with the	
41	nonulation of the largest district not to exceed the nonulation of the	



1	smallest district by more than five percent (5%). District lines must not	
2	cross precinct lines. The board of school commissioners, with	
3	assistance from the county election board, shall establish:	
4	(1) balloting procedures for the election under IC 3; and	
5	(2) other procedures required to implement this section.	
6	(g) A member of the board serves under section 3 of this chapter.	
7	(h) In accordance with subsection (k), a vacancy in the board shall	
8	be filled temporarily by the board as soon as practicable after the	
9	vacancy occurs. The member chosen by the board to fill a vacancy	
10	holds office until the member's successor is elected and qualified. The	
11	successor shall be elected at the next regular school board election	
12	occurring after the date on which the vacancy occurs. The successor	
13	fills the vacancy for the remainder of the term.	
14	(i) An individual elected to serve on the board begins the	
15	individual's term on the date set in the school corporation's organization	
16	plan. The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the	
17	board to take office may not be more than fourteen (14) months after	
18	the date of the member's election. If the school corporation's	
19	organization plan does not set a date for a member of the board to take	
20	office, the member takes office January 1 immediately following the	
21	individual's election.	
22	(j) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, each voter must cast	
23	a vote for a school board candidate or school board candidates by	
24	voting system or paper ballot. However, the same method used to cast	
25	votes for all other offices for which candidates have qualified to be on	
26	the election ballot must be used for the board offices.	
27	(k) If a vacancy in the board exists because of the death of a	
28	member, the remaining members of the board shall meet and select an	
29	individual to fill the vacancy in accordance with subsection (h) after	
30	the secretary of the board receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6.	
31	SECTION 45. IC 20-26-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021,	
32	SECTION 107, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
33	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not	
34	apply to:	
35	(1) a vacancy of a member who serves on a governing body	
36	in an ex officio capacity; or	
37	(2) a vacancy in an appointed board member position if the	
38	plan, resolution, or law under which the school corporation	
39	operates specifically provides for filling vacancies by the	
40	appointing authority.	
41	<b>(b)</b> If fewer candidates have been elected to the school board than	
42	there were members to be elected, the governing body shall determine	



1	not later than noon December 31 following the election which	
2	incumbent member or members continue to hold office under Article	
3	15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a	
4	successor is elected and qualified. However,	
5	(c) If a vacancy in the membership of a governing body occurs for	
6	any reason, whether the vacancy was of an elected or appointed	
7	member, the vacancy shall be filled as follows:	
8	(1) If the vacant office was last held by an individual elected	
9	or selected as a candidate of a major political party of	
0	Indiana, the vacancy shall be filled by a caucus under	
.1	IC 3-13-11.	
2	(2) If subdivision (1) does not apply, the remaining members	
3	of the governing body shall by majority vote fill the vacancy by	
4	appointing a person an individual from within the boundaries of	
.5	the school corporation. with the residence and other	
6	qualifications provided for a regularly elected or appointed board	
7	member filling the membership, to serve for the term or the	
.8	balance of the term. However, this subsection does not apply to	
9	a vacancy:	
20	(1) of a member who serves on a governing body in an ex officio	
21	<del>capacity; or</del>	
22 23	(2) a vacancy in an appointed board membership if a plan,	_
23	resolution, or law under which the school corporation operates	
24	specifically provides for filling vacancies by the appointing	
25	<del>authority.</del>	
26	(d) An individual appointed as provided in this section:	
27	(1) must possess the qualifications provided for a regularly	
28	elected or appointed governing body member filling the	
29	office; and	
30	(2) holds office for the remainder of the unexpired term.	
31	SECTION 46. IC 20-26-4-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,	
32	SECTION 95, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
33	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4.5. (a) The definitions in IC 3-5-2 apply to	
34	this section.	
35	(b) If a vacancy in a school board office exists because of the death	_
36	of a school board member, the vacancy shall be filled in accordance	
37	with section 4 of this chapter the remaining members of the	
88	governing body shall meet and select an individual to fill the vacancy	
10	after the secretary of the governing body receives notice of the death	
l0	under IC 5-8-6. and in accordance with section 4 of this chapter.	
<b>!</b> 1	SECTION 47. IC 33-33-53-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2011,	



1	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. In accordance with rules adopted by the	
3	judges of the court under section 6 of this chapter, the presiding judge	
4	shall do the following:	
5	(1) Ensure that the court operates efficiently and judicially under	
6	rules adopted by the court.	
7	(2) Annually submit to the fiscal body of Monroe County a	
8	budget for the court, including amounts necessary for:	
9	(A) the operation of the circuit's probation department;	
10	(B) the defense of indigents; and	
11	(C) maintaining an adequate law library.	
12	(3) Make the appointments or selections required of a circuit or	
13	superior court judge under the following statutes:	
14	IC 8-4-21-2	
15	IC 11-12-2-2	
16	IC 16-22-2-4	
17	IC 16-22-2-11	
18	IC 16-22-7	
19	IC 20-23-4	
20	IC 20-23-7-6	
21	<del>IC 20-23-7-8.1</del>	
22	IC 20-26-7-8	
23 24	IC 20-26-7-14	
24	IC 20-47-2-15	
25	IC 20-47-3-13	
26	IC 36-9	
27	IC 36-10	
28	IC 36-12-10-10.	
29	(4) Make appointments or selections required of a circuit or	
30	superior court judge by any other statute, if the appointment or	
31	selection is not required of the court because of an action before	
32	the court.	

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