

Reprinted February 15, 2023

HOUSE BILL No. 1428

DIGEST OF HB 1428 (Updated February 14, 2023 3:31 pm - DI 75)

Citations Affected: IC 3-5; IC 3-8; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-12; IC 3-13; IC 20-23; IC 20-25; IC 20-26; IC 33-33.

Synopsis: School board elections. Provides that a candidate for a school board office may not be an employee or agent of that school corporation. Establishes a process for a school board or the voters in a school corporation to change the method by which the members of the school board are nominated and elected. Provides that the members of a school board may be nominated and elected by one of the following processes: (1) Through nonpartisan election (as is the case under current law). (2) Through nonpartisan nomination (under the current process) and designation of a candidate's political affiliation or independent status on the general election ballot. (3) Through nomination and election in a partisan process as other candidates for elected office are nominated and elected. Provides that a school board may adopt a resolution to initiate a change or the voters of the school corporation may initiate a change through petition. Provides that, in either case, the voters of the school corporation must approve any change by public question. Provides that the method of election of members of a school board may not be changed until after 10 years after the most recent change was made. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: January 1, 2024.

Prescott, Davis, Lucas, Morrison

January 17, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Aportionment. February 9, 2023, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 14, 2023, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Reprinted February 15, 2023

First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1428

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 2	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-44 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 44. (a) "School board" means
3	the fiscal governing body of a school corporation (as defined in
4	IC 20-18-2-5).
5	(b) The term includes an elected school advisory board.
6	SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-45 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 45. (a) "School board office"
8	refers to an elected position on the school board of a school
9	corporation.
10	(b) The term includes an elected school advisory board office.
11	SECTION 3. IC 3-8-1-34, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,
12	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 34. (a) A candidate for a school board office
14	must have resided in the school corporation for at least one (1) year
15	before the election.
16	(b) This subsection applies to a candidate for school board office
17	seeking to represent an election district that consists of less than the



1 entire school corporation. The candidate must have resided in the 2 election district for at least one (1) year before the election. 3 (c) A candidate for a school board office may not be an 4 employee or agent of that school corporation. 5 SECTION 4. IC 3-8-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 6 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2. A person An individual 7 who desires to be nominated at a primary election as a candidate of a 8 political party subject to this chapter for a federal, state, legislative, or 9 local, or school board office shall file a declaration of candidacy. SECTION 5. IC 3-8-2.5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011, 10 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 11 12 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. Except as provided in IC 3-8-2.7, this 13 chapter applies to a candidate for a school board office. 14 SECTION 6. IC 3-8-2.5-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 15 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2.7. (a) This section applies only if 17 IC 3-8-2.7-8 applies to the nomination and election of a school 18 corporation's school board members. 19 (b) In addition to the information required on a candidate's 20 petition of nomination under section 2.5 of this chapter, a 21 candidate's petition of nomination must state one (1) of the 22 following: 23 (1) The name of the major political party with which the 24 candidate is affiliated. 25 (2) The name of a political party other than a major political 26 party with which the candidate is affiliated. 27 (3) That the candidate is an independent candidate if the 28 candidate does not identify with a political party. 29 (c) Unless the candidate's political party affiliation is challenged 30 under section 7 of this chapter, the candidate's political party 31 affiliation stated on the petition shall be indicated on the general 32 election ballot in the manner determined by the county election 33 board. 34 (d) A candidate may not claim affiliation with a major political 35 party under subsection (b) unless the two (2) most recent primary 36 elections in which the candidate voted were primary elections in 37 Indiana held by the party with which the candidate claims 38 affiliation. The petition of nomination form must provide a place 39 for the candidate to affirm the candidate's primary election 40 participation, if the candidate claims affiliation with a major 41 political party. If the two (2) most recent primary elections in

42 which the candidate voted were not held by the political party with



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which the candidate claims affiliation, the county chairman of:

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(1) the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation; and

(2) the county in which the candidate resides;

must certify in writing that the candidate is a member of the political party for the candidate's claimed affiliation to be valid. The petition of nomination must inform candidates how political party affiliation is determined under this subsection. A certification required by a political party chairman under this subsection must be attached to the petition of nomination.

SECTION 7. IC 3-8-2.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.194-2013,
 SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7. (a) A person may not be selected as a
 candidate by petition of nomination without giving written consent and
 having it filed with the public official with whom certificates and
 petitions of nomination are required to be filed.

(b) Each candidate nominated by petition of nomination for a school
board office must satisfy all statutory eligibility requirements for the
office for which the candidate is nominated, including the filing of
statements of economic interest.

21 (c) A statement questioning the validity of a petition of nomination 22 or contesting the denial of certification under section 6 of this chapter 23 must be filed with the county election board in accordance with 24 IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the date of 25 the general election. A question regarding the validity of a petition of 26 nomination or the denial of certification shall be referred to and 27 determined by the county election board not later than noon fifty-four 28 (54) days before the date of the general election.

(d) A statement concerning the validity of a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for a school board office under section 4 of this chapter must be filed with the county election board in accordance with IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the date of the general election. A question regarding the validity of a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for a school board office shall be referred to and determined by the county election board not later than noon fifty-four (54) days before the date of the general election.

(e) If a candidate's petition states that the candidate is affiliated with a major political party, that statement may be challenged under this section. A challenge under this section succeeds only if the challenger shows both of the following:

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(1) The candidate did not vote in the two (2) most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the political party with



1	which the candidate claims affiliation.
2	(2) The county chairman of:
3	(A) the political party with which the candidate claims
4	affiliation; and
5	(B) the county in which the candidate resides;
6	did not certify that the candidate is a member of the political
7	party with which the candidate claims affiliation.
8	If the candidate produces a copy of the certification of the county
9	chairman of the political party with which the candidate claims
10	affiliation at the time the candidate filed the petition, the claim of
11	a challenger under this subsection is conclusively rebutted.
12	(f) Unless a challenger shows under subsection (e) that a
13	candidate is not affiliated with the major political party with which
14	the candidate claims affiliation, the candidate's claimed political
15	party affiliation shall be indicated on the ballot as required by
16	section 2.7 of this chapter.
17	(g) A candidate's claimed political party affiliation with a party
18	other than a major political party is not subject to challenge under
19	this section.
20	SECTION 8. IC 3-8-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
21	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JANUARY 1, 2024]:
23	Chapter 2.7. Changing the Nomination and Election Process of
24	School Board Candidates
25	Sec. 1. The procedure for nomination and election of the
26	members of a school board may be changed as provided in this
27	chapter.
28	Sec. 2. (a) A school board may adopt a resolution to propose
29	that the members of the school board are nominated and elected:
30	(1) at nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; or
31	(2) as described in either:
32	(A) section 8 of this chapter; or
33	(B) section 9 of this chapter.
34	(b) A resolution adopted under this section must:
35	(1) state the first year that members of the school board are
36	to be elected as provided in this chapter; and
37	(2) be adopted and certified to the circuit court clerk before
38	July 1 of the year that a general election will be held.
39	(c) If the school board adopts a resolution under this section, the
40	school board shall certify adoption of the resolution to the circuit
41	court clerk of the county in which the greatest percentage of
42	population of the school corporation resides as provided in



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1	subsection (b).
2	Sec. 3. (a) If the lesser of:
3	(1) five hundred (500) voters residing within the school
4	corporation; or
5	(2) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within
6	the school corporation;
7	sign a petition requesting that a public question be placed on the
8	ballot at a general election as provided in this section, the county
9	election board shall place the public question on the ballot as
10	provided in this section.
11	(b) A petition under this section must indicate whether the
12	members of the school board should be nominated and elected:
13	(1) at a nonpartisan election as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; or
14	(2) as described in either:
15	(A) section 8 of this chapter; or
16	(B) section 9 of this chapter.
17	(c) A petition satisfies the requirement of subsection (b) if the
18	petition states the form of the public question under any of the
19	following:
20	(1) Section 4 of this chapter for the election of members of the
21	school board at a nonpartisan election as provided in
22	IC 3-8-2.5.
23	(2) Section 5 of this chapter for election of members of the
24	school board as described in section 8 of this chapter.
25	(3) Section 6 of this chapter for election of members of the
26	school board as described in section 9 of this chapter.
27	(d) The following apply to the petition process under this
28	section:
29	(1) The following apply to an individual who circulates or
30	signs a petition under this section:
31 32	(A) The individual must be a registered voter who resides in the school corporation.
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33 34	(B) An individual who circulates a copy of the petition must be a signatory on one (1) copy of the petition.
35	(C) After the individual who circulates a copy of the
36	petition collects and files the signed petition copy, that
37	individual must swear or affirm before a notary public
38	that the individual witnessed each signature.
39	(2) Each copy of a petition that is circulated and filed at the
40	county voter registration office must be verified under oath at
41	the county voter registration office by at least one (1)
42	individual who has signed the copy.
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(3) Each copy of the petition must be filed with the county voter registration office not later than July 1 of the year that the public question requested in the petition is placed on the ballot.

5 (4) The county voter registration office shall determine 6 whether each individual who signed a copy of the petition is 7 a registered voter who resides within the school corporation. 8 However, after the county voter registration office has 9 determined that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) 10 individuals who signed the petition are registered voters 11 within the school corporation, the county voter registration 12 office is not required to verify whether the remaining 13 individuals who signed the petition are registered voters.

14 (5) The county voter registration office shall determine, not 15 later than July 15, whether a sufficient number of voters who 16 are residents of the school corporation have signed the 17 petition under this section. If the name of an individual who 18 signs a petition copy as a registered voter contains a minor 19 variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in 20 the records of the county voter registration office, the 21 signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption 22 that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this 23 section. In determining whether an individual is a registered 24 voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the 25 requirements and procedures used under this title to 26 determine whether an individual is a registered voter for 27 purposes of voting in an election. However, an individual is 28 not required to comply with the provisions concerning 29 providing proof of identification to be considered a registered 30 voter for purposes of this section.

31 (6) If the county voter registration office determines that the 32 petition is signed by a sufficient number of voters who reside 33 in the school corporation, the county voter registration office 34 shall certify the petition to the county election board not later 35 than August 1 before the next general election. 36

Sec. 4. (a) This section applies if:

(1) a school board certifies a resolution adopted by the school board to the circuit court clerk as provided in section 2 of this chapter; or

40 (2) a petition is certified under section 3 of this chapter; 41 proposing that members of the school board be nominated and 42 elected at nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5.



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1	(b) The county election board shall place the following public
2	question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts
3	within the school corporation:
4	"Shall candidates for election to the
5	(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be
6	nominated and elected at nonpartisan elections?".
7	Sec. 5. (a) This section applies if:
8	(1) a school board certifies a resolution adopted by the school
9	board to the circuit court clerk as provided in section 2 of this
10	chapter; or
11	(2) a petition is certified under section 3 of this chapter;
12	proposing that members of the school board be elected as provided
13	in section 8 of this chapter.
14	(b) The county election board shall place the following public
15	question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts
16	within the school corporation:
17	"Shall the names of the candidates for election to the
18	(insert the name of the school
19	corporation) school board be placed on the ballot to indicate
20	whether each candidate is affiliated with a political party or
21	is an independent candidate?".
22	Sec. 6. (a) This section applies if:
23	(1) a school board certifies a resolution adopted by the school
24	board to the circuit court clerk as provided in section 2 of this
25	chapter; or
26	(2) a petition is certified under section 3 of this chapter;
27	proposing that members of the school board be elected as provided
28	in section 9 of this chapter.
29	(b) The county election board shall place the following public
30	question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts
31	within the school corporation:
32	"Shall candidates for election to the
33	(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be
34	nominated in the same fashion as candidates for partisan
35	offices and shall the general election ballot for election of
36	members of the school board indicate the political party with
37	which each candidate is affiliated, if any?".
38	Sec. 7. (a) The circuit court clerk shall certify the results of the
39	vote on a public question under this chapter to the county election
40	board.
41	(b) If a majority of the voters voting on the public question vote
42	"yes", the school corporation's school board members shall be



1	nominated and elected, beginning with the next election of the
2	school corporation's school board members, as follows:
3	(1) At nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 if the
4	voters approve the public question under section 4 of this
5	chapter.
6	(2) As provided in section 8 of this chapter if the voters
7	approve the public question under section 5 of this chapter.
8	(3) As provided in section 9 of this chapter, if the voters
9	approve the public question under section 6 of this chapter.
10	Sec. 8. (a) This section applies if the voters approve the public
11	question under section 5 of this chapter.
12	(b) Candidates for election to the governing body shall be:
13	(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; and
14	(2) elected at the general election and designated on the
15	general election ballot as either being:
16	(A) affiliated with a political party; or
17	(B) an independent candidate.
18	Sec. 9. (a) This section applies if the voters approve the public
19	question under section 6 of this chapter.
20	(b) IC 3-8-2.5 does not apply to the nomination or election of
21	members of the school corporation's school board.
22	(c) Candidates for election to the school board shall be:
23	(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever
24	is applicable to each candidate; and
25	(2) placed on the ballot so that the political affiliation of each
26	candidate is indicated in the same manner as candidates for
27	partisan local offices are indicated.
28	Sec. 10. A public question under this chapter may not be placed
29	on the ballot before ten (10) years after a previous public question
30	under this chapter has been submitted to the voters.
31	SECTION 9. IC 3-8-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013,
32	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to a candidate for
34	nomination to an elected office who:
35	(1) is an independent candidate; or
36	(2) represents a political party not qualified to nominate
37	candidates in a primary or by convention.
38	(b) This chapter:
39	(1) applies to a candidate for a school board office of a school
40	corporation if IC 3-8-2.7-8 or IC 3-8-2.7-9 applies to the
41	nomination and election of the candidates for the school
42	corporation's school board offices; and



1	(2) does not apply to a candidate for a school board office of a
2	school corporation if IC 3-8-2.7-8 and IC 3-8-2.7-9 do not
3	apply to the nomination of the candidates for the school
4	corporation's school board offices.
5	SECTION 10. IC 3-8-7-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2015,
6	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 28. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b)
8	and (c), if a nominee certified under this chapter, IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-6, or
9	IC 3-10-1 desires to withdraw as the nominee, the nominee must file a
10	notice of withdrawal in writing with the public official with whom the
11	certificate of nomination was filed by noon of the following dates:
12	(1) July 15 before a general or municipal election.
13	(2) August 1 before a municipal election in a town subject to
14	IC 3-8-5-10.
15	(3) On the date specified for town convention nominees under
16	IC 3-8-5-14.5.
17	(4) On the date specified for declared write-in candidates under
18	IC 3-8-2-2.7.
19	(5) On the date specified for a school board candidate under
20	IC 3-8-2.5-4, even if IC 3-8-2.7-8 or IC 3-8-2.7-9 applies to a
21	school corporation's candidates for election to its school
22	board. or
23	(6) Forty-five (45) days before a special election.
24	(b) A candidate who is disqualified from being a candidate under
25	IC 3-8-1-5 must file a notice of withdrawal immediately upon
26	becoming disqualified. IC 3-8-8-7 and the filing requirements of
27	subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of withdrawal filed under this
28	subsection.
29	(c) A candidate who has moved from the election district the
30	candidate sought to represent must file a notice of withdrawal
31	immediately after changing the candidate's residence. IC 3-8-8-7 and
32	the filing requirements of subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of
33	withdrawal filed under this subsection.
34	SECTION 11. IC 3-8-9-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
35	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. An individual required to file a statement
37	under section 4 of this chapter shall file the statement as follows:
38	(1) With the individual's: (A) dealeration of condident under IC 3 8 2 or IC 3 8 5:
39 40	(A) declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-5; (B) patition of nomination under IC 2-8-25 or IC 3-8 6 for an
40 41	(B) petition of nomination under $\frac{1}{1000}$ -8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6 for an office described in IC 3.8.2.5 in a county with a separate
41	office described in IC 3-8-2-5 in a county with a separate
42	board of registration under IC 3-7-12 after certification by the



1	board of registration;
2	(C) petition of nomination under IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-6 for an
3	office described in IC 3-8-2-5 in a county that does not have a
4	separate board of registration under IC 3-7-12;
5	(D) petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6 for an office
6	described in IC 3-8-2-5 after certification by the county voter
7	registration office;
8	(E) certificate of nomination under IC 3-10-2-15 or
9	IC 3-10-6-12;
10	(F) statement consenting to be a replacement candidate under
11	IC 3-8-6-17;
12	(G) declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under
13	IC 3-8-2-2.5; or
14	(H) certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or
15	IC 3-13-2.
16	(2) When the individual assumes a vacant elected office under
17	IC 3-13-7, IC 3-13-8, IC 3-13-9, IC 3-13-10, IC 3-13-10.5-3, or
18	IC 3-13-11. or IC 20-23-4-30. A statement filed under this
19	subdivision must be filed not later than noon sixty (60) days after
20	the individual assumes the elected office.
21	SECTION 12. IC 3-10-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) At a
23	primary election each political party subject to section 2 of this chapter
24	shall nominate its candidates for the following offices to be voted for
25	at the general election:
26	(1) United States Senator.
27	(2) Governor.
28	(3) United States Representative.
29	(4) Legislative offices.
30	(5) Local offices.
31	(6) School board offices, if the school board offices are subject
32	to IC 3-8-2.7-9.
33	(b) In addition, each political party subject to section 2 of this
34	chapter shall:
35	(1) vote on candidates for nomination as President of the United
36	States;
37	(2) elect delegates from each county to the party's state
38	convention; and
39	(3) elect a precinct committeeman for each precinct in the county
40	if precinct committeemen are to be elected under section 4.5 of
41	this chapter.
42	SECTION 13. IC 3-10-1-18, AS AMENDED BY THE



TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2023 GENERAL
 ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b),
 the names of all candidates for each office who have qualified under
 IC 3-8 shall be arranged in alphabetical order by surnames under the
 designation of the office.

7 (b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more 8 than four hundred thousand (400,000) but and less than seven hundred 9 thousand (700,000). The names of all candidates for each office who have qualified under IC 3-8, except for a school board office subject 10 11 to IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7-9, precinct committeeman or state 12 convention delegate, shall be arranged in random order by surnames under the designation of the office. The random order shall be 13 determined using a lottery. The lottery held in accordance with this 14 subsection shall be conducted in public by the county election board. 15 The lottery shall be held not later than fifteen (15) days following the 16 last day for a declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2-4. All candidates 17 18 whose names are to be arranged by way of the lottery shall be notified 19 at least five (5) days prior to the lottery of the time and place at which 20 the lottery is to be held. Each candidate may have one (1) designated 21 watcher, and each county political party may have one (1) designated 22 watcher who shall be allowed to observe the lottery procedure.

23 (c) For paper ballots, the left margin of the ballot for each political 24 party must show the name of the uppermost candidate printed to the 25 right of the number 1, the next candidate number 2, the next candidate 26 number 3, and so on, consecutively to the end of the ballot as 27 prescribed in section 19 of this chapter. If ordered by a county election 28 board or a board of elections and registration under IC 3-11-15-13.1(b), 29 a ballot number or other candidate designation uniquely associated 30 with the candidate must be displayed on the electronic voting system 31 and printed on the ballot cards. 32

(d) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but and less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). If there is insufficient room on a row to list each candidate of a political party, a second or subsequent row may be utilized. However, a second or subsequent row may not be utilized unless the first row, and all preceding rows, have been filled.

SECTION 14. IC 3-10-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for a primary election shall be printed in substantially the form described in this section for all the offices for which candidates have qualified under IC 3-8.

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1	(b) The following shall be printed as the heading for the ballot for
2 3	a political party:
3	"OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT
4 5	Party (insert the name of the political party)".
	(c) The following shall be printed immediately below the heading
6	required by subsection (b) or be posted in each voting booth as
7	provided in IC 3-11-2-8(b):
8	(1) For paper ballots, print: To vote for a person, make a voting
9	mark (X or \checkmark) on or in the box before the person's name in the
10	proper column.
11	(2) For optical scan ballots, print: To vote for a person, darken or
12	shade in the circle, oval, or square (or draw a line to connect the
13	arrow) that precedes the person's name in the proper column.
14	(3) For optical scan ballots that do not contain a candidate's name,
15	print: To vote for a person, darken or shade in the oval that
16	precedes the number assigned to the person's name in the proper
17	column.
18	(4) For electronic voting systems, print: To vote for a person,
19	touch the screen (or press the button) in the location indicated.
20	(d) Local public questions shall be placed on the primary election
21	ballot after the heading and the voting instructions described in
22	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and before
23	the offices described in subsection (g).
24	(e) The local public questions described in subsection (d) shall be
25	placed as follows:
26	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
27	(2) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
28	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
29	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
30	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
31	(3) As provided by either of the following if voting is by an
32	electronic voting system:
33	(A) On a separate screen for a public question.
34	(B) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
35	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
36	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
30 37	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5.
38	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot
38 39	in the following form:
40	(The explanatory text for the public question,
40 41	if required by law.)
42	"Shall (insert public question)?"
74	Shan (insert public question):



1	[] YES
2	[] NO
3	(g) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on
4	the primary election ballot in the following order:
5	(1) Federal and state offices:
6	(A) President of the United States.
7	(B) United States Senator.
8	(C) Governor.
9	(D) United States Representative.
10	(2) Legislative offices:
11	(A) State senator.
12	(B) State representative.
13	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
14	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
15	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
16	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
17	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
18	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
19	one (1) judge of the superior court.
20	(C) Judge of the probate court.
21	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
22	(E) Circuit court clerk.
23	(4) County offices:
24	(A) County auditor.
25	(B) County recorder.
26	(C) County treasurer.
27	(D) County sheriff.
28	(E) County coroner.
29	(F) County surveyor.
30	(G) County assessor.
31	(H) County commissioner.
32	(I) County council member.
33	(5) Township offices:
34	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
35	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
36	(B) Township trustee.
37	(C) Township board member.
38	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
39	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
40	(6) City offices:
41	(A) Mayor.
42	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.



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1	(C) Judge of the city court.
2	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
3	(7) Town offices:
4	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
5	(B) Judge of the town court.
6	(C) Town council member.
7	(8) School board offices, if the school board offices are subject
8	to IC 3-8-2.7-9.
9	(h) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be
10	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the
11	offices described in subsection (g):
12	(1) Precinct committeeman.
13	(2) State convention delegate.
14	(i) The local offices to be elected at the primary election shall be
15	placed on the primary election ballot after the offices described in
16	subsection (h).
17	(j) The offices described in subsection (i) shall be placed as follows:
18	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
19	(2) After the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
20	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
21	(3) Either:
22	(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question; or
23	(B) after the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
24	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
25	if voting is by an electronic voting system.
26	SECTION 15. IC 3-10-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
27	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. A special election shall be held in the
29 20	following cases:
30	(1) Whenever two (2) or more candidates for a federal, state,
31 32	legislative, or circuit or school board office receive the highest
33	greatest and an equal number of votes for the office, except as
33 34	provided in Article 5, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. or in IC 20.
35	(2) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
35 36	Senator, as provided in IC 3-13-3-1.
37	(3) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
38	Representative unless the vacancy occurs less than seventy-four
38 39	(74) days before a general election.
40	(4) Whenever a vacancy occurs in any local office the filling of
40 41	(4) whenever a vacancy occurs in any local office the fining of which is not otherwise provided by law.
42	(5) Whenever required by law for a public question.
74	(3) whenever required by law for a public question.



1 (6) Whenever ordered by a court under IC 3-12-8-17 or the state 2 recount commission under IC 3-12-11-18. 3 (7) Whenever required under IC 3-13-5 to fill a vacancy in a 4 legislative office unless the vacancy occurs less than seventy-four 5 (74) days before a general election. 6 SECTION 16. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2021, 7 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 8 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 10. (a) Public guestions shall be placed on 9 the general election ballot in the following order after the statement 10 described in section 7 of this chapter, and the instructions described in subsections (d) and (e) and section 8 of this chapter, if instructions are 11 12 printed on the ballot: 13 (1) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment. 14 (2) Local public questions. 15 Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, each public question shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot. 16 17 (b) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket 18 described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed on the general election ballot after the public questions described in subsection (a). 19 20 The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed 21 immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. 22 Notwithstanding section 8(b) of this chapter, the instructions for voting 23 a straight party ticket shall be placed to the right of the device on the 24 ballot. 25 (c) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform as nearly as possible to the following: 26 27 "(1) You are not required to vote a straight party ticket. If you do 28 not wish to vote a straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this 29 section, and proceed to voting the ballot by office. 30 (2) To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all 31 (insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, except for 32 candidates described in (3) below, make a voting mark on or in 33 this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot. 34 (3) To vote for any candidate for an at-large office (insert county 35 council, city common council, town council, or township board if those offices appear on this ballot) to which more than one (1) 36 37 person may be elected, you must make another voting mark for 38 each candidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party vote will 39 not count as a vote for any candidate for that office. 40 (4) If you wish to vote for a candidate for a school board 41 office, you must make a voting mark on the appropriate place 42 on this ballot for each candidate for whom you wish to vote.



Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.

(4) (5) If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.".

(d) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, if the 6 ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 6 of this 7 8 chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot 9 must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A 10 vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the 11 candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant 12 governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be 13 counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the 14 ballot.".

(e) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, the ballot
must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A
write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED
write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a
voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written
in or your vote will not be counted.".

(f) Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, the list of candidates of
the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions
for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be
placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the
name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left,
a square three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side.

(g) The circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.

SECTION 17. IC 3-11-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 12. The following offices shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the public questions described in section 10(a) of this chapter:

- (1) Federal and state offices:
 - (A) President and Vice President of the United States.
- (B) United States Senator.
- 38 (C) Governor and lieutenant governor.
- 39 (D) Secretary of state.
- 40 (E) Auditor of state.
- 41 (F) Treasurer of state.
- 42 (G) Attorney general.

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1	(H) United States Representative.
2	(2) Legislative offices:
3	(A) State senator.
4	(B) State representative.
5	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
6	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
7	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
8	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
9	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
10	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
11	one (1) judge of the superior court.
12	(C) Judge of the probate court.
13	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
14	(E) Clerk of the circuit court.
15	(4) County offices:
16	(A) County auditor.
17	(B) County recorder.
18	(C) County treasurer.
19	(D) County sheriff.
20	(E) County coroner.
21	(F) County surveyor.
22	(G) County assessor.
23	(H) County commissioner.
24	(I) County council member.
25	(5) Township offices:
26	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
27	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
28	(B) Township trustee.
29	(C) Township board member.
30	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
31	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
32	(6) City offices:
33	(A) Mayor.
34	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
35	(C) Judge of the city court.
36	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
37	(7) Town offices:
38	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
39	(B) Judge of the town court.
40	(C) Town council member.
41	(8) School board offices.
42	SECTION 18. IC 3-11-2-12.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2021,
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SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more

JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 12.4. (a) This section applies whenever more than one (1) candidate may be elected to an office.

(b) The office shall be placed on the general election ballot after the offices described in section 12 of this chapter. and before the offices described in section 12.9 of this chapter.

(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a county council, city
common council, or town council that includes both an at-large
member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking
election as an at-large member shall be placed on the ballot before
candidates seeking to represent a district.

(d) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as
follows above the name of the first candidate: "To vote for any
candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each
candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as
a vote for any candidate for this office.".

SECTION 19. IC 3-11-2-12.9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2024]. Sec. 12.9. (a) School board offices to be elected
at the general election shall be placed on the general election ballot
after the offices described in section 12.4 of this chapter with each
candidate for the office designated as "nonpartisan".

(b) If the ballot contains a candidate for a school board office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name.".

(c) Whenever candidates are to be elected to a school board office that includes both an at-large member and a member representing a district, the candidates seeking election as an at-large member shall be placed on the ballot before candidates seeking to represent a district.

SECTION 20. IC 3-11-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 13. (a) The following offices shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the offices described in section 12.9 12.4 of this chapter:

- (1) Retention of a justice of the supreme court.
- (2) Retention of a judge of the court of appeals.

(3) Retention of the judge of the tax court.

(b) Whenever more than one (1) justice of the supreme court is subject to retention, the name of each justice must appear on the ballot in alphabetical order. However, if the justice serving as chief justice is subject to retention, the chief justice's name must appear first.

(c) Whenever more than one (1) judge of the court of appeals is



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1	subject to retention, the name of each judge must appear on the ballot
2	in alphabetical order. However, if the judge serving as chief judge is
3	subject to retention, the chief judge's name must appear first.
4	(d) These offices shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.
5	SECTION 21. IC 3-11-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
6	SECTION 65, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
8	a ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:
9	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all of
10	the candidates of one (1) political party by a single voting mark
11	on each ballot card;
12	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or
13	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board
14	candidates nominated by petition;
15	(3) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties
16	and for independent candidates; or
17	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
18	individual votes for candidates of another political party or
19	independent candidate.
20	(b) A ballot card voting system must require that a voter who wishes
21	to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to
22	which more than one person may be elected, on a:
23	(1) county council;
24	(2) city common council;
25	(3) town council; or
26	(4) township board; or
27	(5) school board;
28	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter
29	wishes to cast a vote. The ballot card voting system may not count any
30	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an
31	office described by this subsection.
32	(c) A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote:
33	(1) for all candidates for presidential electors and alternate
34	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket
35	by making a single voting mark; and
36	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote.
37	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-7.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
38	SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
40	an electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:
41	(1) except at a primary election, a straight party ticket for all the
42	candidates of one (1) political party by touching the device of that



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1	party;
	(2) for one (1) or more candidates of each political party or
$\frac{2}{3}$	independent candidates, or for one (1) or more school board
4	candidates nominated by petition;
2 3 4 5	(3) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties
6	and for independent candidates; or
7	(4) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
8	individual votes for candidates of another political party or
9	independent candidates.
10	(b) An electronic voting system must require that a voter who
11	wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district
12	to which more than one person may be elected, on a:
13	(1) county council;
14	(2) city common council;
15	(3) town council; or
16	(4) township board; or
17	(5) school board;
18	make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter
19	wishes to cast a vote. The electronic voting system may not count any
20	straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an
21	office described by this subsection.
22	(c) An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote:
23	(1) for as many candidates for an office as the voter may vote for,
24	but no more;
25	(2) for or against a public question on which the voter may vote,
26	but no other; and
27	(3) for all the candidates for presidential electors and alternate
28	presidential electors of a political party or an independent ticket
29	by making a single voting mark.
30	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021,
31	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether
33	placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order
34	of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.
35	(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all
36	candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public
37	questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The
38	county may:
39	(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
40	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
41	version of a ballot is used within a precinct.
42	(c) Each type of hallot card must be of uniform size and of the same

42 (c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same



1 quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17). 2 (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate 3 or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by 4 petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set 5 forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device 6 may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. 7 IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a 8 name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more 9 parties or petitioners. 10 (e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, 11 12 IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), 13 IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), 14 IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). The offices and 15 public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages. 16 17 (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold 18 type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 19 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 20 first candidate: (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be 21 22 elected to the office. 23 (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be 24 elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for 25 this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for 26 27 any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to 28 be elected to the office. 29 (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by 30 subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be 31 grouped together in the following order: 32 (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest 33 number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last 34 election is listed first. 35 (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second 36 highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is 37 listed second. 38 (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' 39 candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are 40 listed after the party listed in subdivision (2). 41 (4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of 42 state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate



1	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or
2	candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1),
3	(2), and (3).
4	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
5	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
6	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
7	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
8	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
9	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.
10	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
11	ballot.
12	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
13	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
14	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
15	political party, or the word "Independent" if the:
16	(1) candidate; or
17	(2) ticket of candidates for:
18	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
19	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
20	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
21	of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.
22	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
23	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
24	must be grouped together:
25	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
26	(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
27	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
28	surname.
29	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
30	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
31	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
32	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
33	(i) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
34	of a school corporation must be grouped:
35	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
36	and
37	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
38	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
39	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
40	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
40 41	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
42	(k) (j) The following information must be placed at the top of the
74	(x) (y) The following information must be placed at the top of the

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1 ballot before the first public question is listed: 2 (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7. 3 (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), 4 and IC 3-11-2-10(e). 5 (1) (k) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, 6 oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an 7 independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable 8 9 arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a 10 straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by: (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket 11 12 (described in IC 3-11-2-6); and 13 (2) immediately below or beside the political party's or 14 independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket 15 (described in IC 3-11-2-5). 16 The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must 17 be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions 18 19 described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the 20 statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 21 must be placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight 22 party ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a 23 straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section and proceed to 24 voting the ballot by office.". 25 (m) (I) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable 26 27 arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as 28 expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board 29 may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public 30 question other than the language authorized by a statute. 31 (n) (m) The requirements in this section: 32 (1) do not replace; and 33 (2) are in addition to; any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots. 34 (o) (n) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when 35 36 a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or 37 contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or 38 mistakes by voters. 39 (p) (o) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not 40 list: 41 (1) the names of political parties or candidates; or 42

(2) the text of public questions;



1 on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance 2 with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle 3 or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question. 4 SECTION 24. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021, 5 SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall 7 have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party 8 offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an 9 electronic voting system as provided in this chapter. 10 (b) The county may: (1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label; 11 12 and 13 (2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper 14 version of a ballot label is used within a precinct. 15 (c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same 16 quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17). (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate 17 18 or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by 19 petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device 20 set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the 21 device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the 22 device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not 23 include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) 24 or more parties or petitioners. 25 (e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the 26 general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, 27 IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), 28 IC 3-11-2-12.9(c), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), 29 IC 3-11-2-14(a), IC 3-11-2-14(d), and IC 3-11-2-14(e). Each office and 30 public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public 31 questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or 32 horizontally. 33 (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold 34 type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed 35 immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the 36 first candidate: 37 (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be 38 elected to the office. 39 (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be 40 elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for 41 this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you 42 wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for

1	any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to
2	be elected to the office.
3	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
4	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be
5	grouped together in the following order:
6	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest
7	number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last
8	election is listed first.
9	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
10	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is
11	listed second.
12	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'
13	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are
14	listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
15	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
16	state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate
17	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or
18	candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1),
19	(2), and (3).
20	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
21	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
22	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
23	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
24	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
25	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for
26	write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no
27	declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures
28	must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for
29	federal offices.
30	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
31	ballot.
32	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
33	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
34	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
35	political party, or the word "Independent", if the:
36	(1) candidate; or
37	(2) ticket of candidates for:
38	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
39	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
40	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
41	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
42	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to



1	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
2	must be grouped together:
3	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
4	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
5	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
6	surname.
7	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
8	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
9	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
10	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
11	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
12	of a school corporation must be grouped:
13	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
14	and
15	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
16	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
17	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
18	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
19	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
20	(k) (j) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be
21	placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public
22	question is listed.
23	(1) (k) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d),
24	and IC 3-11-2-10(e) may be:
25	(1) placed on the ballot label; or
26	(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the
27	voter to easily read the instructions.
28	(m) (l) Except as provided in section 14.5 of this chapter, the ballot
29	label must include a touch sensitive point or button for voting a straight
30	political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one
31	(1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be identified by:
32	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and
33	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or
34	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket
35	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).
36	The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size
37	and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for
38	listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in
39	IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement
40	concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be
41	placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight party
42	ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a straight

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party ticket, press "NEXT" (or replace "NEXT" with the term used by 1 2 that voting system to permit a voter to skip a ballot screen) to continue 3 voting.". 4 (m) (m) A public question must be in the form described in 5 IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive 6 point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly 7 authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print 8 a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question 9 other than the language authorized by a statute. (o) (n) The requirements in this section: 10 (1) do not replace; and 11 12 (2) are in addition to; 13 any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic 14 voting systems. 15 (p) (o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when 16 a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this 17 title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion 18 or mistakes by voters. 19 SECTION 25. IC 3-11-14-12 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE 20 JANUARY 1, 2024]. Sec. 12. In school district elections, the county 21 election board shall arrange the names of candidates in alphabetical 22 order on an electronic voting system as required by section 3.5 of this 23 chapter. 24 SECTION 26. IC 3-12-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 25 SECTION 137, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 26 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not 27 apply to a ballot card voting system or an electronic voting system. 28 Except as provided in subsection (d), a voting mark made by a voter on 29 or in a voting square at the left of a candidate's name or political party's 30 name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the 31 political party. 32 (b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting 33 mark made by a voter: 34 (1) on or in a circle, oval, or square; or 35 (2) to connect a connectable arrow; 36 immediately below or beside a candidate's name or political party's 37 name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the 38 political party, except as provided in subsection (d). 39 (c) This subsection applies to a direct record electronic voting 40 system. A voting mark made by a voter touching a touch sensitive point 41 or button below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name 42 shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the



1 political party, except as provided in subsection (d). 2 (d) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election 3 to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected 4 on a: 5 (1) county council; 6 (2) city common council; 7 (3) town council; or 8 (4) township board; 9 must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the 10 voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting system, or electronic voting system shall not 11 12 be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any 13 candidate for an office described by this subsection. 14 (e) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for 15 election to a school board office must make a voting mark for each 16 individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting 17 18 system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a 19 straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an 20 office described by this subsection. 21 SECTION 27. IC 3-12-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 138, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 22 23 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in 24 subsection subsections (b) and (c), a voting mark made by a voter on 25 or in a circle containing a political party device shall be counted as a 26 vote for each candidate of that political party on that ballot. 27 (b) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election 28 to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected 29 on a: 30 (1) county council; 31 (2) city common council; 32 (3) town council; or 33 (4) township board; 34 must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the 35 voter wishes to cast a vote. A voting mark on or in a circle containing 36 a political party device shall not be counted as a straight party ticket 37 voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection. 38 39 (c) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for 40 election to a school board office must make a voting mark for each 41 individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A 42 straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting

1 system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a 2 straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an 3 office described by this subsection. 4 SECTION 28. IC 3-12-9-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005, 5 SECTION 60, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. Whenever a circuit court clerk receives 7 certification that a tie vote at an election for a local office or a school 8 board office occurred, the clerk shall immediately send a written notice 9 of the tie vote to the following: 10 (1) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a local office, the 11 fiscal body of the affected political subdivision. or 12 (2) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a circuit office in a 13 circuit that includes more than one (1) county, to the fiscal body 14 of each county of the circuit. 15 (3) If the tie vote occurred in an election for a school board 16 office, the school board of the affected school corporation. 17 SECTION 29. IC 3-12-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2017, 18 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 19 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply if a tie 20 vote occurred in an election for a school board office. 21 (a) (b) The fiscal body of a political subdivision that receives notice 22 under section 3 of this chapter shall resolve the tie vote by electing a 23 person to fill the office not later than December 31 following the 24 election at which the tie vote occurred. The fiscal body shall select one 25 (1) of the candidates who was involved in the tie vote to fill the office. 26 (b) (c) If a tie vote has occurred in an election for a circuit office in 27 a circuit that contains more than one (1) county, the fiscal bodies of the 28 counties shall meet in joint session at the county seat of the county that 29 contains the greatest percentage of population of the circuit to select 30 one (1) of the candidates who was involved in the tie vote in order to 31 fill the office in accordance with this section. 32 (c) (d) If a tie vote has occurred for the election of more than one (1) 33 at-large seat on a legislative or fiscal body, the fiscal body shall select 34 the number of individuals necessary to fill each of the at-large seats for 35 which the tie vote occurred. However, a member of a fiscal body who 36 runs for reelection and is involved in a tie vote may not cast a vote 37 under this section. 38 (d) (e) The executive of the political subdivision (other than a town 39 or a school corporation) may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote

or a school corporation) may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote in a fiscal body acting under this section. The clerk-treasurer of the town may cast the deciding vote to break a tie vote in a town fiscal body acting under this section. A tie vote in the fiscal body of a school

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1	corporation under this section shall be broken under IC 20-23.
2	SECTION 30. IC 3-12-9-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. Whenever a tie
4	vote at an election for:
5	(1) a state office; or
6	(2) a local office; or
7	(3) a school board office;
8	occurs, the incumbent public official remains in office in accordance
9	with Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana
10	until a successor is elected under this chapter and qualified.
11	SECTION 31. IC 3-13-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JANUARY 1, 2024]:
14	Chapter 10.5. School Corporation Governing Body; Resolving
15	Tie Votes; Filling Vacancies
16	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "governing body" refers to either
17	of the following:
18	(1) The governing body of a school corporation.
19	(2) The school advisory body of a school corporation.
20	Sec. 2. (a) This section applies if the governing body receives
21	notice under IC 3-12-9-3 that a tie vote has occurred in the election
22	of a member of the governing body.
23	(b) If a tie vote occurs at an election for a member of the
24	governing body and one (1) of the candidates involved in the tie
25	vote is an incumbent member of the governing body, the incumbent
26	member remains in office in accordance with Article 15, Section 3
27	of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a successor is
28	elected and qualified as provided in this section.
29	(c) The members of the governing body shall resolve the tie vote
30	by electing one (1) individual from among the candidates who was
31	involved in the tie vote to fill the office.
32	(d) If a tie vote has occurred for the election of more than one
33	(1) at-large seat on the governing body, the governing body shall
34	select the number of individuals necessary to fill each of the
35	at-large seats for which the tie vote occurred from among the
36	candidates who were involved in the tie vote.
37	(e) If a member of the governing body is one (1) of the
38	candidates involved in the tie vote, that member may not cast a
39	vote under this section.
40	(f) The governing body shall act under this section not later than
41	December 31 following the election at which the tie vote occurred.
42	Sec. 3. (a) A vacancy on the governing body in an office that was

last held by an individual elected or selected as a candidate of a
 major political party of Indiana shall be filled by a caucus under
 IC 3-13-11. For purposes of IC 3-13-11, an individual elected as
 provided under IC 3-8-2.7-8 who is designated as being affiliated
 with a major political party is considered to have been elected or
 selected as a candidate of that major political party.

(b) A vacancy on the governing body in an office that was last held by an individual elected as a candidate other than as a candidate of a major political party of Indiana shall be filled as provided in IC 20-26-4.

SECTION 32. IC 20-23-4-29.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011,
 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 29.1. (a) This section applies to each school
 corporation.

15 (b) If a plan provides for election of members of the governing 16 body, the members of the governing body shall be elected at a general 17 election. Each candidate must file a petition of nomination in 18 accordance with IC 3-8-2.5 that is signed by the candidate and by ten 19 (10) registered voters residing within the boundaries of the community 20 school corporation. The filing must be made within the time specified 21 by IC 3-8-2.5-4. The following apply to the election of members of 22 the governing body:

(1) The plan determines whether members are elected:

(A) by all the voters of the school corporation;

25(B) by all the voters of the school corporation from26residence districts; or

27 (C) solely by the voters of each election district established
28 under the plan.
29 (2) IC 3 governs the nomination and election of members of

(2) IC 3 governs the nomination and election of members of the governing body. A candidate must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.

(c) All nominations shall be listed for each office in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, but without party designation. Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same manner as voting and tabulation in general elections are conducted. The precinct election boards serving in each county shall conduct the election for members of the governing body. If a school corporation is located in more than one (1) county, each county election board shall print the ballots required for voters in that county to vote for candidates for members of the governing body.

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(d) If the plan provides that the members of the governing body



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shall be elected by all the voters of the community school corporation, candidates shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, without party designation. The candidates who receive the most votes are elected.

5 (e) If the plan provides that members of the governing body are to 6 be elected from residence districts by all voters in the community 7 school corporation, nominces for the governing body shall be placed on 8 the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, by residence districts 9 without party designation. The ballot must state the number of 10 members to be voted on and the maximum number of members that may be elected from each residence district as provided in the plan. A 11 12 ballot is not valid if more than the maximum number of members are 13 voted on from a board member residence district. The candidates who receive the most votes are elected. However, if more than the 14 15 maximum number that may be elected from a residence district are 16 among those receiving the most votes, the candidates from the 17 residence districts exceeding the maximum number who receive the 18 fewest votes shall be eliminated in determining the candidates who are 19 elected.

(f) If the plan provides that members of the governing body are to
be elected from electoral districts solely by the voters of each district,
nominees residing in each electoral district shall be placed on the ballot
in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, without party designation. The
ballot must state the number of members to be voted on from the
electoral district. The candidates residing in the electoral district who
receive the most votes are elected.

27 SECTION 33. IC 20-23-4-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021,
28 SECTION 102, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 30. (a) This section applies to
30 each school corporation.

(b) If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates, the tie vote shall be resolved under IC 3-12-9-4. as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2.

(c) If after the first governing body takes office, fewer candidates have been elected to the school board than there were members to be elected, the governing body shall determine not later than noon December 31 following the election which incumbent member or members continue to hold office under Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a successor is elected and qualified. However,

40 (d) If there is a vacancy on the governing body, whether the
41 vacating member was elected or appointed, the remaining members of
42 the governing body, whether or not a majority of the governing body,

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1 shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by appointing a person from 2 within the boundaries of the community school corporation to serve for 3 the term or balance of the term. An individual appointed under this 4 subsection must possess the qualifications provided for a regularly 5 elected or appointed governing body member filling the office. If: 6 (1) a tie vote occurs among the members of the governing body 7 under this subsection or IC 3-12-9-4; or 8 (2) the governing body fails to act within thirty (30) days after any 9 vacancy occurs; 10 the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of registered voters of the school corporation reside shall make the 11 12 appointment. the vacancy shall be filled as provided in 13 IC 3-13-10.5-3. 14 (d) (e) A vacancy in the governing body occurs if a member ceases 15 to be a resident of any the community school corporation. A vacancy 16 does not occur when the member moves from a district of the school 17 corporation from which the member was elected or appointed if the 18 member continues to be a resident of the school corporation. 19 (e) (f) At the first general election in which members of the 20 governing body are elected: 21 (1) a simple majority of the candidates elected as members of the 22 governing body who receive the greatest number of votes shall be 23 elected for four (4) year terms; and 24 (2) the balance of the candidates elected as members of the 25 governing body receiving the next greatest number of votes shall 26 be elected for two (2) year terms. 27 Thereafter, all school board members shall be elected for four (4) year 28 terms. 29 (f) (g) Elected governing body members take office and assume 30 their duties on the date set in the school corporation's organization plan. 31 The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the 32 governing body to take office may not be more than fourteen (14) 33 months after the date of the member's election. If the school 34 corporation's organization plan does not set a date for an elected 35 member of the governing body to take office, the member takes office 36 January 1 immediately after the member's election. SECTION 34. IC 20-23-4-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2022, 37 38 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 39 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 35. (a) The governing body of a school 40 corporation may be organized under this section. 41 (b) The governing body consists of seven (7) members, elected as 42 follows:



1	(1) Four (4) members elected from districts, with one (1) member
2 3	serving from each election district. A member elected under this
	subdivision must be:
4	(A) a resident of the election district from which the member
5	is elected; and
6	(B) voted upon by only the registered voters residing within
7	the election district and voting at a governing body election.
8	(2) Three (3) members, who are voted upon by all the registered
9	voters residing within the school corporation and voting at a
10	governing body election, elected under this subdivision. The
11	governing body shall establish three (3) residential districts as
12	follows:
13	(A) One (1) residential district must be the township that has
14	the greatest population within the school corporation.
15	(B) Two (2) residential districts must divide the remaining
16	area within the school corporation.
17	Only one (1) member who resides within a particular residential
18	district established under this subdivision may serve on the
19	governing body at a time.
20	(c) A member of the governing body who is:
21	(1) elected from an election or a residential district; or
22	(2) appointed to fill a vacancy from an election or a residential
23	district;
24	must reside within the boundaries of the district the member represents.
25	(d) A vacancy on the governing body shall be filled by the
26	governing body as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. A
27	member chosen by the governing body to fill a vacancy holds office for
28	the remainder of the unexpired term. as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3.
29	(e) The members of the governing body serving at the time a plan
30	is amended under this section shall establish the election and
31	residential districts described in subsection (b).
32	(f) The election districts described in subsection (b)(1):
33	(1) shall be drawn on the basis of precinct lines;
34	(2) may not cross precinct lines; and
35	(3) as nearly as practicable, be of equal population, with the
36	population of the largest exceeding the population of the smallest
37	by not more than fifteen percent (15%).
38	(g) The residential districts described in subsection (b)(2) may:
39	(1) be drawn in any manner considered appropriate by the
40	governing body; and
41	(2) be drawn along township lines.
42	(h) The governing body shall certify the districts that are established



1 under subsections (f) and (g), amended under subsection (e), or 2 recertified under section 35.5 of this chapter to: 3 (1) the state board; and 4 (2) the circuit court clerk of each county in which the school 5 corporation is located as provided in section 35.5 of this chapter. 6 (i) The governing body shall designate: 7 (1) three (3) of the districts established under this section to be 8 elected at the first school board election that occurs after the 9 effective date of the plan; and 10 (2) the remaining four (4) districts to be elected at the second school board election that occurs after the effective date of the 11 12 plan. 13 (j) The limitations set forth in this section are part of the plan, but 14 do not have to be specifically set forth in the plan. The plan must be 15 construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the 16 plan or an application of the plan violates this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other provisions or applications of the plan that can 17 18 be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The 19 provisions of the plan are severable. 20 (k) IC 3-5-10 applies to a plan established under this section. 21 SECTION 35. IC 20-23-4-44, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022, 22 SECTION 120, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 23 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 44. (a) This section applies 24 only to a school corporation with territory in a county having a 25 population of more than one hundred eighty-five thousand (185,000) 26 and less than two hundred thousand (200,000). 27 (b) This section applies If there is a 28 (1) tie vote in an election for a member of the governing body of 29 a school corporation, or 30 (2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation. 31 the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2. 32 (c) Notwithstanding any other law, If a tie vote occurs among any 33 of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the 34 governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even 35 if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing 36 body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members: 37 (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and 38 certified elected; or 39 (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy. 40 the vacancy shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3. 41 (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection 42 (c)(2):

1 (1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the 2 governing body; and 3 (2) shall fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacating 4 member. 5 (e) If a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the 6 governing body or the governing body fails to act within thirty (30) 7 days after the election or the vacancy occurs, the fiscal body (as defined in IC 3-5-2-25) of the township in which the greatest 8 9 percentage of population of the school district resides shall break the 10 tie or make the appointment. A member of the fiscal body who was a 11 candidate and is involved in a tie vote may not east a vote under this 12 subsection. 13 (f) If the fiscal body of a township is required to act under this 14 section and a vote in the fiscal body results in a tie, the deciding vote 15 to break the tie vote shall be east by the executive. 16 SECTION 36. IC 20-23-7-8.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013, 17 SECTION 79, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 18 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8.1. (a) The registered voters of the 19 metropolitan school district shall elect the members of the metropolitan 20 board of education at general elections held biennially, beginning with 21 the next general election that is held more than sixty (60) days after the 22 creation of the metropolitan school district as provided in this chapter. 23 (b) Each nominee for the board must file a petition of nomination 24 signed by the nominee and by ten (10) registered voters residing in the 25 same board member district as the nominee. The petition must be filed 26 in accordance with IC 3-8-2.5 with the circuit court clerk of each 27 county in which the metropolitan school district is located. 28 (c) Nominees for the board shall be listed on the general election 29 ballot: 30 (1) in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2; 31 (2) by board member districts; and 32 (3) without party designation. 33 The ballot must state the number of board members to be voted on and the maximum number of members that may be elected from each board 34 35 member district as provided under section 5 of this chapter. A ballot 36 that contains more votes than the maximum number allowed from a 37 board member district is invalid. 38 (d) The precinct election boards in each county serving at the 39 general election shall conduct the election for school board members. 40(e) Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in accordance with IC 3, and the candidates who receive the most votes are elected to 41 42 the board.



1 (f) If there are more candidates from a particular board member 2 district than may be elected from the board member district under 3 section 5 of this chapter: 4 (1) the number of candidates elected is the greatest number that 5 may be elected from the board member district; 6 (2) the candidates elected are those who, among the candidates 7 from the board member district, receive the most votes; and 8 (3) the other candidates from the board member district are 9 eliminated. 10 (b) IC 3 governs the nomination and election of candidates. A candidate must be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or 11 12 IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. 13 (g) (c) If there is a tie vote among the candidates for the board, the 14 judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of the 15 registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected. 16 17 the tie vote shall be resolved as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-2. 18 (h) (d) If, at any time after the first board member election, A vacancy on the board that occurs for any reason including an 19 20 insufficient number of petitions for candidates being filed, and 21 regardless of whether the vacating member was elected or appointed, 22 the remaining members of the board, whether or not a majority of the 23 board, shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by: 24 (1) appointing a person from the board member district from 25 which the person who vacated the board was elected; or 26 (2) if the person was appointed, appointing a person from the 27 board member district from which the last elected predecessor of 28 the person was elected. 29 If a majority of the remaining members of the board is unable to agree 30 or the board fails to act within thirty (30) days after a vacancy occurs, 31 the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of 32 registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall make 33 the appointment. shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.5-3. (i) At a general election held on the earlier of: 34 35 (1) more than sixty (60) days after an elected board member vacates membership on the board; or 36 37 (2) immediately before the end of the term for which the vacating 38 member was elected: 39 a successor to a board member appointed under subsection (h) shall be 40 elected. Unless the successor takes office at the end of the term of the 41 vacating member, the member shall serve only for the balance of the 42 vacating member's term. In an election for a successor board member



to fill a vacancy for a two (2) year balance of a term, candidates for board membership need not file for or with reference to the vacancy. However, as required by IC 3-11-2, candidates for at-large seats must be distinguished on the ballot from candidates for district seats. If there is more than one (1) at-large seat on the ballot due to this vacancy, the elected candidate who receives the fewest votes at the election at which the successor is elected shall serve for a two (2) year term.

8 (j) (e) At the first general election where members of the board are 9 elected under this section, the elected candidates who constitute a 10 simple majority of the elected candidates and who receive the most 11 votes shall be elected for four (4) year terms, and the other elected 12 candidates shall be elected for two (2) year terms.

13 (k) (f) Board members shall be elected for four (4) year terms after 14 the first election and shall take office on the date set in the school 15 corporation's organization plan. The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the governing body to take office may not be 16 17 more than fourteen (14) months after the date of the member's election. 18 If the school corporation's organization plan does not set a date for an 19 elected member of the governing body to take office, the member takes 20 office January 1 immediately following the member's election.

SECTION 37. IC 20-23-10-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,
SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8. (a) The board members of a merged
school corporation shall be elected at the first general election
following the merged school corporation's creation, and vacancies shall
be filled in accordance with IC 20-23-4-30. IC 3-13-10.5-3.
(b) Until the first election under subsection (a), the board of trustees

(b) Until the first election under subsection (a), the board of trustees of the merged school corporation consists of the members of the governing body of a school corporation in the county.

(c) The first board of trustees shall select the name of the merged school corporation by a majority vote. The name may be changed by unanimous vote of the governing body of the merged school corporation.

SECTION 38. IC 20-23-12-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.213-2018(ss), SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. (a) The emergency manager appointed by the distressed unit appeal board under IC 6-1.1-20.3 shall act as the governing body of the school corporation and has the powers set forth in IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5, including the powers and duties of the governing body of the school corporation. The school corporation shall also have an advisory board that consists of seven (7) members elected as follows:

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1	(1) On a nonpartisan basis.
2	(2) in a general election in the county.
3	The advisory board is created to provide nonbinding recommendations
4	to the emergency manager.
5	(b) Six (6) of the members shall be elected from the school districts
6	drawn under section 4 of this chapter. Each member:
7	(1) is elected from the school district in which the member
8	resides; and
9	(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the advisory
10	board, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.
11	(c) One (1) of the members elected:
12	(1) is the at-large member of the advisory board;
13	(2) may reside in any of the districts drawn under section 4 of this
14	chapter; and
15	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the advisory
16	board, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.
17	(d) A per diem may not be paid to a member.
18	(e) The advisory board may hold a public meeting subject to the
19	limits on the number of meetings set forth in IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.8(d). The
20	advisory board is subject to IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law) for these
21	meetings. The advisory board may hold additional meetings that are
22	authorized as executive sessions under IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law)
23	as provided in IC 5-14-1.5-6.1. The advisory board is subject to the
24	public notice requirements of IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law) for these
25	additional meetings. The records of the advisory board are subject to
26	IC 5-14-3 (access to public records).
27	SECTION 39. IC 20-23-12-5, AS AMENDED BY
28	P.L.213-2018(ss), SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. (a) The six (6)
30	members who are elected for a position on the advisory board
31	described under section 3(b) of this chapter are determined as follows:
32	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition
33	with the board of elections and registration not earlier than one
34	hundred four (104) days and not later than noon seventy-four (74)
35	days before the election at which the members are to be elected
36	that includes the following information:
37	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
38	(A) The name of the prospective candidate. (B) The district in which the prospective candidate resides.
38 39	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
40	
40 41	voters residing in the school corporation. (D) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for a
42	
74	district position.



1	(E) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
2	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter. shall be
3	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,
4	whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
5	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the district may vote for a
6	candidate.
7	(3) The candidate within each district who receives the greatest
8	number of votes in the district is elected. IC 3 governs the
9	nomination and election of members of the advisory board
10	under this subsection.
11	(b) The at-large member elected under section 3(c) of this chapter
12	is determined as follows:
13	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition
14	with the elerk of the eireuit court at least seventy-four (74) days
15	before the election at which the at-large member is to be elected.
16	The petition must include the following information:
17	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
18	(B) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
19	voters residing within the school corporation.
20	(C) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for the
21	at-large position on the advisory board.
22	(D) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
23	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter. shall be
24	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,
25	whichever is applicable to the candidate.
26	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
27	vote for a candidate.
28	(3) The candidate who:
29	(A) runs for the at-large position on the advisory board; and
30	(B) receives the greatest number of votes in the school
31	corporation;
32	is elected to the at-large position. IC 3 governs the nomination
33	and election of the member of the advisory board under this
34	subsection.
35	SECTION 40. IC 20-23-13-2.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011,
36	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2.1. (a) As used in this section, "county
38	election board" includes a board of elections and registration
39	established under IC 3-6-5.2.
40	(b) (a) The voters of the school corporation shall elect the members
41	of the governing body at a general election for a term of four (4) years.
42	The members shall be elected from the city at large without reference



1 to district. 2 (c) (b) Each candidate for election to the governing body must file 3 a petition of nomination with the county election board in each county 4 in which a school corporation subject to this chapter is located. The 5 petition of nomination must comply with IC 3-8-2.5 and the following 6 requirements: 7 (1) The petition must be signed by at least two hundred (200) 8 legal voters of the school corporation. 9 (2) Each petition may nominate only one (1) candidate. (3) The number of petitions signed by a legal voter may not 10 exceed the number of school trustees to be elected, shall be 11 12 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever 13 is applicable to the particular candidate. 14 (d) (c) After all the petitions described in subsection (c) are filed 15 with the county election board, the board shall publish the names of 16 those nominated in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and shall certify the 17 nominations in the manner required by law. IC 3 governs the election 18 to the extent that it is not inconsistent with this chapter. 19 (e) The county election board shall prepare the ballot for the general 20 election at which members of the governing body are to be elected so 21 that the names of the candidates nominated appear on the ballot: 22 (1) in alphabetical order: 23 (2) without party designation; and 24 (3) in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2. 25 (f) The county election board shall not publish or place on the ballot 26 the name of a candidate who is not eligible under this chapter for 27 membership on the governing body. (g) (d) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are 28 29 members of the governing body to be elected. 30 SECTION 41. IC 20-23-14-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2013, 31 SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 32 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school 33 corporation consists of five (5) members. elected on a nonpartisan 34 basis. 35 (b) Three (3) of the members are elected from the school districts 36 referred to in section 4.5 of this chapter by eligible voters residing in 37 the school districts. Each member: 38 (1) is elected from the school district in which the member 39 resides: and 40(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing 41 body, represents the interests of the entire school corporation. 42 (c) Two (2) of the members:



1	(1) are elected by eligible voters residing in the school
2	corporation;
3	(2) are at-large members of the governing body; and
4	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
5	body, represent the interests of the entire school corporation.
6	SECTION 42. IC 20-23-14-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,
7	SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. To be eligible to be a
9	candidate for the governing body under this chapter, the following
10	apply:
11	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a petition of nomination
12	with the board of elections and registration not earlier than one
13	hundred four (104) days and not later than noon seventy-four (74)
14	days before the general election at which the members are to be
15	elected. The petition of nomination must include the following:
16	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
17	(B) Whether the prospective candidate is a district candidate
18	or an at-large candidate.
19	(C) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
20	qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.
21	(D) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
22	voters residing in the school corporation for election shall be
22 23	voters residing in the school corporation. for election shall be nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7.
23	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,
23 24	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
23 24 25	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must:
23 24 25 26	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and
23 24 25 26 27	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years
23 24 25 26 27 28	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must: (A) be a registered voter;
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate or an at-large candidate) must: (A) be a registered voter; (B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate or an at-large candidate) must: (A) be a registered voter; (B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must: (A) be a registered voter; (B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and (C) be a high school graduate or have received a:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must: (A) be a registered voter; (B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and (C) be a high school graduate or have received a: (i) high school equivalency certificate; or
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate or an at-large candidate) must: (A) be a registered voter; (B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and (C) be a high school graduate or have received a: (i) high school equivalency certificate; or (ii) state general educational development (GED) diploma
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate. (2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must: (A) reside in the district; and (B) have resided in the district for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must: (A) reside in the school corporation; and (B) have resided in the school corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election. (4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must: (A) be a registered voter; (B) have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years immediately preceding the election; and (C) be a high school graduate or have received a: (i) high school equivalency certificate; or



1	(A) hold any other elective or appointive office; or
2	(B) have a pecuniary interest in any contract with the school
3	corporation or its governing body;
4	as prohibited by law.
5	SECTION 43. IC 20-23-15-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
6	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 6. (a) The governing body of the school
8	corporation consists of seven (7) members who shall be elected
9	(1) on a nonpartisan basis; and
10	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$ in the general election held in the county.
11	(b) Five (5) of the members shall be elected from the school districts
12	in which the members reside as established under section 7 of this
13	chapter.
14	(c) Two (2) of the members shall be elected at large.
15	(d) Each candidate for election shall be nominated as provided
16	in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the
17	particular candidate.
18	SECTION 44. IC 20-23-17-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
19	SECTION 86, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school
21	corporation consists of five (5) members chosen as follows:
22	(1) Three (3) members shall be elected by the voters of the school
23	corporation at a general election to be held in the county and
24	every four (4) years thereafter.
25	(2) One (1) member shall be appointed by the city executive.
26	(3) One (1) member shall be appointed by the city legislative
27	body.
28	(b) The members elected under subsection $(a)(1)$ shall be elected as
29	follows:
30	(1) On a nonpartisan basis.
31	(2) (1) In a general election held in the county.
32	(3) (2) By the registered voters of the entire school corporation.
33	(c) The following apply to an election of members of the governing
34	body of the school corporation under subsection (a)(1):
35	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the
36	circuit court clerk not earlier than one hundred four (104) days
37	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the election at
38	which members are to be elected. The petition of nomination must
39	include the following information:
40	(A) The name of the candidate.
41	(B) A certification that the candidate meets the qualifications
42	for candidacy imposed by this chapter. for election shall be

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1 2	nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the particular candidate.
3	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
4	vote for a candidate seeking election.
5	SECTION 45. IC 20-23-17.2-3.1, AS AMENDED BY
6	P.L.193-2021, SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3.1. (a) The
8	governing body of the school corporation consists of five (5) members,
9	elected as provided in this chapter.
10	(b) Three (3) members shall be elected as follows:
11	(1) From districts established as provided in section 4.1 of this
12	chapter.
13	(2) On a nonpartisan basis.
14	(3) (2) At the general election held in the county in 2022 and
15	every four (4) years thereafter.
16	(c) Two (2) members shall be elected as follows:
17	(1) At large by all the voters of the school corporation.
18	(2) On a nonpartisan basis.
19	(3) (2) At the general election held in the county in 2024 and
20	every four (4) years thereafter.
21	(d) The term of office of a member of the governing body:
22	(1) is four (4) years; and
23	(2) begins January 1 after the election of members of the
24	governing body.
25 26	(e) Upon assuming office and in conducting the business of the
26	governing body, a member shall represent the interests of the entire
27 28	school corporation.
28 29	SECTION 46. IC 20-23-17.2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.222-2015,
29 30	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. (a) The following apply to an election of
30 31	members of the governing body of the school corporation under section
32	3.1(b) of this chapter:
33	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the
34	circuit court clerk not carlier than one hundred four (104) days
35	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the general
36	election at which members are to be elected. The petition of
37	nomination must include the following information:
38	(A) The name of the candidate.
<u>39</u>	(B) The candidate's residence address and the district in which
40	the candidate residence address and the district in when
41	(C) The signatures of at least twenty (20) registered voters
42	residing within the school corporation district the candidate



1	seeks to represent.
2	(D) A certification that the candidate meets the qualifications
3	for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
4	(E) The school corporation district that the candidate seeks to
5	represent. for election shall be nominated as provided in
6	IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is applicable to the
7	particular candidate.
8	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation district
9	as provided in section 4.1 of this chapter may vote for a candidate
10	to represent that school corporation district.
11	(3) One (1) candidate shall be elected for each school corporation
12	district provided by section 4.1 of this chapter. The candidate
13	elected for a school corporation district must reside within the
14	boundaries of the school corporation district. The candidate
15	elected as the member for a particular school corporation district
16	is the candidate who, among all the candidates who reside within
17	that school corporation district, receives the greatest number of
18	votes from voters residing in that school corporation district.
19	(b) The following apply to an election of the members of the
20	governing body of the school corporation under section 3.1(c) of this
21	chapter:
22	(1) Each candidate must file a petition of nomination with the
23	circuit court clerk not carlier than one hundred four (104) days
24	and not later than seventy-four (74) days before the general
25	election at which members are to be elected. The petition of
26	nomination must include the following information:
27	(A) The name of the candidate.
28	(B) The candidate's residence address.
29	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
30	voters residing within the school corporation.
31	(D) A certification that the candidate meets the qualifications
32	for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
33	(E) The fact that the candidate seeks to be elected from the
34	school corporation at large. for election shall be nominated
35	as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is
36	applicable to the particular candidate.
37	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
38	vote for a candidate.
39	(3) Two (2) candidates shall be elected at large. The two (2)
40	candidates who receive the greatest number of votes among all
41	candidates running for an at-large seat are elected as members of
42	the governing body.



1 SECTION 47. IC 20-25-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2022, 2 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 3 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) The board consists of seven (7) 4 members. A member: 5 (1) must be elected on a nonpartisan basis in general elections 6 held in the county as specified in this section; and 7 (2) serves a four (4) year term. 8 (b) Five (5) members shall be elected from the school board districts 9 in which the members reside, and two (2) members must be elected at 10 large. 11 (c) If a candidate runs for one (1) of the district positions on the 12 board, only eligible voters residing in the candidate's district may vote 13 for that candidate. If a person is a candidate for one (1) of the at-large 14 positions, eligible voters from all the districts may vote for that 15 candidate. 16 (d) If a candidate files to run for a position on the board, the 17 candidate must specify whether the candidate is running for a district 18 or an at-large position. Each candidate for election shall be 19 nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7, whichever is 20 applicable to the particular candidate. 21 (e) A candidate who runs for a district or an at-large position wins 22 if the candidate receives the greatest number of votes of all the 23 candidates for the position. IC 3 governs the nomination and election 24 of the members of the board under this section. 25 (f) Districts shall be established within the school city by the board 26 of school commissioners. The districts must be drawn on the basis of 27 precinct lines, and as nearly as practicable, of equal population with the 28 population of the largest district not to exceed the population of the 29 smallest district by more than five percent (5%). District lines must not 30 cross precinct lines. The board of school commissioners, with 31 assistance from the county election board, shall establish: 32 (1) balloting procedures for the election under IC 3; and 33 (2) other procedures required to implement this section. 34 (g) A member of the board serves under section 3 of this chapter. 35 (h) In accordance with subsection (k), a vacancy in the board shall 36 be filled temporarily by the board as soon as practicable after the 37 vacancy occurs. The member chosen by the board to fill a vacancy 38 holds office until the member's successor is elected and qualified. The 39 successor shall be elected at the next regular school board election 40 occurring after the date on which the vacancy occurs. The successor 41 fills the vacancy for the remainder of the term. 42 (i) An individual elected to serve on the board begins the



1 individual's term on the date set in the school corporation's organization 2 plan. The date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the 3 board to take office may not be more than fourteen (14) months after 4 the date of the member's election. If the school corporation's 5 organization plan does not set a date for a member of the board to take 6 office, the member takes office January 1 immediately following the individual's election.

8 (i) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, each voter must cast a 9 vote for a school board candidate or school board candidates by voting 10 system or paper ballot. However, the same method used to cast votes for all other offices for which candidates have gualified to be on the 11 12 election ballot must be used for the board offices.

13 (k) If a vacancy in the board exists because of the death of a member, the remaining members of the board shall meet and select an 14 15 individual to fill the vacancy in accordance with subsection (h) after 16 the secretary of the board receives notice of the death under IC 5-8-6. SECTION 48. IC 20-26-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2021, 17 18 SECTION 107, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 19

[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to:

(1) a vacancy of a member who serves on a governing body in an ex officio capacity; or

(2) a vacancy in an appointed board member position if the plan, resolution, or law under which the school corporation operates specifically provides for filling vacancies by the appointing authority.

27 (b) If fewer candidates have been elected to the school board than 28 there were members to be elected, the governing body shall determine 29 not later than noon December 31 following the election which 30 incumbent member or members continue to hold office under Article 31 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana until a 32 successor is elected and qualified. However,

(c) If a vacancy in the membership of a governing body occurs for any reason, whether the vacancy was of an elected or appointed member, the vacancy shall be filled as follows:

(1) If the vacant office was last held by an individual elected 36 37 or selected as a candidate of a major political party of 38 Indiana, the vacancy shall be filled by a caucus under 39 IC 3-13-11.

40 (2) If subdivision (1) does not apply, the remaining members of the governing body shall by majority vote fill the vacancy by 41 42 appointing a person an individual from within the boundaries of

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1the school corporation. with the residence and other qualified2provided for a regularly elected or appointed board m3filling the membership, to serve for the term or the balance	
3 filling the membership, to serve for the term or the balance	ICHIUCI
0 1	aftha
4 term. However, this subsection does not apply to a vacand	-
5 (1) of a member who serves on a governing body in an ex	omeio
6 capacity; or	1
7 (2) a vacancy in an appointed board membership if a	-
8 resolution, or law under which the school corporation of	•
9 specifically provides for filling vacancies by the appe	ointing
10 authority.	
11 (d) An individual appointed as provided in this section:	
12 (1) must possess the qualifications provided for a reg	•
13 elected or appointed governing body member fillin	ng the
14 office; and	
15 (2) holds office for the remainder of the unexpired ter	
16 SECTION 49. IC 20-26-4-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233	
17 SECTION 95, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFE	
18 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 4.5. (a) The definitions in IC 3-5-2 ap	pply to
19 this section.	
20 (b) If a vacancy in a school board office exists because of the	
21 of a school board member, the vacancy shall be filled in accor	
22 with section 4 of this chapter the remaining members	
23 governing body shall meet and select an individual to fill the va	•
24 after the secretary of the governing body receives notice of the	
25 under IC 5-8-6. and in accordance with section 4 of this chapter	r.
26 SECTION 50. IC 33-33-53-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179	-2011,
27 SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFEC	
28 JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. In accordance with rules adopted	by the
29 judges of the court under section 6 of this chapter, the presiding	g judge
30 shall do the following:	
31 (1) Ensure that the court operates efficiently and judicially	y under
32 rules adopted by the court.	
33 (2) Annually submit to the fiscal body of Monroe County a	budget
34 for the court, including amounts necessary for:	
35 (A) the operation of the circuit's probation department	·••
36 (B) the defense of indigents; and	
37 (C) maintaining an adequate law library.	
38 (3) Make the appointments or selections required of a cir	cuit or
39 superior court judge under the following statutes:	
40 IC 8-4-21-2	
41 IC 11-12-2-2	
42 IC 16-22-2-4	



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1	IC 16-22-2-11
2	IC 16-22-7
3	IC 20-23-4
4	IC 20-23-7-6
5	IC 20-23-7-8.1
6	IC 20-26-7-8
7	IC 20-26-7-14
8	IC 20-47-2-15
9	IC 20-47-3-13
10	IC 36-9
11	IC 36-10
12	IC 36-12-10-10.
13	(4) Make appointments or selections required of a circuit or
14	superior court judge by any other statute, if the appointment or
15	selection is not required of the court because of an action before
16	the court.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred House Bill 1428, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 11 through 17, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 3. IC 3-8-1-34, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 34. (a) A candidate for a school board office must have resided in the school corporation for at least one (1) year before the election.

(b) This subsection applies to a candidate for school board office seeking to represent an election district that consists of less than the entire school corporation. The candidate must have resided in the election district for at least one (1) year before the election.

(c) A candidate for a school board office may not be an employee or agent of that school corporation.

SECTION 4. IC 3-8-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2. A person An individual who desires to be nominated at a primary election as a candidate of a political party subject to this chapter for a federal, state, legislative, or local, or school board office shall file a declaration of candidacy.

SECTION 5. IC 3-8-2.5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2011, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. **Except as provided in IC 3-8-2.7**, this chapter applies to a candidate for a school board office.

SECTION 6. IC 3-8-2.5-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 2.7. (a) This section applies only if IC 3-8-2.7-4 applies to the nomination and election of a school corporation's school board members.

(b) In addition to the information required on a candidate's petition of nomination under section 2.5 of this chapter, a candidate's petition of nomination must state either of the following:

(1) The candidate's political party affiliation.

(2) That the candidate is an independent candidate if the candidate does not identify with a political party.

(c) Unless the candidate's political party affiliation is challenged under section 7 of this chapter, the candidate's political party affiliation stated on the petition shall be indicated on the general



election ballot in the manner determined by the county election board.

(d) If a candidate claims affiliation with a major political party under subsection (b), the candidate must have voted in the two (2) most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the party with which the candidate claims affiliation. The petition of nomination form must provide a place for the candidate to affirm the candidate's primary election participation, if the candidate chooses affiliation with a major political party. If the candidate did not vote in the two (2) most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the party with which the candidate claims affiliation, the county chairman of:

(1) the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation; and

(2) the county in which the candidate resides;

must certify in writing that the candidate is a member of the political party for the candidate's claimed affiliation to be valid. The petition of nomination must inform candidates how political party affiliation is determined under this subsection. A certification required by a political party chairman under this subsection must be attached to the petition of nomination.

SECTION 7. IC 3-8-2.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 7. (a) A person may not be selected as a candidate by petition of nomination without giving written consent and having it filed with the public official with whom certificates and petitions of nomination are required to be filed.

(b) Each candidate nominated by petition of nomination for a school board office must satisfy all statutory eligibility requirements for the office for which the candidate is nominated, including the filing of statements of economic interest.

(c) A statement questioning the validity of a petition of nomination or contesting the denial of certification under section 6 of this chapter must be filed with the county election board in accordance with IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the date of the general election. A question regarding the validity of a petition of nomination or the denial of certification shall be referred to and determined by the county election board not later than noon fifty-four (54) days before the date of the general election.

(d) A statement concerning the validity of a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for a school board office under section 4 of this chapter must be filed with the county election board in accordance with



IC 3-8-1-2 not later than noon sixty-seven (67) days before the date of the general election. A question regarding the validity of a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for a school board office shall be referred to and determined by the county election board not later than noon fifty-four (54) days before the date of the general election.

(e) If a candidate's petition states that the candidate is affiliated with a major political party, that statement may be challenged under this section. A challenge under this subsection succeeds only if the challenger shows both of the following:

(1) The candidate did not vote in the two (2) most recent primary elections in Indiana held by the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation.

(2) The county chairman of:

(A) the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation; and

(B) the county in which the candidate resides;

did not certify that the candidate is a member of the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation.

If the candidate produces a copy of the certification of the county chairman of the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation at the time the candidate filed the petition, the claim of a challenger under this subsection is conclusively rebutted.

(f) Unless a challenger shows under subsection (e) that a candidate is not affiliated with the major political party with which the candidate claims affiliation, the candidate's claimed political party affiliation shall be indicated on the ballot as required by section 2.7 of this chapter.

(g) A candidate's claimed political party affiliation with a party other than a major political party is not subject to challenge under this section.

SECTION 8. IC 3-8-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]:

Chapter 2.7. Nomination and Election of School Board Candidates by Partisan Process

Sec. 1. This chapter applies to the nomination and election of candidates for election to a school board if either of the following apply:

(1) The school board adopts a resolution under section 2 of this chapter.

(2) The voters of the school board's school corporation approve a public question under section 3 of this chapter.



Sec. 2. (a) A school board may adopt a resolution to provide that the members of the school board are nominated and elected as described in either:

(1) section 4 of this chapter; or

(2) section 5 of this chapter.

(b) A resolution adopted under this section must:

(1) state the first year that members of the school board are to be elected as provided in this chapter; and

(2) be adopted before January 1 of the year that the next election for school board members will be held.

(c) If the school board adopts a resolution under this section, the school board shall certify adoption of the resolution to the circuit court clerk of the county in which the greatest percentage of population of the school corporation resides before January 1 of the year that the next election for school board members will be held.

Sec. 3. (a) If the lesser of:

(1) five hundred (500) voters residing within the school corporation; or

(2) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within the school corporation;

sign a petition requesting that a public question be placed on the ballot at a general election as provided in this section, the county election board shall place the public question on the ballot as provided in this section.

(b) A petition under this section must indicate whether the members of the school board should be elected as provided in section 4 or 5 of this chapter. A petition satisfies the requirement of this subsection if the petition states the form of the public question under:

(1) subsection (d) for election of members of the school board as described in section 4 of this chapter; or

(2) subsection (e) for election of members of the school board as described in section 5 of this chapter.

(c) The following apply to the petition process under this section:

(1) The following apply to an individual who circulates or signs a petition under this section:

(A) The individual must be a registered voter who resides in the school corporation.

(B) An individual who circulates a copy of the petition must be a signatory on one (1) copy of the petition.

(C) After the individual who circulates a copy of the petition collects and files the signed petition copy, that individual must swear or affirm before a notary public that the individual witnessed each signature.

(2) Each copy of a petition that is circulated and filed at the county voter registration office must be verified under oath at the county voter registration office by at least one (1) individual who has signed the copy.

(3) Each copy of the petition must be filed with the county voter registration office not later than July 1 of the year that the public question requested in the petition is placed on the ballot.

(4) The county voter registration office shall determine whether each individual who signed a copy of the petition is a registered voter who resides within the school corporation. However, after the county voter registration office has determined that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) individuals who signed the petition are registered voters within the school corporation, the county voter registration office is not required to verify whether the remaining individuals who signed the petition are registered voters.

(5) The county voter registration office shall determine, not later than July 15, whether a sufficient number of voters who are residents of the school corporation have signed the petition under this section. If the name of an individual who signs a petition copy as a registered voter contains a minor variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the records of the county voter registration office, the signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. In determining whether an individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the requirements and procedures used under this title to determine whether an individual is a registered voter for purposes of voting in an election. However, an individual is not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for purposes of this section.

(6) If the county voter registration office determines that the petition is signed by a sufficient number of voters who reside in the school corporation, the county voter registration office shall certify the petition to the county election board not later



than August 1 before the next general election.

(d) If the county voter registration office certifies a petition requesting that the members of the school board be elected as described in section 4 of this chapter, the county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:

"Shall the names of the candidates for election to the (insert the name of the school corporation) school board be placed on the ballot to indicate whether each candidate is affiliated with a political party or is an independent candidate?".

(e) If the county voter registration office certifies a petition requesting that the members of the school board be elected as described in section 5 of this chapter, the county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:

"Shall candidates for election to the _

(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be nominated in the same fashion as candidates for partisan offices and shall the general election ballot for election of members of the school board indicate the political party with which each candidate is affiliated, if any?".

(f) The circuit court clerk shall certify the results of the vote on the public question under subsection (d) or (e) to the county election board.

(g) If a majority of the voters voting on the public question vote "yes", the election of the school corporation's school board members shall be subject to either the procedures of section 4 or 5 of this chapter, whichever was approved by the voters, beginning with the next election of the school corporation's school board members.

Sec. 4. (a) This section applies if:

(1) a resolution is adopted under section 2(a)(1) of this chapter; or

(2) a public question described in section 3(d) of this chapter is approved under section 3 of this chapter.

(b) Candidates for election to the governing body shall be:

(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; and

(2) elected at the general election and designated on the general election ballot as either being:

(A) affiliated with a political party; or

(B) an independent candidate.



Sec. 5. (a) This section applies if:

(1) a resolution is adopted under section 2(a)(2) of this chapter; or

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(2) a public question described in section 3(e) of this chapter is approved under section 3 of this chapter.

(b) IC 3-8-2.5 does not apply to the nomination or election of members of the school corporation's school board.

(c) Candidates for election to the school board shall be:

(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever is applicable to each candidate; and

(2) placed on the ballot so that the political affiliation of each candidate is indicated in the same manner as candidates for partisan local offices are indicated.

SECTION 9. IC 3-8-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to a candidate for nomination to an elected office who:

(1) is an independent candidate; or

(2) represents a political party not qualified to nominate candidates in a primary or by convention.

(b) This chapter:

(1) applies to a candidate for a school board office of a school corporation if IC 3-8-2.7 applies to the nomination and election of the candidates for the school corporation's school board offices; and

(2) does not apply to a candidate for a school board office of a school corporation if IC 3-8-2.7 does not apply to the nomination of the candidates for the school corporation's school board offices.

SECTION 10. IC 3-8-7-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2015, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 28. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), if a nominee certified under this chapter, IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-6, or IC 3-10-1 desires to withdraw as the nominee, the nominee must file a notice of withdrawal in writing with the public official with whom the certificate of nomination was filed by noon **of the following dates:**

(1) July 15 before a general or municipal election.

(2) August 1 before a municipal election in a town subject to IC 3-8-5-10.

(3) On the date specified for town convention nominees under IC 3-8-5-14.5.

(4) On the date specified for declared write-in candidates under



IC 3-8-2-2.7.

(5) On the date specified for a school board candidate under IC 3-8-2.5-4, even if IC 3-8-2.7 applies to a school corporation's candidates for election to its school board. or
(6) Forty-five (45) days before a special election.

(b) A candidate who is disqualified from being a candidate under IC 3-8-1-5 must file a notice of withdrawal immediately upon becoming disqualified. IC 3-8-8-7 and the filing requirements of subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of withdrawal filed under this subsection.

(c) A candidate who has moved from the election district the candidate sought to represent must file a notice of withdrawal immediately after changing the candidate's residence. IC 3-8-8-7 and the filing requirements of subsection (a) do not apply to a notice of withdrawal filed under this subsection.".

Delete pages 2 through 3.

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 40.

Page 5, line 38, delete "." and insert ", if the school board offices are subject to IC 3-8-2.7-5.".

Page 6, line 16, delete "school board office," and insert "school board office **subject to IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7-5**,".

Page 9, line 13, delete "." and insert ", if the school board offices are subject to IC 3-8-2.7-5.".

Page 12, line 36, reset in roman "school board".

Page 13, line 26, reset in roman "school board".

Page 25, line 7, after "IC 3-13-11." insert "For purposes of IC 3-13-11, an individual elected as provided under IC 3-8-2.7-4 who is designated as being affiliated with a major political party is considered to have been elected or selected as a candidate of that major political party."

Page 25, line 32, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 31, line 12, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 34, line 4, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 34, line 25, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 35, line 13, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 36, line 24, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".



Page 37, line 17, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 38, line 2, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 39, line 7, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 39, line 36, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Page 40, line 20, delete "IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6," and insert "IC 3-8-2.5 or IC 3-8-2.7,".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1428 as introduced.)

WESCO

Committee Vote: yeas 6, nays 4.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1428 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, line 17, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-4" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-8".

Page 2, delete lines 19 through 25, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) In addition to the information required on a candidate's petition of nomination under section 2.5 of this chapter, a candidate's petition of nomination must state one (1) of the following:

(1) The name of the major political party with which the candidate is affiliated.

(2) The name of a political party other than a major political party with which the candidate is affiliated.

(3) That the candidate is an independent candidate if the candidate does not identify with a political party.".

Page 4, delete lines 17 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 8. IC 3-8-2.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



JANUARY 1, 2024]:

Chapter 2.7. Changing the Nomination and Election Process of School Board Candidates

Sec. 1. The procedure for nomination and election of the members of a school board may be changed as provided in this chapter.

Sec. 2. (a) A school board may adopt a resolution to propose that the members of the school board are nominated and elected:

(1) at nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; or

(2) as described in either:

(A) section 8 of this chapter; or

(B) section 9 of this chapter.

(b) A resolution adopted under this section must:

(1) state the first year that members of the school board are to be elected as provided in this chapter; and

(2) be adopted and certified to the circuit court clerk before July 1 of the year that a general election will be held.

(c) If the school board adopts a resolution under this SECTION, the school board shall certify adoption of the resolution to the circuit court clerk of the county in which the greatest percentage of population of the school corporation resides as provided in subsection (b).

Sec. 3. (a) If the lesser of:

(1) five hundred (500) voters residing within the school corporation; or

(2) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within the school corporation;

sign a petition requesting that a public question be placed on the ballot at a general election as provided in this section, the county election board shall place the public question on the ballot as provided in this section.

(b) A petition under this section must indicate whether the members of the school board should be nominated and elected:

(1) at a nonpartisan election as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; or

(2) as described in either:

(A) section 8 of this chapter; or

(B) section 9 of this chapter.

(c) A petition satisfies the requirement of subsection (b) if the petition states the form of the public question under any of the following:

(1) Section 4 of this chapter for the election of members of the school board at a nonpartisan election as provided in



IC 3-8-2.5.

(2) Section 5 of this chapter for election of members of the school board as described in section 8 of this chapter.

(3) Section 6 of this chapter for election of members of the school board as described in section 9 of this chapter.

(d) The following apply to the petition process under this section:

(1) The following apply to an individual who circulates or signs a petition under this section:

(A) The individual must be a registered voter who resides in the school corporation.

(B) An individual who circulates a copy of the petition must be a signatory on one (1) copy of the petition.

(C) After the individual who circulates a copy of the petition collects and files the signed petition copy, that individual must swear or affirm before a notary public that the individual witnessed each signature.

(2) Each copy of a petition that is circulated and filed at the county voter registration office must be verified under oath at the county voter registration office by at least one (1) individual who has signed the copy.

(3) Each copy of the petition must be filed with the county voter registration office not later than July 1 of the year that the public question requested in the petition is placed on the ballot.

(4) The county voter registration office shall determine whether each individual who signed a copy of the petition is a registered voter who resides within the school corporation. However, after the county voter registration office has determined that at least five hundred twenty-five (525) individuals who signed the petition are registered voters within the school corporation, the county voter registration office is not required to verify whether the remaining individuals who signed the petition are registered voters.

(5) The county voter registration office shall determine, not later than July 15, whether a sufficient number of voters who are residents of the school corporation have signed the petition under this section. If the name of an individual who signs a petition copy as a registered voter contains a minor variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the records of the county voter registration office, the signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption



that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. In determining whether an individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the requirements and procedures used under this title to determine whether an individual is a registered voter for purposes of voting in an election. However, an individual is not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for purposes of this section.

(6) If the county voter registration office determines that the petition is signed by a sufficient number of voters who reside in the school corporation, the county voter registration office shall certify the petition to the county election board not later than August 1 before the next general election.

Sec. 4. (a) This section applies if:

(1) a school board certifies a resolution adopted by the school board to the circuit court clerk as provided in section 2 of this chapter; or

(2) a petition is certified under section 3 of this chapter; proposing that members of the school board be nominated and elected at nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5.

(b) The county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:

"Shall candidates for election to the

(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be nominated and elected at nonpartisan elections?".

Sec. 5. (a) This section applies if:

(1) a school board certifies a resolution adopted by the school board to the circuit court clerk as provided in section 2 of this chapter; or

(2) a petition is certified under section 3 of this chapter;

proposing that members of the school board be elected as provided in section 8 of this chapter.

(b) The county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:

"Shall the names of the candidates for election to the (insert the name of the school corporation) school board be placed on the ballot to indicate whether each candidate is affiliated with a political party or is an independent candidate?".



Sec. 6. (a) This section applies if:

(1) a school board certifies a resolution adopted by the school board to the circuit court clerk as provided in section 2 of this chapter; or

(2) a petition is certified under section 3 of this chapter; proposing that members of the school board be elected as provided in section 9 of this chapter.

(b) The county election board shall place the following public question on the ballot at the next general election in the precincts within the school corporation:

"Shall candidates for election to the

(insert the name of the school corporation) school board be nominated in the same fashion as candidates for partisan offices and shall the general election ballot for election of members of the school board indicate the political party with which each candidate is affiliated, if any?".

Sec. 7. (a) The circuit court clerk shall certify the results of the vote on a public question under this chapter to the county election board.

(b) If a majority of the voters voting on the public question vote "yes", the school corporation's school board members shall be nominated and elected, beginning with the next election of the school corporation's school board members, as follows:

(1) At nonpartisan elections as provided in IC 3-8-2.5 if the voters approve the public question under section 4 of this chapter.

(2) As provided in section 8 of this chapter if the voters approve the public question under section 5 of this chapter.

(3) As provided in section 9 of this chapter, if the voters approve the public question under section 6 of this chapter.

Sec. 8. (a) This section applies if the voters approve the public question under section 5 of this chapter.

(b) Candidates for election to the governing body shall be:

(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2.5; and

(2) elected at the general election and designated on the general election ballot as either being:

(A) affiliated with a political party; or

(B) an independent candidate.

Sec. 9. (a) This section applies if the voters approve the public question under section 6 of this chapter.

(b) IC 3-8-2.5 does not apply to the nomination or election of members of the school corporation's school board.



(c) Candidates for election to the school board shall be:

(1) nominated as provided in IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-6, whichever is applicable to each candidate; and

(2) placed on the ballot so that the political affiliation of each candidate is indicated in the same manner as candidates for partisan local offices are indicated.

Sec. 10. A public question under this chapter may not be placed on the ballot before ten (10) years after a previous public question under this chapter has been submitted to the voters.".

Delete pages 5 through 6.

Page 7, delete lines 1 through 41.

Page 8, line 9, delete "IC 3-8-2.7" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-8 or IC 3-8-2.7-9".

Page 8, line 13, delete "IC 3-8-2.7 does" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-8 and IC 3-8-2.7-9 do".

Page 8, line 31, delete "IC 3-8-2.7" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-8 or IC 3-8-2.7-9".

Page 9, line 42, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-5" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-9".

Page 10, line 21, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-5" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-9".

Page 13, line 18, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-5" and insert "IC 3-8-2.7-9".

Page 14, between lines 15 and 16, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 16. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2021, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 10. (a) Public questions shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the statement described in section 7 of this chapter, and the instructions described in subsections (d) and (e) and section 8 of this chapter, if instructions are printed on the ballot:

(1) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.

(2) Local public questions.

Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, each public question shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.

(b) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed on the general election ballot after the public questions described in subsection (a). The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. Notwithstanding section 8(b) of this chapter, the instructions for voting a straight party ticket shall be placed to the right of the device on the ballot.

(c) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform as nearly as possible to the following:



"(1) You are not required to vote a straight party ticket. If you do not wish to vote a straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section, and proceed to voting the ballot by office.

(2) To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all (insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, except for candidates described in (3) below, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot.

(3) To vote for any candidate for an at-large office (insert county council, city common council, town council, or township board if those offices appear on this ballot) to which more than one (1) person may be elected, you must make another voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.

(4) If you wish to vote for a candidate for a school board office, you must make a voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot for each candidate for whom you wish to vote. Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.

(4) (5) If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.".

(d) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, if the ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot.".

(e) Except as permitted under section 8(b) of this chapter, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted.".

(f) Subject to section 10.1 of this chapter, the list of candidates of the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left, a square three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side.



(g) The circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.".

Page 25, delete lines 10 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 26. IC 3-12-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 137, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to a ballot card voting system or an electronic voting system. Except as provided in subsection (d), a voting mark made by a voter on or in a voting square at the left of a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the political party.

(b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting mark made by a voter:

(1) on or in a circle, oval, or square; or

(2) to connect a connectable arrow;

immediately below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).

(c) This subsection applies to a direct record electronic voting system. A voting mark made by a voter touching a touch sensitive point or button below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or candidates of the political party, except as provided in subsection (d).

(d) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected on a:

(1) county council;

(2) city common council;

(3) town council; or

(4) township board;

must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

(e) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to a school board office must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a



straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

SECTION 27. IC 3-12-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 138, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2024]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection subsections (b) and (c), a voting mark made by a voter on or in a circle containing a political party device shall be counted as a vote for each candidate of that political party on that ballot.

(b) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to an at-large district to which more than one (1) person may be elected on a:

(1) county council;

(2) city common council;

- (3) town council; or
- (4) township board;

must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A voting mark on or in a circle containing a political party device shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.

(c) A voter who wishes to cast a ballot for a candidate for election to a school board office must make a voting mark for each individual candidate for whom the voter wishes to cast a vote. A straight ticket voting mark on a paper ballot, ballot card voting system, or electronic voting system shall not be counted as a straight party ticket voting mark as a vote for any candidate for an office described by this subsection.".

Delete page 26.

Page 27, delete lines 1 through 12.

Page 29, line 13, delete "IC 3-8-2.7-4" and insert "**IC 3-8-2.7-8**". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1428 as printed February 9, 2023.)

MORRISON

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1428 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, delete lines 31 through 42, begin a new paragraph and



insert:

"(d) A candidate may not claim affiliation with a major political party under subsection (b) unless the two (2) most recent primary elections in which the candidate voted were primary elections in Indiana held by the party with which the candidate claims affiliation. The petition of nomination form must provide a place for the candidate to affirm the candidate's primary election participation, if the candidate claims affiliation with a major political party. If the two (2) most recent primary elections in which the candidate voted were not held by the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation, the county chairman of:

(1) the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation; and

(2) the county in which the candidate resides;

must certify in writing that the candidate is a member of the political party for the candidate's claimed affiliation to be valid. The petition of nomination must inform candidates how political party affiliation is determined under this subsection. A certification required by a political party chairman under this subsection must be attached to the petition of nomination.".

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 7.

Page 3, line 36, delete "subsection" and insert "section".

(Reference is to HB 1428 as printed February 9, 2023.)

PRESCOTT

