PREVAILED
FAILED
WITHDRAWN

Roll Call No. $\qquad$
Ayes $\qquad$
Noes $\qquad$

# HOUSE MOTION 

## MR. SPEAKER:

I move that House Bill 1428 be amended to read as follows:
Page 2, line 17, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-4" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-6".
Page 2, delete lines 19 through 25, begin a new paragraph and insert:
"(b) In addition to the information required on a candidate's petition of nomination under section 2.5 of this chapter, a candidate's petition of nomination must state one (1) of the following:
(1) The name of the major political party with which the candidate is affiliated.
(2) The name of a political party other than a major political party with which the candidate is affiliated.
(3) That the candidate is an independent candidate if the candidate does not identify with a political party.".
Page 4, delete lines 17 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:
"SECTION 8. IC 3-8-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]:

Chapter 2.7. Changing the Nomination and Election Process of School Board Candidates

Sec. 1. The procedure for nomination and election of the members of a school board may be changed as provided in this
chapter.
Sec. 2. (a) A school board may adopt a resolution to change the method of nomination and election of members of the school board to provide that the members of the school board are nominated and elected as provided under any of the following:
(1) At nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5.
(2) As described in section 6 of this chapter.
(3) As described in section 7 of this chapter.
(b) A resolution adopted under this section must:
(1) state the first year that members of the school board are to be elected as provided in this chapter; and
(2) be adopted and certified to the circuit court clerk before January 1 of the year that the next general election for members of the school board will be held.
(c) If the school board adopts a resolution under this section, the school board shall certify adoption of the resolution to the circuit court clerk of the county in which the greatest percentage of population of the school corporation resides as provided in subsection (b).
(d) If the school board adopts a resolution under this section, the members of the school board shall be elected as provided in the resolution adopted by the school board, beginning at the next general election for the members of the school board.
(e) A school board may change the method of electing members of the school board under this section but not sooner than ten (10) years after the most recent change of the method of electing the school board members has been changed either under:
(1) this section; or
(2) section 3 of this chapter.

Sec. 3. (a) If the lesser of:
(1) five hundred (500) voters residing within the school corporation; or
(2) five percent (5\%) of the registered voters residing within the school corporation;
sign a petition requesting that a public question be placed on the ballot at a general election, the county election board shall place the public question on the ballot as provided in this section.
(b) A petition under this section must indicate whether the members of the school board should be nominated and elected as follows:
(1) At nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5.
(2) As described in section 6 of this chapter.
(3) As described in section 7 of this chapter.
(c) A petition satisfies the requirement of subsection (b) if the petition states the form of the public question as provided in the following:
(1) Subsection (e) for the election of members of the school
board at a nonpartisan election as provided in IC 3-8-2.5.
(2) Subsection (f) for election of members of the school board as described in section 6 of this chapter.
(3) Subsection (g) for election of members of the school board as described in section 9 of this chapter.
(d) The following apply to the petition process under this section:
(1) The following apply to an individual who circulates or signs a petition under this section:
(A) The individual must be a registered voter who resides in the school corporation.
(B) An individual who circulates a copy of the petition must be a signatory on one (1) copy of the petition.
(C) After the individual who circulates a copy of the petition collects and files the signed petition copy, that individual must swear or affirm before a notary public that the individual witnessed each signature.
(2) Each copy of a petition that is circulated and filed at the county voter registration office must be verified under oath at the county voter registration office by at least one (1) individual who has signed the copy.
(3) Each copy of the petition must be filed with the county voter registration office not later than July 1 of the year that the public question requested in the petition is placed on the ballot.
(4) The county voter registration office shall determine whether each individual who signed a copy of the petition is a registered voter who resides within the school corporation. However, after the county voter registration office has determined that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) individuals who signed the petition are registered voters within the school corporation, the county voter registration office is not required to verify whether the remaining individuals who signed the petition are registered voters.
(5) The county voter registration office shall determine, not later than July 15 , whether a sufficient number of voters who are residents of the school corporation have signed the petition under this section. If the name of an individual who signs a petition copy as a registered voter contains a minor variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the records of the county voter registration office, the signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. In determining whether an individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the requirements and procedures used under this title to determine whether an individual is a registered voter for
purposes of voting in an election. However, an individual is not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for purposes of this section.
(6) If the county voter registration office determines that the petition is signed by a sufficient number of voters who reside in the school corporation, the county voter registration office shall certify the petition to the county election board not later than August 1 before the next general election.
(e) If the county voter registration office certifies a petition requesting that members of the school board be elected at a nonpartisan election as provided in IC 3-8-2.5, the county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:
"Shall candidates for election to the $\qquad$
(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be nominated and elected at nonpartisan elections?".
(f) If the county voter registration office certifies a petition requesting that members of the school board be elected as provided in section 6 of this chapter, the county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:
"Shall the names of the candidates for election to the _ (insert the name of the school corporation) school board be placed on the ballot to indicate whether each candidate is affiliated with a political party or is an independent candidate?".
(g) If the county voter registration office certifies a petition requesting that members of the school board be elected as provided in section 7 of this chapter, the county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:
"Shall candidates for election to the $\qquad$
(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be nominated in the same fashion as candidates for partisan offices and shall the general election ballot for election of members of the school board indicate the political party with which each candidate is affiliated, if any?".
(h) A public question may be placed on the ballot under this section not sooner than ten (10) years after the most recent change of the method of electing the school board members has been changed either under:
(1) section 2 of this chapter; or
(2) this section.

Sec. 4. (a) The circuit court clerk shall certify the results of the vote under section 3(e), (f), or (g) of this chapter to the county election board.
(b) If a majority of the voters voting on the public question vote "yes", the school corporation's school board members shall be nominated and elected, beginning with the next general election for members of the school board members, as follows:
(1) At nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 if the voters approve the public question under section 3(e) of this chapter.
(2) As provided in section 6 of this chapter if the voters approve the public question under section 3(f) of this chapter.
(3) As provided in section 7 of this chapter, if the voters approve the public question under section 3(g) of this chapter.
Sec. 5. (a) This section applies if either of the following apply:
(1) The school board approves a resolution under section 2(a)(1) of this chapter.
(2) The voters approve the public question under section 3(e) of this chapter.
(b) Beginning at the next general election for members of the school board, candidates for election to the school board shall be nominated and elected under IC 3-8-2.5.

Sec. 6. (a) This section applies if either of the following apply:
(1) The school board approves a resolution under section 2(a)(2) of this chapter.
(2) The voters approve the public question under section 3(f) of this chapter.
(b) Beginning at the next general election for members of the school board, candidates for election to the school board body shall be:
(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; and
(2) elected at the general election and designated on the general election ballot as either being:
(A) affiliated with a political party; or
(B) an independent candidate.

Sec. 7. (a) This section applies if either of the following apply:
(1) The school board approves a resolution under section 2(a)(3) of this chapter.
(2) The voters approve the public question under section 3(g) of this chapter.
(b) Beginning at the next general election for members of the school board, candidates for election to the school board shall be:
(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever is applicable to each candidate; and
(2) placed on the ballot so that the political affiliation of each candidate is indicated in the same manner as candidates for partisan local offices are indicated.".
Delete pages 5 through 6 .
Page 7, delete lines 1 through 41.
Page 8, line 9, delete "IC 3-8-2.7" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-6 or

IC 3-8-2.7-7".
Page 8, line 13, delete "IC 3-8-2.7 does" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-6 and IC 3-8-2.7-7 do".

Page 8, line 31, delete "IC 3-8-2.7" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-6 or IC 3-8-2.7-7".

Page 9, line 42, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-5" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-7".
Page 10, line 21, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-5" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-7".
Page 13, line 18, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-5" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-7".
Page 14 , between lines 15 and 16 , begin a new paragraph and insert:
"SECTION 16. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2021, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 10. (a) Public questions shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the statement described in section 7 of this chapter, and the instructions described in subsections (d) and (e) and section 8 of this chapter, if instructions are printed on the ballot:
(1) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.
(2) Local public questions.

Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, each public question shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.
(b) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed on the general election ballot after the public questions described in subsection (a). The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. Notwithstanding section 8(b) of this chapter, the instructions for voting a straight party ticket shall be placed to the right of the device on the ballot.
(c) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform as nearly as possible to the following:
"(1) You are not required to vote a straight party ticket. If you do not wish to vote a straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section, and proceed to voting the ballot by office.
(2) To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all (insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, except for candidates described in (3) below, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot.
(3) To vote for any candidate for an at-large office (insert county council, city common council, town council, or township board if those offices appear on this ballot) to which more than one (1) person may be elected, you must make another voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.
(4) If you wish to vote for a candidate for a school board office, you must make a voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot for each candidate for whom you wish to vote.

## Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.

(4) (5) If you wish to vote for a eandidate seeking a nompartisan offiee or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.".
(d) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, if the ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot.".
(e) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted.".
(f) Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, the list of candidates of the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left, a square three-eighths $(3 / 8)$ of an inch on each side.
(g) The circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.".

Page 25, delete lines 10 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:
"SECTION 26. IC 3-12-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 137, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5.(a) This subsection does not apply to a ballot card voting system or an electronic voting system. Except as provided in subsection (d), a voting mark made by a voter on or in a voting square at the left of a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the political party.
(b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting mark made by a voter:
(1) on or in a circle, oval, or square; or
(2) to connect a connectable arrow;
immediately below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).
(c) This subsection applies to a direct record electronic voting system. A voting mark made by a voter touching a touch sensitive point or button below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).
(d) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected on a:
(1) county council;
(2) city common council;
(3) town council; or
(4) township board;
must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.
(e) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to a school board office must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

SECTION 27. IC 3-12-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 138, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subseetion subsections (b) and (c), a voting mark made by a voter on or in a circle containing a political party device shall be counted as a vote for each candidate of that political party on that ballot.
(b) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected on a:
(1) county council;
(2) city common council;
(3) town council; or
(4) township board;
must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A voting mark on or in a circle containing a political party device shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.
(c) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to a school board office must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting
system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.".

Delete page 26.
Page 27, delete lines 1 through 12.
Page 29, line 13, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-4" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-6". (Reference is to HB 1428 as printed February 9, 2023.)

Representative Boy

